

THE PROHIBITION LAW.

TO BE VOTED FOR AT ELECTION MAY 26TH.

An Act to Prohibit the Manufacture and Sale of Liquors Within the State—To Take Effect January 1st, 1909.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA DO ENACT:

Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation to manufacture or in any manner make, or sell, or otherwise dispose of, for gain, spirituous, vinous, fermented or malt liquors or intoxicating bitters within the State of North Carolina: Provided, this act shall not be construed to forbid the sale of such spirituous, vinous, fermented or malt liquors or intoxicating bitters by a legalized medical depository, or by any licensed and registered pharmacist, for sickness, upon the written prescription of a regular licensed and actively practicing physician or surgeon having the person for whom such prescription is made under his charge, which said prescription shall specify the amount of spirits required: Provided further, that wines and ciders may be manufactured or made from grapes, berries or fruits, and wine sold at the place of manufacture only, and only in sealed or crated packages containing not less than two and a half gallons per package; but no wine, when sold, shall be drunk upon the premises where sold, nor shall the package containing the same be opened on said premises: and, Provided further, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the sale of cider, in any quantity, by the manufacturer from fruits grown on his lands within the State of North Carolina.

Sec. 2. That all liquors or mixtures thereof, by whatever name called, that will produce intoxication shall be construed and held to be intoxicating liquors within the meaning of this act: Provided, that medicinal preparations manufactured in accordance with formulas prescribed by the United States Pharmacopoeia and National Formulary which contain no more alcohol than is necessary to extract the medicinal properties of the drugs contained in such preparations, and no more alcohol than is necessary to hold the medicinal agents in solution, and which are manufactured and sold as medicines and not as beverages, shall not be held or construed to be or to come within the meaning or provisions of this act.

Sec. 3. That any physician or surgeon who shall make any prescription (except in case of sickness) for the purpose of aiding or abetting any person or persons who are not bona fide under his charge to purchase any intoxicating liquors, contrary to the provisions of this act, and any licensed and registered pharmacist who shall sell or otherwise dispose of, for gain, any spirituous, vinous, fermented or malt liquors or intoxicating bitters without the written prescription of a legally qualified physician or surgeon, or who shall duplicate the prescription of a physician or surgeon for intoxicating liquors for any person or persons not bona fide under such physician's or surgeon's charge, without the written direction of the physician or surgeon who gave the same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined or imprisoned, or both, in the discretion of the court, for each and every offense; and all licensed and registered pharmacists selling intoxicating liquors by prescription as aforesaid shall keep a record thereof, which shall bear the true dates of the sales, the names of all persons to whom sales were made, the names of physicians or surgeons upon whose prescriptions the sales were made, which said record shall

be subject at all times to the inspection of the solicitor of the district, the sheriff and other peace officers of the county, the mayor and police officers of the city or town in which said licensed and registered pharmacist's business is located, and all other persons; and any licensed and registered pharmacist failing to keep the record aforesaid, or refusing to permit the examination of such record by the officers named or other persons, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction be fined or imprisoned, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 4. The place where delivery of any intoxicating liquors is made in the State of North Carolina shall be construed and held to be the place of sale thereof, and any station or other place within said State to which any person shall ship or convey any intoxicating liquors for the purpose of delivering or carrying the same to a purchaser shall be construed to be the place of sale: Provided that nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the delivery of any intoxicating liquor to any licensed and registered pharmacist in sufficient quantities for medical purposes only.

Sec. 5. Nothing in this act shall be construed as making it unlawful to sell to any minister of religion or other officer of a church wine to be used for religious or sacramental purposes.

Sec. 6. That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the county commissioners or governing body of any city or town from prohibiting the sale of spirituous, vinous, fermented or malt liquors or intoxicating bitters by any licensed and registered pharmacist in their respective counties, cities or towns: Provided further, that said county commissioners or governing body of any city or town may levy a special privilege tax upon any licensed pharmacist licensed to sell spirituous, vinous or malt liquors.

