State Library

THE FRANKLIN TIMES.

JAS. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor. THE COUNTY, THE STATE THE UNION. SUBSCRIPTION: $1.50 Per Year, Strictly in Advance.

VOL. XXXII LOUISBURG, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 16, 1903. NUMBER 43.

CHURCH DIRECTORY

METHODIST.

Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. GEO. S. BAKER, Supt.
Preaching at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M. every Sunday.
Prayer meeting Wednesday night.
M. T. PLYLER, Pastor.

BAPTIST.

Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. THOS. B. WILDER, Supt
Preaching at 11 A. M., and 7 P. M., every Sunday.
Prayer meeting Thursday night.
H. H. MASHBURN, Pastor.

EPISCOPAL.

Sunday School at 9:30.
Services, morning and night, on 1st, 3rd and 4th Sundays.
Evening Prayer, Friday afternoon.

LODGES.

Louisburg Lodge, No. 413, A. F. & A. M., meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday nights in each month.

Professional cards

SPRUILL & ALLRED.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Will practice in all the Courts. Offices in Louisburg and Youngsville, N. C.

DR. ARTHUR H. FLEMING,
DENTIST.
LOUISBURG, - - N. C.
Office Over Cooper's Store.

DR. S. P. BURT,
PRACTICING PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Louisburg, N. C.
Office in the rear of Boddie, Bobbitt & Co.'s Drug Store, on Nash street.

DR. R. F. YARBOROUGH,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Office 2nd floor Neal building, phone 39 Night calls answered from T. W. Bickett's residence, phone 74.

B. H. MASSENBURG,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Will practice in all the Courts of the State
Office in Court House.

C. M. COORE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Will attend the courts of Nash, Franklin, Granville, Warren and Wake counties, also the Supreme Court of North Carolina, and the U. S. Circuit and District Courts.

MARCUS C. WINSTEAD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C
OFFICE OVER Corner Drug Store.
Special Attention given to collections. Practice wherever services required.

DR. J. E. MALONE,
PRACTICING PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Office over Aycocke Drug Company.

DR. E. S. FOSTER,
PRACTICING PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Louisburg, N. C.
Office over Aycocke Drug Company.

WM. HAYWOOD RUFFIN.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Will practice in all the Courts of Franklin and adjoining counties, also in the Supreme Court, and in the United States District and Circuit Courts.
Office in Cooper and Clifton Building.

THOS. B. WILDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Office on Main street, over Jones & Cooper's store.

F. S. SPRUILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Will attend the courts of Franklin, Vance Granville, Warren and Wake counties, also the Supreme Court of North Carolina. Prompt attention given to collections.
Office over Egerton's Store.

T. W. BICKETT,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
LOUISBURG N. C.
Prompt and painstaking attention given to every matter intrusted to his hands.
Refers to Chief Justice Shepherd, Hon. John Manning, Hon. Robt. W. Winston, Hon. J. C. Buxton, Pres. First National Bank of Winston, Glenn & Manly, Winston, Peoples Bank of Monroe, Chas. E. Taylor, Pres. Wake Forest College, Hon. E. W. Timberlake.
Office in Court House, opposite Sheriff's.

W. E. PERSON,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW.
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Practices in all courts. Office in Neal Building.

W. H. YARBOROUGH, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Office in Opera House building, Court street
All legal business intrusted to him will receive prompt and careful attention.

DR. D. T. SMITHWICK,
DENTIST,
LOUISBURG, - - N. C.
Office over Furniture Store.

HOTELS.

FRANKLINTON HOTEL
FRANKLINTON, N. C.
C. W. CONWAY, Prp'r.
Good accomodation for the traveling public.
Good Livery Attached

MASSENBURG HOTEL
J P Massenburg Propr
HENDERSON, N. C.
Good accommodations. Good fare. Polite and attentive servants

NORWOOD HOUSE
Warrenton, North Carolina
W. J. NORWOOD, Proprietor.
Patronage of Commercial, Tourists and Travelling Public solicited.
Good Sample Room.

