

# THE FRANKLIN TIMES.

J. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor.

With Malice toward none; With Charity for all.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM, in Advance.

VOL. XXI.

LOUISBURG, N. C., AUGUST 19, 1892

NO. 27.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**

### WHAT IS IT CAN IT DO?

The original and only genuine Compound of Oxygen Treatment, that of Drs. Starkey & Palen, is a scientific refinement of the elements of Oxygen and Nitrogen magnetized; and the compound is so condensed and made portable that it is sent all over the world.

It has been in use for over twenty years; thousands of patients have been treated, and over one thousand physicians have testified and recommended it—a very significant fact.

It is Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results, is the title of a book of 200 pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, and gives to all inquirers full information as to the remarkable curative agent and a wide record of surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application.

Drs. STARKEY & PALEN,  
1523 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
129 Sutter Street, San Francisco, Cal.  
Please mention this paper.

### STATE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Adopted May 18, 1892.

Resolved 1. That the Democracy of North Carolina reaffirm the principles of the Democratic party, both State and National, and particularly favor the free coinage of silver and an increase of the currency, and the repeal of the internal revenue system. And we denounce the McKinley tariff bill as unjust to the consumers of the country, and leading to the formation of trusts, combines and monopolies which have oppressed the people; and especially do we denounce the unnecessary and burdensome increase in the tax on cotton ties and on tin, so largely used by the poorer portion of the people. We likewise denounce the iniquitous Force bill, which is not yet abandoned by the Republican party, but is being urged as a measure to be adopted as soon as they regain control of the House of Representatives, the purpose and effect of which measure will be to establish a second period of reconstruction in the Southern States, to subvert the liberties of our people, and to inflame a new race antagonism and sectional animosities.

2. That we demand financial reform, and the enactment of laws that will remove the burdens of the people relative to the existing agricultural depression, and do full and ample justice to the farmers and laborers of our country.

3. That we demand the abolition of national banks, and the substitution of legal tender Treasury notes in lieu of national bank notes, issued in sufficient volume to do the business of the country on a cash system, regulating the amount needed on a per capita basis, as the business interests of the country expand, and that all money issued by the government shall be legal tender in payment of all debts, both public and private.

4. That we demand that Congress shall pass such laws as shall effectually prevent the dealings in futures of all agricultural and mechanical productions; providing such stringent system of procedure in trials as shall secure prompt conviction and imposing such penalties as shall secure the most perfect compliance with the law.

5. That we demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver.

6. That we demand the passage of laws prohibiting the alien ownership of land, and that Congress take early steps to devise some plan to obtain all lands now owned by alien and foreign syndicates; and that all lands now held by railroads and other corporations, in excess of such as is actually used and needed by them, be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.

7. Believing in the doctrine of "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," we demand that taxation, National or State, shall not be used to build up one interest or class at the expense of another. We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all revenue, National, State or county, shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the government economically and honestly administered.

8. That Congress issue a sufficient amount of fractional paper currency to facilitate the exchange through the medium of the United States mail.

9. That the General Assembly pass such laws as will make the public school system more effective than the blessings of education may be extended to all the people of the State alike.

Resolved, That we favor a graduated tax on incomes.

Answer This Question.  
Why do so many people we see around us seem to prefer to suffer and be made miserable by indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of the Food, Yellow Skin, when for 75c. we will sell them Starkey's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by Thomas & Aycock, Louisburg, and T. C. J. Syner, Franklinton, N. C.

### HON. JOSEPH J. DAVIS.

COMMENTS OF THE STATE PRESS ON HIS DEATH.

Spoken of Only in the Highest Terms—Showing the High Esteem in Which He Was Held.

Biblical Recorder: A good man gone.

Alamance Gleaner. He was an able jurist, a patriotic citizen, and a highly esteemed Christian gentleman.

Burlington News: He was a pure man, a noble specimen of the highest type of manhood.

Charlotte Democrat: Judge Davis was one of the best known men in the State. During the war he was a gallant captain in General Scale's Brigade and was mentioned repeatedly for bravery. After the war he served many years in the national House of Representatives and with marked ability.

Raleigh Christian Advocate: He was a good man, an upright judge, and one of our most prominent and useful citizens. He leaves a large circle of friends and relatives to mourn his death.

Charlotte Chronicle: Judge Davis was a gallant officer in the Confederate service. He served in Congress three terms from 1874, being succeeded by General Cox, and was appointed to the Supreme Court bench on the death of Judge Ashe. In politics he was a strong canvasser, straightforward and full of nerve. His private character was without blemish, and men who knew him best valued his friendship most.

