Library of Congress
JAN 8 86

NEWS AND OBSERVER.

VOL. XXVI. RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, JANUARY 8, 1886. NO. 49

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 103 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W C & A B Stronach, George T Stronach and J R Ferrall & Co.

RACKET STORE.

A Happy New Year to everybody is the greeting we send to all from the RACKET STORE.

We are going to do all we can to make everybody happy, and if you will do what we intend to do and what we tell you to do you will master the multitude of life's ills: Keep out of debt.

Till your crops with a hoe and be the owner of every hill of corn or cotton or tobacco you grow, unless you have the means of your own to do otherwise. Did you know the credit system took half your labor and made you pay double for all you eat? Keep out of debt and save every other row of corn or cotton, for it takes just that much of your labor to enjoy the greatest blessing there is in the credit system, for if a credit crop fails you are sold out and all you have must go, while you and your family are left destitute.

Well, the credit system is a bad system anyway, and the man who sells merchandise that way is simply an object of pity, as a rule; because the number who cannot pay and those who will not pay force him to charge such prices to those who do pay that he is actually ashamed of himself.

The credit system don't bring very much happiness to anybody. It is all "hope deferred." The RACKET STORE comes to you with the new and better way; with a live cash business based on quick sales and small profits. Six months of Racket life has done much to develop the advantages we are able to give you. Six months has developed the fact that Racket values have mastered the field and placed it in the lead of the trade in Raleigh. Six months has decided that it pays to have our buyers always in the market, gathering bargains from the slaughter-pens of credit, and six months has decided that our efforts to supply the people with the greatest value for the least money has met their approval and tells us in thunder tones the determination of the masses to free themselves from the bondage of the credit system and that henceforth they will use the ready dollar instead of paying double for their merchandise.

SMOKE

KRAMER'S

5 CENT PUG

CIGARS.

NONE BETTER on the market. Made of Selected leaf and cannot be excelled.

MANUFACTURED BY

Samuel Kramer & Co

DURHAM, N. C.

OFFICE FOR RENT.

Having leased from January 1st the new house on Wilmington street next to my residence, for an office, the rooms I now occupy in the rear of Battle & Mordecai will be for rent. Apply to R. H. Battle or the undersigned. RICH'D H. LEWIS.
dec15 dtf

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

—Dear Mr. Cleveland: Don't write letters.

—Edison believes that his new phonograph will increase the sound of the voice four fold.

—Mr. Yardwide is a member of the Nebraska assembly—an all-wool legislature, as some wit says.

—The pews in Brother Beecher's church were sold at auction the other evening. They showed a slight decline from last year. The market seemed to be quite depressed.

—President Cleveland is said to feel hurt because his recent letter on the subject of newspaper discussion was made public. The letter, it is alleged, was meant to be strictly confidential.

—A generous citizen of Baltimore, Mr. Enoch Pratt, gave some time ago $1,000,000 to be used in establishing and supporting a free library in that city. On Monday last the people of Baltimore celebrated the opening of the institution.

—Chicago claims the anything but proud pre-eminence of being among the largest producers of butterine and oleomargarine in the world. One manufactory, by no means the largest in that city, boasts a sale of 3,000,000 pounds last year, adding the comforting assurance, "almost all of which was shipped to the Eastern markets."

—Druggist Am Ende, of Hoboken, whose error in preparing a prescription caused the death of the Holtz sisters, has been acquitted by a jury. There was no doubt as to the fatal prescription, but there was no end of sympathy for the druggist, and the jury seemed to think that the poor man had suffered enough. The fact that he was subjected to the annoyance of a trial, however, may have a good effect upon the prescription compounders who are prone to keep the morphine and quinine jars in dangerous propinquity.