Champ Clark's Letter

Taking Stock at the Beginning of the New Year A Jim Hill For Hanna "A Condition, Not a Theory"

AT the end of the year the prudent man of business "takes stock" in order to ascertain "where he is at," to borrow a phrase made famous on a memorable occasion by a statesman now out of a job. Let us follow the example.

The results of the November elections prove that the trend is toward Democracy. That we did not win the house is true, but we cut down the Republican majority by one-third.

Except for the action of one man—President Roosevelt in the matter of the anthracite coal strike—we would have captured the house and carried New York. Even as it is, a great many persons believe that we did carry New York, for the party which stole the presidency from Tilden is not above stealing the governorship from Coler.

The revolution in Rhode Island and the reduced Republican majorities generally in the eastern states show that Republicanism is on the down grade.

Since the confusion of tongues on the plain of Shinar, at the foot of the unfinished tower of Babel, there never fell from human lips a more preposterous statement than that made by General Grosvenor in the house on Dec. 17 in these words: "When the election was over, there was nothing left of the Democratic party."

After winning a great fight in which his losses were frightful, reviewing the field of slaughter, Pyrrhus, king of Epirus, mournfully exclaimed, "If we have such another victory, we are undone!" I commend those words of wisdom to my venerable, vitriolic and jubilant friend from Ohio.

At present the differences among Republicans are more pronounced than those among Democrats. The Republican factions are getting wider apart, while the Democratic sections are drawing closer together.

The war between the whole hog tariff Republicans and the tariff reform Republicans is an irrepressible conflict. The hope of securing eligible places at the pie counter may postpone the inevitable struggle from this session to the next, but then it will break out with redoubled fury.

If tariff revision downward prevails, the tariff barons will be disgruntled and will refuse to contribute the sinews of war to the Republicans, and without an abundance of the sinews the Republicans never did win—can never hope to win. On the other hand, if tariff revision downward is refused Republican tariff reformers will desert the G. O. P. in shoals, join hands with the Democrats and overthrow those who believe in "standing pat" and in "letting well enough alone," theories which every unconvicted criminal in the land indorses most heartily.

On the tariff with Republicans it is a case of Scylla and Charybdis—the devil and the deep sea—"damned if you do and damned if you don't."

Republicans have grave cause for apprehension, Democrats good reason for hope.

The Democrats will reaffirm all the essential features of the Chicago and Kansas City platforms, plant themselves firmly on the time honored and beneficent Democratic principle of "equal rights to all; special privileges to none," more necessary now than ever before, and wage the battle mainly on the triple propositions to destroy the trusts, to reduce the tariff rates to a reasonable basis and to curtail public expenses to the needs of the government economically administered.

Upon that platform all Democrats and all others who love justice can stand.

Upon that platform we will place a genuine Democrat of high character and approved capacity as our candidate with an equal chance of success.

Leading Democrats are already beginning to express opinions as to what manner of man shall be the candidate and some go so far as to specify the man.

In an elaborate interview Congressman Charles Fremont Cochran of Missouri, one of the best informed men in public life, after outlining a platform much like the one set forth above, says:

The nominee in 1904 should be a man in sympathy with that platform and one who can prove incontestably his loyalty to the presidential candidate in 1896 and 1900. Going just a little farther back, he should be able to prove unmixed devotion to the Democratic platform of 1892 and in no way responsible for the emasculation of the Wilson tariff bill. The Democrats of the west would not support a candidate for the presidency guilty of opposing an income tax or who assisted in puncturing the Wilson bill with hundreds of amendments, each embodying Republican protectionism and contrary to Democratic doctrines. In my judgment, the nominee must come up to these standards. Whether he happens to reside east or west of the Alleghenies is not so important.

