

NEWS AND OBSERVER.

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NO. 47

NEWS OBSERVATIONS

—Only twenty-six of the United States senators keep house in Washington.

—There are nineteen foreign-born members of the present federal House of Representatives.

—About eighty million dollars in cash will be paid out this week in dividends, a sum of ready money that ought to send the wheels of industry whirling.

—General Jubal A. Early is described as a venerable man, his long, white beard reaching to his waist and his bent figure indicating the rapid advance of extreme old age.

—The secretary of State has just received and forwarded to Mr. Ericsson, the distinguished inventor, the grand cross of the order of avast merit lately conferred on him by the King of Spain.

—They kicked a negro out of a skating rink in Connecticut a few days ago, not because he couldn't skate or hadn't paid his fare, but because he was a negro. He ought to come South and grow up with the country.

—Mrs. James K. Polk on her new year's day celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of her wedding day and was assisted in her reception by her two nieces, the Misses Fall, who are with her at her residence in Nashville, Tenn.

—Servantism has triumphed in London. A lady advertises for a cook and housemaid, promising that each shall have the use of a piano-forte and be allowed two nights a week and every other Sunday for outings.

—Mr. Ferdinand Ward, it is said, is running a small printing press at the Sing Sing penitentiary. Mr. Ward may some day become the editor of a great Republican organ. He has already shown the possession of the moral qualifications for such a place.

—President Cleveland has made himself immortal by lowering the record of hand-shaking. Gen. Grant lowered the record some years ago, but President Cleveland has succeeded in crowding in six more hands to the minute. It is thus that the superiority of Democracy is made manifest.

—An attorney General Garland says that Work and Warner offered to pay the amount due the Marine national bank if the government would suspend the criminal prosecutions, but the treasury department declined to entertain the proposition and the law will take its course.

—Dr. William A. Hammond says that at the end of a thousand years men will have no hair on their heads. In fact, in those hairless days a theatre will be all front row. There will be no bangs, no curls, no shampoos, no hair tonic, nothing but a monotonous similarity of shining polls. It is a sad prospect.

—In this new year of our Lord, 1886, Washington's birthday comes on Monday, St. Valentine's Day on Sunday, St. Patrick's on Wednesday, April Fool's Day on Thursday, the fourth of July on Sunday and Christmas on Saturday. Lent begins March 10; Easter Sunday will be the 25th of April.

—The Standard Oil company is investing millions of dollars in Florida, its last purchase being the Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Halifax road. The South Florida Times learns that the management proposes to extend from St. Augustine to Daytona to connect with the Atlantic Coast and Key West railroad.

—The people of New York need missionaries. While a murderer gets off with two or three years imprisonment and a swindler of millions with four or five years, the man who is unfortunate enough to owe \$500 may be imprisoned for life. Its laws punish poverty more severely than crime, and the ministers of New York might find in this subject a fitting text upon which to preach.

—The tailor dresses of serge, which by many are considered indispensable for utility use, have almost without exception draped backs, which are best described by comparing them to a very large half square, the centre point falling at the back of the skirt, while the other two are caught up in butterfly drapings, the extreme ends hidden beneath their soft folds. The effect of this arrangement is easily imagined. It is extremely simple and not liable to get out of order, as more elaborate drapings are apt to do. This style of arranging the skirt-back is newer than the square cut water-trail drapery, the point in the back being considered more graceful than the one just alluded to, which is cut straight across both top and bottom.

—The Rural Record says the best situation for either a market garden or farm garden is on comparatively level ground provided the land is thoroughly drained. Gently rolling lands are excellent. As Southern gardening is largely conducted during the fall, winter and early spring months, all the warmth that the sun will give is needed. Secure shelter on the northeast and west by hills, woods or buildings, if possible. A diversity of soil in the garden will permit a greater variety of vegetables being grown, as some require heavy soil and others a light one. Stagnant ponds of water must be avoided, but if they can be utilized as reservoirs for irrigation, preserve them. Shade trees and large fruit trees near or in the garden are bad. In buying a farm for gardening, locate near the railroad, to save expense in shipping.

Is There Any Gum in It?

Is there any gum in it? Is what all prudent men ask before taking any of our new enterprising Taylor's Chewable Gum of Sweet Gum and Mastic Gum in it and the finest stimulating principle known. It cures coughs, colds and consumption.

CONGRESSIONAL

THE REAL WORK OF THE SESSION HAS BEGUN.

A Heavy Run of New Bills in Both Houses.

