

State Library

THE FRANKLIN TIMES.

J. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor.

With Malice toward none; With Charity for all.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM, in Advance.

VOL. XXI.

LOUISBURG, N. C., APRIL 1, 1892

NO. 8.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WHAT IS IT HAS IT DONE?

The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment, that of Drs. Starkey & Palen is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen magnified; and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

It has been in use for over twenty years; thousands of patients have been treated, and over one thousand physicians have used it and recommended it—a very significant fact.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a book of 200 pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquires full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a good record of surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free on any address on application.

Drs. STARKEY & PALEN, 1529 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 120 Sutter Street, San Francisco, Cal. Please mention this paper.

Coffins and Caskets.

We have added largely to our stock, and now carry a full line of these goods—from the plainest wood coffin to the finest plush or velvet covered casket. Also a full line of coffin hardware, linings, trimmings, &c. All of which will be sold at reasonable prices.

Respectfully,
R. R. HARRIS & Co.
Louisburg, N. C.

DAVIS' Labor Saving Guano Book.

For Keeping the Different Brands, amount of the same, price per ton, in money or cotton. Just the Book for all Fertilizer Sellers.

FOR SALE BY
S. G. DAVIS,
FRANKLINTON, N. C.
Price \$2.25 per book. Express prepaid if you state where you saw this advertisement.

CUT FLOWERS, BOUQUETS, DESIGNS, ETC.

Fine Cut Flowers in Great Variety. Bouquets, Baskets and Designs tastefully arranged. Pampas Plumes, Magnolias and other choice evergreens. Sugar and Silver Maple, Horse Chestnut and other shade trees. Early cabbage and tomato plants at the right season. Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. STEINMITZ, Florist,
Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator of Rebecca Green, deceased, all persons indebted to her estate are requested to pay the same at once, and all persons holding claims against her estate will present for payment on or before March 11, 1892, or this notice will be placed in bar of their recovery. This March 7, 1892.

JOHN GREEN, Adm.

SALE OF VALUABLE TOWN LOTS.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Franklin County, made in case of W. H. Mason, Adm., vs. J. E. Malone, et al., we will sell at the court house in Louisburg, on Monday 4th day of April, 1892, to the highest bidder the following town lots located on Elm Street in the town of Louisburg, N. C. to-wit:

1st 106 1/2 foot front, running back 78 1/2 ft. 2d 100 " " " " " " 3rd 70 " " " " " " 4th 70 " " " " " " 5th 70 " " " " " "

Time of sale 12 o'clock. Terms, \$4 cash, balance on credit of 9 months, deferred payments to draw interest at 8 per cent, and title retained till purchase money is paid.

E. W. TIMBERLAKE,
C. M. COOK,
Commissioners.

March 3, 1892.

TARIFF REFORM.

BELIEF CANNOT COME FROM THE "PEOPLE'S PARTY."

An Increase of the Currency Without a Reduction of the Tariff Would Be of Little Value.

More money (on a safe basis—and the sub-treasury bill is not safe) would facilitate business and do some good but nothing like the good tariff reform would accomplish.

The farmers are told (and many believe) that if the volume of currency was increased it would increase the price they would receive for their products. If this is true it would also increase the price of everything else in the same proportion.

If the reader concedes the above to be true, then he is bound to see that an increase of the currency would not confer any very substantial benefit to the masses of the people. Take the farmer for instance. Say the farmer is making only a bare living. Suppose the currency was doubled and the price of the farmer's products was doubled; it would also double his expenses and he would be no better off than now. Is not this true?

How can the farmer and the masses of the people be benefited? We answer, reduce expenses! "Oh, rats!" you are ready to say. But it can be done. The farmer already lives cheap enough compared to other people, and possibly about as cheap as he can under the present laws, but the present laws are the trouble—the law that levies a tariff tax on nearly everything but farm products that the people consume. Now, tariff reform would cheapen nearly everything the farmer has to buy and it would give him a broader market in which to dispose of his products, therefore his living expenses would be less and he would get more for what he produced.

The Free Press believes in giving all an equal chance. Only a few are given the best chance under the infamous robbery tariff system.

There is not a line in the platform of the falsely-called People's party in favor of tariff reform. There is not a line in that platform in favor of a reform of the outrageously extravagant pensions, but on the contrary the makers of that platform passed a resolution to give more, more! to the overpaid Federal soldiers!! How can any honest, intelligent southern man support such a party? A self-respecting southerner ought to feel that his intellect is insulted when he is asked to vote for such a party.

