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NEWS AND OBSERVER.

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NO. 26

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of THE NEWS AND OBSERVER, at 54 Fayetteville Street.

BOBBLANEOUS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. The Secret of the universal success of Brown's Iron Bitters is simply this: It is the best Iron preparation ever made...

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight, alum or phosphate powders.

By thorough and rapid assimilation with the blood, it reaches every part of the system, healing, purifying and strengthening. Commencing at the foundation it builds up and restores lost health—in no other way can lasting benefit be obtained.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS does not contain whiskey or alcohol, and will not blacken the teeth, or cause headache and constipation. It will cure dyspepsia, indigestion, heartburn, sleeplessness, dizziness, nervous debility, weakness, &c.

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR. It Will Positively Cure Sick Headache!

BY DYSPEPSIA. The Regulator will positively cure this terrible disease. We assert emphatically that we know to be true. CONSTIPATION should not be regarded as a trifling ailment. Nature demands the utmost regularity of the bowels. Therefore assist Nature by taking Simmons' Liver Regulator. It is harmless, mild and effectual.

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

Seven electric lighting companies have formed a pool for mutual protection. Hand bills are being circulated in Russia calling upon the Jews to join the Nihilists. It is rumored that Lord Dufferin, at present British ambassador at Constantinople, is to be appointed viceroy of Ireland. The New York Assembly has ordered a third reading to the bill providing for biennial sessions of the Legislature by a vote of 46 to 26.

The report of the capture of Galeyville, Arizona, and the killing of 35 persons is incorrect. Only one man was killed, and he was three miles from the town. There are two companies of troops at Galeyville, and the Indians did not attack the place.

At Dr. Lamson's desire only three reporters attended his execution. After a final interview with his wife the prisoner wrote to a friend admitting his guilt and attributing the crime to mental derangement. He subsequently wrote a definite confession that he poisoned Perry John, but in it he denies that he was concerned in the death of Herbert John.

Gov. Colquhoun, who is in New York, has been interviewed with regard to the situation in Georgia. He says the independent Democratic movement in that State, as led by ex-Congressman Felton, is of no political importance. He thinks Mr. Tilden would be a strong candidate for the Presidency, and he would be acceptable to the South. He says the colored men of Georgia are entirely contented; that they are carefully protected, honestly dealt with, and prosperous, and there is no talk on their part of emigration.

Delegates from the Trades Assembly have been holding an anti-Chinese State Convention in this city this week. Several interior labor organizations were represented, and politicians were ruled out. Last night resolutions and addresses were adopted, providing for "boycotting" the Chinese and all who deal with them, and pledging the members to assist when called upon in an overwhelming demonstration of public opinion against the landing of Chinese after a reasonable notice had been given.

By Telegraph.

ANOTHER TERRIBLE AFFAIR.

A Shooting Scene at Hickory—Six Men Wounded.

[Special to THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.] HICKORY, April 29. A terrible shooting affair has occurred here, growing out of trouble between some young men from the country and the town authorities. Last Saturday a difficulty occurred, in which policeman Ed. Bradford beat Pink Rowe and Chas. Rowe, who were resisting arrest for violating town ordinances.

It is understood that the parties had made threats of getting even with the police on their next visit. When they came in, Policeman Bradford was attacked by Pink Rowe, Charles Rowe and Pink Sigmon while he was on duty. He drew his pistol in self defense and fired four shots, all taking effect. Pink Rowe, Howell Parish and Chas. Rowe were all wounded by his shots. The first was hit in the head and Parish in the bowels. Both are dangerously wounded, but it is thought not fatally. The assailants fired four shots at Policeman Bradford, but failed to hit him. The latter, however, shot himself accidentally in the hand. During the melee two other men, Charles Bradford and a man named Harris, were also shot accidentally, but their wounds are not serious.

Congressional Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—HOUSE.—A message from the Senate announced the passage by that body, with amendments, of the House bill to execute certain treaty stipulations relating to the Chinese.