WASHINGTON, January 5.—SENATE.—Precisely at noon the Senate was called to order by Senator Sherman, president pro tem., who, after prayer and the reading of the journal, laid before the Senate the credentials of John W. Daniel, the newly elected United States Senator from Virginia, which were read and laid on the table, also a communication from Gen. W. B. Franklin, president of the national home for disabled volunteer soldiers, notifying the Senate of the death of Gen. George B. McClellan, with a view of having the consequent vacancy on the board of trustees filled. The communication was referred to the committee on military affairs.

Mr. Harrison, from the committee on Territories, reported favorably the bill to legalize the election of the ninth territorial legislative assembly of Wyoming. For this he asked immediate consideration.

Mr. Edmunds said he would not object if its consideration would not consume much time, but that he was anxious to get up the Utah bill as soon as possible.

The bill as reported by Mr. Harrison was then, without objection, read a third time and passed.

Among the bills introduced and appropriately referred were the following: By Mr. Blair, to give the right of trial by jury to claimants for pensions whose applications have been rejected by the secretary of the interior on appeal from the decision of the commissioner of pensions. Also, to provide for the erection of monuments to Abraham Lincoln and Ulysses S. Grant.

By Mr. Logan, to provide for the adjustment of accounts of laborers, workmen and mechanics arising under the eight hour law; also to confer military rank on telegraph operators in the military service; also to create a commission to inquire into the material, industrial and intellectual progress made by the colored people since 1865; also for the relief of telegraph operators during the war.

By Mr. Vance, to repeal chapter 27 of the act of 1883, relating to civil service.

By Mr. Morgan, to substitute silver dollars in place of gold coin and currency in the several reserved funds held in the treasury.

By Mr. George, to enlarge the powers and duties of the department of agriculture.

By Mr. Call, to authorize the secretary of war to purchase a lot in Jacksonville, Fla., for military purposes.

A resolution offered by Mr. Call was at his request laid on the table for the present, requesting the President of the United States to submit to some foreign power the demands of Spain for carrying into effect the treaty of 1819, for thecession of Florida, such foreign power to be selected with the consent of the government of Spain.

A resolution offered by Mr. Hoar was at his request referred to the committee on foreign relations, requesting the President to take measures for revising and extending our extradition treaties so as to cover cases of embezzlement and other breaches of trust. In offering his resolution Mr. Hoar made special reference to the number of defaulting bank officers who tried to escape punishment by flight to Canada.

Mr. Sherman, taking the floor, offered a concurrent resolution accepting the marble statue of ex-President Garfield presented to Congress by the State of Ohio and now in position in statutory hall at the capitol. Gov. Hoadly's letter of presentation was at Mr. Sherman's request read by the clerk. Mr. Sherman then delivered a brief but earnest and warm eulogy of ex-President Garfield and moved the adoption of the resolution offered by him. The concurrent resolution was then agreed to.

Mr. Gray gave notice that he would tomorrow call up Mr. Beck's silver resolution, for the purpose of making some remarks on it. Mr. Beck inquired as to the present parliamentary condition of the resolution referred to. The chair (Mr. Sherman) replied that it was on the table, and that the pending motion was to refer it to the committee on finance.

Mr. Beck, referring to a criticism made by Mr. Morrill on his (Beck's) recent silver speech, inquired of Mr. Morrill whether on a careful reading of that speech he had not been mistaken in his understanding of Mr. Beck's remarks. Mr. Morrill replied that he took pleasure in saying that he had somewhat misunderstood Mr. Beck's reference to the President and the secretary of the treasury.

Mr. Beck disclaimed having made any personal attack on the President or the secretary of the treasury. His remark regarding the secretary's looking up the surplus would, he said, have been quite as well illustrated and perhaps more aptly so, had he said that if a cyclone had blown down the treasury building, and scattered the surplus and the people had picked up the money on the street and put it into circulation, that the circulation would be more beneficial to the people than keeping the money locked up in the treasury.

The chair laid before the Senate a resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Harrison, directing an inquiry into the alleged practice of the late pension officers in taking into account in the granting of pensions consideration, other than the merits of applications.

Mr. Harris requested that the resolution might go over for today and by

unanimous consent it went over accordingly.

Mr. Edmunds called up the Utah bill, reported by him from the committee on judiciary. The bill having been read at length, Mr. Hoar moved to strike out the seventh section, being the section prohibiting the exercise of suffrage by women in Utah. The bill was discussed for some time by Messrs. Hoar and Edmunds, but finally at the request of Senator Vest, went over for one day.

