from South Carolina (Mr. Butler) and

the Senator from Missouri (Mr. Vest) in

regard to the question under considera-

lowed, either of which might now be

followed; one that of a preliminary

"enabling" act by Congress; the other the recognition of the existence of all

the necessary conditions of population,

according to the circumstances which

do with the question under debate.

South Carolina was not applying for ad-

mission into the Union. Mr. Butler

thought the remarks, therefore, as

applicable as if Kamschatka were ap-

Mr. Logan : "That is the opinion of

Mr. Butler: The Senator has said

"So she is," said Mr. Logan, "and

"Mr. Butler: "I am glad to hear the

Mr. Logan said bis references were

more in sorrow than in anger, but he

could not forbear saying that it was not

"north of the line" that bitterness was

found or injustice inculcated. It was

not "north of the line" that it was

sought to deprive the people of their

votes. The objections to Dakota were

a part of a great scheme to keep out-

Republican States till Democratic States

could be brought in also. That was a

repetition of the old principle of "slave

and free' States. Mr. Logan read from

the Charleston News and Courier an

article advocating the enactment of a

property qualification for voting

There, he said, was a proposition to de-

prive the mass of the people of the

South Carolina laughs." said Mr.

"Yes," said Mr. Butler, "while the

"Not the leader," replied Mr Logan.

I was a follower and I followed so far

to keep out States that sent Republi-

Mr. Morgan opposed the admission of

Dakota under the present conditions.

He thought the Senate was asked to ad-

mit a new State merely for the purpose

of admitting the office-holders that had

The patriotism that had been so much

referred to had in it a strong flavor of

self-interest. He opposed the division of the Territory, and said the people of

Dakota, as a whole, also opposed it. He

centennial year of the adoption of the

tions of an "enabling act," which should

At 4 50 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

Mr. Harrison gave notice that he would

ask the Senate to bring the bill to a vote

House,-Mr. Bland, from the com-

Without action the committee

rose and the House at 5 15 adjourned.

MANOHESTER, Feb. 3 .- The huge

block of buildings in this city occupied

APire in Handbester.

whether have the is water to be

be passed by this Congress.

tion for the present.

distinguished Senator from Illinois

Logan) was the leader of that party.

was in South Carolina."

cans to Congress.

been sent here

South Carolina was in the Union.'

say she has never been out."

the public good.

only polled 91,000 votes.

vote of South Carolina.

plying for admission.

he Senator.'

Senator say that."



thus powder never varies. A marvel of pricity, acreigh and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low lest, short weight, alum or phosphate powders Sold only in cans. Royal Barne Powder Co., 108 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W C & A B Stronach, George T Stronach and J R Fervall & Co.

To my friends of Raleigh and the surrounding country: I came here to do you good. In the first place, keep out system, based upon quick sales and have done much to develop the advantages at places where we have been. Thus we are able to give you two years' development. The fact is that RACKET store values have mastered the field and placed themselves in the lead of the trade wherever they go. A two years' test has decided the fact that it pays to have our buyers always in the market, gathering bargains from the slaughterpens of credit, and two years of experiplain the fact that our efforts to supply the people with goods, the greatest value for the least money, have met their approval. We know fully the determination of the masses to free themselves from the bondage of the credit system and that henceforth they will use the ready dollar instead of pay-

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ing double prices for these goods.

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Beeswax. AS BUYERS OF BEESWAX, WE WILL until further notice pay 25c per lb, free on board steamer or railroad. W. H. BUWDLEAR & CO., 20deod8m. Boston, Mass.

VEH IS L. THE BLAT

fold data minu & 1

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

NEWS

-Blotting pads in the shape of flatron ere of recent introduction, but there is a prejudice against them as too swfully, alarmingly suggestive.

-People who make much ado over affliction send out funeral invitations on note-paper edged with real crape. It costs money to make one's sorrow conspicuous.

-Mr. Thaddeus Fairbanks, the inventor of the Fairbanks scale, recently celebrated his ninetieth birthday and still lives in the old way, at St. Johnsbury, Vt., where he stands among the the opinion of the Senate that (ougr. s highest in the social scale.

-It is authoritatively announced in Landon that Lord Hartington will not join the new cabinet. The News believes that he will remain neutral and will not seek to trammel Mr. Ginds

tone.