—Great Britain did not experience half as much trouble in annexing Burmah as it is likely to have in governing it. The restraining influence of the wholesale massacres which King Theebaw was in the habit of ordering to secure respect for the law can no longer be relied on, and it will take some time to find an effective substitute. In the mean time, the Dacoits are simplifying the situation by reducing the population, and troops are on the move to reduce the Dacoits. A civilized government and an uncivilized people do not fit together very well.

—The toilets prepared for New Year's day this season were remarkable for their diversity and for a very wide range between [illegible] cence. Among the gowns sent out by a Broadway importing house was a princesse-shaped dress of pale blue lilac damask, the petticoat made of white satin laid in wide box plaits, with massive ornaments of pearl and heliotrope beads set down the centre of each panel. The square-cut bodice was finished with a Medici collar of satin, bordered with the beaded embroidery A second toilet was made of amber satin, the court train opening over a petticoat of a lovely shade of violet velvet, embroidered with purple and gold pansies. A charming dress to be worn by a debutante was made of white corded silk, with scarf drapery of India gauze, hand-embroidered with white silk flowers outlined with pearl beads. For another debutante was completed a dress of pink china crape with ostrich feather trimmings and skirt ruffles of rose point lace. A costume of pale blue velvet, made in close princesse style, with sleeve and corsage garniture of real point lace, was exceedingly effective. A lovely trained dress of cream white china crape was elaborately trimmed with point gauze lace, and worn over a glove-fitting princesse slip of white surah. The artistic aarangement of the draping of this dress was its chief attraction. Lone sprays of white roses and foliage held the airy folds in place and garnished the bodice. Among the short dresses was one of pale blue Ottoman silk combined with golden brown Lyons velvet and another of tea rose satin trimmed with a very delicate shade of pale blue plush.

—Many horticulturists and farmers purchase bone dust costing not less than two cents a pound, simply to enrich the soil around and beneath their trees and vines. Fragments of bones are valuable, although their elements of fertility will not be found available in so short a time as if the larger pieces were reduced to small atoms. Nevertheless, if large bones be buried three or four feet from a grape vine, the countless numbers of mouths at the end of roots will eventually appropriate every particle. When cast out the kitchen door, bones are a nuisance; whereas, if properly buried, they become a source of valuable fertility. Let every person who owns a grape vine or fruit tree save all the bones that pass through the kitchen, and bury them where such worthless material will be turned to some profit. One of the best domestic methods of reducing bones is to break one hundred pounds of them into small fragments, and pack them into a tight cask or box, with 100 pounds of hard wood ashes, which have been previously mixed with 25 pounds of dry, water-slacked lime and 12 pounds of powdered salsoda. Twenty gallons of water will saturate the mass, and more may be added as required. In two or three weeks the bones will be dissolved. So says the Rural Record, in substance.

Riddles.

A lady asked a gentleman his age. He replied: "What you do in everything?" XL. So does Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein excel all other medicine for coughs, croup and consumption.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATOR VOORHEES DESIRES TO INVESTIGATE

Certain Allegations in Regard to the Pension Bureau.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 7—SENATE.—The chair laid before the Senate a letter from the secretary of war, transmitting a petition from West Point students who are to graduate in June, 1886, praying that provision may be made for their appointment to the army. Referred to the committee on military affairs.

Mr. Voorhees offered as a substitute for the resolution recently offered by his colleague, one reciting in its preamble that the commissioner of pensions in his annual report had stated that at one time the pension bureau was almost avowedly a political machine filled with uncompromising adherents of a single organization, (meaning the republican party,) and that claimants were often required to support the republican party as a condition upon which pensions should issue. The resolution instructs the committee on expenditures of public money to inquire into the truth of these allegations, and confers power to send for persons and papers.

Mr. Logan said he had nothing to say against the commissioner of pensions, whom he respected highly, but he wished the resolution enlarged so as to include an investigation of the present administration of the office. He said Col. Fred. Stevenson, a gallant wounded soldier, had been removed from his position at the head of a division of the office, at the demand of a Democratic member of Congress. No change had been made against him and the only reason known for his removal was that he had supported an independent Democratic candidate for Congress in opposition to the man who had him removed. Mr. Voorhees accepted the amendment offered by Senator Logan. The resolution went over for one day.

