

THE FRANKLIN TIMES.

JAS. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor.

THE COUNTY, THE STATE, THE UNION.

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LOUISBURG, N. C., FRIDAY, MARCH 2, 1900.

NUMBER 3.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

METHODIST.
Sunday School at 9:30 A. M.
Thos. B. WILDER, Supt.
Preaching at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M.
every Sunday.
Prayer meeting Wednesday night.
M. T. FRYER, Pastor.

BAPTIST.
Sunday School at 9:30 A. M.
Thos. B. WILDER, Supt.
Preaching at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M.
every Sunday.
Prayer meeting Thursday night.
FORRESTER SMITH, Pastor.

Professional cards

D. J. J. MANN,
PRACTICING PHYSICIAN,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Office over Thomas' Drug Store.

D. R. S. P. HURT,
PRACTICING PHYSICIAN,
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Office in the Ford Building, corner Main
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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
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Will practice in all the Courts of the State
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C. M. O'ROURKE & SON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Will attend the courts of Nash, Franklin,
Granville, Warren and Wake counties, also the
Supreme Court of North Carolina, and the U. S.
Circuit and District Courts.

DR. E. S. FOSTER, **DR. J. R. MALONE**
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PRACTICING PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,
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Office over Aycock Drug Company.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Will practice in all the Courts of Franklin
and adjoining counties, also in the Supreme
Court and in the United States District and
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Office in Cooper and Clifton Buildings.

THOS. B. WILDER,
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LOUISBURG, N. C.
Office on Main street, over Jones & Cooper's
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F. S. SPRUILL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Will attend the courts of Franklin, Vance,
Granville, Warren and Wake counties, also the
Supreme Court of North Carolina.
Prompt attention given to collections.
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T. W. BICKETT,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Prompt and painstaking attention given to
every matter intrusted to his hands.
Refer to Chief Justice Shepherd, Hon. John
Manning, Hon. Robt. W. Winston, Hon. J. C.
Buxton, Pres. First National Bank of Win-
ston, Glenn & Manly, Winston Peoples Bank
of Monroe, Chas. E. Taylor, Pres. Wake Forest
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W. M. PEARSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Practices in all courts. Office in Nash
Building.

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Office in Opera House building, Court street.
All legal business intrusted to him
will receive prompt and careful attention.

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DENTIST,
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OFFICE OVER AYCOCK DRUG COMPANY.

HOTELS.

FRANKLINTON HOTEL,
FRANKLINTON, N. C.
SAM'L MERRILL, Prop'r.
Good accommodation for the traveling
public.
Good Livery Attached.

MASSENBURG HOTEL,
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ENDERSON, N. C.
Good accommodations. Good fare. Po-
lite and attentive service.

NORWOOD HOUSE,
Warrenton, North Carolina
W. J. NORWOOD, Proprietor.
Patronage of Commercial Travelers and
Traveling Public Solicited.
Good Sample Room.
HOTEL TO PROPRIETOR

Amendment Discussed From An Educational Standpoint.

ABLE AND INTERESTING ARTICLE BY A SCHOOL TEACHER

WHY EDUCATORS AND ALL INTERESTED IN EDUCATION OF THE MASSES SHOULD SUPPORT IT.

One of the best things in the proposed amendment to our Constitution is the educational qualification. It is so arranged as to prevent temporary injustice to anybody, and to accomplish lasting good for all. By promoting and stimulating education, it will prove a blessing to the rising generation. Meanwhile it takes away the ballot from no body that is worthy to vote.

The educational qualification is contained in sections 4 and 5 of the proposed amendment.

"Section 4. Every person presenting himself for registration shall be able to read and write any section of the Constitution in the English language."

