

LOUISBURG, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1902.

VOL. XXXII

CHURCH DIRECTORY
METHODIST.
Sunday School at 9:30 A. M.
Geo. S. Baker, Supt.

BAPTIST.
Sunday School at 9:30 A. M.
Thos. B. Wilder, Supt.

EPISCOPAL.
Sunday School at 9:30.
Services, morning and night, on 1st, 3rd and 4th Sundays.

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DENTIST.
Louisburg, N. C.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Louisburg, N. C.

DR. B. M. MARRASBERG.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
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DENTIST.
LOUISBURG, N. C.

HOTELS.
FRANKLINTON HOTEL.
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SAM'L MERRILL, Prop'r.

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Champ Clark's Letter

THOSE Republican organ grinders who are yelling "Down with the trusts" hoping thereby to deceive the upwary voter, but who at the same time are so much afraid of what Governor Steele of Indiana denominates "tariff tinkering" that they are opposed to Cuban reciprocity, would do well to seriously ponder this editorial paragraph from the Washington Post:

The Republican party will do nothing practical on the tariff question as long as it is afraid to revise the tariff. To understand thoroughly the force of that sentence it is only necessary to recall what the Post is an exceedingly brilliant paper. It is doubtless if any paper in America is more ably edited, it is independent. It is goldbugish and also a high protective shouter. It was a great admirer and a staunch supporter of President McKinley and all his works; but the Post, with the skill of great physicians, makes a correct diagnosis of the trust disease, recognizing its origin and suggesting the remedy—"tariff revision."

Everybody with two ideas above a mud turtle knows that Mr. Havemeyer, president of the sugar trust, told the truth when he said: "The high protective tariff is the mother of trusts." The Post wants the Republicans to revise the tariff, because it knows that unless the Republicans do it the Democrats will, of course, such blue-blooded Republican organs as the Globe-Democrat will kick like steers at the Post's suggestion, but the fact remains that the independent press of the country, which the Post represents, and the independent voters of the land, for which it speaks, hold the balance of power at the elections. While the foregoing paragraph from the Post is a mild hint to the powers that be, it serves to show which way the wind is blowing.

Another Straw. Hon. Chester I. Long mournfully and prophetically remarks, "If the Republican party confesses that reciprocity is too great a problem for it to solve, it will matter little who is the candidate in 1904." And Chester's head is level. Who is he? What is his evidence worth? He represents the big Seventh Kansas district, made famous by Jerry Simpson. He is a candidate for reelection to the house and for election to succeed Hon. William A. Harris in the senate of the United States. He is a Republican member of the committee on ways and means, and he is in favor of Cuban reciprocity and other bits of reciprocity, deeming it necessary to Republican success. What is reciprocity? Free trade in spots. "Charge, Chester, charge!"

For undiluted, concentrated gall comment us to Senator J. Ralph Burton of Kansas. Certainly if there were a world's fair for gold held anywhere beneath the vaulted skies Burton would walk away with the blue ribbon—in fact, with all the ribbons. He would have no competitor. In a speech before the Republican state convention of Missouri the senator said: "There is no capital so valuable in politics as integrity of purpose, and I would impress upon the people of Missouri that it is to the advantage of them all, Democrats and Republicans alike, that their state should be Republican. Missouri has the finest kind of climate, the greatest amount of raw material, the richest land and the greatest natural advantages of any state. It is a great producing state. Production is wealth. It is better and safer than trade."

"There is no capital so valuable in politics as integrity of purpose." Very true, senator, very true, but even with your gall you will hardly have the face to claim that you have a patent on that opinion or that you originated it. The value of that diction lies in the application. How do you apply it? By saying, "I would impress upon the people of Missouri that it is to the advantage of them all, Democrats and Republicans alike, that their state should be Republican." Indeed! That is a queer non sequitur. Missouri was Republican for eight years—i. e., by frauds unequalled in the history of the human race—and by wholesale and brutal disfranchisement the Republicans held the offices in Missouri for eight years, and the outlandish manner in which they abused their power and plundered the people during those eight years is the very reason the state will never go Republican again. The debt piled up on the state like Pelion upon Ossa by the Republicans during their brief orgy of crime is not quite paid off yet—after thirty-two years. During their misrule, no matter how people voted or by how large a majority Democratic candidates were elected, Republicans were counted in. Drake and his gang would not permit Frank P. Blair to vote, though he created the Republican party in Missouri, fought four years as a Union soldier, commanded a corps in Sherman's march to the sea and was pronounced by General Grant to be one of the best two volunteer officers in the army. They swindled General James Shields—the brave old Irish he was a major general in both the Mexican and civil wars—out of a seat in congress, giving it to some obscure Republican whose name I am happy to say I have forgotten. Shields was shot through the lungs with a grape-shot in Mexico and fought Stonewall Jackson at Appomattox in the valley of Virginia. Nevertheless he was robbed of a seat in congress by the most heart-