Sec. 7. That all laws or parts of laws in conflict with this act be and the same are hereby to the extent of such conflict, repealed: Provided, however, that nothing in this act shall operate to repeal any of the local or special acts of the General Assembly of North Carolina prohibiting the manufacture or sale or other disposition of any of the liquors mentioned in this act; but all such acts shall continue in full force and effect and in concurrence herewith; and indictment or prosecution may be had either under this act or any special or local act relating to the same subject: Provided, that, if the provisions of sections one to nine (inclusive) of this act shall fail to go into effect on the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and nine, because of the failure of a majority of the votes cast in the election herein after provided for to be "Against the Manufacture and Sale of Intoxicating Liquors," then this act shall not be construed as a repeal of any laws under which prohibition or a dispensary has been established; nor shall it have the effect of restoring license where prohibition or a dispensary now obtains.

Sec. 8. Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 9. That the foregoing provisions of this act shall go into effect on the first day of January, in the year of our Lord 1909, if a majority of the votes cast at the election hereinafter provided for shall be "Against the Manufacture and Sale of Intoxicating Liquors."

Sec. 10. That, on the last Tuesday in May in the year of Lord 1908, an election shall be held in the several election precincts in each county of the State of North Carolina to determine whether the provisions of sections one to nine (inclusive) of this act shall become effective. Said

election shall be conducted and held under the same rules and regulations and in the same manner as elections for State officers; and, unless otherwise provided in this act, the general laws regulating elections, as set forth in chapter ninety of the Revisal of 1905 of North Carolina, and the amendments thereto, shall be applicable to said election. At said election every person qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly shall have the right to vote. At each election precinct there shall be a ballot box provided for the purpose of said election, which shall be labeled in plain Roman letters, "For or Against the Manufacture and Sale of Intoxicating Liquors." In all other respects said ballot box shall be in conformity with the general laws regulating elections, as set forth in chapter ninety of the Revisal of 1905 of North Carolina and the amendments thereto. At said election every qualified voter shall have the right to vote a written or printed ballot or ballot partly written and partly printed, bearing the words "For the Manufacture and Sale of Intoxicating Liquors," or a written or printed, ballot, or a ballot partly written and partly printed, bearing the words "Against the Manufacture and Sale of Intoxicating Liquors." The ballots shall be of white paper and shall be without device. The votes cast at said election shall be counted, compared, returned, canvassed, certified and reported under the same rules and regulations and in the same manner as the vote for State officers, as provided in the general laws of the State above referred to, except that the Board of State Canvassers shall immediately after it has completed its canvass of the returns of the said election from the abstracts transmitted to the Secretary of State, certify to the Governor a statement of the result of such canvass, and the Governor shall forthwith issue his proclamation announcing and declaring the result and such proclamation by the Governor shall have the effect to determine the result of said election. The State Board of Elections and the several county boards of elections are hereby authorized, empowered and directed to take all such actions as may be necessary to fully provide for the election to be held in accordance with this act. The several county boards of elections shall meet in their respective counties, not later than the second day of April in the year of our Lord 1908, and arrange for the holding of said election, by selecting and appointing a registrar and two judges of election for each election precinct in their respective counties, the duties and powers of whom shall be in all respects as provided in the general election laws of the State, as above referred to. In making the appointments of judges of election the county boards of elections shall, if possible, each appoint for each election precinct one competent person generally known to be in favor of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in the State of North Carolina and one competent person generally known to be opposed to the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in the State of North Carolina. The several county boards of elections shall make publication of the names of the registrars and judges of election and serve notice upon them as required by the general election laws of the State. The compensation of all officers engaged in the said election shall be the same as is provided by law for similar service in case of general State elections. In order to fully effectuate the purposes of this act, and to carry out the true intent and meaning of the same, it is hereby provided that the State Board of Elections, in matters affecting the entire State; and the several county boards of elections, in matters affecting their respective counties, shall respectively have full power and authority, and they are

hereby directed, to make all such rules and regulations and to do and perform all such acts and things as shall be necessary to complete the details for the holding of said election, and to conform the same as nearly as possible to the general laws of the State regulating State elections, as set forth in chapter ninety of the Revisal of 1905 of North Carolina and the amendments thereto now or hereafter adopted; and any officer who shall wilfully neglect or fail to perform any duty, act, matter or thing required or directed in the time, manner and form in which such duty, act, matter or thing is required to be performed by the terms of this act, the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 11. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification. In the General Assembly read three times, and ratified this the 31st day of January, 1908.