This section makes reading and writing a permanent qualification for voting in North Carolina. If it stood alone without modification or exceptions, it would disfranchise all voters who cannot read and write. But very many voters in our State, although illiterate, are qualified by character, experience, political education and general intelligence for the use of the ballot. They grew up without opportunities for education. It is not their fault that they cannot read and write. They have already demonstrated their fitness for suffrage by intelligently and courageously exercising the right of the suffrage. They are justly entitled to vote, and their children who have grown up under similar conditions are also entitled to vote. Therefore all persons belonging to this class are exempt from the operation of the educational qualification prescribed in section 4. These exempted persons are carefully enumerated and generously provided for in section 5, as follows:

"Section 5. No male person who was on January 1st, 1867, or any time prior thereto, entitled to vote under the laws of any State in the United States wherein he then resided, and no lineal descendant of any such person, shall be denied the right to register and vote at any election in this State by reason of his failure to possess the educational qualification prescribed in section 4 of this article: Provided, He shall have registered in accordance with the terms of this section prior to December 1, 1908."

There are two parts to the educational qualification: First, the qualification itself; second, its exemptions. Let us look first at the exemptions and see whether all classes are exempted that should be.

1. Uneducated white (natives). All uneducated white, natives of North Carolina, who are now twenty-one years old or exempt.

2. All uneducated whites, natives of other States in the Union, now twenty-one years old, who could have voted under the law of those States prior to January 1, 1867, are exempt.

3. All uneducated white boys, natives of North Carolina or of other States and over twelve years of age, whose fathers were entitled to vote, are exempt.

Thus all uneducated whites who are now voters and all uneducated whites who would become voters in the next five years are exempt from the educational qualification. This exemption is both just and generous. It includes all those who have demonstrated their fitness for the ballot and have grown up under conditions unfavorable to their education. It includes also the children of such men, who may have grown up, or are now growing up, under similar conditions, and who for some reason may be unable hereafter to learn to read and write. The only class of uneducated white natives who will be disfranchised are boys now under twelve years old who shall not learn to read and write before December 1, 1908.

2. Uneducated whites (foreigners). Uneducated white foreigners and their children are exempted from this qualification, precisely as uneducated white natives, if they have had the same experience of our political institutions as uneducated white natives. Otherwise they are not allowed to vote, unless they can read and write. An uneducated white foreigner who was a voter in any State prior to January 1, 1867, or whose father or grandfather was a voter January 1, 1867, or prior thereto, and who thus has grown up as it were into citizenship, is entitled to vote, although unable to read and

the world's progress in their lines.

The whole mass of the people will be lifted up and strengthened for the ceaseless struggle of life. Popular government will daily become stronger instead of weaker. Popular demands for reforms will be based upon intelligent comprehension of evils to be reformed, and will be made with a power that will defy resistance.

5. Even the negro recognizes the advisability of an educational qualification. He knows that it is best for even the negro boys to learn to read and write. There are some who maintain that the negro will outstrip the white boy in the race for education and will outnumber him at the polls; that an educational qualification will ultimately disfranchise more whites than negroes. This fear is not confirmed by statistics. The percentage of negro children enrolled in school to school population is not so large as the percentage of white children, nor is the percentage of negro attendance at schools as large as the percentage of white attendance. It is an insult to white children and to the white race to say that the white boy will not learn to read and write as eagerly and as quickly as the negro boy. If education shall fit the negro to vote, it will be cause for rejoicing, but if education shall not fit him to vote, the white race will again protect itself against negro suffrage. The North Carolina white boy needs education, not to compete with the negro boy, but to compete with the educated boy in Massachusetts and Connecticut. These two great States are making more money from cotton (although they do not raise an ounce of cotton) than North Carolina. Massachusetts has the largest average of wealth per capita of all the States in the Union. It has accumulated this wealth by educated labor.

