THE FRANKLIN TIMES Issued Every Friday 215 Court Street A. F. JOHNSON, Editor and Manager James A. Johnson, Assistant Editor and Manager SUBSCRIPTION RATES ght Months ... 1.00 AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION New York City Entered at the Postoffice at Louisburg, N. C. as second

The defense program is beginning to move at last. Big airplane contracts have been placed, along with contracts for powder, tanks and other necessities. It takes time for American industry to change over to war production after decades in which our security was never threatened. But once it gets going, the experts feel, the results will be astonishing. No other country in the world has anywhere near our industrial machineand no other nation is so potentially powerful, once it shakes off its lethargy and gets down to the business of preparing against aggression in dead earnest.

CONSUMER PROFITS HERE

Today much of the world faces the grim specter of famine. But here in the United States we still have the blessing of plenty.

A Department of Agriculture survey shows that abundant supplies of nearly all foodstuffs will be available for the coming year. Increases in production of edible fats and oils are expected to continue. The fresh fruit supply will be slightly above last year, and large wheat and rice crops are anticipated. In the case of most foods, there will be enough to meet all domestic requirements, and to provide surpluses for export.

Other surveys indicate that the demands of war material production in our factories will not seriously dislocate production of consumer goods. We may have to do without a few manufactured luxuries as time goes on, but there will be plenty of the necessities.

If our productive facilities are to prove of maximum benefit to the consumer, another factor must enter inand that factor is the distributor. Abundance on the farm is wasted unless the crops can be delivered to the buyer at minimum cost. And efficiency in the factory can be offset by inefficiency and waste in distribution.

But the consumer need not worry. The American distribution machine, like the American productive machine, is the most efficient in the world. Our competitive system, with all kinds of distributers, chain and independent, seeking to outserve each other, must be given credit for this. When you enter a store and make a purchase you're getting more for your money, all things considered, than the buyer in any other nation.

LOYALTY COMES FIRST

Today the American people are in no mood to countenance disloyalty of any kind-no matter where it may be. Loyalty must be unqualified from those in high places and in low.

A short time ago one of the nation's leading newspapers investigated the business activities of a commercial agent of the German government in this country. This agent had rented a local home under an assumed name to negotiate deals of all kinds with some American business men. Great secrecy surrounded the transactions. Much of what actually occurred is still shrouded in mystery, but enough has been disclosed to shock the country. A few business men apparently worked on the principle that nothing counted save profits. This is on a par with labor leaders who would call a strike to further their own ends, regardless of its effect on our defense program.

One of the business men involved has been discharged from his position by his company. It is time for both government and industry to work together to disclose any other machinations of this kind that may exist. The overwhelming majority of American business men are true patriots, but there are a few who are for saleeven as there are a small number of labor leaders and government officials who are for sale-and the country must be rid of them.

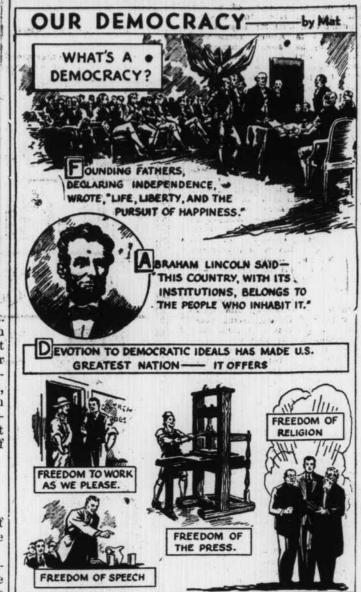
For some years the government has pursued a policy of fighting business. It has attempted to destroy private companies, which are most vital to defense, which have done much to serve the people, and which are doing the finest kind of a job in meeting the present emergency. Wouldn't it be wiser now for government to work with, not against industries of all kind—and, at the same time, help rid all industry of the Judases it contains? That is the only kind of policy that can secure total defense for America.

