

J. A. THOMAS, Editor and Proprietor.

ONE YEAR, \$1.00
SIX MONTHS, .65
THREE MONTHS, .35
FRIDAY, MARCH 20, 1903

WASHINGTON LETTER

From Our Regular Correspondent.

MARCH 16TH, 1903.

"The democrats in the Senate have been seriously misrepresented with regard to their attitude toward the Panama canal," said Senator Arthur P. Gorman, the democratic leader, when asked to make a statement by your correspondent. "The democrats," he continued "hold the view that an important treaty of this character should not be treated as a party measure. It should be considered and perfected according to the best judgment of the Senate. A majority in Congress, without regard to party, favors the construction of an isthmian canal as demonstrated by the fact that the act authorizing such a canal received almost unanimous support from members of both parties. The minority believes that the treaty negotiated by Secretary Hay requires several amendments in order to bring it into harmony with the act of Congress under which it was negotiated and to safeguard the interests of the United States. Article 23 is in obvious violation of that provision of the Spooner act which provides that the United States shall acquire the right to police, protect and govern the strip through which the canal shall pass in a way that obviously implies sovereignty. These facts have been presented to the republican leaders and some of them appreciate the force of the democratic contentions. What their course will be I am not prepared to predict."

Just after Mr. Gorman made the above statement, the republican steering committee held a meeting to consider the program for the remainder of the special session and determined to ratify if possible, the Panama canal treaty as it stands. They further decided to accept the amendment offered by Senator Bacon in the committee, on Foreign Relations, and adopted by that committee, which provides that the Cuban treaty shall not go into effect until it has been "approved by the Congress." An agreement has been reached between the leaders of both parties to read the canal treaty to day for amendment, all speeches being limited to fifteen minutes duration, and to permit two hours debate, followed by a vote to-morrow. The Cuban treaty will be taken up in earnest and amended, will be ratified and adjournment taken immediately afterwards. It is deemed probable that the special session will adjourn the latter part of this week, although no definite decision has been reached.

The President does not hesitate to say that he regrets the adoption of the Bacon amendment to the Cuban treaty and he has threatened to call both houses of Congress in special session to pass the legislation necessary to put the terms of the treaty into effect. Such a course would meet with no opposition from the majority of the Democrats whose only object in securing the adoption of the amendment was to avoid a violation of the constitution, but the republican leaders, many of whom are secretly opposed to any form of reciprocity because they fear it means the beginning of the end of the protective system, express themselves as emphatically opposed to an extra session before election and it is probable that Mr. Roosevelt will give heed to their wishes and, if he calls an extra session at all, refrain from doing until next November. He avers now that he will certainly do so then if not before.

Senator Aldrich is believed to be preparing to urge his financial bill, with possibly some modifications, next winter. He has obtained the consent of the Senate to call his committee in session during the recess and, as it is known that he does not contemplate any tariff revision, it is believed his purpose is to frame some sort of currency legislation. It is generally conceded that the Fowler currency bill, even if it passes the House, will be rejected by the Senate. The upper chamber, at least in so far as the majority is concerned, is unalterably opposed to any form of fiat currency, which is what the Fowler bill provides for. An extension of the banking system of currency along lines agreeable to the national bankers may be expected from the Aldrich committee and doubtless a serious effort to accomplish such enactment next session will be made.

Among the numerous other important acts were incorporated the Audubon Society and for the protection of game and song birds; giving railroad negro union depot bill; giving railroads the right to appeal when towns impose unreasonable regulations of trains passing through the town; increasing the State Librarian's term of office to four instead of two years.

LILLY WHITE PARTY. The Rev. Dr. George E. Larimer, made an address before the Patria Club in New York on the 13th. "Liberty in America" was the subject of his address, most of which was devoted to the race problem. He said in part:

"The greatest advance since the signing of the emancipation was the emancipation of the spirit. The proclamation signed by Abraham Lincoln gave freedom to the white man as well as the black. A great many now wonder whether it was best to give the freedman the ballot. I apprehend that the black man to-day is on the verge of very serious complications. "I remember reading a short while ago that a certain political party intended to get control of the entire negro vote. I thought to myself that that might be good politics, but it was not good sense. Once you get the negro convinced that he has the balance of power in his hands, he will have the balance of power not only at elections but in the political party to which he is allied. When you will have in the north, as well as in the south, a lily white party. "If such a thing should come to pass the people of the north would become disgusted and vote the Democratic ticket rather than to tolerate it. The negro vote should not be massed in the one party, and if it is we may look forward to what we are all anxious to avert. Race antagonism throughout the land will read this country and cause untold suffering to the negroes in the country."

CONGRESSMAN POW has arranged that every public school library in his district shall receive a shipment of books of a desirable character, hand-somely bound.

NOTICE. Plowing done by the day or hour, by Jno. W. King.

OUT OF THEIR OWN MOUTH SHALL THOU BE JUDGED.

Just before the 57th Congress adjourned, its request was sung by Senators Elkins and Warren, both ardent republicans, in a minor key, which differed vastly in tone and quality from the "public peans of congratulations" that usually accompanies this interesting function. No greater indictment could be returned against the republican party than these two Senators presented to the people of the United States against their own party. The above named Senators described two great sins the republican Congress had committed, first, deceiving the people by not carrying out the promises made in the national platforms of statehood for the territories; second, gross extravagance with the people's money. On page 3243 of the Congressional Record of March 3rd is reported the speech of Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, a leader of the republican party, who, after speaking of the important bills that had failed of passage, said: "The Republican party is responsible for this condition of affairs which is so unfortunate for it and the country at this time. Early in the beginning of this session a majority of the republican members of the Senate determined to defeat the statehood bill, and to this end adopted a programme which involved, first, a violation of the pledges made in the platform of their party in three national conventions, binding the party to admit the territories of Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona as states into the Union. This was a great mistake and a great wrong. One that will come up to plague us hereafter. A political party can no more afford to violate its promises and pledges than an individual."

