

THE MONROE ENQUIRER
 PUBLISHED BY
WILLIAM C. WOFFE,
 Editor and Proprietor.
 MONROE, N. C., JULY 20,
FOR CONVENTION,
T. W. REDWINE,
 OUR REPLY.

In our advertising columns this week will be found a two column address to the citizens of Union County, by Mr. J. J. Hasty, on the Convention question. We wish our readers to distinctly understand that this address is inserted in our paper as an advertisement, for which we are paid, and of course we do not endorse it, by any means; but on the contrary, we propose to answer, in this article, the arguments produced therein.

In the first place, Mr. Hasty's address says: "This Convention was called by the Legislature, without first submitting the question to the people." Now we all know that when the question of Convention was submitted to the people, three years ago, these same Radicals told us it was illegal because the Constitution made no provision for so submitting it, and Judge Peters rendered an opinion to this effect. The Convention was called in the only way it could be called under the Constitution, and these fellows know it when they talk about not submitting it to the people. The Constitution which they gave us makes no provision for submitting it to the people.

He also says, "Every good citizen should oppose the movement at every attainable stage of its progress, and we can best accomplish this by sending men to Raleigh who will make the organization and adjournment of the Convention co-incident events." We suppose he presumes to say that if Radicals are sent there as delegates that they will just organize and adjourn without making any change in the Constitution. That they will do this we very much doubt. In fact, the Radicals are trying to dupe the people into voting for them by holding out the promise of an immediate adjournment. But such is not their intention; if, unfortunately, they should succeed in receiving a majority of the delegates to the convention. One of their speakers at a meeting in Rath-fern county several days ago during the course of his speech said:

"A little legislation by good and loyal men in Convention assembled is necessary."

That's their game. In the counties where they have a clear majority not a word is said about adjourning; it is only when they are in the minority that they resort to that trick.

They have not the slightest notion of adjourning, but will stay there long enough to make the Constitution more odious than ever. In speaking of the restrictions placed upon the Convention by its Legislature in regard to Homesteads, Lien laws, Impoverishment for debt &c., he says that the restrictions are not binding. We will make the assertion that there is not a single candidate put forward by the Conservatives who will not respect the restrictions. As a party we are pledged to them and cannot disregard them; and that section of the Convention Act which requires that any new Constitution which may be made shall be submitted to a vote of the people for ratification or rejection should be sufficient to quiet the apprehension of any who may fear that the restrictions will be disregarded. The Convention will know its dependence upon the people for an approval of its work, too well to endeavor to impose upon us an instrument that will not be satisfactory and suitable to the necessities of our condition. This point is too clear for extended argument. He says "the Convention movement was sprung upon the people for party purposes alone at the expense of the people and to the detriment of their best interests." In answer we would say that the Convention was a necessity, and that successful legislation could not be had until a change was made as the Constitution was so complicated and confused that some parts of it would always conflict with others. And as for the expense of holding a Convention that will soon be more than saved in the decrease of taxes.

In his address he makes quite an effort to array the poorer classes against the rich, which is simply a continuance of the old party trick, and needs no further notice. As to the expense of the last session of Court only amounting to ninety dollars; the record of the Court will show that the Jurors alone cost two hundred and sixty-five dollars. The allusions to the county courts and impetuous lawyers only seems

to expose his own ignorance and unfitness for the place to which he aspires. The amendment of the Constitution does not necessarily restore the county court or involve any such necessity, or in the slightest degree advance the interests of the lawyers, as a class. On the contrary, the purpose is so to reform the organic law as to enable the people to elect their government, county and State, to the progressive changes in their local condition, without disturbing the organic or affecting or endangering the rights, civil or otherwise, of any citizen.

The position that the Constitution of North Carolina is a copy of that of New York is as false as it is ingenious. It is the bait put upon a Radical hook, and fished by an Independent whose address shows him to be a jaundiced Democrat. The Constitution of North Carolina is only in part a representation of that of New York. The remainder of it is the emanation and machination of the motley crew who fixed it up and sent it forth as the Constitution of the State of North Carolina, and it is the evils in this Constitution that the Convention will handle.

