

THE FRANKLIN TIMES.

J. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor.

With Malice towards none; With Charity for all.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM, In Advance.

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LOUISBURG, N. C., OCTOBER 14, 1892.

NO. 35.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

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It has been in use for over twenty years; thousands of patients have been treated, and over one thousand physicians have used it and recommended it—a very significant fact.

Compound Oxygen—Its Mode of Action and Results, is the title of a book of 200 pages, published by Drs. Starkey & Palen, which gives to all inquirers full information as to this remarkable curative agent and a full record of surprising cures in a wide range of chronic cases—many of them after being abandoned to die by other physicians. Will be mailed free to any address on application.

Drs. STARKEY & PALEN, 1259 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 120 Sutter Street, San Francisco, Cal. Please mention this paper.

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For Keeping the Different Brands, amount of the same, price per ton, in money or cotton. Just the Book for all Fertilizer Sellers.

FOR SALE BY S. G. DAVIS, FRANKLINTON, N. C. Price \$2.25 per book. Express prepaid if you state where you saw this advertisement.

CUT FLOWERS, BOUQUETS, DESIGNS, ETC.

Fine Cut Flowers in Great Variety. Bouquets, Baskets and Designs tastefully arranged. Pampas Plumes, Magnolias and other choice evergreens. Sugar and Silver Maple, Horse Chestnut and other shade trees. Early cabbage and tomato plants at the right season.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed. H. STEINMIZ, Florist, Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

It is hereby qualified as executor of the estate of the late of Franklin County, N. C., to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to present them to the undersigned on or before the 26th day of September, 1892. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment to the undersigned.

P. J. DEMERY, Jr., Executor. September 26th, 1892. F. S. SPRELL, Attorney.

Scientific American Agency for PATENTS

For information and free Handbook write to Scientific American, 300 Broadway, New York. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in this paper. Resolved, That we favor a graduated tax on incomes.

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Scientific illustrations. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year. 12 issues. Address: Scientific American, 300 Broadway, New York.

ANOTHER CONVERT.

"COME OUT FROM AMONG THEM MY PEOPLE."

A Voter who Had been Deceived Tells Why he leaves the Third Party—Weighty Reasons.

A man who has been a strong Third party advocate sees his error and writes the following letter to the Washington Gazette:

Mr. Editor:—After cool and mature deliberation, I find that I have been misled by the false representations of the Third party leaders, so I announce to my fellow citizens and Third party friends that I have withdrawn from and severed my connection with that party. I will state as briefly as possible the reasons that force this change of views.

I realized the distressed, impoverished and oppressed condition of our people and knew that it was due to unjust sectional and pernicious class legislation, and in my dilemma grasped the idea of a People's party that we were told would sweep the country as the entire West was aroused. I now see I am wrong and was duped.

Upon investigation I find that all the evils under which we struggle are directly due to the Republican party as that party alone is responsible for the denationalization of silver, the contraction of the currency, the national banking system, fraudulent pensions, and the high protection and prohibitive tariff that robs the farmers, laborers and wage-earners of this country.

I find that the Republican party repealed the tax on incomes, Railroad Companies, National Banks, articles of luxury, etc., amounting to over a hundred and five million dollars annually, (\$105,000,000), relieving the rich of their share of taxation and burdening the poor by putting a tariff tax on the basis of consumption that the plain people need and must use.

I find that by a high tariff they make trusts possible and encourage their formation; in return receiving adequate campaign funds for their needs and purposes.

I find North Carolina pays out to the Federal government including tariff, revenues and for protecting Northern manufactures over (\$14,000,000) fourteen million dollars annually, i. e. over (\$8) eight dollars per capita when North Carolina has only in circulation about (\$6) six dollars per capita. Paying out more than we have, I do not wonder we grow poorer while Rhode Island, for instance, a rich manufacturing State, by sectional and class legislation pays scarcely anything (on the basis of consumption) to our Federal government and has a per capita circulation of (\$361.00) three hundred and sixty-one dollars and grows richer.

In 1860 when the Democrats had entire control of the government I find according to Senator Berry, that the expenses of the government were (\$2) two dollars per capita, in '92 under Harrison the gross expenses will be (\$12) twelve dollars per capita.

In 1860 when the Democrats were in power 99 per cent. of the money of the country was in circulation, now only 70 per cent. is in circulation and that is held almost entirely by the Northern protected manufacturing States.