And yet some southern people will doubtless vote for that party. Some honest southern people are in favor of that party—there may be a good many such. But it is because they are misled. They don't understand the real facts. They are led astray by scheming demagogues, who are in the "reform" for what there is "in it" for themselves personally. Dr. Macune is the biggest scoundrel among the reformers, and he honestly believe he is paid by the Republican bosses to get the minds of the people off of tariff reform, and get them so mixed up that they don't know what is what. Macune is a very plausible rascal; he is very smart and can almost make people who don't think accurately believe that black is white. He says the tariff amounts to very little, and this has been echoed so frequently by the lesser reform lights that many people have come to believe it.

The people had become so waked up by the agitation following Grover Cleveland's brave stand in favor of tariff reform that the Democrats would certainly have won the approaching election, unless something was done to get the minds of the people distracted. The people's minds have been distracted to such an extent by the sub-treasury, transportation and

THE SILVER BILL.

FAILED TO PASS THE HOUSE ON THE 24th.

Some Democrats Who Favor the Bill Voted to Postpone for Further Consideration.

The vote in the House on the 24th, on the silver bill, which places it on the Calendar to be called up on some future day, for further consideration, indicates a change of sentiment there as well as elsewhere. There were some Democratic members who thought it unwise to force the silver question, at this time, believing it would be better, for the ultimate success of the measure, to first discuss it fully before the people, while others favored immediate action. The former remembered the disaster that attended the precipitation of the tariff issue, on the eve of the last Presidential election, and the subsequent retirement of Democratic majorities, after the people had been informed what was meant by tariff reduction; and were unwilling to discard such a lesson.

It now appears that the Democratic sentiment in the House was educated to appreciate the lesson indicated, and that conservative counsel has prevailed.

We favor the free coinage of silver, and believe that a double standard—gold and silver, is essential to the business wants of the country, but the fact should ever be recognized that the adoption of prudent means will more likely secure what we want, and that the condition of affairs is such as to forewarn against all experiments.

It is noted that the delegation in the House, from this State, voted in favor of the passage of the free-coinage bill, and that Mr. Bunn and Mr. Crawford made speeches in its support. This was proper, because these gentlemen represent a constituency alive to the importance of enacting a free-coinage law, and they have done what they could to have such a law passed, but, as the President of the National Farmers' Alliance has himself cast a doubt upon the remedial efficacy of free silver, Alliance and non-Alliance Democrats will doubtless more easily harmonize all seeming antagonistic views on the subject.

It is too often the case, in considering what may be proper legislation, we fail to comprehend the intended scope, and allow our views to become localized. This country is so large, and its interests so varied, that a legislature at Washington must rise above local feelings and prejudices, and move on higher and more patriotic planes of duty. And as beneficial legislation is to be secured through the agency of political parties, it is evidently necessary to guard against weakening the influence of the very agency relied upon to accomplish the good desired. This reasoning leads us to believe that no political party can, at this time, elect a President with an extreme free silver plank in the platform upon which he runs. The political fate of Ex-Governor Campbell, of Ohio, is cited in support of this belief, as well as the results of elections recently held in some of the Eastern and Western States which Democracy must carry to be successful in the next Presidential contest.

Then, while we favor a particular measure, and fully believe in the necessity for it, let us so act as to occupy the most impregnable positions as we advance to its accomplishment.—State Chronicle.

Whenever a surgical operation is required a veterinary surgeon—if entitled to be called such—can perform it properly. When medical treatment alone is required, and the veterinarian is sent for, it is very like putting your gun on your shoulder, shutting both eyes and pulling the trigger. If anything is hit, it is luck.

Photographer's assistant—Mrs. Van Perkins complains that her portraits don't look like her.

Photographer—Complains, does she? She ought to be grateful.—Harper's Bazar.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

Salt for Sore Throat.

In these days when diseases of the throat are so universally prevalent we feel it our duty to say a word in behalf of a most effectual, if not positive cure for sore throat. For many years past, indeed we may say for the whole of a life, or more than forty years, we have been subject to a dry, hacking cough, which is not distressing to ourselves but to our friends and those with whom we are brought into business contact. Last fall we were induced to try what virtue there was in common salt. We commenced using it three times a day, morning, noon and night.