He proclaims himself as a candidate for Convention, "unconnected and untrammelled by political party." Now, is it not strange that a man would say that he was not connected with any political party, who has been a candidate on the Radical ticket for office at every election since the present Constitution was adopted, except when he was already in office, and an acknowledged leader of the Radical party in Union county.

For the Enquirer.
Commencement at White's Store Academy.
 The sixteenth day of July in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-five was a great day in the annals of the White's Store community, for upon that day the citizens of the surrounding country were assembled for the first time, we are informed at an Examination and Exhibition of a first-class High School.

THE DAY was clear and bright, and by 10 o'clock the grove surrounding the Academy was covered with a dense crowd of people, all looking happy and cheerful, as if they anticipated a good time. We noticed a good many people from Wadesboro and Polkton; Union also sent a full share of delegates. The examination had commenced and were progressing quietly, when all at once there burst forth a thrilling strain of melody upon the hill some distance off, immediately all was excitement; the teacher's voice could scarcely be heard, and as the sounds approached nearer, all the small boys rushed from the house to see what it meant. The question was soon solved by the appearance in the distance of the

MONROE CORNET BAND in their new band wagon drawn by four horses. The band presented a fine appearance in their handsome uniforms, and each member did his best in the way of blowing and succeeded in making splendid music. In fact we heard the music complimented on every side, (and if you will not tell the boys, we will tell you something else—we think we heard some young ladies say that the "Boys" were quite handsome too!)

THE EXAMINATIONS were very creditable, showing evidently that the labors of the faithful teacher, Prof. Gullede, had not been in vain, but that he had sown seed of knowledge that will produce an abundant harvest after awhile. As the examinations were ended came very interesting part of the programme—

DINNER. It was served in basket Pic Nic style, and judging from what we saw was in great abundance, and that the very best kind, prepared in such a manner as to make an epicurean mouth water. In a word, the people showed a most generous hospitality just such as we always expect from Ansonians. After this interesting part of the performance had been satisfactorily completed, and the Band had made the echoes wake with the sweet music, the crowd re-assembled in the Academy to witness

THE EXHIBITION which consisted of speeches, essays, dialogues &c. These were all good, and some of the dialogues quite amusing, one especially, "The spelling bee," created considerable merriment, but as most of your readers have seen the dialogue in print we will not repeat it. After the Exhibition was ended, the audience repaired to the grove to hear the

LITERARY ADDRESS by James A. Lockhart Esq., of Wadesboro. The address was impromptu and very appropriate for the occasion. The subject was the "Importance of Education." Mr. L. said that this was the place of his nativity, the spot where his boyhood was spent, and as

a matter of course he felt a great interest in the prosperity of the people, & he was glad to see them walking on the subject of Education—without education no people can be great or good, to banish vice and increase morality, we must educate the people, not only the men but the women also for educated and great women are the mothers of great men, &c. We can not give an elaborate synopsis of the speech in a newspaper article, but will only say that it did great credit to the heart and head of the young lawyer, and we know left an impression on the minds of the hearers that will stimulate to nobler efforts in the great cause of learning. Mr. L. is a young man of great promise and some of these days will make himself felt as well as heard in his profession or in the halls of legislation.

We cannot close this article without again calling attention to the

HOPEFULITY of the citizens of the White's Store neighborhood. In this day of selfishness, it is very pleasant to find a people who have not forgotten the days when the name of Southerner was a synonym for genuine hospitality; and such we found these people to be; they seemed to want everybody to feel welcome, and succeeded admirably. Not the least of the evidences of this liberal spirit, was the handsome contribution made to the Monroe Cornet Band for their services. When the sun was setting the Western horizon, the crowd dispersed in various directions, each one well pleased with himself and the whole world, and as they were leaving, we, too, will take our departure wishing the people of White's Store many returns of that pleasant sixteen.

Come, comrades fill a bumper,
 Until it doth run o'er
 And let's drink, in cold water,
 A "health to White's Store"
 "SPECIAL."

An Act to Call a Convention of the People of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, The present Constitution of North Carolina is, in many important particulars, unsuited to the wants and condition of our people; and whereas, in the judgment of this General Assembly, a convention of the people is the only safe, and is besides the most economical mode of altering or amending it, and believing the end in view utterly impracticable by legislative enactment on account of the great number of discordant and conflicting provisions of the Constitution as it now is, now therefore.