I find from 1850 to 1860 the value of farms in the United States under a 20 per cent. tariff and Democratic rule increased 102 per cent. or more than doubled and the farmers owned one-half the wealth of the country. From 1860 to 1890 under a Republican tariff of 47 to 60 per cent. the value of farms decreased and the farmer owned one-sixth of the wealth of the country, and that in 1892 14,000 people owned more of the country's wealth than 61,000,000 others did and this to be directly traceable to class legislation. I find many more Republican oppressions but

space forbids.

As to our State government I find that we pay about \$3,000,000.00 for Federal pensions and only about \$80,000.00 to our own disabled Confederate soldiers and the widows of those who died for us. I find that under an honest Democratic administration the "carpet-bag" State debt has been reduced from about \$32.00 per capita to something over \$4.00 per capita while it has steadily lowered taxes.

I will not vote for the Third party because I regard its principles as unsound. President Polk whom the Alliance has apotheosized I do not believe would have endorsed the Omaha platform as it now is. The course of the Third party leaders in this State has not merited my admiration or commanded my respect and I repudiate their duplicity and leave them in disgust and contempt. I believe the Third party to be the ally of the Republican. The prominent part taken by negroes and old line Republicans in the Third party State convention and its action forces me to believe it was denominated by a Republican spirit.

Even were this not so, independent action can only secure Republican victory and Harrison electors with all the miseries and vices of negroism in its train.

I will not be a party to assist our leaders in their lust for gain and schemes of self aggrandisement by imposing upon the ignorance and credulity of our people. I would not vote for Weaver because he voted "No," in the 4th Congress to repeal military law in the South when I was disfranchised.

He voted and has steadily endeavored to burden us with \$300,000,000.00 extra pay for those who laid waste our fields, burned our homes and ravished our women. He took money from feeble old white men, robbed the helpless women and fatherless children while military governor of Pulaski, Tennessee. He has been the most malignant South later and persistent enemy of our people and in his rabid utterances against us in comparison would make infamous old Thaddeus Stephens appear our friend.

His record also shows he endorsed National Banks. I will vote the Democratic ticket because the platform and candidates of that party more truly represent reform and Alliance principles than the hoodlum gang and visionary projects of the Third party.

I will vote for Elias Carr because (I think) he is the first bona fide farmer candidate for Governor in the history of our State and is a true exponent of reform principles bearing aloft the people's banner in the Democratic party. * * *

I will vote the National Democratic ticket because the period of that party's rule is the history of our greatest prosperity, and because it has ever been the friend of the masses. The last Democratic Congress endeavored to give us free wool, free bagging, free cotton ties, free binding twine and to limit the free importations of the rich, thereby saving the consumers of this country about \$175,000,000 annually, but the Republican Senate said "No."

I will vote for Grover Cleveland because he saved \$33,000,000.00 surplus under a 47 per cent. tariff, while Harrison will have \$130,000,000.00 deficit under a 60 per cent. tariff; because he has proven himself to be a friend of the South; because he gave us a clean, economical administration; because he is the champion of the masses; because he would not allow a Republican House and Senate to crush and subjugate our people, or to Africanize the South, and because he is as honest as he is brave.

A united and patient Democracy is the only hope for the South. I see this plainly and have the courage to acknowledge that I have been wrong.

W. H. MARSHLENDER, Grimesland, N. C.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

MARION BUTLER.

When Professing Loyalty to Democracy—Extracts from Editorials in His Paper—The Caucasian.

July 14, 1892: Let our friends of the people's party banish every idea of nominating a State ticket but rally to the support of Elias Carr, and elect him by 40,000 majority.

July 14, 1892: If Stevenson had been put at the head of the Democratic ticket we believe he would have carried North Carolina.

July 14, 1892: This, above all others, is not a time for proscription and rash action, but tolerance and cool-headed wisdom is absolutely necessary. We believe Chairman Simmons has these qualities. We believe his selection was a wise one; we believe he has the backbone and the wisdom to take the position at this crisis that will save North Carolina.

June 11, 1891: The misrepresentation of the gold men in relation to the free coinage of silver continue without abatement. We want our friends to understand the exact point of contention. The friends of silver demand that the white metal shall be made a full legal tender for all debts, public and private, and shall be put upon exactly the same footing as to coinage with gold. This is the point of our contention and nothing else. If any one asks what is meant by free coinage of silver, tell him that it means doing for silver by law exactly what the government now does for gold, and let him sweat over the conclusion—Progressive Farmer. (This was republished in the Caucasian.)

