

# FRANKLIN TIMES.

F. JOHNSON, EDITOR AND MANAGER

THE FRANKLIN TIMES

LOUISBURG, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1913.

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## TWO DAYS OF ROUTINE

### SUPERVISOR J. S. DAVIS, OF WARREN COUNTY PRESENT

#### Matters of Only Small Importance Come Before the Board—Several Reports Received.

The Board of County Commissioners met on Monday and Tuesday of this week with all members present. The business was mostly routine which was disposed of as follows after the minutes of the previous meeting had been disposed of:

It was ordered that the oldest child of W. P. Wilson be stricken from outside pauper list.

It was ordered that the road laid off by the special commissioners from Louisburg road near the Nash place to the Melford road be declared a public road and that the Road Supervisors appoint an overseer.

The Committee appointed to look after the road near Joe Strickland's reports no change.

The report of Dr. J. E. Molone, Superintendent of Health, was received and ordered filed.

T. P. Dean was allowed eight joints of 18 inch piping to place across road near his home.

It was ordered that Ned Davis be instructed to carry his horse to Wood's Store on October 10th so that Chairman W. S. Collier can see the horse and assess the proper damages for falling through bridge.

Candler-Crowell Co., was allowed a refund of taxes on \$1800—an error in listing taxes.

G. B. H. Stallings was allowed twenty feet of 20 inch piping to go across the road near his home.

The Seaboard Air Line railway was refunded \$2.15—the amount overpaid in 1911.

Pearce Bros., was relieved of taxes on \$500.00 for 1912—a correction in the assessing of property.

Mr. J. S. Davis, Road Supervisor, of Warren County, was before the Board in the interest of a bridge across Shocco Creek and also a road near Fishing Creek. The matter was referred to Chairman Collier as a committee with instructions to meet Mr. Davis at Wood's store on Friday to consider the matter.

The report of F. R. Pleasants, Manager Medical Depository, was received and filed.

Report of E. N. Williams, Superintendent County Home, was received and filed. He reports seven white and sixteen colored inmates.

The allowance of Richard Young, an outside pauper, was increased from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per month.

It was ordered that the Health Officer's salary be increased from \$300.00 to \$500.00 per year.

The report of W. H. Allen, Sheriff, was received and ordered recorded.

By order the tax books for 1913 were turned over to the Sheriff.

Susan Laws and child were allowed to be placed on outside pauper list at \$8.00 per month.

After allowing a number of accounts the Board adjourned to its next regular meeting.

## Death of Mrs. Burt F. Wilder.

At the home of her son, Mr. Melvin Wilder, who lives six miles east of this place, Mrs. Burt F. Wilder departed this life last Friday in the 78th year of her age.

Mrs. Wilder had been in poor health for several months, but only recently was she considered critically ill.

She was for many years a devout and useful member of the Rock Springs Baptist Church, and will be greatly missed from her church and community.

Her husband and six children survive her, Mrs. P. B. Griffin and Mrs. W. N. Fuller, Miss Sophia Wilder, Messrs. John, Melvin and Bernard F. Wilder.

Her remains were brought to town Saturday afternoon, and entered in the Oaklawn cemetery in the presence of a large concourse of loved ones and friends.

Her pastor, Rev. Mack Stamps, assisted by Rev. W. M. Gilmore, conducted the funeral at the residence.

The floral offering was large and beautiful.

## Knocked Senseless

What came near being a very serious occurrence was the runaway on Monday evening of a pair of mules hitched to a wagon and throwing Mr. N. M. Perry, who was driving them, from the wagon with such force that it stunned him so much that it was four or five hours before he completely recovered, although

save being very sore all over the body not suffering any injury. It seems he had been to the mill to have his wagon weighed after having sold a load of hay and upon leaving the mill the steam began to pour off which scared his mules. They began to run and Mr. Perry feeling that he could stop them remained in the wagon and used his efforts to that end, but the bit on the wilder mule broke and rendered his efforts useless. Before he had time to decide what to do the team turned the corner of Kenmore Avenue and Cheatham Street and threw him out with terrific force, his head going up to his shoulders in a surface ditch which was lined with terra cotta piping. Mr. Perry's brother, who witnessed the entire performance, ran to his rescue and with the assistance of others took him to the office of the oil mill and a doctor was summoned. He was taken home and never fully regained consciousness until about ten o'clock that night. He was on the streets again Tuesday afternoon, but was complaining of being very sore. The mules were stopped only a short distance from the trouble.