After the passage of a few bills for private relief, the hour of 2 o'clock arriving, the Utah bill was placed before the Senate, Mr. Brown first stating that he would not ask to be heard today on the silver question, but would ask to be so heard Tuesday next at 2 o'clock. Mr. Morgan addressed the Senate in support of an amendment offered by him, providing for the disposal of the property of the Mormon church according to the rules and principles of common law as in the case of the dissolution of a corporation.

At 6.16, without concluding the consideration of the bill, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Immediately after the reading of the journal the call of States was resumed and the following bills and resolutions introduced and referred:

By Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, to prevent the desecration of graves in the District of Columbia.

By Mr. Goff, of West Virginia, to repeal the internal revenue tax on tobacco.

By Mr. Joseph, of New Mexico, a resolution for the appointment of a committee of three members to investigate the conduct of the campaign against the hostile Apaches in Arizona and New Mexico as conducted by Gen. Crook, also to provide for the organization of a regiment of volunteers in Arizona and New Mexico, for the purpose of suppressing Indian hostilities.

By Mr. Voorhees, for the admission of the State of Washington; also to forfeit the unearned North Pacific land grants; also to secure more efficient civil service reform.

By Mr. Bear, of Arizo, calling on the secretary of the interior for copies of the correspondence of his department and the government of Arizona on Indian matters.

By Mr. Gifford, of Dakota, for the admission of Dakota as a State.

By Mr. Symes, of Colorado, for the unlimited coinage of the silver dollar.

By Mr. Henderson, of Illinois, for the construction of the Hennepin canal.

At the conclusion of the call the speaker announced his committee appointments. When the reading of the committee list had been competed the House at 2.50 o'clock adjourned until Monday.

Yesterday's Cotton Market at New York.

NEW YORK, January 7.—The Post says: The market opened this morning for futures fairly active and firm, at 3 points advance. At the opening call January sold at 9.18a9.17, February 9.23a9.24, March 9.33, April 9.45, May 9.56a9.57, June 9.67, July 9.77, August 9.84. After the call and up to noon the market was barely steady and prices were slightly easier. Futures ran up at the opening to sell at an advance and as a natural consequence prices ranged before the third call 2 below yesterday's closing quotations. At the last call 100 bales March sold at 9.29, 600 April at 9.40 and 300 May at 9.51. Futures closed quiet, partly 1 lower than yesterday.

Miss Sarah A. Hill to be Married.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7.—It was announced last night that Miss Sarah Althea Hill, the plaintiff in the celebrated Sharon divorce case, would be married this morning at Stockton to David S. Terry, ex-chief justice of the supreme court of California, and Miss Hill's leading counsel Mr. Terry is well known in connection with his duel with Senator Broderick, in which the latter was killed.

The Chairmen of the Committees.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Speaker Carlisle this afternoon announced the names of the chairmen of the following House committees: Turner, of Georgia, elections; Randall, of Pennsylvania, appropriations; Morrison, of Illinois, ways and means; Herbert, of Alabama, naval affairs; Bragg, of Wisconsin, military affairs; Belmont, of New York, foreign affairs; Curtin, of Pennsylvania, banking and currency; Bland, of Missouri, coinage, weights and measures; Willis, of Kentucky, rivers and harbors; O'Neill, of Missouri, labor; Mitchell, of Connecticut, patents; Throckmorton, of Texas, Pacific railways; Reagan, of Texas, commerce; Cobb, of Indiana, public lands; Tucker, of Virginia, judiciary; Wellborn, of Texas, Indian affairs; Blount, of Georgia, post-offices and post-roads; Springer, of Illinois, claims; Spriggs, of New York, accounts; Matson, of Indiana, invalid pensions; Muller, of New York, militia; Geddes, of Ohio, war claims; King, of Louisiana, Mississippi river; Aiken, of South Carolina, education; Eldrige, of Michigan, pensions; Halsell, of Kentucky, private land claims; Barbour, of Virginia, District of Columbia; Cox, of North Carolina, reform in civil service, and Dunn, of Arkansas, American ship building.