Hon. Samuel Bronson Cooper of Texas, a member of the committee on ways and means, expresses his ideas in these words:

The Democratic party in 1904 should nominate for president a man who was not in harmony with the Democratic platforms of 1896 and 1900 on the money question, but who loyally supported the party's candidate for president. Such a man is Senator Gorman of Maryland or Judge Parker of New York. The platform should make revision of the tariff and the suppression of trusts its paramount issues. I do not mean that it should declare war indiscriminately on all combinations of capital, but it should advocate the correction of evils that have grown out of such combinations. The question of imperialism also should be discussed, for, while the courts have sustained the Republican contention that this government has a right to govern colonies outside the constitution, I do not believe the American people have rendered a verdict favorable to such a policy. The nominee, I think, should come from the east, and either of the two men I have mentioned would make a highly acceptable candidate.

Hill For Hanna.

As heretofore stated in these letters, when the short session of congress began to all appearances President Roosevelt had clear sailing for the Republican presidential nomination. But things have changed somewhat, and not to his advantage. Nevertheless, he is many laps ahead of all competitors. But the way in which the name of Senator Marcus A. Hanna bobs up continually in that connection must be unpleasant reading in White House circles. The latest contributor to the Hanna literature is Hon. James J. Hill, the puissant railroad magnate. The Washington Times is responsible for the following gossip:

When James J. Hill was in the city recently, he hunted up Senator Hanna and asked him to become a candidate for the Republican nomination for the presidency. The railway magnate said that the Ohio senator could rest assured that he would have the hearty support of the strong business interests of the country and that it would be powerful enough to make him win. The senator gave the reply to Mr. Hill which he has given dozens of others—that is, that he did not want the job and would not have it if he could get it.

That is most certainly important, if true, for Mr. Hill is a man of vast influence himself, and he trains with a coterie of men who are powerful indeed, and if he had the foregoing conversation he was most probably not speaking for himself alone, but also for all those who have interests in common with him. If he did speak for them, there is more importance to be attached to what he said than to any other political action this year except what the president did in the matter of the coal strike.

If Senator Hanna said that he did not want the job and wouldn't have it if he could get it, he spoke perhaps candidly, but unadvisedly. He had not carefully examined his own mind and heart, for it may be asserted without the fear of successful contradiction that there is not a citizen of the republic who would not accept that particular job if he could get it. True that Diocletian abdicated the imperial crown of Rome and that Charles V. of Spain abdicated several crowns, but they were satiated with power. They had sounded every shoal and depth of honor and were weary of the world, and it will be noted that neither Diocletian nor Charles declined crowns in the first instance. Nobody ever declined to be president, and nobody ever will. Some day, perhaps in the ages yet to be, some president will immortalize himself by resigning, but he will be a rara avis.

It will be observed that Mr. Hill made no suggestion as to a vice presidential candidate to run with Senator Hanna. While I am neither the spiritual nor legal adviser of the Republicans in general or of Mr. Hill in particular, perchance I can aid them and him to fill out the ticket. How would Governor Van Sant of Minnesota strike them? It is generally suspected that Senator Hanna is not unfriendly or unkind to the trusts. Indeed, he is looked upon in certain quarters as their champion. Van Sant, on the other hand, is opposed to trusts in general and to Mr. Hill's merger in particular. Yes, the ticket of Hanna and Van Sant would add to the gayety of nations, at least.

"A Condition, Not a Theory."

Unless all signs fail, our Republican friends will be up against it good and hard when the house of representatives of the Fifty-eighth congress comes to be organized. They are always loud in protesting their love for the colored man and brother—at long range. They shed copious crocodile tears at the political wrongs inflicted upon him. They solemnly asseverate before man and God that he is worthy of high office. Now, they are about to be put to the test as to the sincerity of their declarations. Rev. William McGill, colored, of Chattanooga, Tenn., and Birmingham, Ala., proposing to take them at their word, has announced himself a candidate for the chaplaincy of the house and is now in Washington pressing his claim. That the Rev. William McGill will cause a rattling of dry bones in the Republican camp there can be no sort of doubt. He seems to base his hopes of success on what he is pleased to denominate as "President Roosevelt's recognition of the rights of the negro" in the south and thinks he can secure the support of the administration to his ambitious undertaking. In this Mr. McGill may or may not be correct, but the chances are ten to one that if the president did nothing else betwixt now and the first Monday in December, A. D. 1903, but press Mr. McGill's candidacy the latter would never be chaplain of the house of representatives. Mr. McGill has not thoroughly considered the situation. The Republican theory is that the colored man and brother is good enough to vote the Republican ticket in any part of this great republic and is good enough to hold any office, big or little, high or low—in the south. But as to holding high office in the north—that is another story, a story which Mr. McGill and all his race would do well to take to heart.