## A Sketch of Florence Nightingale.

At a "Social Service" meeting of the W. M. S., of the Methodist Church last week, the following interesting sketch was read:

In the one flawless character, that has been given to the world, we find, as its keynote, service. "The Son of Man came not to be ministered unto, but to minister," and it would be an assertion by no means too sweeping to say that every life, no matter how brilliant its equipment or grand its achievements, is a failure unless it has rendered some help to humanity, collectively or individually. We may not all be known to fame, but God's approval is not limited to great and heroic deeds. The "cup of cold water" may be given in His name, and even the menial tasks of our daily lives, if done in the right spirit, may exalt us into kinship with the Eternal, "who sweeps a room," as for His sake, makes that and the action fine.

My first acquaintance with the name of Florence Nightingale came about when I was a mere child. I remember seeing an anagram made from the letters of her name, "Flit on cheering angel," and I thought it beautiful when I understood the mission of her life. She was born during the first quarter of the nineteenth century in one of the ancestral homes of England. She possessed a tender, sympathetic heart, an unselfish disposition, a brave, heroic spirit, and an intellect strong and capable.

[One day, during her childhood, while riding with some ministers over her father's estate, she passed a shepherd and his flock and noted the absence of a favorite dog. On being told that "Cap" had broken his leg, she sprang from her horse and going to the wounded animal caressed him most tenderly. The minister suggested that a warm compress might relieve the pain, so she called to the shepherd's boy, had a fire kindled and, for several hours, stayed beside the poor creature, applying hot cloths to the injured leg. It was found that the bone was not broken after all, and under her treatment "Cap" got well again. This little incident, though simple, gives an insight to her character—even as a child she was willing to lay aside her own pleasure, and accept the irksome and disagreeable if, by so doing, she could minister to the comfort of a crippled dog.]

As the mother visited among the sick and destitute of her tenantry, Florence was often her companion, and always, where there was need for her services, she was ready. As she grew older her quick sympathy and real skill in nursing won for her the deep love and gratitude of her dependents. Her father's wealth gave her the advantages of a most thorough education, but through all her work there ran the desire of helping others, and she at last decided to study nursing as a profession. It was about this period she met Elizabeth Fry and was impressed with the beauty of her work in the prisons of England. (Those who have read Adam Bude will remember the Quakeress who visited the prison in which poor, pretty Hetty Sorrell awaited death, and spent with her the night before the expected execution. The prayer she offered for the despairing girl is little short of inspiration. It is said that George Eliot found in Elizabeth Fry the original for this beautiful portrait.)

After studying for months in Germany, and working in hospitals and in the ragged schools of London, Miss Nightingale was at last called to the scenes which gave her world-wide fame—the terrible scenes of bloodshed in the Crimean war. The accounts of

the sufferings of the sick and wounded soldiers, that her country had sent to a distant land, were harrowing, and the situation was most appalling, but touched, by the appeal of her friend and neighbor, Dr. Hubert, who was then Secretary of War, her brave spirit made ready response, and she had soon organized a band of thirty-eight nurses, who were willing to go with her on her errand of mercy. They reached the great barrack hospital of Scutari the day before the bloody battle of Inkerman. This vast hospital, with its thousands of patients, was one of eight that needed the care of these noble women, and the conditions were such as to sicken the hearts and crush the spirits of any less determined than themselves, but under the leadership of Florence Nightingale they rose to the occasion, and did a work that shall, for all time, compel the admiration of the world. With fine executive ability she managed her forces and gave her orders with such tact, as well as firmness, as to accomplish much that seemed impossible. With noiseless step the "Lady with the Lamp," as Longfellow called her, wound her way amid those scenes of suffering, touching with tender hand the fevered brow, binding with gentlest skill the wounded limb, and breathing words of hope and courage to despairing hearts. One said of her, "She could not speak to us all, you know, but we could kiss her shadow as it fell, and lay our heads on the pillow again content."

