## BREAKS RELATIONS

 WITH GERMANY ATTITUDE STILL DECLARED TO BE ONE OF WAITING tion Was GIren to Hearing Reports
of Department Heads; Little Welgnt Of Department Heads; Little Welght
Attached to Seemingly Favorable Intervie
On last Saturday President WII son addressed a jolnt session of
Congress on the German situa. - Hon concerning the general U. - boat bloekade order in which he * sador Von Bernstoff his passpports Hions with the Imperial German tions with the Imperial German
Government. This aetion was
enthusfastlically cheered by Conenthusfastically cheered by Congress and has met a popular ap
proval from all parts of the Vn
fon. The President lon. The President declared he
would use every efiort and means
to protect the honor and Integrity of the United States and if neees sitty arose he woind appear before
Congress again and ask for sucl Congress again and ask fo
means as was necessary.

Washington, Feb. 6.-Every phase bring the United States to war with Ca-many was discussed by President
Wal on and his advisers at today's Garmany after all might modify her new submarine campaign so as
avoid making an active enemy America was touched upon, as
the probable position of other tention was siven to reports by each member upon the energetic efforts
his department of the government
prepare for war if it is to come. In some quarters here the interview
given by Foreign Ministor Z'me'cr-
mann in Berlin expressing friendy mann in Berlin expressing a friendy
feelling toward the United state feeling toward the United sutes as a favorable sign. Little
viewed as
weight was attached to it by the cabtweight was attached to it by the cabs-
net, however, for the foreign minis-
ter's remark that he hoped the Amerter's remark that he hoped the Amer-
ican government would understand
Germany's reasons for inaugurating Germany's reasons for inaugurating
unrestricted warfare on the sea was unrestricted warfare on the sea was
construed as meaning that no change
of course was to be expected. Eavestone Ineldent Not Important Preliminary reports of the sinking
of the British steanier Eavestone and of the British steanier Eavestone and
the killing of an American negro scaman are not regarded as establishin
such a case as will be the signal for hostilttes. A brief dispatch frow nounced the destruction of the ship
and the killing of the Amerfcan sailor by shells striking a boat which had
just left the vessel. A complete re purt wil be awaited, but officiais be
Heve that circumstances surroundin this incident indicate an attempt on
the part of the Eavestone to resist or escape from an attacking submarine.
There also is involved the quesuun
of whether the ship was in the ser of whether the ship was in the ser
vice of the Britisin government. Te consur's disp.tch referred to her as
"provisional collier," but as the terin of coal carrying craft generally, no much signticance is attached to the
consul's description. Moreover, it
suggested that the message might suggested that the message might
have been garbled by skeletonizins for the cable.

## Position One of Walting.

The position of the government was
said to be still one of waiting qufte: the Cabinet meeting. It was stated
oflicially that there had been no developments to change that atttude.
It also was explained authoritatively that the next stop of the Unitted Stat-
that
es, if one is necessary, will be taken Wis, ithout addreesing any inquiry to
to Germany. It American Hives or ships are fllegally destroyed by the Cier the fact is established to the Prestdent's satisfaetion.
Entente diplomatio representative
Here allowed it to becombe known during the day that while, highly grattfled over the break with Germany, they were not at all anxlous to seg
the Unted States actually drawn Into the war. They frankly expressed a ately prectptated the rupture for the
purpose of starting military prepara.
Hons fin Amertes ind