It is more than thirty years since the right of suffrage was conferred upon the colored folks. There is no northern state in which there are not negroes of ability and education, yet in all these years and in all these states only one negro has held a high elective office—McCabe of Kansas, who was twice auditor of the Sunflower State. He is the exception which proves the rule of exclusion of the negro from prominent political office in the northern states. Occasionally one is elected to the legislature—Peter Clark of Cincinnati, for instance. In all this third of a century no colored man has been sent to either branch of congress by a northern constituency, and it requires no great powers of ratiocination to predict that none ever will be sent. Now, I submit that if a negro is good enough to represent a southern constituency he is good enough to represent a northern constituency. If the negro were disfranchised everywhere, the Republicans could not carry Kansas, Iowa, Illinois, Ohio, West Virginia, Indiana, Maryland, New Jersey, Delaware or New York. Without the negro vote the Republicans would have no earthly show in Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri or Tennessee—and they haven't much of a show as it is. Consequently the negro holds the whip hand in the Republican party, if he chooses to use it. United and aggressive, they can compel the Republicans to make a fair division of the loaves and fishes, both north and south. Indeed, if they are courageous and persistent they can gobble the lion's share, for without them the Republicans would be in a hopeless minority and would soon be compelled to go out of business. A thorough organization among the negroes would force one of their race on the next Republican presidential ticket as the vice presidential candidate, and in the event of success would land at least one negro in the cabinet. It would also secure to them a fair division of the spoils generally. In addition to all this, they could force colored representation in the congressional delegations from Republican states and a partitioning of state officers from governor down in the Republican states. Be it clearly understood that I am not advising them to do this. I am simply speculating on what might happen—not what may happen. It is plain that the Republican party is at the mercy of the negro voters. Why the negroes themselves do not recognize the fact and act upon it is one of the mysteries of the times in which we live. It surely must be that the northern negroes have as keen an appetite for pie as their southern brethren. Why, then, are they not as clamorous for it? The only reason must be that they fully realize the hopelessness of the quest.

What they need to drive white Republicans into an equitable division of the spoils is a resolute and capable leader. Perhaps Rev. William McGill is the man; perhaps he is not. As the French say, "Nous verrons." One thing may be stated with absolute certainty, and that is that if he is bold and insistent he will cause Republican congressmen to have a creepy feeling in the region of the spinal column. It is not a very lucrative position to which he aspires, but it is a most honorable one. He is in a situation to say to the Republican party, "Stand and deliver."

Mexican Justice.

The Washington Post contains the following rather curious reading:

"The way that the Mexican dispense justice seems queer to men from the United States," remarked Mr. Ralph G. Stoneham of St. Louis at the Retail Marten.

"I went to the land of the Montezumas a few years ago for my health and was staying in a little town not very far from the Texas border. One morning the corpse of a cowboy was found in the bushes in the outskirts of the village. It seems he had come over from the other side of the Rio Grande to attend a fandango. He indulged a little too freely in pulque while at the dance and doubtless excited the jealousy of some hot blooded greaser because of too much attention on the part of the American to a dark eyed senorita.

"At least that was the theory of the killing, because a bag of money amounting to $20, all in gold, was found on the body, proving that the murder had not been done for robbery. Besides the man, a very costly six shooter, silver mounted and ivory handled, was strapped around the deceased. The finding of the gun was the occasion of a trial before the local alcalde or justice of the peace. It was against the law to carry weapons, and the dead man was fined $20, just the sum they found on him, for violating the Mexican statute."