At last Miss Nightingale was forced by failing health to return home for rest. Here she found a grateful country anxious to lay honors at her feet, but she firmly declined all public demonstration. From her sick room letters of encouragement and help were sent forth, and even books on hospital management—for her heart was in her work. She spent fifty years of retirement from public service, but those years were still full of help to those who needed help. She died in 1910, leaving the profession of trained nursing a living memorial to her womanly tenderness and dauntless heroism.

## BETTER BABIES CONTEST.

### State-wide Campaign for Better Babies at the State Fair—Valuable Prizes.

Final plans and arrangements have just been made for a State-wide Better Babies Health Contest to be held at the State Fair at Raleigh, October 20th to 25th. This health contest will be under the management of the State Board of Health. There will be none of the old time beauty show of voting contest connected with it. The babies will be given a mental test, then weighed and measured and given a thorough physical examination by a corps of the best specialists on children in the State. At every examination the child will be graded or scored, the total score for a perfect baby being 1,000.

While the State Fair Association, the Woman's Clubs, the Woman's Home Companion and others have contributed somewhere between \$400 and \$500 for prizes for the best babies, it is pointed out that by far the greater value of the contest will be in having the experts point out to the mothers any defects they may find in the babies, and tell them how to remedy them.

There is no entry fee or charge whatsoever connected with the contest. It is open to any white child in the State between the ages of 6 months and 36 months. Careful arrangements have been made to have everything provided for the care, protection and comfort of the mothers and babies. Test tents with cots will be provided for the sleepy babies and tired mothers, and one or more trained nurses will be in charge at all times.

Anyone wishing to enter the contest should write the State Board of Health at once, being sure to state the day they will be at the fair, so a time can be named for judging the baby.

## Meeting of U. D. C.

At a meeting of the U. D. C. held at the residence of Mrs. Dr. J. E. Malone on Wednesday afternoon, we are informed the unveiling of the Confederate Monument was postponed until Memorial Day, May 10th, 1914. The postponement was due to the fact that they were advised that it would be wise on account of the weather conditions and we are informed the contractors were having trouble in getting the proper material for its manufacture. No doubt the date will be more agreeable to all.

—It is said that religion will make a man love his enemy. But an upstate county paper spoils the effect of the statement by declaring it has seen whiskey do the same thing.

## TOWN COMMISSIONERS

### MET IN REGULAR SESSION FRIDAY NIGHT.

#### Only Small Meeting—Several Reports Making Good Showing Was Received.

The Board of Town Commissioners met in regular session on last Friday night with all members present. The minutes of the previous meeting was read and approved, after which business was disposed of as follows:

The report of Chief of Police, J. C. Tucker, was received and ordered filed. He reports costs \$27.95; rents \$85.34; licenses \$58.50; fines \$9.00.

The report of A. W. Alston, Clerk, was received and ordered filed. He reports collection from lights and water for August of \$614.68, an increase of \$111.63 over the same month last year. He also reports a collection of old water and light rents of \$216.19.

A motion prevailed that the College and all other parties be allowed a rate of 12 1/2 cents per k. w. for lights up to 199, and 200 k. w. for \$20.00, and all over 200 k. w. to be at a rate of 6 cents per k. w. net.

A motion prevailed to allow the expense bill of \$7.40 for bringing Burke Pace to Louisburg from Weldon.

A matter that proved of much interest was informally given to the Board by Clerk Alston in the figures that the collections for September for water and lights would be \$708.08, or \$232.51 above the month of September, 1912.

The Board adjourned to its next regular meeting after allowing a number of accounts.

## Live Stock.

Atlanta, Ga., October 5.—As a part of its work for the upbuilding of the live stock industry in the Southeast, the Live Stock department of the Southern Railway periodically issues a bulletin telling of stock for sale or exchange of stock desired to be purchased. The bulletin is compiled from information furnished by stock owners and copies are mailed to over 15,000 farmers and dealers.

Through this bulletin a large number of sales have been made and many farmers have been enabled to get stock of just the type they desired. Instead of sending good sires to the slaughter house after serving their allotted time with one herd, many owners have through this bulletin been enabled to effect an exchange whereby each added years of usefulness to the life of a good animal.

The entire expense of issuing the bulletin is borne by the Southern Railway Co. F. L. Ward, Live Stock Agent, Atlanta, Ga., will be glad to send copies to any farmer or to include in the bulletin information in regard to stock for sale or exchange.