Raleigh Visitor: Although the precarious health of Judge Davis for some time past has prepared his relations, friends and the public generally for the sad termination, yet the announcement will be received throughout North Carolina with the utmost sorrow. There was no public man in our State who stood more deservedly high with the people of all classes. In all public relations as Congressman or Jurist he won the proud title of a pure and patriotic man, while as a Christian gentleman he endeared himself to the social circle.

Raleigh Signal: Justice Davis was a man of fair ability and possessed the confidence of the people to a remarkable degree. He represented this district in Congress for six years, and has been on the Supreme Court bench seven years. He was 64 years old. The State has lost a valuable citizen.

Tarboro Advocate: He is said to have been an exemplary man in every way. His death is a great loss to the State. He was a most worthy citizen; honored and esteemed by his fellows, and his taking off will cause sorrow in all parts of the State.

Chatham Record: So pre-eminently honest was he that he was generally known as "Honest Joe Davis." He was the faithful Representative in Congress from this district for six years, having been elected in 1874, 1876 and 1878, and no candidate ever came to this county as a stranger and won more friends than did he. In 1887 he was appointed a Justice of the Supreme Court to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Ashe, and was elected to that position in 1888. It was our pleasure to have been intimately acquainted with Judge Davis, and in our opinion North Carolina has never lost a purer public servant or a more patriotic and devoted son than this distinguished gentleman.

Durham Sun: The announcement of his death will carry sorrow to thousands of hearts throughout the State. He was a pure man; and upright man; a just man; and one who added lustre to the history of North Carolina.

A Louisburg correspondent of

the News-Observer says: Of his skill as a lawyer, his thirty years experience and position in the front rank of the bar leave nothing to be said. His learning as a Judge is shown throughout the last fifteen volumes of the N. C. Reports and needs no encomiums—it speaks for itself.

He was a consistent member of the Protestant Episcopal church. His health had been failing for about three years, and his death was not unexpected.

Thus passed away a man who was loved and admired not only by the citizens of his county but by the State at large; a man who had exemplified by his daily walk and life the beauties of Christianity, whose abilities had attracted and whose purity had won the loving devotions of his fellow-citizens.

Goldboro Argus: His death will be exceedingly regretted throughout the length and breadth of North Carolina.

Rocky Mount Argonaut: We have the sad duty to perform of chronicling the death of Associate Justice, J. J. Davis, of our Supreme Court, which occurred at his home in Louisburg, on the 7th inst., at the age of 64 years. Mr. Davis' death was not unexpected as he had been almost an invalid for the past two or three years, having never recovered from a stroke of paralysis which he had about that time. Most of our readers knew "Honest Joe Davis" and the news of his death will be a shock to them. Judge Davis was a captain in Gov. Scale's brigade during the war, and represented his district in Congress for many years. He was appointed and afterwards elected Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, which position he was eminently qualified to fill by his great integrity and splendid judicial ability. He left a wife and several children.

The following resolutions were passed by students at Chapel Hill: It is with unfeigned sorrow that we have this day heard that Almighty God in his infinite wisdom has summoned to his last rest "Honest Joe" Davis—a man who for more than three-score years has nobly breasted the storm of life; who has served his country faithfully and well, and of whom she is justly proud. His career as a citizen, soldier, attorney, legislator, judge—is a part of the history of our State; his sterling integrity and many private virtues are the consoling heritage of his family and friends. In testimony of our respect for his memory we, the students of this law school, of which he was an honored alumnus have

Resolved 1. That in the death of Joseph J. Davis, the University of North Carolina law school has lost from its ranks one of its truest and noblest alumni.

2. That the people of North Carolina have lost an earnest, faithful, devoted and conservative champion and defender of their rights.

3. That his career furnishes to the young men of our State—especially those who are about to embark in the practice of law—a model that will be useful for them to follow and difficult for them to improve upon.

4. That we tenderly commend to our Heavenly Father the loved ones about his hearthstone. We cannot understand the blow, but we bow in submission to Him whose act it is, and of whom we are told "He doeth all things well."

5. That the secretary be instructed to furnish a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased, and that copies be furnished to the leading State papers for publication.

ED. McCREATH,  
S. H. McRAE,  
FRED. MOORE,  
Committee.

SHEPARD BRYAN, Secretary.

Dr. T. B. Kingsbury, of the Wilmington Messenger says:

In a long editorial life we have had to write a great many announcements of the death of North Carolinians and to prepare sketches of their lives. It has rarely fallen upon us to write of one who was dearer to our heart than Joseph J. Davis, of the Supreme Court, who died on Sunday night, the 7th inst., at his home in Louisburg. He had for some two years been in declining health, and his friends have for months thought that the end of a most worthy and noble life was not far distant. We have never been intimate with many men as we have with the deceased. Our friendship began at the University of North Carolina, in 1847, when he was a law student after being educated at William and Mary College, Virginia. The friendship extending through forty-five years has never had the slightest jar.

