

The Sentinel is published every Morning (Mondays excepted) and delivered in the city of Raleigh for SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH. Mail subscriptions, postage free, EIGHT DOLLARS per annum, in all cases payable in advance.

# The Sentinel

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1878

FOR PRESIDENT

**SAMUEL J. TILDEN**

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

**THOMAS A. HENDRICKS**

The following is the ticket to be voted at the presidential election to be held on Tuesday, November 12, 1878.

**Electors of President and Vice-President**

**President of the United States**

**DANIEL G. FOWLE**, 4th Congressional Dist.

**JAMES M. LEACH**, 5th Congressional Dist.

**JOHN C. LATHAM**, 14th Congressional Dist.

**JOHN F. WOOTEN**, 9th Congressional Dist.

**JAMES G. McRAE**, 3rd Congressional Dist.

**FABIAN H. BUSBEE**, 4th Congressional Dist.

**FRANK C. ROBBINS**, 5th Congressional Dist.

**ROBERT P. WARING**, 6th Congressional Dist.

**WILLIAM B. GLENN**, 7th Congressional Dist.

**ALPHONSO C. AVERY**, 8th Congressional Dist.

The following is the ticket for governor and state officers:

**FOR GOVERNOR**

**ZEBULON B. YANCE**

**FOR LIQUOR-TAX-GOVERNOR**

**THOMAS J. JARVIS**

**FOR SECRETARY OF STATE**

**JOSEPH A. ENGELBARD**

**FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL**

**THOMAS S. KENAN**

**FOR PUBLIC TREASURER**

**JOHN M. WORTH**

**FOR ADDITION**

**SAMUEL L. LOVE**

**FOR SUPPLY OF PUBLIC EXPENDITURE**

**JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH**

**"RATIFICATION"**

**FOR CONGRESS**

**JOSEPH J. DAVIS**

**CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS IN OTHER DISTRICTS:**

**1st District**—JESSE J. YEATES, of Hertford.

**2d District**—ALFRED M. WADDELL, of New Hanover.

**3rd District**—ALFRED V. SCALES, of Guilford.

**4th District**—WALTER L. STEELE, of Richmond.

**5th District**—WILLIAM M. ROBBINS, of Iredell.

**6th District**—ROBERT B. YANCE, of Blount.

**Notice to County Committees and Others.**

Some typographical errors have been discovered in the tickets sent out by the democratic state executive committee.

These errors run through only a small proportion of the tickets—and are not of such a character as to vitiate any ballot.

The attention of the chairman of the county committees was called to this matter several days ago, and as a large surplus of tickets have been furnished to each county, those incorrectly printed tickets should be destroyed and enough will still remain on hand to answer the needs of our friends in the several counties.

Care should be exercised not only to detect typographical errors in our own tickets, but also to prevent any fraudulent tickets that may be brought to the polls by the enemy from being voted by our friends.

The ticket at the head of this paper is entirely correct. Compare your tickets with it.

The constitutional amendments are conservative, not destructive.

Republicans in the convention voted for nearly all the amendments.

We call attention to the radical outrages in South Carolina fully detailed by the New York Herald.

Republicans do not accept the amendments as the people wish, not to be viewed in that light.

Republicans are not in favor of them simply because they are a democratic measure.

Republicans of the west are supporting the constitutional amendments. Can the democrats of the east and center reject them?

## A Result of Administration.

The number of business failures in the United States during the year ending September 30, 1876, was 9,453. The highest number of failures in any previous year was just at the beginning of the war, when they reached 6,993, the result of the stoppage of all trade by the outbreak of hostilities. The campaign of failure, which began with the panic of 1873, has progressed in a steady and increasing ratio ever since. And until the causes which led to that disaster are checked, the business of the country will be pressed continually forward upon the shoals of bankruptcy.

The causes for this lamentable state of affairs are too obvious for argument. A reckless and wasteful administration has impoverished the country. Manufacturing interests, upon which the prosperity of the great body of the industrial classes rests, have been burdened with taxation until they have been compelled to stop. The profits have not paid the taxes. Every mill, every shop, every store, has been kept under a system of espionage so rigid, so thoroughly organized for purposes of robbery and blackmail, that nobody could feel safe for an hour. Men in pursuit of legitimate callings have been compelled to hide their machinery and their work, while others have resorted to illicit methods to conceal their operations and escape the taxes that the law imposed. Thieves and organized plunder rings at Washington have furnished the example for revenue thieves and whisky rings in the country. We do not advocate an evasion of taxation, however onerous it may be, but it is the plain duty of the government to make taxation as light as possible. This it has not done. Instead of repealing taxation when it could have been done safely and without crippling the legitimate functions of government, the scoundrels at Washington saw their opportunity for plunder, under a gigantic system of taxation which was not needed, but which they kept up for their own purposes. The favored ones who got rich by plunder, invested their stolen wealth in government bonds which pay no taxation, leaving the heavy burdens to be borne by men who furnished the working capital of the country, and who preferred to so invest it as to be of use to society, rather than in idle securities which contributed nothing.