Mr. Page, of California, moved concurrence in the Senate amendments. Mr. Hooker, of Mississippi, objected on the ground that it was not wise legislation to act upon such an important measure without some time being given to consider the amendments.

Mr. Page then obtained an order for the printing of the bill and amendments, and gave notice that he would ask for their consideration Monday. On motion of Mr. Williams, of Wisconsin, a resolution was adopted authorizing the committee on foreign affairs to send a sub-committee to New York for the purpose of examining witnesses in the Chili-Peru investigation.

The House then resumed the consideration of the bill introduced by Mr. Lynch against Chalmers, and the previous question having been ordered, Mr. Calkins, of Indiana, took the floor to close the debate. He premised his argument with a brief review of the present condition of the race. The old fallacies and sophistries were gone, and today the idea that all men are created equal before the law was the accepted doctrine of the Republic.

Except the Chinese, suggested Mr. Buchanan, of Georgia. Mr. Calkins—Whenever the Chinese, as a people, shall stop their system of servitude, no man on this side of the chamber will refuse them the fellowship of mankind. Turning to the consideration of the case, Mr. Calkins exhibited a map of Mississippi to show the gerrymandering which had been resorted to in order to throw a large majority of the colored people into the "Shoestring" district. Good-natured colloquies ensued as to the system of redistricting in vogue in Indiana and Ohio.

Mr. Calkins spoke nearly two hours and was frequently applauded by his party friends. In conclusion he reviewed the benefits granted to the colored people by the Republican party, and assured that people that that party would continue to educate them, and standing by them in each advancing step in civilization, would invoke God's blessing upon them and their children. At the conclusion his speech was greeted with loud and long continued applause on the Republican side and in the galleries, in which a large number of colored men were assembled.

The vote was then taken on the resolution of the minority of the committee on elections, declaring Chalmers entitled to retain his seat, and it was rejected, yeas 104, nays 125—a party vote. About thirty pairs were announced on this vote. The question then recurred on the first resolution of the majority, declaring Chalmers not entitled to the seat. At first there was a disposition shown on the Democratic side to refrain from voting on this question, and on the first roll call not more than twenty Democrats voted, among them Randall, House, Tucker, Carlisle and Holman. This, however, was enough to make a quorum, and upon a second roll call the remaining Democrats cast their votes in the negative. The resolution was adopted—yeas 124, nays 71. The second resolution, declaring Lynch entitled to the seat, was agreed to—yeas 125, nays 83. Mr. Lynch then appeared at the bar of the House, escorted by Mr. Calkins, and the oath of office was administered to him by the Speaker.

Mr. Caswell, of Wisconsin, presented the conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill, and it was agreed to. The conference committee on the fortification appropriation bill was appointed and the House at 3:40 adjourned.

The Golden City Disaster.

MEMPHIS, April 29.—Local Inspectors Garrett and Rolston have completed their investigation in the steamer Golden City disaster, of March 30. They found that the vessel was provided with the full complement of officers and crew, and equipped with all the fire extinguishing apparatus

and life saving appliances required by law. They hold that the vessel, in carrying jute without the same being covered with bagging, violated the spirit of section 4,472, Revised Statutes, and revoked the license of J. N. Bondurant, the mate. After the fire was discovered the officers put forth every exertion to save the passengers, and they are held blameless for the loss of life.

Steamboat Boiler Explosion.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 29.—The explosion on the steamer Marion occurred on Water Street, near Columbia, S. C. The captain, at the solicitation of the people in the neighborhood, had agreed to take a party of ladies and gentlemen on an excursion down the river. The explosion occurred about 11 a. m., one of the boilers blowing up and carrying away the upper decks. Four sisters, the Misses Henry, were standing on the deck over the boiler, and were blown into the river. One of them, Miss Minnie, was picked up and died in fifteen minutes. Another was found fatally injured, and the two others are missing. The list of casualties is as follows: Killed, one; mangled, five, three whites and two colored; boat hands, one; wounded, five, four whites and one colored. It is thought all the wounded will die. The coroner's verdict exonerates the officers of the boat from all blame.