Kind Words.

The LOUISBURG TIMES is thirty-eight years old, and "Dolly" Thomas is still at the helm. He is a true man and runs a good paper.—Newberne Sun.

The FRANKLIN TIMES, published at Louisa, has entered on its 38th volume. For 31 years the present editor, M. J. A. Thomas, has been in charge. He is one of the veterans of the State press and his paper grows better with the years. The Landmark wishes Editor Thomas and his paper many more prosperous years.—Statesville Landmark.

Our neighbor the LOUISBURG TIMES is thirty-eight years old. The present editor, brother J. A. Thomas has been in charge of the TIMES thirty-one year and he has made the TIMES a powerful factor in the upbuilding and prosperity of Louisa and Franklin county. Bro. Thomas enjoys the confidence of his people as has been shown by his election to the treasurer's office for several terms.—Warrenton Record.

Death of Mrs. Fannie Weddell.

Mrs. F. E. Weddell died Wednesday afternoon about 2 o'clock at the residence of D. C. High where she had rooms for some time past. She has been in failing health for a long time and death was not unexpected. Mrs. Weddell was formerly Miss Fannie Jasper a friend and associate of the best and the most cultured of Louisa's people, her intellectuality and social general disposition making her a welcome guest in every home. About 1876, she married the late Matthew Weddell, of Tarboro, and at his death removed to her old home at Louisa. She was 68 years of age and leaves surviving her Mrs. P. S. Suggs, of Tarboro, who was present at her death, Mrs. Hanks, of Charlotte and Mr. Henry Jasper, of Ohio. The funeral services were conducted from the Episcopal Church of which she was a communicant, at 10 o'clock, Rev. John London officiating, and the remains were interred in the cemetery. The following were the active pallbearers: Wm. Bailey, G. W. Ford, S. P. Biddie, T. H. Lacy, W. H. Pleasant, E. C. Barrow. Honorary—J. S. Barrow, T. B. Wilder, D. C. High, Col. W. H. Yarbrough.

Special School Election.

The special school election which took place in No. 4, Franklinton township, on Tuesday resulted as follows:

Registered Voters	41
Number Voting	41
For Special Tax	32
Against	9

There were a number of voters in the district who failed to register.

—A certain physician claims to have attended 300,000 lectures in his lifetime. It is suggested that the figures must include those delivered by his wife.

THE MOVING PEOPLE.

THEIR MOVEMENTS IN AND OUT OF TOWN.

And Those Who Come and Go, Some for Pleasure, Some for Business and a Large Number Because They Like It.

J. A. Turner visited Henderson this week.

Mr. B. T. Holden attended the anniversary at Wake Forest last week.

Mr. W. W. Boddie returned Monday morning from a visit to Columbia, S. C.

The editor had a pleasant call from Mr. T. C. Harrison, of Weldon, on last Saturday.

Miss Martha Byrd Sprull came home from St. Mary's on Wednesday to see her people.

Mrs. P. S. Suggs, of Tarboro, was here this week, having been summoned to the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Fannie Weddell.

Mr. J. J. Barrow, Clerk Superior Court, is in Philadelphia this week, supervising the arrangement of a model for his invention. During his absence his office is being carefully attended to by his brother, Mr. E. C. Barrow.

Eighteenth Anniversary.

The Neithan and Sea Gift Societies of the Louisa College will celebrate their eighteenth anniversary to-night at 8 o'clock. The literary address will be delivered by Rev. H. M. North. The following are the officers:

Neithan—President, Belle Mitchell; Vice President, Ola Long; Secretary, Patsie Bet Davis; Treasurer, Mary Alford Cooper; Critic, Mary Louise Allen.

Sea Gift—President, May Holmes; Vice President, Mary Foy; Secretary, Elizabeth Joyner; Treasurer—Annie Carroll; Critic, Cassie Marron.

Marahals—Alice Jones Costen, Emma Duke, Marguerite Harris, Mary Helen Webb.

Honor Roll.