A Rather Too Sharp Young Man.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 7.—Oliver P. Burger, of Quincy, Ill., who was appointed to a $1,000 clerkship in the registry division of the postoffice department last September, under the civil service rules, was summarily dismissed from the service by the postmaster-general this morning. Soon after coming into his new position Burger prepared a postal circular which he has been industriously distributing in all sections of the country, principally among school teachers, in which he sets forth the fact that the government offers employment at a remunerative salary to those who are qualified to enter its service. The postal circular concludes as follows: "A pamphlet has been carefully prepared by the undersigned, giving full iestructions and useful suggestions to those who desire to take the examination, and will be sent by return mail to any address on receipt of fifty cents in postage stamps." The department officials say that the statements contained in the circular are purposely and grossly misleading as to the clerical needs of the government, and are made for the sole purpose of obtaining purchasers for his pamphlet.

Another View of the Irish Question.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—At a meeting of the Irish loyal and patriotic union today Maj. E. J. Sanderson, loyalist M. P., made a speech in which he said that he feared that the radicals would concede home rule to the nationalists. If home rule should be granted, the loyalists, he said, would be compelled to fight, otherwise their throats would be cut. [illegible] Col. Waring, member of the government intended cutting the loyalists adrift he prayed that it would at least have their hands untied, so that they might render a good account of themselves.

The President Again Endorsed.

NEW YORK, Jan. 7.—At a meeting of the New York chamber of commerce today the following was adopted:

"Resolved, That the chamber heartily endorses the principles regarding commercial treaties enunciated by President Cleveland in his message to Congress, and we are of the opinion that the conditions justify such treaties with Mexico and San Domingo; also that in our treaties with foreign nations the important item of coaling stations should not be lost sight of."

A Blasting Blizzard.

BISMARCK, Dak., Jan. 7.—The first real blizzard of the season struck this section last evening at Assiniboine. The thermometer registers 30 degrees below zero and a cold wave is coming from the southeast. Up to the time of the arrival of the present storm the weather had been warm and pleasant, and it is feared that some of the settlers in the rural districts are unprepared for the change.

Heavy Failures at Glasgow.

GLASGOW, Scotland, Jan. 7.—Hardcastle, Rule & Co., cotton traders, and the Blantyre Weaving Co., have failed. The liabilities of hardcastle, Rule & Co. are $150,000, and these of the Blantyre Weaving Co. $100,000. P. & J. Walker, jute spinners, of Dundee, have also failed; liabilities $150,000.

A Sinking City.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Jan. 7.—A cave-in occurred at Boston Run today, and a block of houses went down out of sight. The families in the houses made a narrow escape. The surface is still caving, and five more blocks are expected to go down.

A Bank Changes Its Name.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan 7.—The Central bank of this city has increased its capital to $100,000 and made application to be chartered as the Berney national bank. All the old officers have been re-elected and the new stock was readily taken.

The Saloons Closed in Des Moines.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 7 —The edict has gone forth that the saloons must go and concerted action has begun to enforce prohibition.

John Sherman to Succeed Himself.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 7.—The Republican legislative caucus today renominated John Sherman as his own successor in the U S. Senate.

A Baltimore Failure.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 7.—Painter, Tongue & Co., wholesale dry goods and notions, made an assignment today.

—Five-sixths of the Irish people, according to Herbert Gladstone, are followers of Parnell.

WASHINGTON.

CHATTY CORRESPONDENCE FROM THE COUNTRY'S CAPITAL.

The North Carolina Congressmen and the Committees.

Special to the NEWS AND OBSERVER.