The educational qualification imposed upon the boys becoming of age after 1908 in the proposed amendment requires only a minimum of education, to-wit: reading and writing. It thus deprives no one of an opportunity to become a voter. But while the requirement is small, its moral effect will be tremendous. It creates an educational ideal, and starts a popular movement that must and will produce most wholesome results. It will arouse popular interest in education and will strengthen and develop our whole educational system. It will not only guard and protect the ballot, but will accomplish more for the moral, social and material elevation of our people than any other agency that can be devised. Every teacher, every preacher, every intelligent man who desires the prosperity of the State, who knows the popular happiness and prosperity no less than popular government, depend upon the intelligence, who believes that education is not a machine but a strong vital force, must support this amendment. Every man who believes the negro to be capable of any improvement, who recognizes the fact that negro suffrage has been a failure and a detriment to both races, who desires the negro to have a fair chance to fit himself for the ballot, and wishes peace and friendship between the races instead of enmity and war, must support the amendment.

SCHOOL TEACHER.

We publish an advertisement of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure in our columns this issue, and wish to say to our readers that we believe this preparation is worthy of a trial by any person suffering from that agonizing disease. We honestly believe it will do for you all the manufacturers claim for it.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is prepared by the well known and reliable firm of E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, and from our long experience in a business sense, with that firm as advertisers, we feel safe in saying, that they would not place on the market a preparation for the cure of dyspepsia unless they had a remedy of the highest merit, and conscientiously believed it would cure that almost universal complaint.

Our further add that if this preparation is equal to the other well known remedies made by them, viz: DeWitt's Little Early Risers, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, and One Minute Cure, it will speedily win into public favor.

We cheerfully and heartily give our public endorsement to this concern, and the reliability of the goods they manufacture, which latter has been largely the means of their success; and in writing this voluntary endorsement on our part, we feel that we are simply performing a duty that we owe our readers.

Anger begins in folly and ends in repentance.

The One Day Cold Cure.

Cold in head and sore throat cured by Kodol's One Day Cold Cure. As easy to use as candy. Children cry for it.

OUR RALPHIGH LETTER.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 24th, 1900.

SPECIAL TO THE TIMES.

State Chairman Simmons is sending out great numbers of copies of extracts from Senator Money's great speech on the Constitutional Amendment, which is a reply to Senator Pritchard. Mr. Simmons has had the printing done here.

Senator Money says the Amendment is not unconstitutional; that if the 5th section fails, the 4th will fall with it; that the white people are justified in preserving their civilization.

He declares negro suffrage a failure and cites the experiment of negro suffrage in Haiti, Jamaica and in Natal. Congressman Bellamy's sworn statement about conditions in Wilmington in 1897 and 1898 is also cited.

Pritchard's resolution is an attempt to intimidate. Why is the law not tested on a case from Louisiana? Money explains the small vote in certain Southern States, saying that in 1890 Massachusetts, with 665,000 voters, only polled 285,000 voters. Connecticut, with 244,000 voters, only polled 125,000 voters. Ten thousand North Carolina negroes moved to Mississippi the year after the passage of the Mississippi franchise Amendment.

Chairman Simmons is also sending to the various county Chairmen the constitution and by-laws for the white supremacy clubs. He says he expects by the middle of June to see at least 2,000 of these clubs in existence.

In the preface Mr. Simmons says: "Our state is the only community in the world with a majority of white voters where it is seriously proposed to take the control of the public affairs of the State out of the hands of the white people and commit them to a political combination composed chiefly of negroes and dominated almost entirely by negro influence."

By the united effort of the good white people of the State, irrespective of party, in 1898, the State was rescued from negro rule, and the Amendment to the Constitution to be voted upon by the people in August is submitted for the purpose of forever removing the danger of recurrence of negro ascendancy in the State.

The necessity for the continued cooperation of the white people of the State for self protection is shown by the fact that the party which so recently negroized the State, and which for this and its other short-comings was buried from power in 1898, is again seriously asking the people to restore to it the control of the State, and actually indulges the hope that, with the aid of 120,000 negro votes solidly cast for it, it may succeed in regaining control of the government.

As was predicted last week, Senator Butler has carried out his plan to have the Populist National Committee nominate Bryan for President and a Populist for Vice-President. He does this to force, or rather to try to force, the Democratic hand. He will fail as badly as he did in this State in 1898, when the Democratic convention turned down his proposals for fusion.