June 11, 1891: We see it stated that his Mighty Smallness King Pigmy Harrison is expected to visit our exposition in October. Some of our exchanges are exulting over the prospect. If the entire people entertained the same regard for him as ye scribe does, he would not feel encouraged to be a candidate for the Presidency again. The affection between Ben and ourself is something like Daniel in the lion's den. The lion didn't care a d—n for Daniel, and Daniel didn't care a d—n for the lion.

July 14, 1892: The editor (Marion Butler) of this paper is opposed to paying Union soldiers the difference between greenbacks and gold. The Alliance in this State is opposed to it. The last State convention should have adopted a plank to that effect.

March 10, 1892: The executive committee of the Democratic party met in Raleigh last week and decided to hold the next State convention in that city May 18. There will be only one convention. This will nominate the candidates for the State offices and elect delegates to the National convention. The convention will meet early in order to give farmers a better chance to attend, as they will be less busy than in June.

Dec. 17, 1891: Those who know anything about the Alliance know that it is not and can never be a political party, for the day it should attempt to be, it would die. This its enemies know, hence they are very anxious for it to give up its great work and object and descend to the level of a political machine. In this event the machine might live as other party machines do, but the Alliance would be defeated, its true work stop and its mission fail.

July 12, 1892: In the last issue of the "Caucasian" we said that the man nominated and the views held by him meant more than the wording of the platform he stood on; and that therefore the nomination of Hon. Elias Carr for Governor meant more for the cause of reform than the strong-

et platform could if the nominee

was opposed to "equal rights to all and special privileges to none." We frequently asked in what way the platform was interpreted and enlarged by the nomination of Mr Carr.

July 21, 1892: In another column will be found a call from Chairman M. M. Killett, for a convention of the People's party for Sampson to nominate a county ticket, etc. We regret to see this, for in our opinion it is a mistake. As we said last week, it will divide our people and we fear put the legislature in the hands of the enemies of the people. We trust that the delegates to the State convention will be instructed not to put out a State ticket. There is nothing to be gained by defeating the present ticket. Thousands of reformers took part in nominating that ticket headed by Elias Carr, thousands are satisfied with it and thousands will vote for it. Then to put out another ticket would be suicidal. The editor of this paper has nothing personal at stake. He is simply interested, as every other citizen should be, in what he considers to be for the best interest of his State. The "Caucasian" is for the present State ticket and will advocate it and vote for it under any and all circumstances.

July 21, 1892: All this is not the fault of Democracy. There is nothing wrong in Democratic principles. The trouble is with the scoundrels and hypocrites who have betrayed the people, perverted and misrepresented Democracy. Our representatives from this State are not among the number. They have stood by the people. And on the silver question, every Congressman from this State (including the negro, the only one in Congress) voted for the bill. The Congressmen from many other States having the same interests have not stood by her.

June 16, 1892: The platform of the Republican party is clear and exact in only two points. It represents the leading issues—hatred for the South, high taxes for the poor. It speaks forcibly for taxation for the farmers, mechanics and laborers, exemption for the rich. High taxes on the necessities of 80 per cent. of the people, low, or no taxes on the remainder.

On the financial question—the equal of any of the leading issues—it is either silent or so confused you get no idea of what it wishes to say. Its plank on silver is a grand farce and a deception. It was written for but one purpose—to deceive the people. Wall street dictated that plank. It is simply a straddle, but leans rather far towards a gold standard. In fact it is in favor of gold, but wishes to catch the silver vote.

LIFE, STRENGTH AND HEALTH. APALACHICOLA, FLA., Feb. 17, 1890. Messrs. Lippman Bros., Savannah, Ga.: Dear Sirs—I will write to inform you that I was afflicted with blood disease. I tried one bottle of * * * and it gave me no relief. I was in bed seven months. I tried prominent physicians, and they could not do me any good. I saw your advertisement of P. P. P. in the Apalachicola Times, and thought I would try it. The bottle I got tonight makes seven or eight, and, oh, how good I feel. I have been up ever since and at my business, lumber inspector. You may publish this if you desire. I have informed my friends that P. P. P. is life, health and strength. M. F. BOLACK. Sold by druggists and general stores. Lippman Bros., Proprietors and Druggists, Savannah, Ga.