REMOVING THE IFS

There is a big IF in increased farm production, as "Food Marketing in New England," a publication of the First National Stores of Somerville, Mass., recently pointed out. The IF is this: "More of farm products are fine, IF they can be marketed and consumed, and, by being turned into dollars, can bring the modern joys of living to the producer and his family."

We tried a government enforced policy of deliberate

We tried a government-enforced policy of deliberate scarcity-and it was a dismal failure. We destroyed crops and livestock, while people in other parts of the nation were close to starvation. That policy has been



abandoned. We have learned that a policy of abundance is the only policy that can lead to a healthier, happier nation—a nation whose people enjoy the highest possible standard of living in good times and bad.

Now for the IF. As production increases, the facilities for distributing the produce must increase with itand must grow more efficient. That is where massmerchandising comes in. Both chain stores and organized independent stores have tackled the problem. More local advertising, more attractive displays, better bargains for the consumer, reduced overhead and "in-between costs," better service of all kinds-these are the things which stimulate consumer demand. In the last few years, almost epochal progress has been made. The spread between the price paid the farmer and the price charged the consumer is at record lows. That is true to a large extent in the case of manufactured and processed goods.

The problem has not been 100 per cent solved. But there can be no question but what mass-merchandising is moving in the right direction. It is serving agriculture and industry better than they were ever served before. It is doing that without government subsidies, without special privileges, and it is doing it under our traditional competitive system. Every step forward that it makes is likewise a step forward for all the producers and workers of the nation.

Why do radio programs seem, better after midnight,

No husband can please his wife is she chooses to fight.

Ambition, endeavor, qualities.

A good deed gets about the same attention these days as a homely face.

THE POCKETBOOK of KNOWLEDGE TOPES



WHO CAN ENTER SCHOOL

Schools are opening this week, and we are frequently asked about the age of beginning chil-dren. The following is a copy of Machinery Act of the State School Machinery Act of 1939: "Sec. 22½. Children to be entitled to enrollment in the

public schools for the school year one thousand nine hundred thirty-nine-forty, and each year thereafter, must be six years of age on or before Octo-ber first of the year in which they enroll, and must enroll during the first month of the

school year." This is a State Law, passed by the Legislature, and it is our understanding that we have no auderstanding that we have no aufirst grade who cannot meet this
first grade who cannot meet this
requirement. Those of us who
are charged with the training of
children should set an example in
obedience to Law, and it is hoped
that no parents will ask teachers
the requirement of the registered, from 9 A. M. until
Sunset on each day, except Sundays and holidays, beginning Satrequirement 28,
children should set an example in
obedience to Law, and it is hoped
that no parents will ask teachers
the registered, from 9 A. M. until
Sunset on each day, except Sundays and holidays, beginning Satrequirement.

1940. On each Saturday during
obedience to Law, and it is hoped
that no parents will ask teachers obedience to Law, and it is hoped that no parents will ask teachers or principals to do anything that is not lawful. We hope all of our patrons will cooperate with the teachers and principals in every way possible to make the schools. teachers and principals in every way possible to make the schools what they should be. Visit the schools when you can, talk to the principals and teachers about the work your children are doing in school.

W. R. MILLS.

The election officers, subject the Municipal Finance Act, as amended, for the purpose of paying the cost of constructing a sanitary sewer system for said Town of Bunn, North Carolina.

Section 2. That the maximum said bonds.

Section 2. That the maximum said bonds.

By order of the Board.

By order of the Board.

W. R. MILLS, County Superintendent.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL BOND ELECTION TOWN OF BUNN, NORTH CAROLINA A special election will be held

between 7 A. M. and Sunset, Eastern Standard Time, Tuesday, October 8, 1940, at which there will be submitted to the qualified vo-ters of the Town of Bunn the fol-Section 1. That the Town of tion as provided by law. lowing questions:

September 2, 1940, authorizing amended, for the purpose of paythe issuance of not exceeding ing the cost of constructing a
\$16,000 bonds of the Town of
Bunn for the purpose of paying
Town of Bunn, North Carolina.