A message was received from the President transmitting the draft of a bill to provide for the allotment of lands in severalty to the Indians. It was read and referred.

Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, called up the resolution heretofore offered by him, calling on the secretary of the interior for a copy of each report made by the government directors of the Union Pacific railroad, from the appointment of such directors to the present time. In support of his resolution Mr. Wilson reviewed at considerable length the action of the government directors of whom he had himself been one, with a view of showing that had the government paid attention to the information conveyed and the recommendation made by the directors, the relations of the government to the roads would today be better. At the conclusion of Mr. Wilson's remarks the judicial salary bill was placed before the Senate. Without further action, however, the Senate at 3.35 p. m. went into executive session.

At 4.50 the doors were reopened and the Senate adjourned.

The Senate in executive session spent an hour and a half in considering the nominations of a number of minor postmasters, chiefly in Kentucky and Tennessee, but adjourned without reaching a point of action in regard to any of them.

HOUSE.—Mr. Muller, of New York, made his appearance in the House this morning for the first time during the session, and was warmly welcomed by his colleagues and congratulated upon his recovery from his recent severe illness. His desk was adorned with an immense floral basket bearing the inscription: "To our big chief, with best wishes of the members of the first assembly district, New York County democracy."

Immediately after the reading of the journal the oath of office was administered to Mr. Muller.

The Hoar presidential succession bill and the Senate resolution, proposing certain joint rules, were referred to appropriate committees.

Contrary to general expectation, the committees were not announced after the reading of the journal, and the speaker immediately proceeded to the call of the States for the introduction of bills and resolutions.

Among the bills and resolutions introduced under this call were the following: By Mr. Compton, of Maryland, to repeal the tenure-of-office act.

By Mr. McComas, of Maryland, to establish a postoffice savings bank; also to establish a postal telegraph system; also for the redemption of the trade dollar; also to prevent the use of the United States mails to advertise noxious drugs or foods; also for the erection of a monument over the grave of Francis Scott Key.

By Mr. Catech, of Michigan, to reform the civil service and preserve constitutional distinctions between legislative and executive duties by the organization of a bureau of civil appointment.

By Mr. Maybury, of Michigan, for the importation, free of duty, of ores of iron, lead, copper and zinc and bituminous coal, salt and lumber.

By Mr. McAdoo, of New Jersey, to prevent fraudulent entries on the public domain; also to prevent aliens and others than bona fide settlers from owning land in the Territories.

By Mr. Buchanan, of New Jersey, to repeal the tobacco tax; also for the establishment of a department of agriculture; also for the retirement and re-coinage of the trade dollar.

By Mr. Barksdale, of Mississippi, to remove restrictions on the coinage of the standard silver dollar and to coin the same on the conditions prescribed for the gold coinage; also to extend the time for the completion of the Gulf & Ship Island R. R.

By Mr. Bennett, of North Carolina, to prevent the marriage of the white and negro races in the District of Columbia.

By Mr. O'Hara, of North Carolina, to reimburse the depositors of the Freedmen's savings and trust company.

By Mr. Johnston, of North Carolina, to abolish internal revenue taxation. Similar bills were introduced by other members of the North Carolina delegation.

By Mr. Reid, of North Carolina, reducing the duty on steel rails to \$7 per ton.

Bills were introduced for the erection of public buildings at the following places: Boulton and Belfast, Me.; Worcester, Lynn, New Bedford and Springfield, Mass.; St. Clair, Rome, Marine City, Lapierre, Mt. Clemens, East Saginaw, Jackson and Grand Haven, Mich.; Duluth, Minn.; Vicksburg, Miss.; Sedalia and Springfield, Mo.; Beatrice and Hastings, Nebraska; Paterson and Camden, N. J.; Hudson and Newburg, N. Y.; Charlotte, Wilmington, New Bern, Asheville and Saleh, N. C. Without a conclusion of the call the House at 4.15 adjourned. The number of bills introduced today was 790.

For cure of rheumatism, neuralgia in its various phases, of sciatica, the rheumatism, sciatica, etc., use Salvation Oil, the greatest pain-killer on earth. Price 25 cents a bottle.

The great superiority of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, to all other cough remedies, is attested by the immense demand for that old-established remedy.

PENNSYLVANIANS

PLACED IN IMMINENT DANGER BY FRESHETS.

Work of the Wild Water in the Keystone State.