He was born of highly respectable parents in Franklin county, N. C., in 1828. He settled at Oxford after obtaining his license to practice his profession, the law. Two or three years later he married Miss Katherine Shaw, of Louisburg, and removed to that pleasant town on the Tar where he has resided ever since. He soon obtained a good practice. When the war came on he raised a company and rendered excellent service, suffering a captivity of several months in a loathsome Northern prison. He was elected to the Federal Congress from the Raleigh District and served for six years with much acceptableness, usefulness and credit to himself. He was appointed to the Supreme Court Bench by Governor Scales, and re-elected at the last election.

Judge Davis was a man of excellent sense, of sound discretion, a safe leader, a good lawyer, and of good abilities and acquisition. He was of rare decision of character, open as the day, generous, true, the very soul of honor, magnanimous, incapable of anything not manly, truthful and upright. In fact we do not believe a more honest and honorable man ever lived in North Carolina. When in Congress it was this writer who bestowed upon him the sobriquet of "Honest Joe." We caught the word from the name given to Senator John Davis, of Massachusetts, when we were a lad. Our Davis deserved the title as much as the man from Massachusetts deserved it.

Not being of the law we give no opinion of Justice Davis's opinions while on the Bench. He delivered honest judgments we know.

He was married twice, his second wife being Miss Louisa Kittrell, of Oxford, who survives him. She is a sister of Mrs. Gilliam, felicit of the late Admiral Judge Robert B. Gilliam, of Oxford. The last time we grasped his hand and bade him good bye was in our own home after spending an evening with us, for he was "the best man" at the marriage of "wife and I." We saw no decay—no sign that in two years he would pass and never more should we greet each other in this world. He talked much that night to be ever remembered by us of the condition of our country, and feared coming evil. His was a lofty soul, and he was every inch a patriot and a man. We have had to write with exceeding hurry and under heavy pressure of other duties of the office, and not as we would like to write of one of the truest, safest, most devoted friends we have had in a long life. We shall cherish his memory. May God bless the bereaved ones—his wife, and children and many kin.

The Oxford Ledger says: When a man's life has been such that he has received and deserved the prefix of honest to his name, his death calls for more than a passing notice.

Such an one has just passed

from things temporal to things eternal. Such a man as "honest Joe Davis." As a soldier he was brave and noble; as a national legislator he was broad, constitutional and full; as a judge he was honest, upright and accurate; as a man he was as near perfection as fallen humanity attain.

His was not the greatness of genius, his was not the flashing, effulgent light of the meteor, but his likeness can be found in the majesty and grandeur of the ocean or the rounded completeness of the mountain. Falseness stood abashed in his presence. Shams and trickery could not endure the antiseptic influence of sincere living.

Simplicity of character was the basal principle of his life. As during the war he declined promotion again and again tendered him, preferring to remain simple Captain of the Franklin Company, so in after life the honors that his host of admirers delighted to heap upon him he wore as modestly as the humblest citizen.

Capt. Davis, for such his Granville friends called him, and in which title he felt most honored, was born in Granville county about the year 1828. He was educated at the University of North Carolina, and practiced law in Oxford during the early years of his profession. Afterwards he moved to Louisburg, where he has lived ever since up to the time of his death.

The Granville people vied with the Franklin people in their love for him. And as an illustration of the universality of this attachment it may be stated that when Hon. Josiah Turner opposed Capt. Davis for Congress every vote, white and black, in Louisburg township was cast for Capt. Davis.

Judge Davis was a man of facts and statistics. He had a mind resembling that of Colonel Walter L. Steele and General Scales, both of whom were his devoted friends.

When the greatest speakers of the Republican party in the metropolitan district opposed him on the stump, his friends feared that he could not meet their wit and jest; but when he stood up before the inimitable Ike Young and poured into the Republican party the withering sarcasm born of honest contempt of their methods, Isaac's jests and gibes and quibs went for naught, and the people whooped and voted for Honest Joe Davis.

When Judge Ashe died, Granville Superior court was in session, and our bar thought Capt. Davis should succeed him. A spontaneous effort was made in his behalf, and Gov. Scales wisely appointed Capt. Davis to our Supreme bench. On this exalted plain he so conducted himself as to give great satisfaction to his friends and to uphold the standard of purity of the bench.

But with these things he was not engrossed withal. It was his home and his family and his town and his poor neighbors and the cause of Christ that most engaged his time and his sympathy. He knew nothing love nor value of money. The loss of his little grand-daughter and the wrecking of his estate in paying the debts of others precipitated greatly his death.

North Carolina never had a worthier son. The youth of the land can find no better model for their conduct than our departed friend. He died in the faith of the Episcopal Church, and leaves behind a widow and four children to mourn his virtues.