Section 1. The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact, (two-thirds of all the members of each House concurring.) That a Convention of the people of North Carolina, be and the same is hereby called to assemble in the Hall of the General Assembly in the city of Raleigh, on Monday, 6th day of September, A. D., 1875, for the purpose of considering and adopting such amendments to the Constitution as they deem necessary and expedient, subject only to the restrictions hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The said Convention shall consist of one hundred and twenty delegates, and each county shall be entitled to the same number of delegates that it has members of the House of Representatives under the present apportionment, and the said delegates shall have the qualifications required of members of the House of Representatives, of which qualifications the Convention shall be the judge.

Sec. 3. On the 1st Thursday of August, as the delegates elect, shall choose, that you will faithfully maintain and support the Constitution of the United States and the several amendments thereto, including the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments; and that you will neither directly nor indirectly evade or disregard the duties enjoined nor the restrictions imposed upon the Convention by the act of the General Assembly authorizing your election. So help you God."

And no delegate shall be permitted to sit or be entitled to a seat in said Convention, or act as a delegate there, until he shall have subscribed the above oath or affirmation; and as soon as a majority of the delegates elect shall have thus appeared and been

sworn in, they shall then proceed to elect their own presiding officer, and such other officers and servants as they, from time to time, shall find necessary; and if a vacancy shall occur, they shall be filled in the same manner as the like vacancies are filled by law in the case of vacancies in the General Assembly. Said Convention shall have no power to consider, debate, adopt or propose any amendment to the existing Constitution or ordinance upon the following subjects:

The Homestead and Personal Property Exemptions, the mechanics' and laborers' lien, and the rights of married woman, as now secured by law, nor to alter or amend section 3 or 5, article V, of said Constitution, nor change the ratio between the poll and property tax as therein established; nor shall the said Convention have power to propose or adopt any amendment or ordinance vacating any office or term of office now existing and filled or held by virtue of any election or appointment under the existing Constitution and laws, until the same shall be vacated or expired under existing laws; but the said Convention may recommend the abolishment of any office when the present term there-in shall expire or vacancies occur, and they may provide for filling such vacancies, otherwise than as now, and limiting the terms thereof. Nor shall the Convention adopt or propose any plan or amendment or scheme of compensation to the owners of emancipated slaves, nor for the payment of any liability or debt incurred wholly or in part in aid of the late war between the States, nor for the restoration of imprisonment for debt; nor shall they require or propose any educational or property qualification for office or voting, nor shall said Convention pass any ordinance legislative in their character, except such as are necessary to submit the amended Constitution to the people for their ratification or rejection, or to convene the General Assembly.

Sec. 5. The Constitution, as amended, shall be submitted to the people for ratification or rejection, and shall not be binding until the same shall have been ratified by the qualified voters of the State, and the Convention shall prescribe the mode whereby the sense of the people therein shall be taken and recorded.

Sec. 6. There shall be printed immediately ten copies of this act for each member of the General Assembly, and one hundred copies within thirty days after ratification for each board of county commissioners, and the use of the registrars and judges of election in their respective counties; and this act shall be in force and take effect from and after its ratification.

We publish this week and will probably keep standing till after the election, the Act for calling a convention. We think every voter in North Carolina should read the bill and recollect all its provisions. The argument is used by those who claim to be opposed to the convention that the Constitution so framed will never be submitted to the people; now this is urged either in malice or ignorance, for that clause is a part and parcel of the bill. We hope that every canvasser and every candidate will arm himself with a copy of the bill. Cut it out of any paper you may find, put it in your pocket, so that when any question is raised you can promptly refer to it. We intend to keep it before the people and we advise our readers to cut it out.

That section of the Convention Act which requires that any new Constitution which may be made shall be submitted to a vote of the people for ratification or rejection should be sufficient to quiet the apprehension of and who may fear that the Homestead exemption, the Laborers Lien, or any other popular feature such as these, will be left out of the new Constitution. The Convention will know its dependence upon the people for an approval of its work, too well to endeavor to impose upon us an instrument that will not be satisfactory and suitable to the necessities of our condition. This point is too clear for extended argument. Yet it is important and should not be lost sight of.—Plain Dealer.