Election Ridden Ohio.

"De gustibus non disputandum" is a great truth. To the mere looker on in Vienna it would appear that an election every year is too much of a good thing in any well regulated community and that Ohio, Iowa, Kansas and other more or less magnificent commonwealths which now indulge in that sort of superfluous thing would hasten to reform themselves, but the looker on in Vienna would be much mistaken if he came to any such conclusion. As contraire, they seem to like it. For instance, General Charles Dick of Ohio has been spending the holidays in laying pipe and pulling wires for the gubernatorial nomination, to which Hon. Myron T. Herrick of Cleveland also aspires. He is also laying pipe and pulling wires. These two ambitious statesmen are assiduously courting "Uncle Mark Tayne is supposed to be the dispenser of all political blessings in Buckeyedom except such as Tom Johnson vouchsafes for himself and his followers. They will probably make "Uncle Mark's" life miserable.

If they did not have this odd year gubernatorial election in Ohio, all concerned could eat their Christmas turkeys in peace. As it is, they are all likely to contract a bad case of indigestion.

Champ Clark

The Formula tells the story:

Grove's Chronic Chill Cure

Not a patent medicine: a thin spirituous liquid, of a pleasant bitter taste, made of

Fluid Extract PERUVIAN BARK — Fluid Extract POPLAR BARK
Fluid Extract BLACK ROOT — Fluid Extract PRICKLY ASH BARK
Fluid Extract DOG WOOD BARK — Fluid Extract SARSAPARILLA

It Cures the Chills that other Chill Tonics Don't Cure.
The Best General Tonic. No Cure, No Pay. Price, 50c.

BURNERS DIDN'T HELP MAN IN QUICKSAND

The man who perished in quicksand near Kilrain and his death is the result of his intemperate habits and fear. When Kilrain struck the quicksand he sank up to his armpits and remained in this position for two days before death relieved him. His repeated cries for help were heard by the negroes in the neighborhood and several of them went to him, but gave him no assistance, being afraid to go near him because of the quicksand.

His condition was reported to a negro magistrate in the neighborhood, but he declined to render any assistance on the ground that the law made no provision for such cases. The head and shoulders of the man remained above the quick and for several days, the flesh being eaten from them by the buzzards.—New Orleans Dispatch.

Cures Eczema, Itching Humors

Through the blood by eating Bucklen's Blood Bitters which makes the blood pure and rich, heals eczema, rash, scaly humors, eruptions, and stops the itching of eczema. B. B. B. cures especially the worst and most deep seated cases. F. H. B. Like the Bucklens in the South, Druggists, 50. Guarantee blood Balm, Co. Atlanta, Ga. W. K. & F. S. Pharmacies.

A pleasant tone and a sweet smile cost nothing.

Unconscious From Cough.

During a sudden and terrible attack of croup one little girl was unconscious from strangulation says A. L. Bradford, Manager, Chester, Mich., and a dose of One Minute Cough Cure was administered and repeated often. It relieved the swelling and inflammation, cut the mucus and shortly the child was resting easy and rapidly recovered. It cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, and all throat and lung troubles. One Minute Cough Cure fingers on the throat and chest and venture the lungs in exactness pure, health-giving oxygen to the blood. Aycocke Drug Co.

Perseverance is the best school for manly virtue.

A Scientific Discovery

Kodol does for the stomach that which is to weaken to do for itself, even but slightly digested or undigested. Kodol supplies the natural juices of digestion and does the work of the stomach, relieving nervous tension, while the food nourishes of that strength which should be found wherever it goes and health. Kodol digests what you eat and enables the stomach, and digestive organs to transform all food into rich, red blood. Aycocke Drug Co.

The average man doesn't care what you think of him as long as you don't say it.