EMPORIUM, Pa., Jan. 5.—Heavy rains the past two days and large quantities of snow on timbered hills have conspired to produce the most violent flood known in many years along Driftwood and Sinnamoning creeks. Today millions of logs have broken from their fastenings and are going down the swollen rivers at a terrific rate. It is said the loss to the lumbermen will approach \$3,000,000. At this place there are over two feet of water in many of the streets.

All telegraphic communication to the east is lost and trains on the Philadelphia & Erie railroad are obliged to flag their trains. Reports from Cameron state that the greater part of that town is under water and residents are in great fear lest their houses be swept away. Many residences had to be vacated. A million feet of logs were torn loose and swept down Hunt's run. Saw mills and dams at various places along the creeks are much exposed and are in imminent danger of being carried away. The water is well up in Driftwood creek, where considerable damage has been done. Last night was one of great anxiety and excitement all through the valley.

New York Cotton Futures. NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—The Post says: The market opened for futures steady at 1 point decline. At the opening call January sold at 9.28a9.27a9.28, February 9.35, March 9.46a9.47, April 9.58, May 9.68, June 9.81, July 9.90, August 9.98a9.99. The sales was 5,100 bales. After the opening call the market was firm and prices were advanced 1 to 2 points, but at noon the market was weak at a decline of about 6 points from the opening prices. Future deliveries, with free offerings, lost 8-100 on January and 11a12-100 on the later months, and closed steady, January 9-100, the balance 11-100 lower than yesterday.

Great Disorder at Matamoros, Mexico. MATAMOROS, Mexico, Jan. 5.—A dispatch was received here Saturday from the City of Mexico, directing that the city ticket approved by the State Congress be seated. It was therefore proposed to turn over the mayoralty to Yturria today, but the friends of Torres rallied in force and swear he shall not go in. A fight is expected. There is much disorder here, the city being entirely without a city government. Last night the roughs were rampant and there were several shooting scrapes, unprotected women being fired on and two men were wounded. A party of fifty rangers under Gonzalez were fired into and dispersed by Col. Hernandez's cavalry. The rangers supported Yturria.

Bygone Days. THE NEWS AND OBSERVER two years ago published an account of the companies from Raleigh in the war of 1812, the war with Mexico and the late war, and their departure from this place. The Wilmington Review prints the original muster roll of Capt. W. J. Price's company of the First regiment N. C. volunteers in the war with Mexico. This was Col. Robert T. Paine's regiment. The company was mustered into the United States service at Smithville, January 19, 1847, Lieut. S. L. Fremont, U. S. army, being the mustering officer. The following is the original muster roll of officers: Captain—W. J. Price, Wilmington; First Lieutenant—George E. B. Singletary, Raleigh; Second Lieutenant—William B. Flanner, Wilmington; Junior Second Lieutenant—Edward Yarborough, Raleigh; First Sergeant—J. B. Whitaker, Wilmington; Second Sergeant—D. H. Black, Wilmington; Third Sergeant—H. Bonham, Wilmington; Fourth Sergeant—F. P. Camp, Raleigh.

Among the privates from Raleigh in the company were: F. B. Crenshaw, James Fowler, Isaiah L. Goodwin, Joseph D. Gorman, E. D. Hayes, Wiley Harding, Wesley M. Jones, James C. Lumsden, Charles Manly, Chesley Olive, Edward Rowlett, Thomas G. Scott, John H. Simons, Robert G. Twissale and Saunders Woodward. Nearly on the roll are now dead. They fought gallantly at Burna Vista, Churubusco, Contreras, Molino del Rey and the City of Mexico.

Doctors Who Disagree. "For cures of faith let graceless bigots fight he can't be wrong whose life is in the right." So says the poet, and we may add that while home paths and allopaths are fighting over the merits of their systems of medicine, the man who uses St. Jacobs Oil for rheumatism will always be right.

It is proposed to organize the Indian territory into a territorial government.

A Fortunate Disciple of Franklin is Elected. A Boston job printer, Mr. M. B. Nelson, No. 76 Merrimac street, held one-fifth of ticket No. 46,799 in the November drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery, which drew \$75,000, costing him \$1. He is single, about 22 years of age, lives with his parents, and this prize-money will enable him to extend his business. He is a steady, industrious young man, and will make good use of his wealth.—Boston (Mass.) Commercial and Shipping List, Nov. 25. He can count his own luck.

—It is only the bride who is given away at a wedding. It seems to be taken for granted that the youthful bridegroom has given himself away many times before the day of the ceremony.