BOLD THE FULL STRENGTH.—A full vote in this county will do more towards securing every vote for the ratification of the Constitution, when submitted to the people, than any other thing. Then let us give the candidate a full and hearty support as an evidence of our appreciation of their efforts and of our wish to better the condition of our county and State. Every man can spare one day and let that day be the 5th of August and let it be devoted to work for the Democratic ticket.

Subscribe for the Enquirer.

Ice! Ice! Ice!
 We are prepared to deliver Ice at any point on the Carolina Railroad at \$1.75 per one hundred pounds. Orders solicited and prompt attention guaranteed.
J. E. LIPPITT & CO.,
 3-107,
 Wilmington, N. C.

PICTURES! FRAMES! ORGANS
 TOWNSEND is still making the Pictures at his old stand. Will make any kind of Picture Frames cheaper than they can be got any where else. Chromos of all kinds cheap. The finest makes of Organs for Churches and families. Call and see samples. Everything in the way of pictures always on hand. Don't forget the place—over Amiel's & Loney's store—entrance on Depot Street.
 May 8, 1875—50-4.

NEW STOCK
 Men's Women's Boy's Misses' and Children's Shoes of all grades including Miles' Celebrated Custom Made. All warranted as represented.
A. F. STEVENS & CO
 48-54 E.

We Want the Money.
 All persons indebted to us, either by note or account are requested to come forward and settle at once and save cost, as we are determined to close up our old business.
THOMAS & REDFERN,
 Nov. 19-27-74

ROBERT S. PHIFER,
 DEALER IN
Books, Stationery,
FANCY ARTICLES
 AND
MUSIC.
 Tryon Street, Opposite the Central Hotel,
 CHARLOTTE, N. C.
 AGENT FOR SPINNEY'S PIANOS.
 All orders for Goods in my line filled with promptness. 46-10

LOOK OUT, CREDITORS!
 All persons indebted to L. H. DeRosset by account, are hereby notified to call on the undersigned and settle, and save cost.
H. B. ADAMS, Atty
 for W. B. Binford, Assignee.
 May 11th, 1875—50-4.

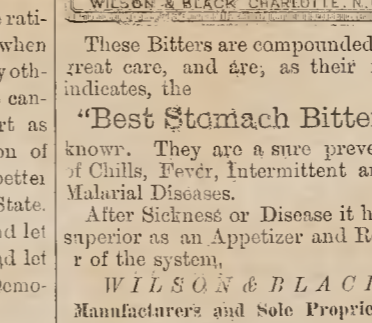
Wool Carding.
 THE undersigned are now ready to receive Wool for Carding. We expect to attach a Steam Engine to our Carding Machine during the Summer, so that wool there will be no delay in getting work done. Our Cards are in good condition, and we guarantee good rolls. The Wool can be left with A. E. Stevens & Co., at Monroe. Price, 20 cents per pound.
JOS. H. ADAMS & SON.
 May 25, 1875—52-10.

LOST.
 About the first of May, I lost a bundle of notes and other papers, on the road between my residence in Chesterfield county, and Monroe. Any person finding them will be liberally rewarded, by leaving them with Capt. A. McManus, at Monroe, or with me if more convenient. My P. O. address is White Plains, S. C.
J. M. ROBERTSON.
 July 16th 1875-11.

VALUABLE MILL FOR SALE.
 We, the subscribers, hereby offer for sale privately, the valuable Merchant and Saw Mill, known as the Garmon Mill, on Rocky River, twenty miles from Monroe, 16 miles from Concord, and 24 miles from Charlotte, together with 300 acres valuable improved Land, on which there is a good Dwelling and all necessary out-houses; also a good Orchard. Terms of payment, one half cash, the balance, easy terms given for good Note and approved Security. Come and see the property, and we will trade. Good reasons given for selling.
W. W. DAVIS,
MICHAEL GARMON.
 July 20, 1875—8-10.

DISSOLUTION.
 The firm of Hasty & Griffin is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment as the business must be wound up. The Livery business will be continued at the old stand by E. M. Griffin, where the public can always be accommodated as heretofore with any thing in his line.
J. J. HASTY,
E. M. GRIFFIN.
 June 15th 1875—5-11.