The following is the honor roll for the Gatesville School for the week ending Feb. 14th 1908:

2nd grade—Lutie Boone, Lennie White.

3rd grade—Minnie Boone, Stephen Sykes, Elijah Wheelers, Oscar Turnage.

4th grade—Frank Hollingsworth, Ernest Wheelers.

5th grade—Burtis Boone, Maggie Alford.

6th grade—Lissie Alford, Pearl Hollingsworth.

ANNIE J. PERRY, Teacher.

Honor Roll.

The following is the honor roll for Bab Rock School:

FIRST WEEK.

1st grade—Gertie Layton, Sooky and Richmond Upchurch.

2nd grade—Reuben Bunn.

3rd grade—Albert Medlin, Pauline Bowden.

4th grade—Robert Layton, Lizzie Bunn, Annie Medlin.

6th grade—Tommy and Dolphus Medlin, Johnnie and Bonnie Bunn, George Bowden, Mammie Layton.

SECOND WEEK.

3rd grade—Pauline Bowden, Albert Medlin, Ethel Edwards.

4th grade—Annie Medlin.

5th grade—Agnes Medlin.

6th grade—Tommy Medlin.

ALICE M. HINES, Teacher.

Still in the Land of Living Mr. Editor.

If your space is not all spoken for please allow me a little room to tell your readers something of the fine country and rich farming lands along the road I travel while carrying the mail on route no 5. My route is 27

miles long, therefore I have the pleasure of seeing more of this beautiful country than any of the other carriers. I have 84 mail boxes on my route, and I have mail for nearly all of them every day, and that of course pleases my patrons, as there seems to be something about receiving mail, a little like the coming of Santa Claus, to children.

The farmers on my route raise cotton, corn and tobacco, of course like other farmers, but this is not all they raise. Along in the last of the summer it was nothing strange to drive up to a cedar post and find a full grown basket of scuppernon grapes. It looked a little strange to see grapes growing on a mail box post; however, I plucked basket and all, and soon found that was the correct way to harvest them, for often times there would be another full crop the next day. Mr. Tollie Wilson has one of these grape bearing cedars, and Mr. Tom Grissom has one that bears watermelons and grapes, both at the same time. Messrs. Eaves, Hudson, Merritt, Reavis and many others have this same variety of cedars. Nearly all of them bear watermelons (big ones too.) My rule is to gather them the first day they make their appearance, in order to make room for another crop the next day. One might think these cedars bear only in summer, but not so, they are the ever bearing kind. In winter they bear potatoes, turnips, peanuts, locust beans, butter and walnuts, and up at Weldon's corner they even bear spare ribs and back bones. Now this is what I call good farming in a country, and aside from this it is gratifying to say that accommodations of any kind are easy to get. This applies to colored people as well as whites for I am sure it can be said for my route, that I have as many of the "better class" of colored people as any route in the country. Post cards are all the go now, and the young people don't have to go to town when they want them for there is a young lady on the route who makes them for the whole neighborhood and she can't be beaten at the business. The young people in these and decide on the kind they want made, and some times when nearly ready to have the photo made they find that the picture will not have quite beauty enough, then the photographer gets the camera ready and then takes her seat with the group and gets her brother to squeeze the bulb, and in every case the desired beauty is obtained. But I must not forget to mention, I believe Santa-Claus lives somewhere on my route, for on Christmas morning when about half way around my route I found dangling from a mail box, a stocking, full 3 feet long and as long as a stove pipe, full of all kinds of good things. I believe Clyde Grissom knows who put it there but he refuses to tell and I did not press the question of "who put it there?" as I looked after the matter of taking it away.

I guess you and some of your readers will agree with me that this country is almost a land of "Peace and Honey"—no I mean "Milk and Honey." Yes, good people make a good country. I wish to thank the patrons who have placed a receptacle in their mail boxes for pennies. It is a great saving of time and great relief to cold fingers. People who stay in doors all the while say our roads are good now. Old citizens say they have seen them better. During the gale of last Friday night a pine tree was blown down on an engine house belonging to Mr. Harvey Newton in Hayesville township. The house was completely demolished and considerable damage done to the engine. There were several other large trees blown down but no other damage reported.

Yours for service,
CARRIER.