Republicans are now giving free rein to talk about the fusion ticket in this State, and are saying Butler will be the nominee for Governor and Spencer B. Adams for Lieutenant-Governor. Attorney General Waiser in speaking about this matter said: "You see Butler would at once be made Senator and then Adams become Governor." The Republicans say they are taking no chances with Butler; that they would not go into any deal or combination with him unless they knew he was induced by powerful self-interest to do what they want done; that he knows this year his supreme struggle must be made; that he must co-operate with them fully. They say he deceived Pritchard in 1895 and that they will never give him another chance. In fact, in 1894 he made a sort of contract prepared by other persons, Republicans and Populists, to stand by Pritchard, telling the latter that while in 1895 Butler would get the long term and Pritchard the short, the latter would be given the full Populist support and re-elected for six years, thus giving him an eight year term. Butler is now making the Republicans believe he controls two-thirds of the Populists absolutely. This shows that the Republican stock of credulity is very far from being exhausted.

Charles B. Aycock, who made his opening speech of the campaign at Charlotte, was here this week and said in response to an inquiry as to the political status: "We will easily carry the State. I find more enthusiasm than I have ever known at this early date. This shows how the white people of the State are being aroused."

Who said that childhood's days were not the happiest? Then we could eat pie without fear and remorse.

Start Your Children Right.

Is it any wonder that our children start out with wrong ideals of life, with wrong ideals of what constitutes success? The child is urged "to get on," to "rise in the world," to "make money." Yet one of the great lessons to teach, in this century of sharp competition and the survival of the fittest, is how to be rich without money, and to learn how to do without what is popularly and falsely called success.

"I believe," says Julia Ward Howe, "that many of our youths are learning that a worthy life is the best success, whether it is attended by wealth or poverty, or by that most preferable condition of all, a modest competency. Pure, upright living and steady devotion to principle are the surest foundations of any success worth having."

"No success in life," says Francis E. Willard, "is anything but an absolute failure, unless its purpose is to increase the sum of human happiness."

All honor to the comparative few in every walk of life who, amid the strong materialistic tendencies of our age, still speak and act earnestly, inspired by the hope of rewards other than gold or popular favor! These are our truly great men and women. They labor in their ordinary vocations with no less zeal because they give time and thought to higher things.

"A man may as soon fill a chest with grass, or a vessel with virtue," says Phillips Brooks, "as a heart with wealth."

A rich mind and noble spirit will cast over the humblest home a radiance of beauty which the holder of a title and a fortune can never approach. Who would not prefer to be a millionaire of character, of contentment, rather than possess nothing but the vulgar coins of a Ceresus? Whoever uplifts civilization is rich, though he die penniless; and future generations will erect his monument.

Some men are rich in health, in constant cheerfulness, in a mercurial temperament which floats them over troubles and trials enough to sink a shipload of ordinary men. Others are rich in disposition, family and friends. There are some men so amiable that everybody loves them; seem so cheerful that they carry an atmosphere of jollity about them. Some are rich in integrity and character.

What are the toil-sweated procreations of wealth piled up in vast profusion around a Girard or a Rothschild, when weighed against the stores of wisdom, the treasures of knowledge, and the strength, beauty, and glory with which victorious virtue has enriched and adorned a great multitude of minds during the march of a hundred generations?

Philips Brooks, Whittier, Thoreau, Audubon, Emerson, Beecher, Agassiz, were rich without money. They saw the splendor in the flower, the glory in the glass, books in the running brooks, sermons in stones, and good in everything. They knew that the man who owns the landscape is seldom the one who pays the taxes on it. They seek in power and wealth at first hand from the meadows and fields, birds, brooks, mountains and forests, as the bee sucks honey from the flowers. Every natural object seems to bring them a special message.—Dr. Oliver S. Marden.

"The milk of human kindness doesn't mix well with the cream of society."

The height of feminine fashion is often illustrated by some pretty low gowns.

"Dead men tell no tales."

"They don't have to. They leave widows who can do the talking."