BEST STOMACH BITTERS
WILSON & BLACK
 These Bitters are compounded with great care, and are, as their name indicates, the "Best Stomach Bitters" known. They are a sure preventive of Chills, Fever, Intermittent and all Malarial Diseases. After Sickness or Disease it has no superior as an Appetizer and Restorer of the system.
WILSON & BLACK,
 Manufacturers and Sole Proprietors,
 CHARLOTTE, N. C.
 June 22-1-6m.



CONFECTIONERY AND BAKERY.
 To meet the demands of the fall trade, I am receiving every week additions to my present stock of Fancy Groceries and Confectioneries. Now on hand, and receiving a full supply of
 Fancy Candies, at retail, and by the Box, Raisins, Figs, Nuts, of various kinds, Jellies, Preserves, Canned Fruit, Oysters, Sardines, Pickles, Crackers, Cheese, Fruits, &c., &c.
 Also on hand, at all times, a full supply of Bread and Cakes, from my Bakery, at prices that will not fail to give satisfaction.
 Weddings and parties supplied on short notice.
 Highest prices paid for Butter and Eggs.
 Meals and Lanches furnished on short notice.
 Sept. 28th 1874-19-4f.
C. E. WOLFE.

FOR SALE.
JOHN M. THOMAS & CO.
 Have now in store a complete stock of
WINTER GOODS,
 which they offer for sale at low prices. Their stock consists of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Wood and Willow Ware, Tin-Ware—all the goods and no old stock. In the
FAMILY GROCERY LINE
 we have Bacon, Lard, Flour, Meal, Corn, Pork, Cheese, Crackers, Candles, Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Salt, &c., &c., all of which is offered as low as can be bought in Monroe. Be sure and give us a chance before you buy your goods. Highest market price paid for Cotton.
J. M. THOMAS & CO.
 Nov. 19th, 1874-47-4f.

THE PEOPLE'S BANK OF MONROE.
 H. M. HUNTON, PRESIDENT.
 E. A. ARMITAGE, CASHIER.
Board of Directors:
 M. ARNOLD, T. D. WINCHESTER,
 J. D. STEWART, J. C. HAMILTON,
 C. ADAMS, I. H. DE ROSSETT,
 A. P. STEVENSON, A. H. CROWELL,
 H. M. HUNTON.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
 I have two two-story Dwelling Houses in Monroe now ready for sale or rent, situated near the lot recently purchased for the new College Building. Also several unimproved Lots, two of which lie near the public square, and are suitable for business houses, with room on either one for a dwelling also. I will build any kind of house to suit the purchaser, or any of the unimproved lots, or an any other lot desired.
T. C. WILLOUGHBY,
 June 25, 1875—8-4f.

SELLING OUT AT COST.
B. D. HEATH & CO.,
 DEALERS IN
General Merchandise,
 AND AGENTS FOR
Winds and Zells's Fertilizers.

Having erected a new building one door south of J. D. Stewart's, which we expect to occupy in a very short time, in order to have our stock to correspond with our house, now large and complete, we will sell at New York cost for the next sixty days, the following stocks, viz:
 1200 dollars worth of Boots and Shoes, 200 yards print, 250 dollars worth of Hats, Hardware, Tinware, Crockery, and various other articles not here mentioned. Come one come all, don't take our word, but call and get our prices.
B. D. HEATH & CO.,
 Monroe, N. C. June 10th 1875—48-11y.
 The Store House we now occupy is for rent until 1st January next. Apply to
B. D. H. & CO.

BUY THE BEST
THE JACOBI AXE.
 Sold by dealers throughout the State.

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,
PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS—A large and well-selected stock.
LOWEST CASH PRICES.
 Call and examine at
JACOBI'S HARDWARE DEPOT.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.
LOCKS, HINGES, BOLTS, &c., of every description.
ONLY AGENCY FOR THE CELEBRATED SHALER'S SASH HOLDERS AND LOCK.
 It will not get out of order or wear out in a life time. For sale at
NATH. JACOBI'S
 Hardware Depot,
 No. 9 Market Street, Wilmington.

GUNS, PISTOLS,
COOPER'S TOOLS,
CARPENERS TOOLS,
TURPENTINE TOOLS,
 Oils of the largest stocks in the State.
BUGGY HARNESS, RIDING SADDLERY.
 A complete assortment just opened
 at
N. JACOBI'S HARDWARE DEPOT,
 9 MARKET STREET,
 WILMINGTON, N. C.
 Nov. 3-24-74.

