

Senator Bailey's Record; What More Could Be Asked?

Americans like fair play. They like to see everyone have a chance, but they detest seeing anyone taken advantage of through hook, crook or threat in which a false picture is not painted. Specifically this applies to efforts which are being made to tear down Senator Josiah W. Bailey's record in the Congress of the United States.

To say that Senator Bailey has fought the farm program, the chief executive of this nation, or any other program, individual or group, and letting it go at that is like ploughing a furrow around a field and then declaring the field ploughed.

Since 1935, Congress has passed about 110 acts for the benefit of the farmers. The record shows that Senator Bailey has supported all, save two or three of those acts, and that those which he did not support have been held unconstitutional by the courts. In other words, each year in the last seven, Congress has passed an agricultural appropriation bill creating benefit payments, parity payments, soil and conservation payments. Each of those acts each year for seven years has been supported by Senator Bailey. They constitute the principal farm measures, as everyone knows.

In addition, Senator Bailey supported the fundamental Farm Act which was passed in 1935 and is known as the Soil Conservation Act. This took the place of the 1933 act which was not supported by Senator Bailey and which was declared unconstitutional by the United States Supreme Court. Strangely enough, some of Senator Bailey's sternest critics have based their entire opposition upon his vote on measures which have been declared invalid by the nation's highest tribunal. Do they fail to appreciate the value of having a man in Washington who is able enough to determine the validity of a bill before it is put into effect, only to be cast out months later as unconstitutional after the whole farm set-up has been altered to comply with its regulations?

Here are some other accomplishments of Senator Bailey:

Introduced the act giving special status to producers of Irish potatoes. This act passed the Senate and afterward the House. Under this legislation, the parity price of Irish potatoes is now \$1.05 a bushel. Very recently, Senator Bailey was active in supporting the legislation prohibiting price-fixing authorities from fixing the prices of agricultural products until they reach 110 per cent of parity. (This means that the Irish potato must be selling for \$1.14 per bushel before the price-fixing authorities can fix the price.)

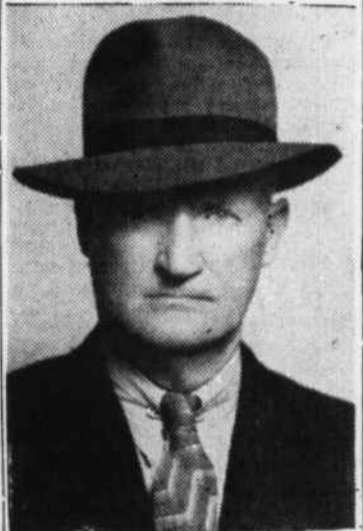
Furthermore, Senator Bailey introduced the amendment to the Agricultural Acts of 1934 establishing peanuts as a staple farm commodity; that amendment is the basis of all legislation favorable to the peanut producers since.

In voting for the act to prohibit the fixing of farm prices until they reach 110 per cent of parity, Senator Bailey aided in establishing parity plus 10 per cent for tobacco, cotton, corn, wheat, peanuts, Irish potatoes and other staple farm products.

Last year, then, Senator Bailey put up a fight to prevent an increase of taxes on cigarettes. He won out in this battle both in the committee and in the Senate. While a small tax was added in conference between the House and Senate, the senior Tar Heel Senator was not a member of the conference committee.

Thus, it is shown that Senator Bailey has voted for all legislation favorable to the farmer, provided that legislation was sound and was able to stand up under the scrutiny of the U. S. Supreme Court. He has voted also for far-reaching legislation affecting this country's destiny in other fields. He hasn't been afraid to criticize and has never been a "yes-man" for any individual or any interest. If he has considered a measure good for his state and nation he has supported it. If he has deemed it harmful he has opposed it with all the force at his command. During these battles he has placed the people he represents first and politics second. While the strength of fair weather legislators has waned, his own strength has gained. You can no longer consider Senator Bailey as a politician but rather as a statesman.—Rocky Mount Telegram, April 24th, 1942.

TO CHECK
MALARIA
IN 7 DAYS
take **666**
FOR SHERIFF



FRED C. RICHARDSON

In asking your support and vote in the Democratic primary May 30th, 1942, I pledge to the citizenry of Franklin County, as efficient and unselfish service as is humanly possible to the best of my ability.

I only claim to be an average citizen, having lived my life as best I could in a sober and honorable manner, and should you elect me I pledge to live and conduct my activities in a way that will encourage respect for law and order.

My greatest desire will be to conduct myself as a law enforcement officer in such firm but unselfish and humanly way that will demand the respect and admiration of clean society.

Best wishes to all of you.
FRED C. RICHARDSON.
2-20-42

OLD AGE INSURANCE

Number and Amount of Monthly Benefits or Lump-Sum Death Payments Awarded, by Type of Benefit, in North Carolina For the Year Ending December 31, 1941

Awards of monthly benefits under the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance system were made to 4,709 persons in North Carolina during the year 1941, according to Stacey W. Wade, Manager of the Raleigh office of the Social Security Board. These awards represent benefits totaling \$63,966.00 a month, he said. In addition awards of lump-sum death payments totaling \$188,324.00 were made to 2,027 individuals in the State last year.