A North Carolinian Robbed by New York Sharpshooters.

NEW YORK, April 29.—Martin C. Dixon, a North Carolina farmer, who came to this city to sell a patent car coupler, was paid \$1,800 for the coupler yesterday, and shortly afterward John Schroeder and his wife Rachel, of Broome street, met him on Broadway. They invited him to a saloon, where all partook of beer. When they were going out Dixon found \$1,200 of his money gone, and charged Mrs. Schroeder with taking it. He caused her to be arrested and she was arraigned this morning in the police court, but stoutly denied the theft. The case was adjourned until Monday.

Dead Bodies Recovered.

MEMPHIS, April 29.—The bodies of a man and a woman, supposed to be victims of the Golden City disaster, were recovered yesterday. One was found on Cow Island, eighteen miles below the city, and the other at Bardeux Point, sixty miles below. N. F. McFaire, clerk of the ill-fated steamer, left this afternoon to identify the bodies.

Business Failures.

NEW YORK, April 28.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s mercantile agency reports failures throughout the country for the week at 110, a decrease of 14 as compared with last week. The Eastern States contribute 28, Western 47, Southern 30, Middle 20; Pacific slope and territories 9, and New York city 5. The failures in New York are of no importance or significance.

The World's Visible Supply of Cotton.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The receipts of cotton at all interior towns is 21,670 bales; receipts from plantations is 11,161 bales; crop in sight 5,128,626 bales; total visible supply of cotton for the world is 2,894,492 bales, of which 1,877,108 is American, against 2,976,300 and 2,305,900 respectively last year.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The stock market opened somewhat irregular, but prices in the main were a fraction lower than yesterday's closing quotations. In the early trade, after a slight advance in the general list, prices fell of 1/4 per cent., the latter for New Jersey Central. At 11 o'clock there was a recovery of 1/4 per cent., New Jersey Central and Lake Shore leading therein. From the opening to 11 o'clock speculation has been very tame.

New York Cotton Futures.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The Post's cotton report says: Future deliveries found but little attention and the first call established a decline of 2 to 4-100. Sales were made subsequently at a further reduction of 1 to 2-100. The market closed with a slight recovery but dull, the leading months 3 to 4-100 lower than yesterday. Total sales only 38,000 bales.

Another Crank Threatens the Life of the Queen.

DONCASTER, April 29.—A London detective and the chief local constable today arrested a railway employe, named Albert Young, living at Spratborough, for threatening the life of the Queen. He will be taken to London. It is believed that the threat was a piece of bravado.

Telegraphic Hints.

A dispatch from Dublin states that Earl Cowper has resigned the lord lieutenantcy of Ireland, and that Earl Spencer, now Lord President of the Council, has accepted the appointment as Cowper's successor. At New Haven, Conn., yesterday, Prof. Chittenden gave statements of his analyses of many different parts of Jennie Cramer's body and the amount of arsenic yielded, showing the total amount of arsenic in the body to be over three grains. The last spike in the Augusta and Greenwood Railroad was driven yesterday at noon, at Greenwood, S. C. Several thousand people assembled at Greenwood to participate in the rejoicing and festivities over the completion of the road. In the Superior Court of New York, yesterday, Mrs. Verina M. Chapman received a verdict of \$21,047.73 against the Phoenix National Bank of that city, for the value of bonds and stock of the bank confiscated during the war on the ground that she was friendly to the "rebellion."

LAMSON'S EXECUTION.

His Death Instantaneous—Incidents of the Affair.