THE PEOPLES' DRUG STORE
 Glass Front,
 East of the Court House.
 Having removed to our NEW STORE, two doors south of our old Stand, where we have comfortable and commodious arrangements for the display of our large stock of
Drugs, Medicines, &c.,
 we beg leave to call the attention of the people to the fact that they have now the privilege of buying Fresh Drugs and Medicines from a store where everything offered is new and fresh, and which has been enabled by their patronage to sell at lower rates than was ever known in this section of the country. We have purchased a large stock especially to sell cheap, and we are determined to do so. We keep a FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE, and sell nothing but such articles as we will in our legitimate line of business. If you want anything in our line, no matter what from the finest articles and most costly Medicines down to the most common drug, come to THE PEOPLES' STORE for it.
 A reliable clerk sleeps in the Store and his services can be communicated at any hour of the night; and when necessary, our well-known Druggist will always be on hand. Dr. Blair, of our firm, can always be consulted at the Store or at his residence, when not professionally absent.
H. LAIR, WALSH & FLOW.

SEHORN & BRADEN,
 DEALERS IN
Fine Wines and Liquors,
CIGARS & TOBACCO.
 Sold at Wholesale and Retail. Beer served on Ice.
MONROE, N. C.
 ON STEWARTS TRAIL, NEXT DOOR TO JOHN D. BIRCH STORE.

T. C. WILLOUGHBY,
 DEALER IN
 Doors, Sash, Blinds, Molding, Pine, Walnut, and Oak Lumber, and Builders' Keeps on hand in Monroe a Stock of the above Goods, which are made of the very best material, and offered at lower prices than anybody else in the market.
 Terms positive. Call on
 April 17th, 1875-57-4f.

JAMES PRATT,
Barber and Hair-Dresser,
 MONROE, N. C.
 Takes pleasure in attending to the wants of his customers and the traveling public at all times, except Sundays. He solicits patronage, and will endeavor to give perfect satisfaction. His shop is established and conducted upon first-class rules, and the work is inferior to none done in the city.

TO MILL OWNERS.
 We furnish the Eureka Sawn and Separating Machine at Manufacturers price. We bring copies of genuine Dutch Anchor B-100 Cloth which we furnish at New York prices.
A. F. STEVENS & CO.
 48-54 E.
CAROLINA CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.
 WILMINGTON, N. C., July 19, 1875.
SCHEDULE
PASSENGER TRAINS.
 Leave Wilmington..... 3:00 p. m.
 Arrive at Charlotte..... 5:30 a. m.
 Leave Charlotte..... 4:15 p. m.
 Arrive at Wilmington..... 7:01 a. m.
 Fast Freight and Passenger Trains Daily, (Sundays excepted.)
 Leave Wilmington..... 6:00 a. m.
 Arrive at Charlotte..... 8:45 p. m.
 Leave Charlotte..... 7:00 a. m.
 Arrive at Wilmington..... 9:45 p. m.

CONNECTIONS.
 Connects at Wilmington with Wilmington & Weldon, and Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, Semi-weekly New York and Tri-weekly Baltimore and weekly Philadelphia Steamers, and the River Boats to Fayetteville.
 Connects at Charlotte with its Western Division, North Carolina Railroad, Charlotte & Statesville Railroad, Charlotte & Augusta Air Line, and Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad. Thus supplying the whole West, Northwest and Southwest with a short and cheap line to the seaboard and Europe.
S. L. FREEMONT,
 Chief Engineer and Superintendent

\$5 TO \$20 Per day at home
 Terms free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland Maine.

NOTICE.
 All persons who subscribed to me for the Life and Sermous of Dr. Reid, and have not paid for the same, will please pay the amount to Rev. T. H. Edwards, at once, as I must have the money. Those who have not yet received their books will also apply to him.
T. P. ENGLAND.
 July 1, 1875—6-1f.

\$5 TO \$20 per day. Agents wanting people of all sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or at all the time, than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere, until you have learned what we offer.
G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.
 C-1y.
DRESS MAKING.
 MISS LUB CAPEL takes the best Magazines, and has located at the residence of Rev. B. G. Worthington, where she is ready to cut and make Dresses in the latest style.
 at 414 19-4f.