Be Governor, or Souther and less longressman William Pitt Kellogg, of Louisianas has profited professionally and policically to an extent enabling him to invest \$40,000 in one-fifth interest in valuable tract of land latery pur msed in Washington.

The Mississippi house of delegates, by a vote of 58 to 43, has repealed the agricultural lien law, and the in ications are that the senate will concur. The house has also passed a bill reducing the salaries of the railroad commissioners from \$2,500 per annum to \$10 per day, and stipulating that the salary for any year shall not exceed \$1,500 The salary of the clerk is also reduced from \$1,500 to \$750.

The aggregate resources of the savings banks of New York city at the commencement of the present year wire \$301,000,000. The amount due do positors was \$256,000,000, an increase in deposits of \$11,000,000 during the year. Total surplus on market values at the same date was \$15,000,000. The number of depositors on open accounts was 640,000. During the year the sum of \$8,300,000 of interest has been cred- not object to the first three sections of ited to depositors. The amount de- the Pugh resolution If those were posited during the year was \$75,000,- now introduced as a substitute for his.

given orders that a number of dogs be Pugh. His (Mr. Riddleberger's) reser trained with a view to testing the value | lution merely involved two propositions, of services they might possibly reuder namely: that we had no right to require from the President his reasons for the during the night. It is believed that removal or suspension of officers, but by the help of these sagacious animals had a right to demand of him any reathe outposts would be far less liable to some or papers or proofs going to ques-surprise, as the dogs would always give tion the appointments. The rest of Mr. notice of the approach of the enemy much earlier than it could be detected by the sentinel without such assistance. This new departure in the German army is suggested by an incident which occurred in the course of last year's operations among the British forces in the Soudan, when a dog, like the generat the capital of ancient Rome, gave notice of a surprise by the enemy.

Mr. Gladstone has accepted the English premiership again and is new busily engaged in trying to organize a new cabinet. The delay in the proceedings seems to have been caused by an effort on the part of Salisbury to arrange some sort of "deni" by which the Tory power could be made to co-operate with the new ministry in fighting home gule. It is surmised that Sir Farrer Herscheil will hold the place of lord high chancellor, while Earl Granville will be made president of the council, Vernon Harcourt home secretary and Mr. Childers secretary of state for war. Mr. Morley is suggested for chief secretary of state for Ireland, but the Queen, it is said, objects to him because he is a pronounced home ruler. There is no end to newspaper surmise

and speculation. -A great cry for little wool would seem to be the proper characterization of the sensational story of great land frauds in Utah, in which Congressmen and territorial officers were reported to be involved. Surveyor Dement, who was gvien as the authority for the sensational report, denies in toto that he has any knowledge of such a conspiracy. That fraudulent land entries have been made by speculators and land sharks goes without saying, and such entries should be investigated and declared invalid wherever found. But the public will not be inclined to believe that its law-makers and other officials are combined in a gigantic conspiracy to steel everything they can lay their hands on or send after. Fortunately the explosion of this improbable story leaves a margin for some faith in human nature

-The "Laveuse" tunic will again be a popular overdress with spring fabrics. It is caught up at both sides, and fastened under the pouf exactly as peasant girls tuck up their skirts. The front breadths are cut almost as long as the under-skirt. The front and side breadths are joined, then pleated and fastened at the back by a sash or wide loops of the dress goods. The deep upturned porwith a contrasting fabric and color as for instance a dress of sapphire blue toutard with revers-facing of cardinal red, or the tunic may be of a creamcolored serge with tacing of goldenbrown velvet, or of veiling with revers of embroidered surah. The effect of the "Laveuse" tunic is always "Frenchy" and coquettish, but invariably negligee, and it cannot be worn with an evening toilet, except by very young ladies and in light materials, Martin Street, Baleigh, N. C., such as veiling; albatross cloth. Canton crape foulard, or India silk tissues.

> Rub the "painful points" thoroughly when afflicted with neuralgia with Salvation Oil, the great pain annihilator.

cough that sounds so like pails driven new State into the Union. He differed Heak & Co., has been gutted by fire. into the shild's coffin.