Included in the monthly benefits awards, he said, were 1,386 for workers past age 65, representing total payments of \$25,948.00 a month; 372 for aged wives of workers eligible for benefits—\$3,557.00 a month; 2,210 for children of retired workers or of deceased workers—\$21,551.00 a month; 110 for aged widows of deceased workers—\$1,918.00 a month; 676 for widows with young children—\$10,566.00

a month; and 36 for parents of deceased workers—\$426.00 a month.

Mr. Wade said that throughout the country awards of monthly benefits to workers past 65 had not increased this year as might normally be expected, partially as a result of better employment opportunities for older workers in war production. Thousands of workers who are eligible for Old-Age and Survivors Insurance payments have not claimed their retirement benefits because they prefer regular jobs with good pay instead of the modest income provided under the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance system. "Many of the older workers," he said, "will receive larger benefits when they do apply, because they are now earning higher wages than they did in the past. On the other hand, there are some workers, 65 years old and over, who are receiving lower wages now than they did formerly. These should go to the office of the Social Security Board and find out whether or not it would be to their advantage to file an application for benefits at this time."

Mr. Wade explained that benefits are based on average monthly wages, but the law permits a worker who has reached the age of 65 to file his claim and thus

"freeze" the amount of his retirement benefits even though he does not intend to retire immediately, and does not expect to claim benefits until he gives up his job.

Total payments made to people in North Carolina during 1941 under the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance system amounted to \$1,304,000, including \$550,000 to retired workers, \$69,000 to aged wives, \$329,000 to children, \$20,000 to aged widows, \$143,000 to widows with young children, \$5,000 to parents of deceased workers, and lump-sum death payments totaling \$188,324.

COLORED B. T. U. CONVENTION

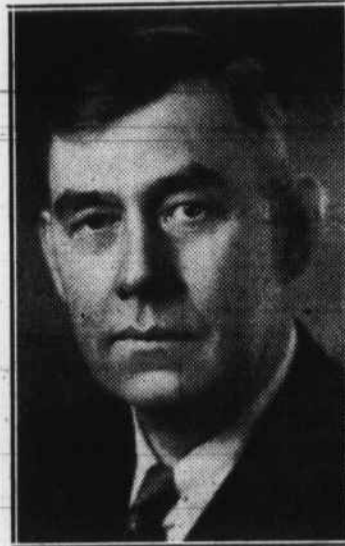
The Franklin County Colored Sunday School and B. T. U. Convention will hold its first meeting for the year at Mitchell Chapel, May 30-31.

Good speakers will make the occasion enjoyable to all.

The Carolina Trailway will put people off at Kearney's Store which is about two miles from the church.

The Greyhound will take them to the Lakeview road which is about a quarter of a mile to the church about five o'clock in the afternoon.

FOR SHERIFF



TO THE VOTERS OF FRANKLIN COUNTY Ladies and Gentlemen—

All of us realize that we are now living in history making times and we have no way of knowing what crisis may appear at any time. All nations, all states, counties and individuals are affected by these conditions. Your sons and mine are either in or on their way to the front lines of this world conflict. Because of these conditions there is much more to be done and to prepare for at home than in normal times. As Sheriff of your county, I feel that I have the experience which qualifies me to do a better job than when first elected in 1936. Your fine support in the past is appreciated, and if you nominate me again I promise to give my best as Sheriff of Franklin County. Your vote will be deeply appreciated.

JOHN P. MOORE

HENRY O. HILL

Youngsville.—Henry O. Hill, 61, prominent Youngsville farmer, died at Rex Hospital in Raleigh Friday night.

Funeral services were held Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at Flat Rock Baptist Church. The Rev. J. Clyde Yates and the Rev. A. W. Icard of Wake Forest officiated. Burial was in the church cemetery.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Lanie Clifton Hill; and three daughters, Mrs. Gwendolyn Hill

Murphy, Mrs. Helen Hill Hart, and Miss Beatrice Hill; four sons, Clifton, Richard, Davis F., and Henry O. Hill, Jr., and six grandchildren.

NEURALGIA
Capudine acts fast because it's liquid, relieving pains of neuralgia quickly, pleasantly. Soothes upset nerves. Use only as directed. All drug stores. 10c, 30c, 60c bottles.
Liquid CAPUDINE

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OUR STORE WILL
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at
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Eastern War Time
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3rd,
AND AT THE SAME TIME EVERY
WEDNESDAY THEREAFTER.
DURING
JUNE, JULY and AUGUST.

THE GOVERNMENT HAS TAKEN OVER THE 1942 PACK OF SALMON, MACKEREL AND TALL SARDINES AT THE CANNERIES, BUT WE ARE PERMITTED TO SELL WHAT WE HAVE ON HAND.

SEABOARD STORE CO., INC.
D. F. McKINNE, President
Pay Cash and Pay Less
WHOLESALE — RETAIL

For a Man with a job to do!

The transportation of war workers and fighting men is a vital job. It is one which strains our facilities. These workers, these service men, have a job to do—the winning of this war. Their fast and comfortable transportation is imperative. You, whose job will permit, can help move them swiftly and comfortably to their appointed tasks by giving them your seat on week-ends and doing your traveling during the middle of the week for the duration.

You will find travel during the middle of the week less crowded and schedules faster. Make your next trip on Tuesday or Wednesday.