The crowned heads of every nation, The rich men, poor men and slaves All join in paying tribute to Dr. Miles' Little Liver Pills. If, unlike the Alsatian, Tax, "when Little Liver Pills are the best, you want to be taxed." Extraordinary as it seems they are everybody's. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, and sick headache, and all other liver troubles. Aycocke Drug Co.

You can't tell anything about a woman's real dimensions by the size of the corset.

CROUP.

The peculiar cough which indicates croup is usually well known to the mothers of croupy children. No time should be lost in the treatment of it, and for this purpose no medicine has received more universal approval than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Do not wait until the child is seized with violent convulsions, as croup now has been of such a character that it will give this medicine at the first hoarse cough or even after croup has set in the cough will quickly disappear. For sale by Aycocke Drug Co.

Ask the postmaster about "Fewer Gallons Water Longer."

We can't help the past, but we can look out for the future.

Tried To Commit It.

It's the old story of murder will out" only in this case there's no crime. A woman feels run down, has backache or dyspepsia and thinks it's nothing and trips along until she finally breaks down. Don't do it yourself. Take Electric Bitters at once. It has a reputation for curing stomach, liver and kidney troubles and perfectly purifying the whole system. Two bottles cure a chronic malaria will quickly yield to the curative power of Electric Bitters. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed by Pleasant Drug Co. drug store.

There is nothing else on earth so annoying as procrastination decisions.

DOES IT PAY TO BUY CHEAP.

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung trouble. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible, if not possible for you, then in either case take the only remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success to secure throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and strengthens the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but stops it formation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and saves the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. You may get this reliable remedy at Aycocke Drug Co. Price 50c and $1.

Don't ask us about "Fewer Gallons Water Longer."

A man does not necessarily have to be a lawyer to have good, hard sense.

QUESTION ANSWERED.

You August Flower? I has the best sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers and grandmothers never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliousness. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of appendicitis, nervous prostration or heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and bring forward the action of undigested food, regulated the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You may need a few dose of Dr. King's August Flower, in small doses, to make settled there is nothing carried the matter with you. You can get this reliable remedy at Aycocke Drug Store. Price 25c and 75c.

Loss of Flesh

When you can't eat breakfast, take Scott's Emulsion. When you can't eat bread and butter, take Scott's Emulsion. When you have been living on a milk diet and want something a little more nourishing, take Scott's Emulsion.

To get fat you must eat fat. Scott's Emulsion is a great fattener, a great strength giver.

Those who have lost flesh want to increase all body tissues, not only fat. Scott's Emulsion increases them all, bone, flesh, blood and nerve.

For invalids, for convalescents, for consumptives, for weak children, for all who need flesh, Scott's Emulsion is a rich and comfortable food, and a natural tonic.

Scott's Emulsion for bone, flesh, blood and nerve.

We will send you a free sample.

Be sure that this picture is the trade mark of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

SCOTT & BOWNE, CHEMISTS, 409 Pearl St., N. Y.
50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

Ask your blacksmith about "Fewer Gallons Water Longer."

Fruit often suffers from rough handling.

Wait for "Fewer Gallons Water Longer."

Ashes and manure make a good fertilizer for orchards.

Ask A. S. Mordecai about "Fewer Gallons Water Longer."

Good stock results a good market, ready sale and good price.

Ask your druggist about "Fewer Gallons Water Longer."

To-To-To at Allen Bros. Co.

Dress shirts, Negligee shirts, Collars and Cuffs, at Allen Bros. Co.

W. P. Neal & Co. have just received a line of Sample Clothing and will sell them at New York cost.

Another big line samples of Underwear for Men just opened at W. P. Neal & Co's.

W. P. Neal & Co. have just received a lot of Sample Shoes which they are selling at New York cost.

D. E. MILLER,
Jeweler and Optician,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
I am located in the store recently occupied by A. A. Clifton & Co., in the brick hotel building on Main street. I will carry a stock of
WATCHES, CLOCKS
and other kinds of
JEWELRY.
Also an assortment of the very best SPECTACLES, and am prepared to fit the most difficult cases. I will give my personal attention to all kinds repairing. My work is GUARANTEED to give Satisfaction and my prices are moderate. A liberal patronage of the people in this section is solicited.