From Washington.

REASSEMBLING OF CONGRESS—SETTLING DOWN TO THE WINTER'S WORK—SILVER MEN ENCOURAGED—SENATOR MILLER'S CONDITION IMPROVING.

Special Dispatch to the Baltimore Sun. WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—Although a large proportion of Senators and Representatives go home during the holidays, many of them remain here, more especially those who live at a considerable distance. Those left have been returning for two or three days, and both houses will have a pretty full attendance tomorrow. Matters will scarcely get into real working order before the close of this week, but from that time both houses will settle down to discussion and business. There are hundreds of bills in the hands of members to be introduced in the House at the first opportunity, and Senators have also a goodly supply on hand. Concerning the silver question and the prospects of debate and action on that subject there is now nothing additional to what has already been stated in this correspondence, except that if possible the advocates of continued silver coinage seem more "set in their ways" than ever. Senator Beck particularly is on the rampage, because of the many letters which he has received commending his recent speech. He is said to be more pleased with a small water-color painting sent him by the youngest daughter of Jefferson Davis, representing "a silvery moon looking down through a shaven of silvery clouds upon a prosperous landscape, wearing a tone of silver brilliancy, than with any other communication he has received. This description of the painting is about as luminous as one of Mr. Beck's silver arguments.

The Congressmen and members of the press who accepted the invitation of the North and Central American Exposition management to spend the holiday in New Orleans returned this morning. They all expressed much pleasure at the kind treatment received at the hands of the warm-hearted citizens of New Orleans.

Senator Miller, of California, is in a condition which gives much anxiety to his family and friends, although they are still hopeful of his recovery. His lower limbs have begun to swell, which is not a good sign. In the event of his demise a democratic Senator might succeed him.

Murderous Work in Texas. EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 5.—Several men entered the office of Bossillier & Robert, brewers, at Paso del Norte yesterday, and pointed revolvers at Robert, who was alone, ordered him to open the safe. He started to comply, when Bossillier, his partner, entered the office and interposed a protest against submitting to the demands. The latter thereupon fired at the partners, killing Bossillier and badly wounding Robert. The assassins made their escape. The murdered man was one of the most prominent citizens of Paso del Norte.

IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD there should be kept a bottle of Pond's Extract, as it is invaluable in case of accidents, slight or serious, that are always liable to occur, such as Cuts, Burns, Bruises, &c. It is of the greatest benefit for Hemorrhages, Neuralgic Pains and Inflammations, while for Catarrh, Piles, &c. it is the best known remedy. Ask your druggist to give you nothing but the genuine.

Washington News. WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Speaker Carlisle said at 2 o'clock this afternoon that the committees would not be announced today. It is understood that the list is not yet fully made up and that it may be subject to a further change at the last moment. There seems to be no doubt that it will be ready for announcement tomorrow.

Senator Brown introduced in the Senate today a bill to relieve Gen. Robert H. Anderson, of Georgia, of his political disabilities.

The President has withdrawn the nomination of John G. Lee, of Philadelphia, to be secretary of legation at Constantinople. This is done at Lee's request.

The President today nominated John J. Higgins to be collector of customs of the district of Natchez, Miss.; Wm. H. McArdle, of Mississippi, consul of the United States at San Juan del Norte, and a large number of minor officials, chiefly postmasters.

Prof. W. H. Ruffin, principal of the State normal school of Virginia, and one of the most strongly endorsed of all the candidates, has written to the secretary of the interior, withdrawing his application for the position of United States commissioner of education.

The Susquehanna River Overflowing. LOCKHAVEN, Jan. 5.—The flood in the Susquehanna river at this point is within two feet of being as high as it was in 1885. The greater part of the city is flooded, but the damage cannot yet be estimated. Large quantities of saw logs have broken loose in the creeks above and are passing here as booms cannot be hung. The Pennsylvania canal is reported to be badly damaged. The water is still rising.

W. K. Ingersoll's Property Attached. NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 5.—A special to the Times-Democrat from Vicksburg says: "All the personal property on W. K. Ingersoll's Shipland (Miss.) plantation has been attached to satisfy judgments in favor of persons in Detroit. When the fact became known here today considerable uneasiness was manifested in legal circles as several attorneys here holding judgments against Ingersoll think their claims are now out of Ingersoll's hands and his liabilities at about \$85,000 and his assets at \$152,000."

Helping the Hospital.

