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THE FRANKLIN TIMES.

J. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor. | With Malice toward none; With Charity for all. | $1.50 PER ANNUM, in Advance.

VOL. XXI. | LOUISBURG, N. C., MAY 13, 1892 | NO. 14.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

WHAT { IS IT? HAS IT DONE CAN IT DO ?

The original and only genuine Compound Oxygen Treatment, that of Drs. Starkey & Palen is a scientific adjustment of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen magnetized; and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

It has been in use for over twenty years; thousands of patients have been treated, and over one thousand physicians have used it and recommended it—a very significant fact.

"Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results," is the title of a book of 200 pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, who gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a good record of surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application.

DRS. STARKEY & PALEN,
152 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
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Please mention this paper.

Coffins and Caskets.

We have added largely to our stock, and now carry a full line of these goods—from the plainest wood coffin to the finest plush or velvet covered casket. Also a full line of coffin hardware, linings, trimmings, &c. All of which will be sold at reasonable prices.

Respectfully,

R. R. HARRIS & Co.

Louisburg, N. C.

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For Keeping the Different Guanos, amount of the same, price per ton, in money or cotton.

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BOUQUETS, DESIGNS, ETC.

Fine Cut Flowers in Great Variety.

Bouquets, Baskets and Designs tastefully arranged.

Pampas Plumes, Magnolias and other choice evergreens.

Sugar and Silver Maple, Horse Chestnut and other shade trees.

Early cabbage and tomato plants at the right season.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. STEINMITZ, Florist,
Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator of Reuben Green, deceased, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay the same at once, and all persons holding claims against her estate will present for payment within before March 11, 1893, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. This March 7, 1892.

JOHN GREEN, Admr.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York.

"The Philosopher's Stone."

A merchant accommodates a customer by selling him goods on credit; the customer promises to pay when he sells his wheat or tobacco or other product; but sickness, or low prices, or some other unforseen circumstances prevent the fulfillment of the promise. Still further indulgence is sought hoping to secure what is already due, the merchant gives credit and the debt is increased. A note may be given, the merchant has it discounted and in course of time is obliged to renew it or pay it. Interest accumulates, the security which may have been given proves valueless; suit may be entered; lawyers' fees and cost are to be paid; prior claims are presented; homestead exemption is claimed; the law's delays and uncertainties and legal technicalities intervene, it may be the death of the debtor, and in the end the account of years dwindle into insignificance, the only assetts from which the creditor hoped to realize being eaten up by the long and tedious processses of a chancery court.

Is it right and just? It may be said, the merchant was not worldly wise. But how many are there in every community, who know but too well an experience not unlike that we have indicated? We would like to present this matter so strongly that the practice of incurring obligations of debt might be lessened; or, at least, that the duty of meeting financial obligations might be more generally met. Heedlessness incurring obligations is little less than a crime; and the man who in his anxiety to sell goods gives credit is "particeps criminis." He who plunges into debt is like one who ventures upon a doubtful speculation. If he has not a good margin, he exposes somebody to loss.

What we would say to all is, avoid an obligation you do not know that you can meet. A banker when he discounts a note requires two or more good endorses or adequate collateral. Why should not every promise be made as secure, or a man's word be held as good as his bond? By the heedless, unbusiness-like course, to which we have alluded, a man is unjust to himself and false to his own interests. He not only puts his own self-respect in jeopardy, but imposes upon himself a heavy and unnecessary burden. It is more than this. It is an injustice to his friends and his family. Alas, to how many survivors, too often, the only legacy that is left is only one of debt!

The neglect of small obligations leads to the accumulation of large ones; It makes a vast difference to every man on which side the balance is—the credit or debit side. The merchant whose capital is locked up in bad debts plays a losing game. His life is a constant struggle; his profits are swallowed up by discounts. And sad is the reflection that the difficulties that constantly surround him are occasioned by the kindness and aid he has shown to those who should have been his very best friends.

And this leads us to say that "short settlements make long friends." But this is not all. The evils of "too little money" so much complained of, those from which the community at large is suffering, result largely from the fatal habit of debt. The merchant who can turn his capital twice a year can sell cheaper and make more money than the man who trusts. Randolph once said, "pay as you go is the philosopher's stone." Every man would have more money in his pocket at the end of the year if he would "pay as he goes," or if he cannot pay, not "go." Let every young man avoid debt as he would a pestilence, and he will find the grand secret of success in life.—Ex.

WORLD'S FAIR.

OFFICE OF BOARD OF AGRICULTURE,
RALEIGH, N. C.,
January 15, 1892.

The Board of Agriculture has undertaken to make an exhibit of the resources of the State of North Carolina at the Columbian Exposition, and has appointed the World's Fair Executive Committee to carry out this purpose. This Committee appeals to the citizens of the State to give them a cordial support, and to aid them in furnishing an exhibit that will be illustrative of the State's resources of every kind.