Crayon Portraits.
I am prepared to make Crayon Portraits at reasonable prices and Guarantee
SATISFACTION.
For further information address
MRS. JENNIE YATES
Kittrelle, N. C.

New Meat Market.
The undersigned has opened a New Meat Market on Nash street near Ford's Warehouse, and will keep on hand the very best stall-fed
BEEF, FINE PORK, &c.
I will also sell nice fresh Oysters by the quart or gallon. I know that I am selling cheaper than any one else in Louisburg and will be glad to get a liberal share of the public patronage. Meats delivered promptly in any part of the town.
W. E. MEARES.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

M. F. BOBBITT,
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER,
LOUISBURG, N. C.
Keeping hand the services of competent workmen I am prepared to do all kinds of work in my line. Anything in the building line, from a house down to a door, I can do it and do it right. Prices reasonable. Shop on Main street.

WOOD YARD.

I have opened a wood yard in Louisburg, and will deliver at your door wood cut any length, in any quantity, from 25 cents worth up. Will also saw wood in your yard at the rate a cord. Give me a call.
J. E. LAMBERTH.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of [illegible] I hereby notify all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present the same for payment on or before the 1st day of January, 1904, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. This Dec. 1st, 1902.
R. C. PERRY, Adm'r.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between [illegible] under the firm name of [illegible] is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, and those having claims against said firm will present them for payment.
[illegible]

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor of [illegible] notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them for payment on or before 1st day of Dec. 1903, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. This Dec. 1st, 1902.
[illegible]

SALE OF LAND.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage deed executed to the undersigned by [illegible] on the 1st day of December, 1902, and duly recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of Franklin county, in book 139 page 574, I will on Monday, the 19th day of January, 1903, at the Court House door in Louisburg, N. C., sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, a certain lot near Mapleville, in said county, adjoining the lands of J. H. Phillips, Mrs. Rena Arrington, J. E. Perry, and others, containing [illegible] acres, and being the lot on which A. W. Perry Jr. lived one year ago, and being a few rods outside of the town of Mapleville. This lot will be bound completely by metes and bounds in a deed to A. W. Perry Jr. recorded in book 132 page 391, of Franklin county registry. This December 20th, 1902.
T. W. BICKETT, Atty.,
for mortgagee.

NOTICE.

The entire personal property of Henry H. Sherrod bankrupt advertised to take place on the 20th day of December, 1902, has been postponed on account of the very bad weather, to January 20th, 1903. At which time I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at the residence of Mrs. Mary Sherrod, in Louisburg township, all the personal property of Henry H. Sherrod, formerly residing in part of two one and half, one 2 horse wagon, two harrows, mules, fodder, shucks, one large wash pot, household and kitchen furniture, Agricultural implements, &c., &c. The sale will begin at 11 o'clock a. m., and continue until all the property is sold. Terms of sale Cash. This 12th day of December, 1902.
G. A. PERRY, Trustee
of H. H. Sherrod.

ALEX. DONSTON
Boot and Shoe Maker,
Near Person Hotel's Warehouse.
I offer you to all the citizens of Louisburg and the surrounding country my services in the shoe business, and I hope by strict attention to business and good workmanship to merit a share of your patronage.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE 101.
Louisburg, N. C., Dec. 5, 1902.
The undersigned hereby notify the following persons that their telephones have been disconnected for non-payment of rent, and unless the same is paid within ten days from date we will be compelled to remove the instruments.
[illegible]

Mail Orders.
For anything in the Drug line will receive prompt and careful attention.
W. G. THOMAS,
DRUGGIST,
RALEIGH, N. C.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
Richmond, New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans and Points South and West.
[illegible]
SOUTHWARD.
[illegible]
NORTHWARD.
[illegible]
F. C. DONTLEMAN, Gen'l Supt.