It's the very woman who runs up bills that can generally be depended upon to run down her neighbors. It wouldn't be nearly such a strain on us to live up to our reputation if we knew what it really was.

Nell—"Do you think marriage is a failure?" Bell—"Not necessarily; but I think husbands often are."

The pains and trials and sufferings of life sweeten and beautify death, and make it precious and welcome, even as the heat and the dust and the burdens and the labors of the day make us long for the coming night, which brings us rest and sweetest slumber.

The One Day Cold Cure.
Kodol's One Day Cold Cure for cold in head and sore throat. As easy to use as candy. Children cry for it.

Poor Old Kentucky; Some of her Woes.

The Martin Texas Democrat don't like Kentucky, now. He then depicts the troubles that beset the denizens of the Blue Grass State.

"Man born in the mountains of Kentucky is of fend days and full of virus. He fasheth, fiddlieth, cometh and fighteth all the days of his miserable life.

"He shoneeth water as a mad dog and drinketh much mean whiskey.

"When he desireth to raise a— he planteth a neighbor, and lo! he reapeth twenty fold. He rieth even from the cradle to seek the scalp of his grandire's enemy, and bringeth home in his carcass the ammunition of his neighbor's wife's cousin's uncle's father-in-law, who avengeth the deed.

"Yea, verily, his life is uncertain, and he knows not the hour when he may be jerked hence.

"He goeth forth on a journey half shot, and cometh back on a shutter shot.

"He rieth in the night to let the cat out and it taketh nine doctors three days to pick the buckshot out of him.

"He goeth forth in joy and gladness, and cometh back in scraps and fragments.

"A cyclone bloweth him into the bosom of his neighbor's wife and his neighbor's wife's husband bloweth him into Abraham's bosom before he hath time to explain.

"He emplieth a demijohn into himself and a shot gun into his enemy and his enemy's son lieth in wait for him on election day, and lo! the coroner ploweth up a forty-acre field to bury the remains of that man.

"Woe, woe is Kentucky for her eyes are red with bad whiskey, and her soil is stained with the blood of innocent moonshiners."

Bouncers in New York Hotels.

Many people have not understood why all the great hotels in New York city employ special detectives who are constantly in the main corridors. Some have had an idea that these detectives are employed as "bouncers." No such thing. According to one of the most intelligent of these detectives the other night, the work of a detective in a hotel is arduous. "You have no idea," he said, "how many spies and sneaks and 'rubbernecks' invest the corridors of the New York hotels. These spies are employed to watch public men and if possible to listen to their utterances when talking to their friends in the corridors. These spies and sneaks are also employed to report on all sorts of matters. It is a remarkable fact that so many men acquainted with public affairs are so guileless as not to be aware of the presence of these 'rubbernecks.' The detectives in the hotels quickly spot these fellows, but so long as they conduct themselves decently there is no ground for ejecting them. Nevertheless, it is my opinion that well-known men who desire to discuss the secret things of politics and of finance and of religion, and who also desire to have business matters kept private, should be very careful to ascertain who is sitting beside them in the corridors of our hotels, or they should discuss elsewhere."—New York Sun.

By virtue and in pursuance of the power conferred upon me by a decree of the Superior Court of Franklin county, made at the January Term, 1900, in the proceeding entitled Wiley J. Mitchell, adm'r, c. L. A. vs. J. D. Dent, and another against Marvel Denton to the highest bidder at the Railroad Depot in the Town of Youngsville, N. C. on Saturday, March 2d, 1900, at 12 o'clock, M. the following described tract or parcel of land, lying and being situated in the county of Franklin, in the Township of Wintonon, on the west side of the Franklin road, adjoining the lands of E. H. Wintonon, on nearly all sides, containing 78 1/2 acres, and being the tract of land of which I, W. Dent died seized.

This sale is made to make assets to pay debts of the decedent, and the terms are 1/3 cash and remainder to be due November 15th, 1900. Deferred payments to carry interest from day of sale, and title retained till all purchase money is paid. This, January 24th, 1900.