less set of political freebooters that ever cursed any free state in the Union. When the Democrats came into their own again, they promptly sent Shields, then an old man and broken in health, to the senate of the United States, thereby enabling him to boast that he was the only man in American history ever elected to the senate of the United States by three different states, the three being Illinois, Minnesota and Missouri.

"It would be for the advantage of them all, Democrats and Republicans alike, that their state should be Republican." Missouri is Democratic, Kansas Republican. During the decade from 1890 to 1900 Kansas barely held her own in population, while Missouri gained enough in population to entitle her to an additional congressman, who, thank heaven, will be a Democrat. While grand old Missouri under Democratic auspices is rapidly advancing to the first place in the race and radiant stardom of states comes Senator Burton and advises her to become Republican, which is the same thing as advising her to stand stock still while the procession sweeps by. Will she follow his evil advice? Well, hardly—no till people have lost their memory. At one point in his speech a strange thing happened. The Globe-Democrat says:

A cup of water was handed to the speaker; but, with the tragic air of a Kentuckian when offered water to drink, he spurned it, saying his machine was run by wind, not by water, and his state uses only wind and not water.

Yes, verily, Burton's machine is run by wind. He did right to say so. An open confession is good for the soul. It remained for Senator Burton to claim that the appropriation made by congress for the St. Louis world's fair was made for political effect by the Republican congress to induce Missouri to go Republican—at least that is what the Globe-Democrat reports him as saying. If he said anything of the sort, he stated what was absolutely false. If the Republicans in congress voted to give \$4,000,000 of the public money in order to induce Missouri to go Republican, they were badly hoodwinked by somebody and will be sorely disappointed when the election returns come in. Perhaps they will repeat the making of the appropriation for the world's fair! That is evidently what Burton would advise. Perhaps there has been at some time, somewhere, a "vile statement made by some notable script and irresponsible Republican politician, but Senator Burton of Kansas is certainly the first person holding so high a position to intimate that the congress of the United States would pass such an important law as the world's fair bill for the purpose of inducing a state to quit one political party and join another. What other Republicans in congress will think of Burton's bad break remains to be seen.

colossal fortune that has spread throughout all over the United States and fifty, that its owner almost despair that in spite of his utmost endeavors he will yet be disgraced by crime and villainy. The industrial combination ever known to mankind is a creature of the imagination. But when I looked out of the car window at a country of rolling hills and soil and saw her bleak and barren hills, her rocky mountains, and when the truth her rivers red from the wash of her clay and sand, I said to myself no wonder my father left this country rather than to be the fruitful and fertile soil of Illinois, and the thought came to me that of a new set, being a steer from the green pastures of beautiful Nebraska and turn him out to graze on the Rocky mountains, I would never dare to look a star in the face again. But that was only my private mental assertion.

I had judged the situation with a special eye. I was a man of the land and based on the level stretches of Illinois and based on the great plains at the foothills of the Rocky mountains, I had never seen a man of the hills of that great center of tobacco industry and commerce. I had seen the mountains of the West and then out across the hills and down those historic valleys and rushing rivers where great manufacturers have their strong one after another along her railroads like heads upon a string. I began to think that if I was that man of the hills, those seeming worthless and barren lands would be the richest in the world. I had seen those centers of industry the rest of the people of that great commonwealth of the West, and when I thought of the truth the Keystone State, second in population and wealth among all the states of the Union, and when I thought of the distinguished gentlemen who represent Pennsylvania upon this floor would tell me that the industrial center, the world of wealth, this great home market has been made possible because a kindly government has protected her from her manufacturing industries and know that her products find their chief outlet west, the thought comes to me that it is in the nature of things that the people of that country so will the irrigated valleys and plateaus be to the mountains and plain regions of great wealth and activity. They will be the centers of commercial activity and development, both in material and in the human mind, and which will ultimately make for the advancement of that great region and the whole nation.