## SIMMONS.

### Some of the Characteristics of a Man Looming to the Front.

To the Editor of The Observer:—An humble North Carolinian, proud of her history and traditions, proud of her distinguished sons who have enriched the annals of the Nation, as well as those of the State of their birth and love, allow me, through the columns of your paper to congratulate Senator Simmons on his masterful management of the tariff bill. With faultless fidelity and unflinching loyalty to the platform of his party, he was, in the beginning of his great fight, confronted with a divided sentiment in his own party, and a splendidly organized opposition. Not only well organized, but with practical the same voting strength, and yet he won out, and with votes to spare. This triumph has won for him an imperishable niche in the pantheon of fame.

No man in public life has so developed in statesmanship, in broadness of intellectual vision, in grasp of public affairs. Those of us who hold to a different political faith regarded him as only a wirepuller, who would never exercise much influence in the national councils of his party. How woefully we were deceived, how little we knew of his mental strength, his corresponding power over men, his aptitude for great work in great emergencies. A born fighter, of dauntless courage, of sublime faith in the principles of his party, he does not know the meaning of the word surrender. As Chairman of the great Finance Committee, a less able, a less trained, a less diplomatic statesman, confronting the obstacles in the way of the passage of the tariff bill, would have flinched, faltered and finally failed. But he, with patient

persistence, with a mastery of details, with forceful logic and earnest persuasion, won a victory which will enshrine his name in every Democratic heart. No splendor of oratory, no brilliancy of repartee, no caustic invective, no spectacular display could have accomplished his achievement. What will be the real result of the victory to the great mass of the people no man can tell, yet I abide the hope that it will prove a wholesome, prolific, fruit-bearing tree.

That was a specially handsome compliment that Senator Gallinger, the leader of the Republicans in the Senate, paid to Senator Simmons on the passage of the bill. As a Republican I am proud of Gallinger, as a North Carolinian I am proud of Simmons. Time, nor chance can efface the memory of his valiant victory. He stands on a level with the most distinguished sons of North Carolina, and in "the after years" when her great dead roll-blested of the Muses, is numbered, the name of F. M. Simmons will stand among the first. Another of his virtues is loyalty to a friend. If he promises to support you, though cautious in the promise, he will stand by you to a finish. He has big backbone, and no man is great or manly without it.

Lake Kanuga, Sept. 16. F. M.

## About Animals.

We are beginning to receive reports of some diseases that spread over the entire state last fall. Mycotic Stomatitis, or sore mouth and feet of cattle. This is a disease caused by cattle eating food containing irritating fungi, which causes an inflammatory condition of the mouth, tongue, nostrils, udder and teats.

THE CAUSE—The disease is the result of cattle eating food containing irritating fungi, the fungi is usually found on the grasses during an unusually hot, wet season, immediately after heat and moisture being conducive to its growth.

SYMPTOMS—The first symptom usually noticed is a dripping of saliva from the mouth; inability to graze, sluggishness of the cattle, a slight stiffness of gate and inclination to lie down most of the time. Upon making a careful examination, the mucous membrane would be found inflamed and red, or, if the disease has progressed far enough, small ulcers may be found. The first portion usually affected is the dental pad, which takes the place of the front teeth in the upper jaw; this becomes inflamed and raw, consequently, the cattle are unable to graze, not being able to cut the grass blades, but could eat feed already cut. From this point, if not properly treated, the inflammation will spread until the entire mouth and tongue are involved, becoming raw, making it impossible for the cattle to eat anything. In some cases the outer portion of the lips and nostrils are involved.

In milk cattle, there is a great decrease in the milk flow, heavy milkers may completely dry up in a few days. Small red spots may be seen in the udder and teats. A temperature of 105d F. to 107d F. is frequently seen. If the feet are examined carefully small red spots or ulcers may be seen at the top of the hoof or between the toes.

TREATMENT—If the affected animals are on pasture they should be moved to some place where they can be properly treated and fed on bran, bran mashes, or other easily masticated food and given plenty of fresh water. In each gallon of water put one teaspoonful of chlorate of potash. The mouth should be well washed two or three times a day with a three percent water solution of carbolic acid, or creolin or some other reliable antiseptic. The cattle should be kept in a dry, clean place, in order to keep the feet as free from dirt as possible. The feet should also be washed several times a day with an antiseptic solution. One of the most important things is to see that the cattle get something that they can eat. If constipated, give a pound of Epsom salts dissolved in one quart of warm water. If properly treated, the loss should not exceed one or two percent.