F. S. SPRUILL, Commissioner.

NOTICE.

By virtue of a judgment of the Superior Court made in the case of Jno. R. Aford, Adm'r of James Saunders, deceased, vs. J. E. Medlin, et al. in a petition to sell real estate to pay debts of decedent's estate, I shall on Monday, the 5th day of March, 1900, at the Court House door in the Town of Louisburg, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash two tracts of land situated in Harris Township adjoining the lands belonging to the estate of Siddle Saunders, deceased, Cal. Strickland et al., one tract containing 10 1/2 acres and the other tract containing twenty-four acres.

Time of sale 12 o'clock M. Jan 25th, 1900.

J. E. AIGROD, Com'r.

W. M. PEARSON, Attorney.

NOTICE.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers is unequalled for piles, incontinence and skin disease. It is the original Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of all counterfeits. W. G. Thomas.

An hour of pain is as long as a day of pleasure.

W. R. Philpot, Albany, Ga., says, "DeWitt's Little Early Risers did me more good than any pills I ever took. The famous little pills for constipation, biliousness and liver and bowel troubles. W. G. Thomas.

The blast that blows loudest is always over blown.

Mrs. J. K. Miller, Newton Hamilton, Pa., writes, "I think DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the greatest salve made." It cures piles and boils everything. All fraudulent imitations are worthless. W. G. Thomas.

We really would like to see a few of the tears dropped by a crying child.

Geo. Charles, Memphis, Va., says, "Nothing did me so much good as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. One dose relieved me, a few bottles cured me." It digests what you eat and always cures dyspepsia. W. G. Thomas.

Everything requires rest. Even storms have their wreck-creation.

John Dier, Poseyville, Ind., says, "I never used anything as good as One Minute Cure. I have never without it. Quickly breaks up colds, cures all throat and lung troubles. It is the children's favorite remedy. Cures quickly. W. G. Thomas.

It is said that cranberries will cure dyspepsia. That's a sour opinion too.

I had dyspepsia for years. No medicine was of service as Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It gave immediate relief. Two bottles produced marvelous results." writes L. H. Warren, Albany, Pa. It digests what you eat and cannot fail to cure. W. G. Thomas.

When a man spends his last cent for whiskey he is said to be in a senseless condition.

In the spring the human body needs assistance to throw off the stagnation produced by winter diet. As the temperature rises under the growing heat of the sun's rays, we feel tired, half sick and low in spirits. Because the blood is sluggish and full of impurities. Dr. J. H. McLean's Spheringing Cordial and Blood Purifier is a reliable spring remedy to invigorate the blood and give tone to the digestion. Price \$3.00 and \$1.50 a bottle.

The boy who sprained his ankle had a lame excuse for not attending school.

I had bronchitis every winter for years and no medicine gave me permanent relief till I began to take One Minute Cough Cure. I know it is the best cough medicine made." says J. Knotts, Corry, Pa. It quickly cures coughs, colds, croup, asthma, grippe and throat and lung troubles. It is the children's favorite remedy. Cures quickly. W. G. Thomas.



"Sweet Bells Jangled Out of Tune and Harsh."

McElree's Wine of Cardui is a "Sweet Bells Jangled Out of Tune and Harsh." It is a "Sweet Bells Jangled Out of Tune and Harsh." It is a "Sweet Bells Jangled Out of Tune and Harsh."

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

It brings health to the womanly organism, and health there means well-poised nerves, calmness, strength, it restores womanly vigor and power. It tones up the nervous system, suffering and disease have shattered. It is the most perfect remedy ever devised to restore weak women to perfect health, and to make them attractive and happy. \$1.00 at all druggists.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, a "The Ladies' Advisory Department." The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

REV. J. W. SMITH, Camden, S. C., writes, "I have used McElree's Wine of Cardui for a number of years and it has done me more good than any other medicine I have ever used."

DeWitt's Little Early Risers is unequalled for piles, incontinence and skin disease. It is the original Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of all counterfeits. W. G. Thomas.

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