We confidently expect that North Carolina will be able to sustain herself in high competition with the rest of the world.

Every country in the world and and every State in the Union is expected to participate at this display of the world's resources and progress in every department of the human effort. It will give some idea of the extent of this Exposition when it is remembered that 750 acres, more than a great plantation, is embraced in the grounds, and that 150 acres will be covered with the necessary buildings. These buildings will be filled with every conceivable product of nature and art, and North Carolina can and will respond to what is expected of her.

In order that our State may take her proper place at this great Exposition, the Board intends to make collections in the following departments:

Agriculture—Food and food products, etc. Horticulture—Fruits, wines, and garden products, etc. Live Stock—Domestic and wild animals. Mines, Mining and Metallurgy—Minerals, building and monumental stones. Forestry—Timbers and forestry product. Fine Arts—Painting, decoration, etc. Ethnology—Indian relics, and specimens illustrating the progress of labor and invention. Liberal Arts—Education, engineering, etc. Manufacturers: Fish and Fisheries—Fish products and appliances for catching fish.

All correspondence to be sent to T. K. Burner, Commissioner in charge of exhibits and Secretary of the Committee, at Raleigh, N.C.

W. F. GREEN, Chairman.
J. F. PAYNE,
A. LEAZAR,
W. E. STEVENS,
S. L. PATTERSON,
Committee.

Scribner's Magazine.

AN EXCEPTIONAL YEAR.

The year 1891 has been marked by a greater advance than any similar period since the Magazine was established. Not only has the literary and artistic excellence been maintained and increased, but a corresponding gain has been made in the sale and influence of the Magazine. At the end of 1891 the circulation had risen to more than 140,000. It may justly be promised that the further improvements during the coming year will be proportionate to these largely increased opportunities.

FOR NEXT YEAR.

It is not poesible to give, in a brief space, an account of all the features in preparation, but the material is deficient in neither importance nor range of subject.

THE POOR: THE WORLD'S GREAT CITIES.

It is proposed to publish a series of articles, upon a scale not before attempted, giving the results of special study and work among the poor of the great cities. The plan will include an account of the conditions of life in those cities (in many lands) where the results of research will be helpful for purposes of comparison as well as for their own intrinsic interest. While, from a scientific point of view, the articles will be a contribution of great importance, the treatment will be thoroughly popular, and the elaborate illustrations will serve to make the presentation of the subject vivid as well as picturesque.

WASHINGTON ALLSTON.

Unpublished reminiscences and letters of this foremost among early American painters. A number of illustrations will lend additional interest to the articles.

IMPORTANT MOMENTS.

The aim of this series of very short articles is to describe the signal occasions when some decisive event took place, or when some great experiment was shown to be successful—such moments as that of the first use of the Atlantic cable, the first use of the telegraph and telephone, the first successful experiment with ether, the night of the Chicago fire, the scene at the moment of the vote on the impeachment of Andrew Johnson, etc

OUT OF DOOR PAPERS.

In the early spring will be begun a number of seasonable articles, among them being: Small country places, how to lay out and beautify them, by Samuel Parsons, Jr. Fishing Lore from an Angler's Note-Book by Dr. Leroy M. Yale. Mountain Station Life in New Zealand, by Sidney Dickinson. Racing in Australia, by Sidney Dickinson, with illustrations by Birge Harrison. The illustrations are made from original material. Price 25 cents. $3.00 a year.

CHAS. SCRIBNER'S SONS, Publishers,
743 and 745 Broadway, New York.

McKinley's Menace.

For the twelve months ending March 31, 1892, our exports have reached the enormous total of $1,005,284,506.

For the same period our imports have amounted to $837,058,585.

Here is a "ballance of trade" in our favor, to use the absurd language of our Republican contemporaries of $168,000,000.

Our great exports are due to large crops, at home and short crops abroad.

This combination of circumstances rarely occurs oftener than once in ten years, yet it is the only thing that has saved us from a national financial disaster.

With an excess of $163,000,000 of exports, we answered Europe's demand on us for food for which Europe has paid us with our own securities.

Unfortunate investments in South America have curtailed the financial resources of the European centers and this forced the return of American securities to American markets.

This would have drawn from us gold and silver in such quantities as to have disturbed all business relations. In fact, the drain of gold to Europe began in 1890, and reached large proportions. Except for our large crops, this drain would have continued, but conditions changed, and Europe was glad to take grain, which it needed more than gold.

Instead of receiving gold for our grain we have been paid the "balance" in ocean freight, and in our securities, and the expected return of gold did not take place.