I wish I had room for all of his speech, which is a good one "from a lizard," but I have only space for his peroration, which is as follows and contains a great amount of truth. Mr. Chairman, the question is greater than the Philippine question, greater than the Cuban question, greater than the Hawaiian question, because of its great benefits and the magnificent opportunities that shall flow from it. It means the life of the nation on earth, and all the happiness and the progress of the world. The interests of the American people, and nothing can take it from them. This legislation appeals to me especially because it is in the interest of our great agricultural population—a class of people who receive little enough consideration from the American congress. No matter how much we may talk of manufacturing and mining wealth, the growth of our cities and our industrial greatness, yet, in the reality, the farmer is the foundation of us all. Like a man of old, he bears the very business fabric of the nation upon his back, and though at times bowed down by weight of his burden, he is the pillar of the nation, and he is the one who holds the broad shoulders underneath our commercial structure one more and give him the world's fair bill for the purpose of inducing a state to quit one political party and join another. What other Republicans in congress will think of Burton's bad break remains to be seen.

A Rising Kentuckian. The Hon. James M. Keboe of the Ninth Kentucky district has been unanimously renominated, an honor worthily bestowed. Keboe is one of the brightest young men in the house, an indefatigable worker, a most excellent public speaker and a Democrat without guile. Keboe redeemed the district in 1900, which for several years had been misrepresented by a Republican. In fact, the Republicans have elected more representatives from that district since the war than the Democrats.

Keboe carried it by the skin of his teeth in 1900. He ought to be re-elected by a large majority, for a more faithful representative never sat in the house in Washington. He looks after the interests of his constituents, Democrats and Republicans too. He attends faithfully to his duties in the house itself and looks after the wants of his constituents in the departments.

A Brilliant Young Nebraska. One of the most promising young men in the house of representatives is the Hon. A. C. Shallenberger. In addition to being a very able man, he is a very handsome man, in the flower of his years. His style of delivery and the modulation of his voice remind one somewhat of the Hon. William J. Bryan. Shallenberger has a great career before him if he stays in congress long enough. There never was a more systematic or successful fight made in the congress of the United States than that made by the advocates of the great irrigation scheme, and no one among the advocates of that great enterprise conducted himself to better advantage than did Shallenberger. He had evidently studied the subject from every conceivable standpoint and took the house by storm. In discussing the proposition that irrigating the west would be detrimental to the eastern farmers, he delivered himself of the following passage, which is well worth reading for many reasons:

Let me illustrate: I remember that when I started eastward for the east I waited with great interest the hour when I should enter the historical confines of the great state of Pennsylvania, because my people had settled there amid her mountains almost 200 years ago, and I had seen in whom I had great confidence, the southwest corner of that state were centralized more productive citizens of that western corner in any other spot on earth, that there was built up that

What more people want is something mild and gentle, when in need of a physic Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets fill the bill to a diet. They are certain and pleasant in effect. For sale by M. K. & F. R. Pleasant.

Hamburg's shipping trade with Australia doubled in 1901.

Consumption Threatened. "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption," says C. Taylor, 214 Maple St., Hampton, Ill. "I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since." M. K. & F. R. Pleasant.

Thirty thousand Filipinos have been vaccinated by Americans.

A Necessary Precaution. Don't neglect a cold. It is worst than a pleurisy. It is dangerous. By using Chamberlain's Cough Cure you can cure it at once. It gives inflammation, clears the head, soothes the throat, and restores the mucous membrane. It is a safe, pleasant, and reliable remedy. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Children like it. Aycocks Drug Co.

Foley's Kidney Cure. Will cure Bright's Disease. Will cure Gravel. Will cure Stone in Bladder. Will cure Kidney and Bladder Diseases. M. K. & F. R. Pleasant.

