

Tuesday, May 3, 1966

LOCAL EDITORIAL COMMENT

Evil Will Pass Away

"Evil will pass away . . . Only the good things survive". Thus said M. W. Arnold J. Koonce, Sr., Grand Master of North Carolina Masonry in an address here Sunday.

The remarks were related to the celebration of the 200th anniversary of Masonry in Franklin County. Two hundred years is a very long time for any organization or ideal to survive. Surely, to do so, it must be a very "good thing".

Masonry is just that. The dedication of those men and women who make up the membership, the ideals expressed by its leadership, its goals and its accomplishments are all on the very highest planes.

That such a "good thing" has survived for 200 years in Franklin County shows once again that good things beget good things. Good people support the

good things in life. There are good people in Franklin County and Masonry has found a kind reception here.

The dedication here Sunday was a reminder of the work, the service and the sacrifice of those before us in a cause they believed deserving to survive. It is this effort by our forefathers which has handed to us, not only "good things" such as Masonry here in Franklin County, but many other heritages which most of us hold dear.

Masons here and elsewhere are to be congratulated on reaching this milestone. Their influence on Franklin County is immeasurable and it is hoped that it will continue for another two hundred years. Chances are that it will. "Evil will pass away . . . Only the good things survive".

What Happens Twice . . .

Youngsville citizens now believe the old adage, What happens twice will happen three times. If they don't they should.

This hustling little community has just landed its third industry in the past 53 days. The latest is a big one.

If all goes well, seventy-five people will be employed in the area by January 1, with the outlook for upwards to 225 in the next couple of years. This size payroll can make Youngsville and Franklin County hum.

How do they do it? Simple. They work at it. The first two came to Youngsville through personal contact. The latest came to Youngsville because the owner wanted an answer in a hurry. Youngsville gave it to him. "Yes, sir. We can do it." And now they are off and running in an effort to do it.

A real community effort will be needed before the machines begin to hum in Youngsville, but no one doubts that the effort will be anything less than successful.

Local subscription to \$40,000 worth of bonds, drawing six percent interest for 15 years, has begun. This will be the community's part of the \$180,000 cost of the building. It is little to invest for the return which is sure to come from such a project.

The spirit is there and Youngsville, ready to grow will not miss this opportunity. The county, too, will want to help and to wish them well. What helps Youngsville, helps us all.

And who knows, maybe they might share an industry with the rest of the county one of these days.

Campus Life Differs At Moscow University

Washington--What is it like for an American to live the life of a Russian student in Moscow?

To begin with, he must learn to cut meat with a spoon, take turns sweeping the kitchen, and be graded on his room's cleanliness.

Dr. Thomas T. Hammond, Professor of Russian History at the University of Virginia, recently spent five months quartered in a Moscow University dormitory while researching a book. His revealing report on Soviet life appears in the March National Geographic.

Dr. Hammond lived in a 9-by-12-foot room, complete with table, teapot, and loudspeaker that broadcast only Radio Moscow.

Must Have Pass

"By Soviet standards, these quarters were luxurious," writes Dr. Hammond. "Indeed, the dormitory rooms are so superior to much of Moscow's housing that many unauthorized persons try to live at the university. Guards at all entrances require everyone to show his propusk (pass) for admittance."

University rules are strictly enforced—and by students. Members of the Voluntary People's Guard for the Preservation of Social Order sometimes searched rooms at midnight for illegal residents.

The Sanitary Committee checked rooms weekly and posted grades of cleanliness on the bulletin board. Student inspectors looked for vermin and sprayed poisons where necessary.

"As a resident of the dorm, I took my turn at floor duty," recalls Dr. Hammond. "This involved sweeping the corridors and the two kitchens on our floor, as well as answering the telephone in the parlor for half

a day."

The cafeteria, though inexpensive, lacked knives. "Either I had to pick up my meat with a fork and bite off a chunk at a time, or painfully pry the meat into pieces with the edge of a spoon," writes the author.

Moscow University with its 30,000 undergraduates, is a self-sufficient community. It has a grocery store, bank, shoe-repair shop, laundry, drugstore, clothing shop, watch-repair kiosk, theater-ticket bureau, photo studio, post office, several book and newspaper stands, movie hall, barbershop, and beauty parlor where chic coeds get bouffant hairdos.

Neon Lights, Log Cabins

Dr. Hammond, who speaks fluent Russian, spent weekends exploring the capital of the world's biggest country. As a fast-growing industrial metropolis of 6,388,000 people, Moscow enjoys glass-sheathed skyscrapers, high-fashion shops, and neon lights that blink out "Long Live Leninism" and "Forward to the Victory of Communism."

Strangest of all, Dr. Hammond watched hundreds of men and women splashing around in an outdoor pool in the midst of a blizzard. The pool was heated, and the swimmers hardly noticed the sub-zero temperature.

What Happened To Gentlemen From North Carolina? Cat Got Their Tongues?

By JESSE HELMS

It is astonishing, when you stop to think about it, that not a single member of the North Carolina delegation in the Congress has raised an audible protest against an outrageous violation of the Constitution by President Johnson and this nation's Ambassador to the United Nations, Arthur Goldberg. What has happened to the gentlemen from North Carolina? Has a cat got their tongues?