LONDON, April 28.—Only three reporters were present at the hanging of Dr. Lamson to-day. The prisoner, who until the time of starting for the gallows had been calm and composed, looked very pale and dejected, and was nervous. He was supported by wardens on either side, and was with difficulty able to descend the steps to the yard. He was met by Marwood, the executioner, at the foot of the steps. Lamson hardly seemed to appreciate what was going on. From the steps there was a distance of about sixty yards to traverse to the gallows. Lamson was supported with difficulty from this point to the scaffold. He swayed backward and forward and stared wildly around him when placed under the noose. The chaplain, who appeared to be much affected, then began to read a portion of the burial service. Dr. Lamson in the meanwhile was supported by two jailors and his legs were strapped. Just before the cap was adjusted he cast down his eyes with a look of extreme despair. The drop was nine feet and death was instantaneous. The chaplain remained by the gallows, repeating the Lord's prayer. The body remained hanging for one hour. The Lancet says that it utterly fails to perceive a particle of evidence demonstrating the insanity of Dr. Lamson. The News believes that if Dr. Lamson had been deprived on the ground of insanity it would be impossible hereafter to punish any criminals who could show that indulgence in sedatives and narcotics had weakened their physical and mental condition.

Coroner's Verdict on the City of Sanford Disaster.

JACKSONVILLE, April 28.—The coroner's inquest into the City of Sanford disaster exonerates everybody except the United States inspectors. The verdict expresses the opinion that the inspection laws had not been enforced in the matters of watchmen, only one man being on duty for the entire vessel, when the law requires one for each deck. The verdict says that the fire was caused by sparks from the furnace.

The Election Trials at Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 28.—The whole of the United States Circuit Court to-day was occupied in hearing further testimony for the defence in the case of the United States against John T. Hogz and others, charged with obstructing qualified voters in Barnwell county. Twenty-one more witnesses for the defence were examined, corroborating the testimony of those preceding them. The defence then rested, and argument will commence to-morrow. Judge Bond has limited the argument to two hours on each side.

The People of Labrador Starving.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 28.—Advices from Labrador indicate a worse state of affairs than even that at the Anticosti Islands, recently reported. The people are on the verge of starvation, and at many points on the coast there is no food in the stores. One case is related of a young man who started for his father's house, only three hundred yards distant, and was so weakened by cold and hunger that he was unable to force his way through the snow. He was found so badly frozen that his legs had to be amputated, and when his rescuers took him home they found his wife and child frozen to death in the house.

Three Negroes Hanged at Greenville, S. C.

CHARLESTON, April 28.—Pleasant Adams, Joe Burton and Richard Bates (all colored) were hanged at Greenville, S. C., to-day, for burning the Academy of Music at that place on December 7, 1879. Burton, Bates and Adams passed last night in singing, and were attended to the gallows by colored ministers. Each of the condemned men made brief declarations of his innocence and gratitude to his counsel. Bates and Adams died in seventeen minutes and Burton in nineteen. A detachment of State militia was in attendance. Only the witnesses allowed by law were present at the execution. There was a large crowd in the streets, but no disorder, and all the arrangements were excellent.

The Anti-Chinese Convention in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—The Anti-Chinese Convention last night adopted a plan of action which includes a scheme to divide the Pacific coast into districts, which shall be notified to remove the Chinese within a specified time. Failing in such action the district is to be declared dangerous, and peaceably disposed citizens to be warned to abandon it, and if the Chinese are still harbored in the district a league is to remove them by force, using such force as may be necessary until the country is rid of them. The convention then elected an executive committee and adjourned sine die.

The Georgia Negro Convention.

MACON, April 28.—The State convention of colored men adopted a platform to-day, in sympathy with any movement to overthrow the Bourbon Democracy, and that will offer better inducements than the Republican party. The resolutions demand the repeal or modification of the penitentiary system of the State, and a larger appropriation for educational purposes, and declare that the poll-tax ought not to be made a prerequisite to voting. The convention then adjourned sine die.

The Way to produce a smile on the face of a man suffering with a racking cough is to make him a present of a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Just try it and you will be astonished at the result.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP. For the Cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Croup, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists.—Price, 25 Cents.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS. For a quarter of a century or more Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been the reigning specific for indigestion, dyspepsia, fever and acute, a loss of physical stamina, liver complaint and other disorders, and has been most emphatically endorsed by medical men as a health and strength restorative. It counteracts a tendency to premature decay, and sustains and comports the aged and infirm.