A return of the democracy to power will be the signal for destroying all this machinery of iniquity, on which the worst men of the country have got rich, while the worthy and industrious have been driven to starvation. We must go back to a system of cheap administration, with just enough taxation to meet it. If the tax bears too heavily upon one interest, and too lightly on another it must be equalized. But the wicked system of robbery by which knives of the Boss Shepherd, Belknap and Blaine stamp have fattened upon the bones and sinews of the country must be forever abolished.

Already we hear the hum of industry in a thousand factories, mills and mines which have been silenced for months and years past. A new impulse, not accounted for by any law of business, has seized upon every producing interest of the country, and gives promise of carrying us forward to an era of substantial prosperity. Men dare not weaken of the cause, for it has its foundation in "politics," and it will not do to provoke jealousies in business circles. But tacitly and almost without exception, our best business men admit that it is the conviction of an approaching change in the administration of the government that has awakened this universal confidence. And though they dare not confess it, these very men, republicans and men of no political preferences, as well as democrats are preparing to support the democratic ticket with their suffrages next Tuesday. They have found Grantism, ornamented as it has been, too expensive for their purses, and have decided to try the simpler and cheaper methods of old fashioned democracy. And they will not be disappointed in the result.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says:—From the development of the last day or two it would look as if the plan to carry North and South Carolina, Louisiana and Mississippi, which was spoken of in the recent letter of a member of the national republican committee, was already in process of execution. The arrests by thousands of the democratic voters of the state named on the eve of the election can have no other object than the intimidation and incarceration of a sufficient number to give the states to the republicans.

**Fowle in Wake.**  
Judge Fowle speaks in this county to-day at Eagle Rock; to-morrow at Rolesville, and on Monday at New Light. He will thus wind up one of the most brilliant and successful political campaigns ever made in North Carolina.

## Campaign of the Electors at Large.

On Wednesday at Goldsboro, Hon. Daniel S. Fowle concluded his eastern campaign before a large, enthusiastic and intelligent audience of the hardy sons of Wayne county. On his eastern campaign Judge Fowle has spoken at Wilson, Enfield, (Norfolk as he was passing through,) at Currituck courthouse, Camden courthouse, Elizabeth City where there has not been such a crowd and such enthusiasm since 1840, at Hertford, Eden, Plymouth, Williamston, Washington, (where they had a torchlight procession three-quarters of a mile long, and leading republicans cheered his speech, at Greenville, Snow Hill and Goldsboro.

This campaign extended over a period of three weeks, and has been satisfactory and successful in every particular. The feeling in the east is represented to be good between men of all parties, and a full vote will be polled. No difficulty or bad feeling is apprehended in the first district on the day of election. At every point of Judge Fowle's canvass he met good, and for the most part the largest audiences that have turned out to political speaking since the war. Every where the strongest interest was manifested in the cause of democracy, and enthusiasm boding overwhelming success is steadily on the increase. Vance will carry the first congressional district by a majority ranging from fifteen hundred to two thousand. Our gains east of the Wilmington and Weldon railroad will be immense.

Our electors for the state at large, Messrs. Fowle and Leach, have done noble service in the campaign. They have been almost constantly in the field from the beginning of the canvass, and have alternated east and west. Their selection by the state convention was wise and judicious. Ranking among the first orators of the country, possessing the very highest order of ability as public debaters, they are both pre-eminently national men, and their work in the campaign cannot now be estimated, nor is its good effect approximately expressed. No public man can succeed before any portion of the American people now, who does not plant himself square on the foundations of the Union. And nowhere is the national feeling stronger to-day than in the south. Ours are strictly a conservative people, attached through long tradition and their historical achievements to the Union, and it was a most happy event that gentlemen in full accord with the sympathies of public sympathy of North Carolina were placed at the head of the national ticket. We shall win in this contest. Our victory will be significant of the national feeling which has returned to our people, and the day now dawning is to be the brightest in the pages of our history. It will proclaim the triumph of civil liberty in the land, the restoration of our union government, and the reconciliation of all the American people of every section of the great republic.

In the name of the people of North Carolina we thank General Leach and Judge Fowle for the eminent service they have rendered the state and the cause of the union.

**Stirring Bad Blood and Inciting Riot.**  
The people of North Carolina are proverbially a people of law and order. In the midst of the most vigorous campaigns and throughout the hottest political contests our people have resorted to no mob-violence. Our elections have passed off quietly and in good order. Our election days are the quietest public days of the year. Our people throughout the state are appealed to to preserve the peace and maintain order on the election day now approaching. We look for nothing else. The good men of both parties, we believe, will enforce order at the polls. Our population, white and black, are opposed to violence, and cannot be drawn into conflict by bad advisers.

