A. F. JOH

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# F THE OLUTIONS

Ten little resolutions all in a lineood man burns his thumb, then there are but nine.

Nine little resolutions wondering at fate\_ en dollars comes in sight, then there are but eight.

Eight tittle resolutions point the way to Long comes poker A ame, then LONG COMES A there are poker came. but saven. -

Seven little resolutions in a sorry fix-

Pretty woman comes along, then there are but six.



Six little resolutions trying hard to thrive-Long comes a horse race, then there are but five.

Five little resolutions, only five, no more-Keyhole can't be found at all, then there are but four.

Four little resolutions still must ray a fee\_ Wife makes some inquiry, then



there are REYHOLE CAN'T BE but three.

Three little resolutions looking very blue-

Some unheard of circumstance brings them down to two.



Two little resolutions pondering what's to be donereacher's

sermon hurts the man, then

there is but one.

One little resolution leaves a

Never mind; next New Year's lay you can make some

Chicago Record-Herald.

# THE SAD FATE OF A RESOLUTIONIST

HE Net Year's resolutionist is thinking hard these days, smoking against time to get rid, of his Christmas cigars and get himself as full of nicotine as possible before joining the anti-tobacco league, making memoranda of the errors of his ways during the past year and buring nice, fat, inviting journals, with 365 white pages and s cover of red leather, lettered in gold.

The New Year's resolution habit is one of those things that won't be snubbed out of fashion, as Valentine's day, New Year's calls and other an cient institutions have been. It is an instructive proceeding, this making of promises, signing of pledges and taking the vows. It shows up one's weaknesses and one's strength to all and sundry, but especially to the signer of pledges and major of promises himself. It proves that two-thirds of the world's resolutions, like ple crust, are made to be broken, and occasionally it wakens up dornant pride and prin-ciples in some wak willed individual and sets him stranuously on his legs.

But the success attained by the man who keeps his resolution unbroken through the year is sometimes of doubtful value. It puffs him up with prids, conceit and intolerance. Having accomplished his feat of strength, he has no patience with the weaker ves sels who fell by the wayside-to put it

Hilbernianly.
One such individual resolved one New Year's day in the flower of his youth to take a cold plunge every morning.

He considered cold plunges good for health and good discipline for a lazy



HE WOULD BRAG AND HE WOULD LIESTON and sleep loving body. He lived down south when he began his early morn-ing aquatic performances, but later he north to live, and he kept right

every morning, winter or summer.

He kept this up for years, and his vigor and bloom were splendid advertisements for the benefits of the cold

plunge habit and incidentally to his strength of will in acquiring and sticking to such habit.

But he had the weakness of his strength. He would brag, and he would lecture people who did not like cold plunges or ene took them only six months of the year. As the years went by he got more and more vigorous and more and more impatient with complaining, late rising, cold catching persons who would not be converted to his ways.

"I rise every morning at \$," he

to his ways.

"I rise every morning at \$," he used to tell every one who could be prevailed upon to listen to him. "Then I draw the tub full of cold water—the colder the better. Then I plunge in, and in ten minutes I am ready to dress after a violent rubdown with the roughest drash in the market. And do I ever have a cold? Am I ever lily I haven't had a pain or an ache in thirty years, and I am never in bed

in thirty years, and I am never in bed after 6 o'clock a. m."

Perhaps it is cruel to tell, but it was a positive relief to his friends when one morning he was found dead in bed at 9:30. The coroner said he had been dead five hours. So his friends been dead five hours. So his friends blamed it all on his not having had the cold pluage at 6. Had he lived until then and taken his usual dip, they said, he never would have fied at all. —New York Eyening Post.



ING out, wild bells, to the wild shy,
The flying cloud, the frosty light.
The year is dying in the night—
Ring out, wild bells, and let him die.

Ring out the old, ring in the new;
Ring, happy bells, across the snow.
The year is going; let him go—
Ring out the false, ring in the true.

Ring out the grief that sape the mind for those that here we see no more; Ring out the feud of rich and poor; Ring in redress to all manhind.

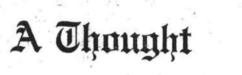
Ring out a slowly dying cause And ancient forms of party strife; Ring in the nobler modes of life, With sweeter manners, purer laws.

Ring out the want, the care, the sin, The faithless coldness of the times Ring out, ring out, my mournful But ring the fuller minetrel in.

Ring out false pride in place and blood, The civic slander and the spite; Ring in the love of truth and right; Ring in the common love of good.

Ring out old shapes of foul disease; Ring out the narrowing lust of gold; Ring out the thousand wars of old; Ring in the thousand years of peace.

Ring in the valiant man and free The larger beart, the hindlier band; Ring out the darkness of the land; Ring in the Christ that is to be.



For The New Year

Shall the world be better the next year, because of your presence in it? Your hor community more uplifted? Here is a new years resolve which imperfect as it is, may have a meaning

Resolved, That for our presence, our wives, our children shall walk in the golden sunlight of happy peace, that because of our word of cheer; our friends shall shoulder more gladly the burden of life; that for our gentleness, our enemies shall forget their hatred. That for our smile, the poor shall be rich, that because our hearts are warm, little children shall shout with crystal gladsome voices. That our hand shall kindly rest on the neck of the animal, that plows our field. That our dog shall nestle at our feet, in simple faithful companionship. That in deed and thought we shall love the great Giver of Time and Years, and that we shall be Brother unto Man. That we shall gather with full hands, the brightness of our souls, and shed it on tour world. That we shall be brave in life's hard battles, and fight the bitterest fight, with the calmest mind, trusting that one great, immensely-loving God, has and holds us in the palm of His hand.

-A. VERMONT.