DR. CLARK JOHNSON'S Indian Blood Syrup. CURES DYSPYPSIA, LIVER DISEASE, FEVER & AGUE, RHEUMATISM, DROPSY, HEART DISEASE, BILIOUSNESS, ACIDITY, DEBILITY, ETC.

12,000,000 Bottles SOLD SINCE 1870. This Syrup Possesses Varied Properties. It stimulates the Ptyaline in the Saliva which converts the Starch and Sugar of the food into glucose. A deficiency in Ptyaline causes wind and souring of the food in the stomach. If the medicine is taken immediately after eating the fermentation of food is prevented.

LOUISBURG, FRANKLIN CO., N. C. This is to certify that Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup cured my wife of bronchitis of seven years standing. I cannot recommend it too highly. D. WEBSTER. Butler, Rutherford county, N. C. I was afflicted with rheumatism for six years, and found nothing to relieve me until I tried Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup, which effectually cured me in a month's time. W. SUTTON. Beulaville, Duplin county, N. C. Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup has been of great value to me for heart disease. I recommend it to all similarly afflicted. BARBARA WILLIAMS. Black Mingo, S. C. This is to certify that Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup cured me of disease of the kidneys, after all other medicines had failed. It is the best remedy known. THOMAS PENNSLEY. Yorkville, York county, S. C. The use of Dr. Clark Johnson's Indian Blood Syrup cured me of severe boils and indigestion. I cheerfully recommend its use. MRS. REBECCA STEWART.

DRUGGISTS SELL IT. Laboratory 77 West 3d Street, New York. City Lots for Sale. THE VACANT LOTS IN THE REAR of the National Hotel. Apply to FOWLER & SNOW, JOS. A. HAYWOOD, near 2d St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

T. H. Briggs & Sons, RALEIGH, N. C. Leaders in Hardware OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. FISHING TACKLE, COTTON HOES, GRAIN CRADLES, SCYTHES, SNATHS, FLY TRAPS, Cheap to the Trade.

GRANITE IRON WARE For Kitchen and Table Use. AGENCY Simonds' Saws AND Herring's Champion Safes.

1836 ESTABLISHED 1836 H. J. BROWN, UNDERTAKER, RALEIGH, N. C. Dealer in all sizes and styles of BURIAL CASES and CASKETS. (Metallic, Walnut, Poplar, Pine.) BURIAL ROBES for Ladies, Gents and Children. Having secured the agency for several of the largest Manufacturing Companies in the United States, we can, do and will sell lower than any other house in the city. Have also made arrangements whereby we can deliver above goods at any depot in the State free of charge. Satisfaction guaranteed. at 20 JOHN W. BROWN, Agent.

W. B. DUNN, Manufacturers and Dealers in Plows and Plow Castings, Wake Forest College, N. C. N. S. HARP Carriage Maker, Morgan Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

We have in stock a fine selection of home-made work, Barouches, Phaetons, Rockaways, Three Spring Wagons, Top and No-top Buggies, Surpassed by none in finish and durability. We have also in stock and are constantly receiving Cincinnati work—Barouches, Phaetons, Wagons, Top and No-top Buggies, all of which we are offering at the lowest prices.

1882. Spring Opening 1882. Fashionable Clothing, D. S. WAITT'S.

SHORT SACK DIAGONAL SUITS. Four Button Cutaway Suits. WHITE VESTS. NOBBY STYLE WALKING SUITS. Light Colored Short Sack Suits. BLACK DOESKIN PANTS. Fine D. B. "Prince Albert" Coats and Vests, Diagonal, Granite and Black Cloth. LIGHT FANCY CASSIMERE PANTS. My stock of Hats, Shoes, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Neckwear, Notions and Small Wares is also complete. Come and see me and satisfy your wants. D. S. WAITT, 52 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

EVE'S DAUGHTERS. WANTED AGENTS. Everywhere to sell this matchless book for the mothers and daughters of America. Hundreds of thousands will be sold, as every woman who will want it, mother or daughter, knowing its contents, will fall to buy it. S. ALLEN, 55 Chambers Street, N. Y.