Mr. Josephus Daniels, editor of the North Carolinian, says: Early in the summer he was taken to Beaufort, but received no improvement and two or three weeks ago he returned to the home he loved dearly, and among the people whose confidence and esteem he enjoyed, to await the summons which he knew would not be long in coming. He was ready for the

messenger, and if ever purity of heart and parity of life make a man fit for the Kingdom, honest Joe Davis was prepared for an abundant entrance into the home made for the faithful. There was not a man, woman or child in his community who did not feel, when the announcement was made that Judge Davis had passed away at 10 o'clock Saturday night, the loss of a friend. \* \* \* Now that this great and good man has gone to his reward, it is pleasant for me to recall the influence he exerted in purifying the atmosphere of political life. He was never one of "the more holy than thou" sort who withdraw themselves from active participation in politics and justify themselves by saying that it is so corrupt they can have nothing to do with it. There was nothing of the Pharisee about this honest man. He heard the call to duty and he went into the thickest of the fray, and stood as an able expounder of the Democratic faith. Through all the temptations he kept his hands clean, his soul pure and his heart upright. Whether on the hustings denouncing reconstruction or rascality, in Congress championing financial reform (he was the pioneer for this reform) at the bar pleading for justice and right; or on the bench settling the law, or in the private walks of life—there was no position or place he did not adorn, and none came under the radius of his influence who was not helped to purer living and more patriotic action. There are but two other men I have known well whose lives and conduct have directly given us higher aspirations and loftier appreciation of duty and of the three, Judge Davis was easily the noblest and most helpful. He believed something and he believed it intensely. In an age of flippant discussion, superficial views, and political untruth he held fast to the bed rock principles of pure Democracy. He believed in the people. He loved them. He trusted them. More than that, he had a confidence in and affection for the people of North Carolina that was sublime. I have often thought that his love was so affectionate that he could not well discern the faults of the North Carolina voter. He always stoutly maintained that, knowing less of books and letters than the Massachusetts voter, the North Carolinian knew more about government and was therefore a more intelligent voter and more useful citizen. He attributed this superior information to the educating influences of stump speaking in North Carolina. He was not one of your good sort of men who, for fear of giving offence, would let wrong doing go unrebuked. He knew what it was to feel righteous indignation and give expression thereto. There were two or three subjects upon which he could not talk without feelings of such indignation that he would use the strongest terms of denunciation. One of these was the robbery of the people through the protective tariff. He looked largely at the moral aspect of the question, and believed it was unholy and immoral thus to rob the many to build up a small circle of rich nabobs. He understood the question. When in Congress he had studied it in all its aspects, and with the possible exception of Senator Vance, no man in the State had a clearer understanding of the tariff question, and its disastrous effects on all agricultural sections. In former times he had been a whig, but he was so deeply impressed with the iniquity of the tariff legislation, we now have that he proposed any and all "incidental protection." Another matter which called up his righteous indignation was the demoralization of silver. He entered congress two years after that infamy had been perpetrated. He sought to have it re-nominated, and to the day of his death he never failed to denounce

### Oils and Caskets.

We have added largely to our stock, and now carry a full line of these goods—from the plainest wood coffin to the finest plush or velvet covered casket. Also a full line of coffin hardware, linings, trimmings, &c. All of which will be sold at reasonable prices.

Respectfully,  
R. R. HARRIS & Co.  
Louisburg, N. C.

### DAVIS' Labor Saving Guano Book.

For Keeping the Different Brands, amount of the same, price per ton, in money or cotton. Just the Book for all Fertilizer Sellers.

FOR SALE BY  
S. G. DAVIS,  
FRANKLINTON, N. C.

Price \$2.25 per book. Express prepaid if you state where you saw this advertisement.

### CUT FLOWERS, BOUQUETS, DESIGNS, ETC.

Fine Cut Flowers in Great Variety.

Bouquets, Baskets and Designs tastefully arranged.

Pampas Plumes, Magnolias and other choice evergreens.

Sugar and Silver Maple, Horse Chestnut and other shade trees.

Early cabbage and tomato plants at the right season.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. STEINMIZ, Florist,  
Raleigh, N. C.

### NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the last will and testament of W. B. Uzelle, dec'd., all persons indebted to the estate are hereby notified to make immediate, and any party holding a claim against the estate will present the same to us on or before May 19th 1892, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of a recovery thereon. This May 15th, 1892.

J. S. H. UZZLE,  
W. E. UZZLE,  
Executors of W. B. Uzelle, dec'd.

### Scientific American Agency for PATENTS.

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, ETC.

For information send free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 311 Broadway, New York. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the Scientific American.

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Specialties of our Scientific American: No intelligence year \$1.00 six months \$0.50 three months \$0.25. Sold by Thomas & Aycock, Louisburg, and T. C. J. Syner, Franklinton, N. C.