Notice to Teachers. All persons wishing to teach in the Public Schools of Sandy Creek township will please file their applications with E. M. Gordon, at Lenoir, N. C., on or before the first day of September, 1902. Applications will be received.

Notice to Teachers. Notice is hereby given to all persons wishing to teach in the public schools of Lenoir County, N. C., to file their applications with Geo. M. Baker, at Lenoir, N. C., on or before the first day of September, 1902. Applications will be received.

A Physician Healed. Dr. George's medicine cured my Rheumatism and Catarrh of the Bladder. I have been cured of my Rheumatism and Catarrh of the Bladder. I have been cured of my Rheumatism and Catarrh of the Bladder. I have been cured of my Rheumatism and Catarrh of the Bladder.

Red and same colors are a great deal used by millinery.

Five, clear, clean, are popular in style.

Care of Rheumatism or Catarrh Through the Blood. Cost Nothing to Try.

Would you like to get rid of that Rheumatism or Catarrh of the Bladder? Then take a bottle of Dr. George's Blood Purifier. It has cured thousands of persons who had Rheumatism and Catarrh of the Bladder.

RHEUMATISM. The wonderful new medicinal cure for RHEUMATISM. The other two you must have tried, but failed to take medicine according to directions. Therefore have you not seen the result of the best that nature has to offer? It is this: RHEUMATISM is a disease of the blood. It is a disease of the blood. It is a disease of the blood.

THE BIG RACKET. WRS. A. W. HALL, PROPRIETOR.

D. E. MILLER, Jeweler and Optician, LOUISBURG, N. C.

Watches, Clocks and other kinds of JEWELRY.

Mail Orders. For anything in the Drug Line will be filled promptly and at lowest prices.

ITS EASY ENOUGH. To control an ordinary Slipper or Blipper, but no words can do justice to the comfort of our new styles that have just come in.

A Regular Slipper and Shoe Carnival. Bright, cheap, appetizing food being happy thoughts of the happy days to come.

A Money Saving Fete for Feet. Slippers for the Ladies, the Men and the Children. A few moments may be profitably spent in.

THE BIG RACKET. WRS. A. W. HALL, PROPRIETOR.

NEW WAREHOUSE Parham & Ford, LOUISBURG, N. C. NASH STREET.

It is with pleasure we announce to the tobacco growers of Eastern Carolina the completion of our mammoth brick Warehouse. We now have the Largest, Best Lighted and Most Conveniently arranged Warehouse for the sale of Leaf Tobacco in North Carolina.

Equipped with superior advantages and ample capital, we intend to make every pound of tobacco placed on our floor BRING ITS FULL VALUE.

This is no idle boast, but every word of it is the truth, and a trial will convince you beyond all doubt.

Our Mr. Parham is an experienced tobaccoist and knows the business in its every detail. He has been engaged in the business for years and has represented some of the largest buyers in the world on the markets of the States. The Lenoir market is fortunate in having him to engage in business here, and planters may feel assured that he will protect their interest when their tobacco is brought to our house. Don't listen to the cheap talk of competitors and their agents, but try us and be convinced that we can sell your tobacco higher than any other house, no matter where located. Our force is: Book-keeper, A. W. Aldrich; Auctioneer, George B. McGhee; Solicitors, Irvin Green, J. T. Hart, Vernon Richardson, Morgan Goulet, John Peery, W. F. Battle and R. P. Taylor. Weigher, E. H. Ford, who will be glad to see their friends at all times.

PARHAM & FORD. P. S.—Louisburg has grown until it is the largest market in all this section for the sale of Leaf Tobacco. We have the Attention Tobacco Co., who are 30 mammoth houses in take care of the tobacco brought by their buyers, Mr. S. J. Parham, on this market, the largest Tobacco Co. with Mr. C. B. Chestnut as its buyer with a steam plant of 20,000 capacity per day. No weighing who represents the Eastern Tobacco Co. and last but not least, Col. W. T. Hagler, the experienced and expert who buys at each tobacco as any of the rest and who is known as the "weigher" of the whole market in that a small market cannot compete with a market that has the advantages that Lenoir has. Don't sell your tobacco at home, but bring it on to Parham & Ford and be assured of correct weights, full attention and the very highest price that any other market affords.