CONGRESSIONAL

THE SENATE DISCUSSES THE DA. ton. Two lines of precedent nad been fol- THE HEAVILST SNO V-PALL SINCE KOTA QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, February 3-SENATE -Among the measures reported favorably from committees was the resolution by Mr. Frye, reported, as he believed, with unanumity" from the committee on foreign relation, declaring it to be ought not to provide for a joint comin ssion between Great Britain and te United States, in relation to fisheries. Pla ed on the calen dar.

the chair then placed before the Senate the resolution submitted yesterday y Mr. Riddlberger, and the substitute for its offered by Mr. Pugh, relating to the relations between the President and the Senate in regard to information and papers affecting government officers suspended or appointed.

Mr. Edmunds said that practically but four months of the . sion were left for business. The resolutions just read embodied no practical question, only a moot question, and it would be time endugh to debate the question when it should become a practical question. He moved to lay the resolutions on the table. Mr. Riddleberger addressed the chair

The chair said the question was not debatable, Mr. Riddleberger criticised Mr. Edmunds' motion, in view of the fact that he (Edmunds) had first debated the matter and then moved to shut off the debate He asked that he might be allowed to answer Mr. Edmands' remarks: Mr. Van Wyck thought Mr. Riddleberger should be allowed to pro ceed in order and he would so move, if in order. The chair said that that motion would not be in order at this ume.

By unanimous consent Mr Riddleberger was allowed to proceed. He did accept them; but when it came to the -The German minister of war has remaining sections he differed with Mr. Pugh's resolution as to "public policy," etc., Mr. Riddleberger saw no necessity

> Mr. Pugh professed ignorance of par-liamentiary law; but he inquired of the chair if the object of the motion to lay on the table was 'o cut off debate.

> The chair-It has that effect. Further than that the chair cannot express an opinion but a militarina Mr. Pugh-I never would have offered the resolution if the question had not been presented by a leading Repub-

Mr. Conger-I rise to a point of or-

Mr. Pugh-My resolution was merely esponsive to the affirmative action, as I understood it, on the part of the Republican Senator.

The chair-The Senator from Alebama will pause a moment. The Sen: tor from Michigan (Mr. Conger) rises to a point of order. That Senator will state his point of order.

Mr. Conger : "I make this point of order, that if this question is to be open to debate by one Senator it must be open to all. If it is not to be open to all, I object to any further discussion of the subject. I have some remarks to make myself.

Mr. Pugh: "As a motion has been made to lay this resolution on the table and as the motive and purpose of the motion are manifest, I have no objection to that motion prevailing "

Mr. Riddleberger said he had no ob-jection, if there were no "prefatory" remarks.

Mr. Cockrell : "Vote." Vote." The motion to lay on the table was agreed to, one voice being heard in the After further unimportant busines

Mr. Riddleberger again called up the resolution that had a few minutes before been laid on the table. He said that the Senator from Kansas (Ingalls) had yesterday given notice that he would today move to refer that resolu-tion to a committee. He moved that it be taken from the table. which motion was agreed to. The resolution was again placed before the Senate, After a pause, no motion being made, the chair inquired of Mr. Riddleberger whether his motion was to refer the resolution to a committee Mr. Riddleberger said he had nothing to do with the motion to refer. He had called up the resolution so that the Senator from Kansas (Ingalls) could move, according to this notice. Mr. Riudleberger criticised the case of a Senator who first makes a speech and then moves an undebatable motion." "I don't mind being run over by railroad trains,' continued Riddleberger, "but I don't like being mashed by a wheel-barrow.' (Great laughter) On motion of Mr.

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of bills on the calendar, under the Anthony or "five-minute" rule. At 2 o'clock the Dakota bill wes placed before the senate and Mr. Logan took the floor. Observing the sparse stendance in the chamber, he premised by remarking that it was very encouraging to observe how little interest was taken on either side of the chamber on Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup cures croupy the great question of the admission of a by Hamilton & Co., Patton & Co. and materially, he said, with the Senator The loss will exceed \$500,000,

Morrill the resolution was, without de-

bate, referred to the committee on privi-

leges and elections.

A GREAT STORM.