DEBANT, MISS., Dec. 12, 1890. OFFICE OF J. S. ROSSIGNOL. Messrs. Lippman Bros., Savannah, Ga.: While in San Antonio, Texas, last spring, I saw your advertisement of P. P. P. in the paper for the cure of rheumatism, and thought I would try a bottle, finding such great relief from it, on my return home I had my druggist, Mr. John McCallan, to order me a supply. After taking I think ten bottles, I have not had a pain or ache since, previous to that I suffered for twenty-five years, and could not get the least benefit until I tried P. P. P., and therefore, take pleasure in recommending it to all.

Yours truly, J. S. ROSSIGNOL.

By virtue of the authority given us in an order of the Superior Court of Franklin County, made at the October term 1892, upon a petition for resale filed by the undersigned, in the special proceedings entitled Joe Pearson, Assignee, vs. W. W. Green vs. W. H. Hensley, et. aln. heirs-at-law, we will sell on Wednesday, the 26th day of October 1892 at 12 o'clock, M., in being Wednesday of October term of Court, at public auction to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Louisburg, N. C., the following valuable parcels of land, to-wit:

1st. A tract of land in Franklinton township, known as the Isaac Lewler place, being lot No. 5 in the plat of the W. W. Green lands, according to survey made by W. N. Fuller on February 23, 1888, and containing 93 acres.

2nd. A tract of land in Franklinton township known as the Catlett & Brown place, being lot No. 9 in the said survey and plat, containing 156 acres.

3rd. A tract of land in Franklinton township known as the Laban and Allen Catlett tract, being lot No. 10 in the said survey and plat, containing 215 acres.

4th. A tract of land in Franklinton township, known as the Hickey Perry tract, being lot No. 11 in the said survey and plat, containing 177 acres.

OB. What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shick's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves cough—and whooping cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it.

NOTICE.

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Plats of said lands can be seen at any time at the office of C. M. Cooke or F. S. Sprell, Esqs.

Terms of sale: One-fourth cash, balance on a credit of 12 months with interest on deferred payments at 5 per cent. per annum from day of sale. Title retained till all purchase money is paid. This 26th day of September 1892. C. M. COOKE, J. B. BRANCH, Commissioners.

NOTICE.

By virtue of the power given me in an order of the Superior Court of Franklin County, made at the April term 1892 of Franklin Superior Court in the civil action entitled Joe Pearson, Assignee, vs. W. W. Green and others, I will, on Monday, the 24th day of October 1892, at 12 o'clock, M., in being the first day of Court, sell at the Court House door in Louisburg, N. C., to the highest bidder at public auction, the four following tracts or parcels of land lying and being in Franklinton township, county of Franklin and State of North Carolina, and described as follows, to-wit:

1st. A lot of land adjoining the lands of Charles Perry and the land allotted to Jack Winston for a part of his homestead, known as lot No. 1 in the survey made by W. N. Fuller, containing 37 1/2 acres.

2nd. A lot of land adjoining the lands of Charles Perry, T. H. Whitaker and lot No. 2, known as lot No. 2 in said survey, containing 116 1/2 acres.

3rd. A lot of land lying on the Simms bridge road, adjoining William Cannady, T. H. Whitaker, the lot No. 2, and Jack Winston's homestead, known as lot No. 3 in said survey, and containing 180 1/2 acres.

4th. A lot of land adjoining Charles Perry, lying on Tar river and the Haynesville and Simms bridge road, known as lot No. 4 in said survey and containing 180 1/2 acres.

All these described lots of land are parts of the tract of land devised to Jack Winston by his grandfather, Jack Winston, and known as the Ward tract. Plats of survey will be shown at the office of the undersigned by parties desiring to see the same.

Terms of sale: 1/4 cash, balance in 12 months. Deferred payment to be evidenced by note bearing 8 per cent interest from day of sale. Title retained till purchase money is paid. This 19th day of September, 1892. F. S. SPRELL, Com'r.

LOOK AT THIS.

We are here to stay, and ready for business. If your CARRIAGE, BUGGY, OR WAGON Needs repair, you can get it neatly and promptly executed. If you wish a neat and STYLISH VEHICLE Of any kind, we can furnish you at short notice. We will also carry a full line of Coffins and Caskets. All funeral orders will have our personal attention and will be promptly attended to, day or night. CALL AND SEE US. AT THE MINETREE STAND. Respectfully, J. W. WILLIAMS & CO.