WASHINGTON, January 7.

There is hardly a member of Congress absent from his post today, and now that the House committees have at last been announced—accompanied with the usual surprises and disappointments—the national legislature will settle down to business.

CARLISLE AND THE COMMITTEES.

No man need envy the speaker in his task of forming the House committees. With fifty-two chairmanships to be distributed among nearly 200 democratic Congressmen—every one of whom is certain he ought to have and is sure he will obtain one—Mr. Carlisle is compelled to disappoint three-fourths of them. I think he might have done better by North Carolina, but the people of every other State will say the same thing concerning the representatives of their commonwealths—and so it goes. The cool, collected judgment of disinterested statesmen, however, is that the speaker has shown much good judgment in the make-up of nearly all his committees. Mr. Reid, whom I understand the speaker holds in high esteem as a legislator, succeeds Gov. Scales on the printing committee, as I predicted he would in a dispatch two weeks ago. Governor Scales, however, was chairman, while Mr. Reid is the second member. This is owing to the rule of precedent in the House which prohibits a new member from being made a chairman. The designation of the other members of our delegation, as you have been informed by wire, is generally satisfactory and suitable. Judge Bennett is likely to figure prominently in the deliberations of the House this winter, as, indeed, will all the North Carolina Congressman.. Col Wharton Green would have made a most excellent chairman of the committee on agriculture, and may yet become such in the Fiftieth Congress.

A MONUMENTAL MAZE.

The bills introduced in the Senate by Mr. Blair, providing for the erection of monuments, similar in character and construction to the Washington obelisk, to the memories of Grant and Lincoln, to cost $1,000,000 each, are viewed in a doubtful light by the solons up at the capitol. "It kinder takes my breath away," said of them. "Suppose we wait until they have been dead as long as Washington had been before yonder marble shaft was erected to his memory."

[illegible] House a bill to prevent the intermarriage of whites and negroes in the District of Columbia. By "negroes" the bill defines them to be all who have one-eighth or more African blood in their veins. Judge Bennett introduced a similar bill in the last Congress, but it was not reached before the adjournment. It is a disgusting sight in Washington to witness the social intercourse between some of the lower classes of whites and negroes. The former are generally foreigners or natives of extreme Northern or Western States, and there are many instances of intermarriage. Judge Bennett's bill will probably pass, as it should.

THE SAD SEQUEL

to the Sloan mystery, revealed in the finding of the body of the Colonel in a creek six miles from Baltimore, while relieved us all of the suspense, was a sad and painful revelation to his friends. There is now no question of his insanity at the time of death, and he probably wandered to the stream and fell in to his death. Poor man; may the earth rest lightly on his tired body.

THE CIVIL SERVICE

law received another slap in the Senate this week in the introduction of a bill for its repeal, by Senator Vance. A good many other bills of a similar tendency are being prepared, one by Representative Bennett, I believe; and Senator Voorhees is slated to make one of the finest speeches of his life in opposition to the law at an early day. In the meantime it is a law and President Cleveland is seeing to the enforcement of it.

POLITICIANS AND POSITIONS.

The bill introduced in the House by Mr. Cutcheon, intended to prohibit Congressmen and other high officials from soliciting appointments, will hardly secure the votes of a baker's dozen of Congressmen. They do not want this "inestimable privilege" taken away from them; moreover, they are determined (most of them) that it shall not be. The few who favor such a measure are principally those who are not able to do much in that direction, and when a Congressman grows so good and "elevated" in his ideas that he cannot, or will not, look out for his own constituents in this direction, it is about time he was retired to the shades of private life, and it is ten to one he will be.

RAILROAD REMOVAL.

The car record office of the Virginia Midland railroad has been removed from Alexandria, Va., to Charlotte, N. C., Mr. Henderson having left with the effects yesterday.

LLEWXAM.

IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD there should be kept a bottle of Pond's Extract, as it is invaluable in case of accidents, slight or serious, that are always liable to occur, such as Cuts, Burns, Bruises, &c. It is of the greatest benefit for Hemorrhages, Neuralgic Pains and Inflammations, while for Catarrh, Piles, &c it is the best known remedy. Ask your druggist to give you nothing but the genuine.

From Washington.

COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE—SPEAKER CARLISLE'S DIFFICULT TASK—UNEXPECTED CAUSES OF DELAY—THE PRESIDENT ON SENATOR VANCE'S CIVIL-SERVICE BILL—MARYLAND APPLICANTS FOR OFFICE.

Special Dispatch to the Baltimore Sun.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The President said today that he had noticed the induction of the bill of Senator Vance to repeal the civil service reform statutes. He said he had no doubt that Senator Vance was proceeding on principle, and he would take much interest in the statement of the reasons for the introduction of the measure. So long, of course, as the law was in existance there was no alternative but for him to execute its requirements as faithfully as he could. Senator Vance said, in speaking of his bill and of the opinions which he expressed yesterday, that he had no desire to assail the President personally, but simply wished to act out his own honest convictions on this question, formed and expressed long before the present administration came into power. As an honest man he could not disown his views because they happened to conflict with those of the President. In concluding, the Senator said: "We have our differences and dissensions in the democratic party, of course, but we will settle them inside the church, and without calling on the ungodly."

Ex-secretary Chandler's forthcoming article on the reorganization of the navy department will be more bitter than the one signed "A Civillian," issued in pamphlet form some time ago. It will claim that secretary Whitney's scheme to reduce the number of bureaus in the navy department to three is very faulty, and that business under such a system will be conducted in an even more intricate maner than it is at present. Mr. Chandler is not at all in love with the system in vogue during his term of office, but claims that the proposed change will not be an improvement. In the article he takes occasion to again haul commodore Walker over the coals. Mr. Chandler's vindictive attitude toward commodore Walker is explained by one of the latter's friends, who states that the ex-secretary imagines that officer has been instrumental in bringing about the bureau investigation and has used his influence to have the number of bureans reduced in order to concentrate more power in himself than he already has. The ex-secretary proposes to make a bitter fight against the confirmation of commodore Walker as chief of the bureau of navigation. Many of the editorials reflecting on the management of the navy department which have appeared in a morning paper published here, will be embodied in the article soon to be made [illegible]

An Embezzler Arrested.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—J. H. Meyers, teller of the Pullman national bank at Pullman, Ill., was arrested last night for embezzlement. He was suspected some weeks ago and Mr. Pullman engaged Major Balkley, of New York, an expert accountant to go through Meyers' accounts quietly and see what the shortage was. The expert found a discrepancy of several thousand dollars. Meyers was confronted with the figures and confessed, but said he could fix it up. He was given a chance, but last night, when he was discovered starting his his wife and child to Canada, he was arrested.

A Cold Wave Coming.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan 7.—From specials to the Pioneer-Press from Glendive, Montana; Grand Forks, Fargo and Mitchell, Dakota, it appears that a cold wave with snow is coming rapidly eastward. The mercury is rated from ten to twenty degrees below zero at these points.

Foreign News.

PARIS, Jan. 7.—Gen De Courcey, commander of the French forces in Tonquin, telegraphs the war office as follows: "During the latter part of December the rebels destroyed the Catholic mission houses at Ughean, Annam, and killed the French missionary and 500 native Christians. A column of French troops was sent in pursuit of the rebels. It overtook and routed them and captured their arms and ammunition."

A New Steamship Route.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The new steamer Mascotte left Tampa, Fla., yesterday and will leave there every Wednesday on the arrival of the South Florida railroad train from Sandford with the New York mails for Key West and Havana. On Saturdays either the Whitney or the Hutchinson will leave on like service and in connection with the Atlantic Coast Line will form a thorough passenger route to Cuba.

CURRENCY.