1857 REPORTED.

Roads and Stop Trains.

area, resources and permanent develop-HARRISONBURG, Va., Feb. 3.-The ment in the Territory making applicaheaviest snow storm since 1857 began at tion. The conditions referred to were o'clock this morning and continued all conceded by all to exist in the case unday in blinding clouds. It is now der consideration. He said that fourteen States had been admitted under the eighteen inches deep on a level and is force of "enabling" acts and eleven States without enabling acts. Congress drifted from six to ten feet. Travel on the country roads is almost impossible. West-bound trains were two hours late. therefore was free to adopt either course, The mercury is 12 degrees above zero. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 3 .- It snowed in each case might seem best adapted to here continually yesterday and the vio-

Dakota, Mr. Logan said, had 261,000 lence of the storm has not abated. It people and had polled 57.000 votes. South Carolina had 700,000 people and has already reached a depth of ten inches and is the heaviest snow-fall for several years. Washington, Feb. 3. - Snew began Mr. Butler corrected Mr. Logan, sayfalling here about & o'clock this morning South Carolina had 1 000,000 popu-

ing. The depth this afternoon ranges lation. Mr. Logan a finited his error. from eight inches on a level in sheltered but still insisted that there was somespots, to drifts of enormous depth. thing wrong somewhere when Dakota STAUNTON, Va., Feb. 3 .- The heaviest polled so many votes relatively to the snow of the season fell here today. At 5 o'clock, when it stopped snowing, the Mr. Butler asked what that had to

trains are delayed.

New York Cotton Futures. NEW YORK. Feb. 3.- The Post says: Future deliveries at the first call were

average depth was eighteen inches. All

sold at a decline of 4 to 5-100. The second call showed a further decline of 1 to 2-100, which was, however, recovered. One hundred bales July sold at good is their quality that they can 9.52, 100 September at 9.38, 100 October at 9.19. February was offered at 9.07, March 9 14, April 9.23, June 9 43, August 9 60. Futures closed steady, 2 to 3-100 lower than vesterday.

Charlotte Counterfeiters Capiures. CHARLOTTE, A. C., Feb. 3 .- For sevral weeks past parties have been passing counterfeit silver dollars in this counterfeit dollars on a mountaineer.

Destroyed by Fire.

right of suffrage. "The Senator from. GALVESTON, Tex., Feb. 3. - A special Logan, "I don't see why you should not laugh, because that is the only way to the News from Hamilton says: "The court-house here was destroyed by fire you are going to control this country after awhile. The start of democracy at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. The records of the sheriff's and the surveyor's offices were saved; those of the county court were destroyed. The records of the clerk's office were in a vault and are supposed-to have been incinerated. Three thousand dollars of county funds were in an iron safe, which behind that I got left." [Great laughter is thought to be fire-proof. The loss on and applause in the galleries.] The atbuilding is \$10,000. The origin of the tempt to keep out Dakota Mr. Logan characterized as a part of a great scheme fire is unknown.

Made an Assignment.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Feb. 3 .- W. B. Snead, contractor and builder, has made an assignment. His liabilities are unknown, but are supposed to be about \$30,000. His assets it is said will pay 75 per cent of his liabilities.

From Washington.

Cor. Baltimore Sun. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2 .- Some of the sensational prints have for the last would to see Dakota admitted in the month been publishing loug reports of what were alleged to be proceedings United States constitution. Three times of the Senate in executive session on the thirteen would make thirty-nine, so that subject of removals. The large majority there would be a special beauty and of these reports are based entirely on fitness in the admission of that State in the imagination of those who write 1889, after compliance with the condithem. A striking instance occurred in a publication today, in which it was alleged that Senator Edmunds had in executive session yesterday made a long and bitter speech attacking attorneygeneral Garland for furnishing to the press his reply to the Senate resolution calling for information as to a certain mittee on coinage, weights and measremoval from office, which pertained exures, desired to report back the resolu-tion offered by him Monday last, calling the attorney-general came to the departon the secretary of the treasury for cer- ment of justice this morning this article tain information relative to silver circu- was shown him. He immediately lation. Mr. Morrison stated that he sat down and addressed a note wished to examine the resolution and to Senator Edmunds, expressing regret made the point that it was not accompa- that he was so severely and unjustly nied by the report as required by the criticised, and informing him that he rules. Mr. Bland withdrew the resoluhad not furnished the information alluded to. In the executive session of Mr. Robertson, of Kentucky, from the Senate this afternoon Mr. Edmunds the committee on expenditures in the had the letter of the attorney-general war department, reported back a resolu- read. He then said that if he had made tion instructing that committee to in- any speech attacking the attorney-genquire as to the alleged violation by the eral he did not know it. Perhaps he signal service bureau of the statute might have made it, as the paper said which prohibits an appropriation for one so, and of course we know, he added. object being used for any other. that everything we see in the papers is true, but he had no recollec-Mr. Brady, of Virginia, rising to a tion of uttering the expressions atquestion of personal privilege, again en- tributed to him, and he did not think deavored to reply to the speech of Mr. any of the Senators who were present Wise, of Virginia, made by that gentle- vesterday had any such recollection. man in response to Mr. Boutelle, of This is not the first time that Mr. Ed-Maine, but he was again unsuccessful. munds has been credited with making Mr. Mills, of Texas, offered an amend- long and bitter speeches in exment providing that all maxes on liquors ecutive session on the "removals