## County Meeting.

The Franklin County Farmers Union met on first Thursday in October. The President, Bro. T. J. Harris, called the Union to order and Bro. J. B. Fulghum led in prayer.

The delegation present was small on account of its being such a busy season with the farmers.

The main topic for discussion at this meeting was "The Ways and Means by Which a Rural Telephone System May Be Established in Franklin County." A committee consisting of Brethren J. B. Fulghum, H. D. Egerton and J. O.

Sledge had been appointed to make investigations. Their report was encouraging and hopeful, and we believe it is only a short period of time before we shall have a good telephone system throughout the county.

By invitation, Mr. R. B. White, County Superintendent of Schools, came before the Union and made an excellent address along educational lines. Mr. White referred to some things the Union has accomplished, and pointed out some things which he believed would be well for the Union to undertake. His address was interesting, instructive, and inspiring. The Union hopes to have the pleasure of hearing Mr. White often.

It was moved and carried that we change our time of meeting from the first Thursday in each month to the first Saturday in each month, and meet promptly at 1:00 p. m. The brethren will please make note of the change, and send a good delegation to the next county meeting on first Saturday in November.

T. H. Sledge, Co. Sec.-Treas.

## In Memoriam.

Comparatively for a short time Mrs. S. D. Bartholomew was permitted by our loving, heavenly Father, to fill her stations in life; a beautiful maiden, a devoted and loving wife and mother, an affectionate daughter, and grand daughter, and when summoned to yield her spirit to God who gave it, calmly and peacefully fell "asleep in Jesus." May God in His infinite mercy and compassion pour the balm of consolation into the hearts of the bereaved ones, who mourn her loss so deeply!

During her lingering illness the efforts of physicians, the ministrations of loved ones around her bedside, did not avail to change the decision of the Great "I Am," who is "too wise to err, and too good to be unkind."

Mrs. Bartholomew's name was enrolled at Fishing Creek Church (Baptist denomination) at an early age, as a member of same, and ever after she was willing to identify herself as one who wishes to be a Christian.

On her death bed she prayed earnestly that God would show her plainly that she would be taken to heaven after death. Soon after, she exclaimed, that in a vision, or perhaps it was a dream, she viewed the gate of heaven, opened for her entrance.

Mrs. Bartholomew was born April 13th, 1887, and was the mother of three children—Easie Gray, Bettie Will and Grady Sykes (nearly 3 years of age).

The burial services, conducted by her pastor, Rev. Walter Bobbitt, were peculiarly solemn and impressive.

Most exquisitely beautiful flowers were placed on her grave, thus showing the tender love of those relatives, so devoted to their dear "Geneva."

Lord! she was thine, and not our own,

Thou hast not done us wrong—  
We truly thank Thee for the loan  
Afforded us so long.

Written by  
ONE OF HER LOVING FRIENDS.

## Real Estate Deals.

During the past week we have gathered the following changes in ownership of Louisburg real estate:

J. D. Hill has purchased the R. H. Strickland store on Nash street.

J. R. Bunn has purchased the residence on Kenmore Avenue belonging to W. F. Beasley.

T. G. Hill has purchased the F. S. Spruill building on the corner of Court and Market streets.

Miss Cora Cooke and others have purchased the residence on Main Street, now occupied by them from Mrs. Mary H. Jones, of Raleigh.

Mr. W. H. Perdue has purchased the residence on the corner of Kenmore Avenue and Tarboro street, from Mr. J. S. Howell.

Mr. R. H. Strickland has purchased the J. S. Howell residence on the corner of Main and Tarboro streets now occupied by Mr. J. R. Bunn.

## Demonstration.

The interest around the popular establishment of L. P. Hicks, on the corner of Main and Nash Streets, has been greatly increased the past week by the demonstration of the South Bend Range, which has been conducted by Mr. William Moss, of Henderson. This is recognized as a splendid range, and the demonstration has been greatly admired by many. Nice delicacies were served, products of the stove's capacity, that were also greatly enjoyed. Quite a large number of the ladies have taken in the occasion and declare it a great success.