September 2, 1940, authorizing terest of said bonds shall be an the issuance of not \$8,000 bonds of the exceeding Town of

be approved?
Each of the questions hereinabove set forth contains a state-ment of the purpose for which the bonds are authorized by the ordinance referred to in such questions. If said bonds are issued a tax will be levied for the payment of the principal and interest thereof on all taxable proper-

ty in the Town of Bunn.

For said election the regular registration books for elections in said Town shall be used, and such books shall be open for the registration of voters not theretofore

O. J. ROCHESTER, 9-6-1t-9-20-1t Town Clerk.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF \$16,000 WATER BONDS BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of Commissioners of the Board of Commissioners of the Town of of Commissioner

g questions:

Bunn issue its bonds pursuant to Shall an ordinance passed the Municipal Finance Act, as amended, for the purpose of payisuance of not exceeding ing the cost of constructing a lished on the 6th day of Septem-

the cost of constructing a water Section 2. That the maximum of said ordinance must be com-works system for said Town of aggregate principal amount of menced within thirty days after works system for said Town of aggregate principal amount of the Bunn, and a tax for said bonds, said bonds to be issued is \$16,000. its first publication.

Section 3. That a tax suffice O. J. ROCHESTER, e approved?

Section 3. That a tax sufficient to pay the principal and in-9-6-2t

nually levied and collected. Section 4. That a statement

Bunn for the purpose of paying of the debt of the Town of Bunn the cost of constructing a sanitary has been filed with the clerk and sewer system for said Town of Bunn, and a tax for said bonds,

Section 5. That this ordinance of the debt of the Town of Bunn

shall take effect when approved by the voters of the Town of Bunn, North Carolina, at an elec-

tion as provided by law.

The foregoing ordinance was passed on the 2nd day of September, 1940, and was first published on the 6th day of September, 1940. Any action or proceeding questioning the validity of said ordinance must be commenced within thirty days after its first publication.

O. J. ROCHESTER.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE ISSUANCE OF \$8,000 SANITARY SEWER BONDS

BE IT ORDAINED by the Board of Commissioners of the Town of Bunn:

Section 1. That the Town of Bunn issue its bonds pursuant to

Section 3. That a tax sufficient to pay the principal and interest of said bonds shall be annually levied and collected.

Section 4. That a statement of the debt of the Town of Bunn

Bunn, North Carolina, at an elec-

ber, 1940. Any action or pro-ceeding questioning the validity



FULL QUART

"Crescent"

Salad Dressing 20° or Relish

FULL QUART "Virginia Maid"

A-1 CRACKERS, Fresh Stock, 1 lb. pkg. 9c

FRESH FIG BARS, 1 lb. cello. pkg. 10c

SCHOOL "DAZE" SUPPLIES All Tablets, Composition Books, Note Book

Fillers, All other 5c Items, 6 FOR

Kellogs Rice Flakes, fresh stock, 2 pkgs. .. 25c

23°
25°
25°
10°
c up

	PRODUCE VALUES	90
	Fancy White 2 Seedless GRAPES lbs.	15°
	New Large Size	15°
,	Good Size Cal.	100
	LEMONS, dozen Fancy Yellow	100
	ONIONS, 3 lbs Fancy California	10
	CARROTS, 2 bu	19,

Week - End Meat Values

15°	SMALL T-BONE STEAK, Pound	30°
	15°	18c NATIVE LAMB SHOULDER, Pound SMALL T-BONE STEAK, Pound FRESH SPARE RIBS, 1b. FRESH FISH and OYSTER

W. MURPHY AND SON

"LOUISBURG'S COMPLETE FOOD MARKET"

FRESH BARBECUE Thu. - Fri. - Sat.