## **NEW YEAR'S EVE** IN NEW YORK CITY

OU couldn't drag a New York man out of town on New Year's eve, and the only trips he will plan are auto rides in some sequestered locality late on the afternoon of the 1st, so that he can get fresh air and perfect quiet. As for the New York hostesses, when they are arranging for dinners it is with the understanding that the party shall go later to the theater and still later



ENJOYING THEMSELVES

join the throng which is bent on turning night not into day, for no day was ever like New Year's eve in Manhat-tan now, but into a cross between Mardi Gras, a bullfight and a football game, with dashes of a Coney Island

festival and a queen's birthday.

There is one time honored custom of
New Year's eye which will not be cut out, that of going to old Trinity, where the chimes will be rung, but there will be a change even in this. Albert Meislahn, the bell ringer, who had officiated for thirty years, is dead, and a Colum-bia undergraduate is in his place.

At the big hotels and restaurants it is estimated that between 1,000 and 2,000 people will be accommodated by each. Tables have been engaged for weeks, and the demand is so great that all the rooms usually reserved for drawing rooms are to be furnished with suppor tables.

In regard to specific arrangements it is the mode at present to have everything at the hotel table as delicately line as if one were enterfaining at one's own home. If a dish is served that can be carved on the table the hostess wishes to supervise it, and any chafing dish article must have the finishing touches put in by her. Often she will make the salad dressing, all with the notion to give the appearance of the private entertaining with the public environment.

The old time favorites, canvasback and terrapin, are no longer named by those ordering in advance or by the chef who propares the regular menu for such occasions," said a hotel man-ager. "These articles of food are difficult to procure, expensive, and, be-sides, tastes have changed.

"The favorite supper dish now is ome kind of shellfish daintily prepared so that one can hardly recognize its flavor. The approved menu is caviere or oysters on the shell, a consom-me or clam broth en tasse, an entree of sweetbreads, frogs' legs, lobster a la Newburg, game and salad and ices with delicious cakes."

Chrysanthemums and American Beauties lead in the matter of floral decorations, with the usual holiday



GOING TO OLD TRINITY.

background of greens, holly and mistletoe berries and red ribbons. Carnations are also favorites. Many of the reserved tables will have special decorations of flowers and souvenirs sent by the cutertainers. One hostess has ordered an elaborate centerpiece of orchids, with orchids for the women nias for the men.

the hotels will not make Som regard to the kind of liquid nt served. If one wishes a refres cup of a at 2 a. m. at these places get it. But at many of the and restaurants nothing but char ne will be served after a stat-

h the occasion seems to speil this is not really the case. The es to a certain point are to be

ample, may drink all the champagne and cocktails she wants, but if she attempts to light a cigarette she will be asked to desist.

Taking care of a big restaurant or hotel crowd, it is learned, is not so difficult as it sounds. When one of a party becomes bolsterous the head waiter asks the assistance of his own party in keeping him in order, which is usually given with decision. One of the Broadway restaurants which will display the sign "Champagne Only After 10 o'Clock" also offers the explanation that the reason for this is that a crowd champagne fed is merely bilarious and good natured, but when highballs and taixed drinks are served there is always trouble-sfoot for the management.

The price for the table d'hote sup-pers will be about the same in all the first class places. The hotels that do not place an embargo on wine usually go further and serve their patrons a la carte, as much or as little as may be required. The regular sum charged is \$5 for the menu prepared without wine. In the grill rooms, wine vaults, extra supper rooms, less desirable in location, some of the hotels will serve a \$4 supper and a few offer a very attractive menu for \$3.

Besides the hotel and restaurant celebrations most of the clubs will keep open house. The National Arts club will have a special reception for the members, and the members of the Players club, next door on Gramercy park, always foregather, no matter what other attractions there may be, to celebrate founders' night. The lov-ing cup is passed around, a custom inaugurated by Edwin Booth, and after that the doings are wrapped in impenetrable mystery.

The New Year's eve celebration will

by no means be limited to the restaurants, hotels and clubs, although they perhaps furnish the most pictur-



CHAMPAGNE ONLY AFTER TEN O'CLOCK.

esque and interesting elements of the celebration. Broadway will add its decorative features, and hundreds of thousands of people will rush back and forth, if the night be fine, enjoying themselves by watching the fun of other people doing the same thing.

### QUAINT NEW YEAR CUSTOM.

Feast of Asses of the Middle Ages Still Celebrated.

In certain parts of southern France New Year's eve is still celebrated by the famous feast of asses of the middle ages. Before the congregation is admitted to the church a great glow-ing brazier is placed in the nave, upon the stone floor, and a broad path from the entrance of the church to the altar is roped off.

The ceremony begins with a procession of men made up to represent various Biblical characters. At its head walk two priests singing ar old Provencal hymn. When the procession reaches the center of the church six men dressed as Jews of the time of Christ step forward on one side and six gentiles on the other. Two advocates stand between them.

"The Lord is made man," the gendles exclaim.

To this the Jews reply, with rescornful demand for proofs. The advocates then summon the prophets and legislators of the Old Testament. One by one the great personages of the past-Moses, Aaron, Isaiah, Daniel and many more-slowly advance up the aisle and, pausing for a moment in the glare of the brazier, bear witness to the divinity of Jesus and then pass on into the darkness

But the principal figure of the ceremony is Balaam's ass, from which the feast takes its name. The ass, under whose voluminous trappings a child is concealed, bears Balaam up the aisle and when begten by his master rebukes him in a piteous voice through the medium of the concealed child, just as the ass did the real Balaam in the Bible story.

The last personage of the procession is usually Judas, who constitutes the tragic feature of the quaint festival.

New Year's in Europe. In London New Year's day is served with little formality, but in capitals of the continent it is a d official receptions.