Raleigh is the second city of the state in population and importance. Whites and blacks here are about evenly divided. We have had no trouble here at any time. Good order has uniformly prevailed in our city. No conflict is possible here. The relations between the races are good. Our white people are wise and discreet. Our colored people, accustomed to good order, are law-abiding and well behaved. The leading men of their race sustain good characters and exercise a wholesome influence over them. We write down Raleigh as a city of the best order in the country. And our people white and black, having no disposition to violence, will maintain the reputation of their city.

We alluded the other day to the prospective feeling of some of the colored people toward those of their race who manifest the desire and intention to vote the democratic ticket. Such feeling does exist among some, but it does not extend to the better class of our colored people, nor is such feeling incited by them. It is the work of men wearing white skins over black hearts. Bad advice has been tendered the colored people of this city

by white men professing to be republicans. Such men would incite the negroes to riot from naturally depraved hearts, and in the hope of some political advantage to themselves. Such men the colored people should shun and scorn. We call upon Jas. H. Harris, Showers Ellison, Rev. G. W. Brodie and men of that character to assemble the colored people together before the election and address them on the subject of preserving the peace and the necessity for maintaining law and order, that they may repudiate and rebuke any bad advice that may have been given their people.

We are informed, of what we consider good authority, that recently at Hayes' church, Albert Magnin, a justice of the peace, advised the negroes present to fight for their rights; that they were armed, and it was not necessary to be voters to fight for the rights of their race; that boys fifteen years old and upwards could do as much as men.

We do not see that any of the rights of the negroes are imperiled or denied them. We cannot see why they should be advised to fight for the rights they already have and enjoy. Such advice is monstrous. If Mr. Magnin does not clear himself of the charge we shall deem it our duty to both races to denounce him. We wait to hear from Mr. Magnin.

**A Sort of a Sign.**  
A leading republican connected with a radical organ in Washington has become panic-stricken, and confided to a democratic friend his misgivings. He avows a change of mind, and thinks that the democrats are right. He says that a large per cent. of office-holders were original democrats, and looks for a perfect stampede amongst them at an early day. The political earthquake has caused decided perturbation in solid public buildings of the government.

Every change in the organic law of the state, ever made, has been proven to be an improvement on what existed before. Even the present constitution, in some essentials is better than its predecessor. The amendments perfected by the legislature in 1873 were improvements, while those now proposed will well nigh perfect the constitution. Can you refuse to better your organic law when the opportunity presents itself as now?

**REGISTER TO-DAY.**  
The Democrats must not be content with mere success, but must make that success overwhelming. The radical snake must be not merely scotched, but killed. To insure this be sure to bring every democratic voter to the polls early in the day. Let democratic farmers vote early, and then send their wagons for their neighbors.

Improving or amending the organic law of the state ought not to be a partisan work. It is the work of the people, for the people. The amendments now proposed constitute a peoples' measure, and should receive the support of all the people.

No man can in justice to himself or his state reject the constitutional amendments.

Go to the Grand Central Hotel, New York. It is the only first-class hotel that has had the courage to reduce rates from \$4.00 to \$2.50 and \$3.00 per day.

## CAMPAIGN SCRAP.

The whole republican party is whistling, but even that don't keep its courage up. Spot the white man who votes against the amendments, for he is in favor of high taxes and reguery.—Wadesboro Herald.

The holders of the \$20,000,000 of special tax bonds are interested spectators, of the contest in this state, for on the issue depends the validity of this immense sum.

We saw an enthusiastic democrat on the street Wednesday, who was anxious to bet a hundred dollars on Tilden's election, but he couldn't find the Hayes man.—Charlotte Observer.

A well-informed gentleman from Caldwell county informs the Piedmont Press that Vance's majority in that county will not fall short of the whole number cast for Merrimon in the last gubernatorial election—829.

J. C. McFarland, a merchant in Polk county, says there is no doubt but Vance will carry that county by 125 to 150 votes, and says Polk has always gone radical by 75 to 100 majority. Three cheers for Polk county, Tilden Vance and Reform.

In the last election for governor, Caldwell the radical nominee had a majority of votes in the state of 1,825. Let every honest white man in this good old state vote the white man's ticket next Tuesday and Judge Sattie will think he has fallen farther than from the supreme court bench.

The canvass in Robeson county has everywhere been successful in rallying the democratic conservative party and all except the dyed in the wool radicals are now united in support of the reform ticket, national, state and county, and for the ratification of the constitutional amendments.—Robesonian.

**REGISTER NOW.**  
**POLITICAL POINTS.**  
Truth is really stranger than fiction. For one truth told there are at least ten lies.

Twenty years is too long for any political party to have control of the government.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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