Yesterday Mr. A. P. Bryan, treasurer of St. John's hospital, received two letters, each enclosing \$10, each letter as follows: "My DEAR SIR:—I take pleasure in sending you \$10 for the hospital. I expect to repeat the gift every year as long as I can do so; that is, as long as my present income is not diminished; and as I am to pose as an example, I wish that a hundred men could be found to follow just this one, believing that the effect would be to place this excellent charity upon a sound and secure basis."

It seems strange that it is necessary to persuade men that you can cure their diseases by offering a premium to the man who fails to receive benefit. And yet Dr. Sage undoubtedly cured thousands of cases of obstinate catarrh with his "Catarrh Remedy," who would never have applied to him, if it had not been for his offer of the above sum for an incurable case. Who is the next bidder for cure or cash?

THE STEAMER ARMINIA BURNED. WASHINGTON, January 5.—The well known Potomac river steamer Arminia was burned about 3 o'clock this morning at her wharf at Alexandria, Va. Two watchmen were asleep on the steamer at the time the fire broke out, and were not awakened until the flames had made it impossible for them to gain the wharf. They jumped overboard, however, and were quickly rescued. The vessel was owned by the Inland & Coastwise Navigation Co., of Baltimore, and valued at \$50,000.

Advice to Mothers. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste; soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

SHEEP NOMS and Baldwin Apples, Florida Oranges, Bananas, by barrel, bunch, &c. W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

WITH FIVE POUNDS OUR OWN MIXTURE ROASTED COFFEE, 25 cents per pound, we give an elegant China Cup and Saucer. W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

FRESH SUPPLY of those delicious Cocoanut Macaroons; 25c lb., worth 40c.; last we will have. W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

25 CENTS A BOTTLE

SALVATION OIL

KILLS PAIN

The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain. Will relieve any kind of pain, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Croup, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Catarrh of the Bladder, Stomach, and Bowels, and all other ailments. It is the best known remedy. Ask your druggist to give you nothing but the genuine.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive persons in a chronic stage of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

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(Opposite the Postoffice.)

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DRUGS.

—FRESH—

GARDEN SEED

A SPECIALTY.

Fine Soaps and Toilet Articles.

Trusses and Surgical Instruments.

Choice brands of Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco.

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Accurately filled day and night from Drugs warranted Strictly Pure and Fresh. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Correspondence solicited.

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Sold by W. C. & A. B. STRONACH, George T. Stronach and J. R. Furrall & Co.

RACKET STORE.

A Happy New Year to everybody is the greeting we send to all from the RACKET STORE.

We are going to do all we can to make everybody happy, and if you will do what we intend to do and what we tell you to do you will master the multitude of life's ills: Keep out of debt. Till your crops with a hoe and be the owner of every hill of corn or cotton or tobacco you grow, unless you have the means of your own to do otherwise. Did you know the credit system took half your labor and made you pay double for all you got? Keep out of debt and save every other row of corn or cotton, for it takes just that much of your labor to enjoy the greatest blessing there is in the credit system, for if a credit crop fails you are sold out and all you have must go, while you and your family are left destitute.

Well, the credit system is a bad system anyway, and the man who sells merchandise that way is simply an object of pity, as a rule; because the number who cannot pay and those who will not pay force him to charge such prices to those who do pay that he is actually ashamed of himself.

The credit system don't bring very much happiness to anybody. It is all "hope deferred." THE RACKET STORE comes to you with the new and better way; with a live cash business based on quick sales and small profits. Six months of Racket life has done much to develop the advantages we are able to give you. Six months has developed the fact that Racket values have mastered the field and placed it in the lead of the trade in Raleigh. Six months has decided that it pays to have our buyers always in the market, gathering bargains from the slaughter-pens of credit, and six months has decided that our efforts to supply the people with the greatest value for the least money has met their approval and tells us in thunder tones the determination of the masses to free themselves from the bondage of the credit system and that henceforth they will use the ready dollar instead of paying double for their merchandise.

SMOKER

KRAMER'S 5 CENT PUC CIGARS.

NONE BETTER on the market. Made of the best leaf and cannot be excelled.

MANUFACTURED BY Samuel Kramer & Co. DURHAM, N. C.

WIRE RAILING AND ORNAMENTAL WIRE WORK.

DUPRE & CO., No. 30 North Howard Street, Baltimore, manufacturers of wire railing for cemeteries, balconies, etc., woven leaders, cages and coal screens, woven wire, iron bedsteads, chairs, settees, etc.