We dissolved a large tablespoonful of pure table salt in half a small tumblerful of water. With this we gargled the throat most thoroughly just before meal time. The result has been that during the entire winter we were not only free from coughs and colds, but the dry, hacking cough had entirely disappeared. We attribute these satisfactory results solely to the use of salt gargle, and most cordially recommend a trial of it to those who are subject to diseases of the throat. Many persons who have never tried the salt gargle have the impression that it is unpleasant, but after a few days use no one who loves a nice, clean mouth and first rate sharpener of the appetite will abandon it.—Household.

Unpublished reminiscences and letters of this foremost among early American painters. A number of illustrations will lead additional interest to the articles.

IMPORTANT MOMENTS.

The aim of this series of very short articles is to describe the signal occasions when some decisive event took place, or when some great experiment was shown to be successful—such moments as that of the first use of the Atlantic cable, the first use of the telegraph and telephone, the first successful experiment with ether, the night of the Chicago fire, the scene at the moment of the vote on the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, etc.

OUT OF DOOR PAPERS.

In the early spring will be begun a number of seasonable articles, among them being: Small country places, how to lay out and beautify them, by Samuel Parsons, Jr.; Fishing Lore from an Angler's Note-Book by Dr. Leroy M. Yale; Mountain Station Life in New Zealand, by Sidney Dickinson; Racing in Australia, by Sidney Dickinson; with illustrations by Birge Harrison. The illustrations are made from original material. Price 25 cents. \$1.00 a year.

CHAS. SCRIBNER'S SONS, Publishers,
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FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

THE OLD NORTH STATE.

News from all Over the State—Gathered from our Exchanges.

Rev. Dr. Rumble, who has been soliciting contributions from the Presbyterians at Charlotte, for the rebuilding of the orphan's home, received \$1,000. It is expected to raise \$5,000 from the State at large.

The Atlantic Coast Line has begun the survey of another branch railroad, from Lenoir, S. C., to Gilson Station in Moore county. It will cross the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley at McCall's the Fayetteville Observer says.

Hon. A. M. Waddell will deliver an oration before the University at the next commencement on the "Life and Character of Col. William L. Saunders." The oration will be delivered on Alumni day, Tuesday, May 31, before the Alumni Association.

Ed Young and John Godfrey, of Marion, were shooting at a mark. Godfrey re-loaded his pistol and "was in the act of replacing the lock" when it was accidentally discharged, the ball striking Young in the breast just below the collar bone. He turned and walked into his house and died in a few minutes. The Record says he was a "young man of excellent parts." He was just 21 years old and was married.

John Bailey and Dan Clayton, two young white men, were caught on a trestle on Balsam mountain, on the Murphy division of the Western North Carolina Railroad, Thursday, by a freight train. Bailey attempted to get off by running to the end of the trestle but was struck by the engine and instantly killed. Clayton let himself down between the ties, holding on with both hands and the train passed over him without damage.

Mr. John Robinson, commissioner of agriculture, says the returns of agricultural statistics for 1891 are badly made up, imperfect and inaccurate, that he fears they will be of little value. They are certainly not complete; far from it. The fault is that of the tax list takers, who are required to make up the returns, but whose work for last year was in too many cases miserably done. Yesterday the report for Hertford county was asked by the Norfolk, Wilmington & Charleston railway, but the commissioner could not get it.—State Chronicle. [In Franklin county a number of farmers refused to give in the statistics, so we are informed by the listers.—EUREKA TIMES.]

"Alas! alas!" the duke exclaimed, "in my slender ankle I've got pains." "Don't fret," said his majesty, "I have some Salivation Oil."

"My time is up," said the doctor to the patient whom he found using Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, and he was correct, for his cough had been cured.

Barber (during shampoo)—Are you troubled at all by our hair-cutting out?

Cholly (feeling where his mustache ought to appear)—No, me dears, I'm troubled because it won't come out.

Why is it that certain persons are now active in delivering political addresses throughout the State, and denouncing some Democrats because of their advocacy of certain measures, or their failure to advocate them, and condemning some other Democrats for their performances and so on and never uttering a clever sentence in support of the Democratic party, which has always been, and is now, the great party of the people? Not a word is said by them against Mr. Harrison and his Force bill, or against the protective policy of the Republican party, which they know, and everybody else knows, has been the main cause of the depression upon the industrial interests of the country. We want free coinage, and a reformation of our tariff laws, and the Democratic party intends to press them in a prudent manner, in order to aid in the development of the financial reforms which the necessity of the country demands. Let the legislation and vicious tendencies of the Republican party be criticized and denounced to the fullest extent by public speakers, if they honestly wish to inform the people of the true causes of distress, for no relief will come until that party is destroyed and the Democrats placed in control of the governmental departments.—State Chronicle.

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