We refer, of course, to the incredible move by Ambassador Goldberg which placed our government in collaboration--if

not conspiracy--with the British government in throwing up a naval blockade against the tiny country of Rhodesia, whose government represents the best hope of civilization in Africa. All of this was accomplished, needless to say, through the stratagems of the United Nations. Even so, the role of the United States in it--as the most casual student of the Constitution must know--is completely irregular, improper and illegal. Mr. Goldberg had no Constitutional authority to so commit the United States, and

President Johnson is specifically prohibited from exercising or delegating such authority. In Article One, Section Eight, Paragraph Three of the Constitution, the Congress is given the SOLE responsibility for regulating commerce with foreign nations. Nevertheless, the United States today is actively participating in an economic blockade against the government of Rhodesia. We have even pledged our armed forces to prevent the delivery of oil to that country. Congress was never consulted about it.

Why? Well, to hear Lyndon Johnson tell it, we are trying to topple the Rhodesian government because Negroes do not have what Mr. Johnson regards as "fair representation" in the Rhodesian government. Yet, there are Negroes in the Rhodesian parliament in a larger percentage than in the Congress of the United States. Negroes there vote on the same basis as whites. Mr. Johnson's explanation does not hold water except in the foggy minds of those who contend that there should be an immediate, auto-

matic and complete domination of the Rhodesian government by non-whites.

It is a strange situation, all round. Rhodesia is unquestionably the most civilized country in Africa. It is the most stable. It is strongly anti-communist; in fact, one of the first actions by the Rhodesian government after it declared its independence last November from Great Britain was to offer, in a formal message to the United States, its military assistance in the war against communism in Vietnam.

And what of Great Britain, with whom we are collaborating in this effort to destroy the government of Rhodesia? Well, the British continue to trade with, and give aid and comfort to, Communist Cuba, Communist China, and even the communists of North Vietnam. Rhodesia has asked nothing of the United States other than that we engage in free trade. The Rhodesians want no foreign aid--they mean it when they talk about independence. They just want to be friends. So we kick them in the teeth.

On the other hand, it is well to examine the kind of "friends" we choose to support and finance in Africa. We have poured a total of nearly a half-billion dollars into Ghana and Guinea, and both countries--controlled by black African nationalists--are strongly pro-communist.

It must be hoped, of course, that the efforts of Britain and the United States to crush Rhodesia will fail. Signs at the moment are that Rhodesia will, indeed, survive the boycotts and blockades. That all depends upon how much further we will go in the political murder of a government that pleads only for our friendship and understanding.

In Washington, Congressmen privately agree that our government's strange posture in this matter is a creature of Lyndon Johnson's desire to appeal to the Negro voters in the United States. If that is true, then God help a nation that was founded on the principles of honesty and decency.

Is it possible that no member of Congress from North Carolina is willing to take a position on this matter? Such silence is not golden.

ANOTHER ATTEMPTED HOOK-UP IN SPACE



Employees Reject Union

Tarboro--Plant Department employees of Carolina Telephone on Friday rejected unionization.

Plant

(Continued from Page 1)

Inc. and the Littleton plant is named Jay-Too, Inc. He told the Youngsville group that only his plant manager would be brought in from the outside. All other employees will be local, he said.

The Youngsville Development drive to raise \$40,000.00 in pledges was started immediately with May 15, set as the deadline for all pledges. The pledge forms call for a five day notice before the money must be sent in and Moss said it would probably be October or even November before the money would be needed. However, he explained, pledges are needed now in order to apply for the SBA loan and to get the building underway.

Benton cited the work of James Hinkle, Carolina Power and Light Co. Industrial Representative in bringing the new industry to this area, praising the power company and Hinkle for their interest in industrial development here.

This is the third new plant to locate in the Youngsville area since March 10 when the Dixit Company, Inc. announced it would establish a plant on U. S. 1 to manufacture white print machines. On March 29, Ben-Bar, Inc., an electronics firm announced it would open at Lake Donna in Youngsville to design and manufacture electronic equipment.

The employees voted 576 to 422 against a bid by the Communications Works of America (AFL-CIO) to become collective bargaining agent for the group.

With over 1,000 non-supervisory Plant Department employees eligible to vote in the election, 998 votes were cast. The election was conducted by representatives of the National Labor Relations Board at seventeen locations within the area served by Carolina Telephone. Voting was by secret ballot.

The company provides telephone service in forty-one eastern North Carolina counties and employs approximately 2,900 men and women.

Fact And Opinion

Joe Skubitz, U. S. Representative from Kansas believes that, "Promoting the welfare of our people at home, safeguarding the health of our nation, cleaning up our rivers, beautifying our highways, and purifying the air we breathe are all worthy projects. But let us first give our undivided attention to removing the bridges that carry supplies to our enemies in Viet Nam, clean up the gunsmoke-polluted air that hovers over our boys in Viet Nam and threatens their lives, and take care of the immediate and future needs of our young men who are risking their lives to preserve our freedom!"



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