Senator Elkins then describes "the wicked filibuster carried on for fourteen weeks against the majority of the Senate and then further said: "It was this filibuster that has led to the death of the important bills I have mentioned, and the republicans cannot avoid this responsibility. It rests upon them and no one else."

On the same day and reported in the same Congressional Record, on page 2851, Senator Warren, of Wyoming, makes the other indictment, of wasting the money of the people, and cites a large number of instances of extravagant appropriations, including the expenditure of over \$600,000 on the White House, and further said, "of over \$65,000 for that diminutive wigwam that defaces the western side of the White House, and grounds, that little wigwam or tepee, whose front yard is mostly a coal hole and whose best room is the back yard." This is especially severe, considering that President Roosevelt had been given by Congress the exclusive charge of all these White House improvements, and is responsible for the bills, which are said to amount to ten times what the real cost should have been.

Verily "out of their own mouth shall thou be judged."

Every Church or institution supported by voluntary contribution will be given a liberal quantity of the Longman & Martinez Pure Paints whenever they paint. NOTE: Have done so for twenty-seven years. Tens of millions of gallons; painted nearly two million houses under guarantee to repoint if not satisfactory. The paint wears for periods up to eighteen years. (done in two minutes). Actual cost free. Sold by our Agents, John A. Coppedge, Cedar Rock; R. N. Winston, Franklinton.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. Wm. & T. W. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. W. L. Allen, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials and free copies 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

OFFICE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS, FRANKLIN COUNTY.

MARCH 21st, 1903. It is ordered that a notice be published in the FRANKLIN TIMES, calling attention of the traveling public to Chapter 343, Acts 1887, which prohibits, under a fine of Ten Dollars for each offence, the driving at a speed faster than a walk on the bridge at Louisburg over Tar River. It is further ordered that the Clerk of the Board post notices at each end of said bridge calling attention to said penalty, and that from and after the posting of said notices, the Chief of Police be requested to enforce the Statute by arresting and bringing to trial every offender against it. By order of the Board, T. S. COLLIE, Chairman, W. M. BOONE, Clerk.

FOR SALE.

One No. 8 Brewer Brick Machine complete, one 25 horse power Engine, one 30 horse power Boiler, all in good condition. If not sold privately the above will be offered for sale to the highest bidder at the court house door in Louisburg, on April 14th 1903, being Tuesday of Court week. For any information apply to W. T. HOGAN.

NOTICE.

This is to notify all jurors, witnesses and litigants that April court will not open till Tuesday the 14th of April as Judge Brown cannot reach Louisburg till then, so no need attend until Tuesday the 14th. The civil calendar will be set, commencing Wednesday the 1st week and continue to Wednesday of 2nd week. No civil cases to be set on calendar further than Wednesday of 2nd week. If any further than that, the Judge will name the date of trial. By order of Hon. Geo. H. Brown, Judge Presiding, J. J. BARROW, C. S. C. March 19, 1903.

SHIP STUFF, BRAN, & CO.

Just received, car load of Ship Stuff and Bran, Virginia Grey, Best Proof and Seed Oats. W. P. NEAL & CO.

FOR RENT.

Three large comfortable bedrooms on Main St. Terms reasonable. Apply to TIMES OFFICE.

NOTICE I

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of County Commissioners at their April meeting to change the township line between Harris and Dunns townships, beginning at a point on the road near Hall's X Roads and making the branch line to Tar River. J. C. PERRY, W. H. FULLER, and others.

A BUSINESS LUXURY. A Checking account is indeed a business necessity, and he who tries to get along without one is at great disadvantage. It is not required that a person should have a large bulk of business in order to open an account. Professional men, Farmers, and even many women, are running checking accounts. If you have never done business in this way, and are not familiar with the plan, come to see us, or write us, and we will get you started. THE CITIZENS' BANK. OF HENDERSON, N. C. Capital Stock \$100,000.00.

Magic Yeast! Lightning Bread Recipe THE YEAST. Stir well together 1 tablespoonful salt, 2 " " sugar, 3 " " flour, 1 pint boiling water. To the above add seven medium-sized potatoes; boiled and mashed fine, one pint of the hot water in which they were boiled and three pints cold water. Then stir in two and one-half (2 1/2) cakes Magic Yeast, previously dissolved in a little tepid water, cover with a cloth and keep warm ten hours. Then put in a moderately cool place to use as needed. THE BREAD. For each loaf of bread put for cups sifted warm flour in the bread pan; stir the yeast, take 1 pint of it and mix with the flour into a soft dough (using a large spoon). Then knead it briskly ten minutes, mould into loaves, let rise ONCE in warm place. When light bake. A cupful of milk (scald), one extra cupful of flour and tablespoonful of lard for each loaf will improve the above. For Sale by L. P. HICKS.

NEW GOODS AT ALLEN BROTHERS COMPANY'S. We have now on sale the most Complete Stock of DRY GOODS, Notions, Shoes, Clothing, Hats, Etc. You Are Cordially Asked to inspect our Stock before making your Spring purchases. Everything New and UP-TO-DATE. Watch this Space for Further Pointers. ALLEN BROTHERS COMPANY.