"What are the last teeth that come?" asked a teacher of her class in physiology. "False teeth, mum," replied a boy who had just waked up on the seat. —Christian Register.

ANOTHER MYTH SWEPT AWAY.

And now we have Gen. Pope denying that his headquarters were ever his hindquarters. The newspaper history of the war, in the time of it, was full of speculation; but the newspaper history since the war is still more fabulous. All mistakes now stand excused and all blunders explained, except those made by dead men.—Philadelphia Record.

"A better article it is impossible to get, sir; I have tried them all and unhesitatingly pronounce Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup superior to any." (Exc.)

The old story:—Trivial systems were neglected until rheumatism became established, whereas all the suffering could have been prevented by the prompt use of Salvation Oil. 25 cents.

A New Nose.

AN INTERESTING SURGICAL OPERATION.

Washington Star.

John Sheehan had a new nose put on him Sunday. Sheehan has been rather well known about town on account of the disfigurement of his face by the loss of his nose which was eaten off by small-pox twelve years ago. He really had no nose at all, nothing but a flat, ulcerated place on his face. The bones were there, but the septum and cartlage were gone. There were two openings in his face for nostrils. When Mr. Sheehan had cold in the head, whic freqently occurred, his face presented anything but an attractive appearance. Sheehan, after struggling twelve years against the disadvantages incident to his condition, Monday valuntarily submitted himself at the Providence hopital to the operation of building up a new nose. What is known as the Indian operation was performed by Dr. Hamilton, surgeon general of the Marine hospital service, who was assisted by Drs. Hartigan and Hickling. The opperation consisted of taking a flap from the forehead, twisting it around and forming a nose of it. A triangular section, with one point of the triangle between the eyes, was cut in the forehead. The skin and flesh were cut down to the bone, the flap being left attached to the flesh between the eyes. The flap was twisted around until it hung over the proposed site of the new nose. The skin about the old nose was then cut and the flap was sewed in. A septum was made, and altogether the nose, when completed, looked very well. Today, when a reporter called at the hospital, Mr. Sheehan's face was swathed in bandages. His hands were secured in a muffler so that he could not, in his sleep, scratch his new nose off before nature had secured it in its place. The new nose will be of the Grecian type, and the surgeons think Mr. Sheehan will be able to blow it and use it for all the purposes that noses are used for.

This is the first operation of the kind performed in this city for probably twenty five years. It is, however, one of the earliest operations known to surgery. In the middle ages, when noses were more frequently knocked off than now, the surgeon was often called upon to repair the damaged face of some unfortunate knight, and so such operations were common. The old Italian method was to make a graft from the skin and flesh of a man's arm to his nose. The flap was left hanging partly to the arm, so as to keep up a circulation in the engrafted flesh, while nature was making the union. The man's arm was therefore bound to his head so he could not move it. The French method was to take two flaps from the cheek, one on each side. The operation in Sheehan's [illegible] partially scalped, the Indian operation [illegible]

25 CENTS A BOTTLE

SALVATION OIL

KILLS PAIN

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Stiff Neck, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Sciatica, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, etc. Price 25 cts. a bottle. Sold by all druggists. Caution—The genuine Salvation Oil bears our Registered Trade-Mark and our fac-simile signature. A. J. Meyer & Co., Sole Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP,

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

Lee, Johnson & Co.,

(Successors to Pescud, Lee & Co.)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,

CORNER FAYETTEVILLE AND MARTIN STS.

(Opposite the Postoffice.)

—KEEP ONLY PURE AND FRESH—

DRUGS.

—FRESH—

GARDEN SEED

A SPECIALTY.

Fine Soaps and Toilet Articles.

Trusses and Surgical Instruments.

Choice brands of Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobacco.

Prescriptions

Accurately filled day and night from Drugs warranted Strictly Pure and Fresh.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. Correspondence solicited.

Lee, Johnson & Co.

Corner Fayetteville and Martin Sts.,

RALEIGH, N. C.