Manifestly some good fortune has saved us from disaster. The enormous exactions of the McKinley law checked imports of a vast number of manufactured articles, more valuable to us than our securities, but it put no duty on securities, and so our foreign friends sent them.

A modification of the McKinley act is imperative. It is a means alike to commerce, to agriculture and to manufacturing industry. It is a tax on labor in the field or factory. It obstructs the natural channels of exchange. It worries and harasses and impairs the very forces working for the restoration of general prosperity in America, and spreads uncertainty to every branch of commerce. The contest against the robber tariff framed by McKinley must be waged with greater zeal and determination than the Democratic party ever waged war against the tariff act of 1883, for it is more injurious and more certain to bring disaster.

If Mr. Harrison is re-elected the panic of 1873 will be repeated in 1893 or 1894.

Down with the McKinley tariff.

Where is The Consistency.

We would like for somebody to tell us why it has become to be such a crime in the estimation of some people for a man to be a party man. All our greatest statesmen were party men, not in the hackneyed sense of the word, but where principal was concerned. We see it constantly asserted by some of our Alliance organs that we Alliancemen, who are going to stick to the Democracy, are worshipping party more than principle. Brethren, don't you suppose we had convictions of our own before we joined the Alliance? And did you ask us to surrender those convictions when we became Alliancemen? To speak of us as if we were being led by a halter around our necks wherever the Democratic leaders would have us go, is very unkind, to say the least. In our opinion, the man who has convictions of his own and sticks to them is far superior to the zig-zag man who can be either pig or pup, as suits his convenience.—Elkin Courier.

Democrat or Third Partyite—Which?

Asheville Citizen.

Speaking to the text, as we understand him, that "the duty of the leaders of the party is to do all in their power to induce Democrats to come into the Democratic primaries, and not try to drive them out by the setting up of new tests," Mr. Josephus Daniels, late editor of the Raleigh Chronicle, asks: "Who gave the central Democratic committee of Iredell the right to drive the Alliancemen who support the St. Louis demands out of the Democratic party?" And Mr. Daniels adds: "The demands adopted by the St. Louis conference of labor organizations were afterwards endorsed Third party; but there are thousands of Alliancemen who endorse the demands who are hostile to the Third party."

We are fallen on queer days. Men who believe strange things that have to do with matters of great public interest and are therefore parts of political creeds, can, it seems, believe in what the Democracy does not and never will, and yet be anxious to vote the Democratic ticket so that those same strange doctrines may never be tested! What is Democracy but its principles? And what is the Third party if it is not the St. Louis demands, its principles? If a man believes in the Third party demands is it reasonable to suppose that he will wish to act with the party that does not believe in them? The Democratic party wants all the votes it can get, but it wants sincere votes. To deny a man who believes in the Third party a place in a Democratic convention as not "the setting up of new tests," as Mr. Daniels seems to think. The present Democratic tests are old ones. It is the Third party that has furnished new tests, and those are for admission into that party.

Mr. Daniels also says:

"I would be glad for Chairman Smith to say if leading Alliancemen who believe in the St. Louis platform are to be excluded from the Democratic primaries because of their belief. If they are not, then the humblest man in Iredell county who entertains the same views can participate in the primaries freely, and not only has a right to do so, but it is a high duty he owes to himself to do this and to thus do all he can to prevent the formation of the Third party in North Carolina."

How an Allianceman, however humble, who believes in the St. Louis platform can "do all he can to prevent the formation of the Third party in North Carolina" we confess is puzzling. Such a man would strongly remind the political world of the Democrat who should believe in the platform of that party and declare he intended to vote the Third party ticket.

With this statement of Mr. Daniels we can heartily agree:

"Every man must be the judge of his own Democracy. His conscience must decide whether he has a right to participate in a Democratic primary."

Now if a man conscientiously believes what the St. Louis demands teach, that the Democratic party is a bad party he cannot act with that party. Oil and water will not mix.

Finally, it should be remembered that a man can be a good Allianceman and vote the Democratic ticket with a clean conscience; and thousands of Alliancemen are going to do just that thing.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per Box. For sale by Thomas & Aycocke.

About Men.

We want to talk a little to our lady readers, especially the young girls. Girls, have a good time; be merry, be gay; ride, row and enjoy yourselves generally, but don't make a step in the wrong direction that will bring sorrow to others or cause you in future years to blush over its memory. Now we are going to tell you what we think of the boys, for every wheel should have a fellow, and so should every girl. A most delightful fellow, who is handsome enough to cause many a maiden's heart to flutter and who is well enough off to be a suitable cause, in mamma's estimation, for the fluttering, was modest enough to affirm that he remained single owing to the fact that he did not feel capable of making a woman happy. This very statement revealed the truth that he would indeed be the man to make one of the best of husbands, and in consequence make a very happy woman of the girl he chose for his wife.

It is not the man who is afraid he will not fill the bill in the matrimonial play that is the one that fails signally in the role. If he ever ventures so far and asks a woman to be his wife she is pretty sure that her life will be pleasant so far as her domestic relations are concerned. If his modesty is not assumed he will never quite recover from his surprise at her accepting him; and he will always regard her love as a possession that is exceedingly precious and must be carefully guarded lest it slip away from him. No matter how many years they are married it will always be the same and the modest, unassuming bachelor wid prove the devoted admiring husband to the end.

On the other hand, the superb creature who considers that he bestows a little slice of heaven with the giving of his name is the one that is going to make a girl wretched. He feels as though perhaps he were too precipitated in his wooing and shows her by his actions if he does not tell her in so many words that there were many other girls just dying for him.

If money is scare it will not be he that will suffer. His glorious form must be arrayed in gorgeous apparel, his luncheons necessarily of the finest, and his cigars the best, though perhaps at home, his wife in a garment that may have been one of the dresses of her trousseau many years ago, eats warmed over messes and does her own work. He, in his pride, considers it enough honor for any woman simply to bear his name, and if it were suggested to him that his wife was miserable he would not credit such a ridiculous statement.

Girls, do not be deceived by the gay, showy men, who are essentially selfish and who could never love any one as well as their own charming selves. Do not let the fine figure, handsome face and dashing air make you snub the quiet, modest chap who blushes when you speak and appears a trifle stupid before the gay witticisms and flow of talk of the more dashing rival. The modest man is the one for the long race and, if your head is level and your heart in the right place, the evanescent charms of the one will be completely swallowed up and lost sight of in the substantial lasting character of the other.

A Little Girl's Experience in a Lighthouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Tressettare keepers of the Gov. Lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a little daughter, four years old. Last April she was taken down with measles, followed with a dreadful cough and turning into a fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain, she grew worse rapidly, until she was a mere "handful of bones." Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold, yet you can get a trial bottle free at Thomas & Aycocke's drug store.

A Serious Question.

It is conceded without any question that none of our cities or larger towns can enjoy a permanent state of prosperity if the farming interest seriously declines; for it is true that the country supports the town. The condition of our farming interests, therefore, demands our serious concern.

It is easy enough to make the types of a newspaper office, say this and that about the general prosperity, and call the truth-teller an alarmist or old fogy, but this doesn't make the matter any better, but worse.

The right thing to do is to tell the truth. This does not necessarily mean the discouragement of the farmer, but rather points him to the necessity of improved method. The land is not to blame, for observation proves that where good work is done the results are satisfactory. The Workman on yesterday, in an article on the town of Liberty, gave examples of intelligent and profitable farming, where a very few acres well cultivated gave a handsome yield. Some similar plan must be adopted throughout the country. The people must come closer together, for as they are in their isolated condition, they must suffer the direconsequences of tilling large and poor fields, besides being far removed from churches, schools, shops, mills and postoffices. Under such conditions poverty, ignorance and vice must be the result. How much better to take warning and resort to the small farm, with the near proximity to all the conveniences of living.—Greensboro Workman.

Strength and Health.

If you are not feeling strong and healty, try Electric Bitters. If La Grippe has left you weak and weary, try Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on liver, stomach and kidneys, gently aiding these organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with sick headache, you will find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles 50c. at Thomas & Aycocke's drug store.

"I have heard of the courage of a man's convictions," said the prisoner at the bar, "but it seems to me that the more times I gets convicted the less courage I has.—London Fun.

An Indiana woman claims to have worn a corset for seventy years. A rather protracted stay.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is not a cent worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer, every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use as directed and if it does you nothing call at Thomas & Aycocke, Louisburg, and T. C. Joyner, Franklinton.

The man who catches the largest fish is not necessarily the biggest liar.

Oh, What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves croup and whooping cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. For sale by Thomas & Aycocke, Louisburg, and T. C. Joyner, Franklinton.

There are men who have more fear of dying a beggar that of living one.

There's light ahead for the women who suffer, if they'll only turn towards Truth's *quintessential* remedy for all the delicate derangements, chronic weaknesses, and painful disorders that make women miserable. It's Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—and it makes women healthy and strong.

It's a legitimate medicine that's purely vegetable and perfectly harmless—a powerful general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, renewing and invigorating the entire system. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions of womanhood, improves digestion, enriches the blood, disperses aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.

For prolapsus, or falling-down sensations, nervous prostration, and irregularities, "Favorite Prescription" is a positive remedy—the only one that's so sure and certain that it can be *guaranteed*. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

Notice.

I hereby warn all persons from hiring or harboring Bob Moore, colored, as I have a contract for his labor until Oct. 1st, 1892.

JOHN MOORE.