shall be paid in the standard dollar coin; from office" question. The fact is and using this amendment as a text he addressed the committee on the silver strife, he has so far said very little in debate, and is evidently reserving him-self for one great effort. With reference nearly forty per cent below debate, and is evidently reserving him-Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, briefly discussed the provisions of the pending to the publication of the attorney genbill and opposed it as being disadvan-trigeous to the distilling interest of mittee, and which was published even before the committee had received the attorney general, as he said in his note to Senator Edmunds, had no responsibility. It was furnished at the White House by the private secretary of

> Sick and bilious headache cured by Dr. Pierce's "Pellets."

the President.

ANOTHER SOURCE OF WEALTH.

The Framination of the Oyster Beds in Northeastern North Carolina. Lt. Francis Winslew, U. S. N., hrs been on detail for some weeks, engaged in making examinations of the oyster beds in North Carolina waters. During the exposition he delivered a special address on ovster culture. Since that time much more attention has been paid the matter, the previous neglect of which is unaccountable. Lt. Winslow has so far explored the oyster beds from Beaufort westward to and including White Oak river. That territory embraces some thirty square miles, and there are about that the defendant does not come within 20,000 acres of oyster beds. He has been here for a day or two to make a partial report to the board of agriculture and to Gov. Scales. As yet he

has not plotted the work so far done or digested the data he has so painstakingly gathered. A reporter had a brief interview with Lt. Winslow and gathered some facts of value concerning this oyster bed survey, which go to show what a source of wealth North Carolina has for so many years had and so sadly neglected. The inditions are that a large portion of Bogue sound, perhaps 15,000 acres, is available for oyster beds and that if the people adapt the general system of oyster farming practiced North this will be capable of great extension. As it now is, not more than 100 acres are covered by oysters of good quality. The recent rains have made the oysters in White Oak river too fresh for market. The Bogue sound oysters are best offered at Morehead. successfully compete with the Northern and Chesapeake oysters. Lt. Winslow. reports that great interest is manifested by the people throughout the eastern section in regard to the culture of oysters. Particularly is this the case in Carteret and Onslow counties. A large number of licenses for oyster farms have been taken out under the provisions of the new laws on that subject. Most of community and today Rufus Lawrence, these have been taken out during the a negro, was arrested for passing two last few months. What is needed, Lt. Winslow says, is a legal right to take hawrence confessed having passed coun- up ground capable of development. He terfeit money and said a white man says his lectures on the subject of oyster named James L. Freeman had been culture have been well attended, and giving him the money to work off strange to say by a class usually Freeman was arrested and put in under opposed to learning or doing anything.

\$100 bond for for trial in the federal The people are in many cases very poor. court. Lawrence was also put under a They look forward to this new departure bond of \$100, which he failed to give as their last hope. The work of making the survey is arduous and rough. Lt Winslow expresses his appreciation of the hospitality of the people, and says no people can be kinder than they. His work is now closed until the weather becomes more favorable. A small party is doing some work in White Oak river, which they will soon finish. Lt. Winslow goes to Washington, D. C., to study the data he has collected and arrange the details of his spring campaign among the North Caroline oyster waters. His report when made will be complete, Every locality will be examined. The exploration will be so thorough in character as to enable the next legislature to have all the facts before it neces-

The Teachers' Reading Circle.

Nothing forms a closer bond of union

among teachers than a reading circle. and it is pleasing to see in the North Carolina Teacher that the teachers of the State are coming into line with those of other progressive educational States. The "State Reading Circle" is organized under the auspices of the teachers' assembly, or North Carolina Chautaugus, and the following educators of prominence are the officers: Dr. R. H. Lewis, Kinston, president; Eugene G. Harrell, Raleigh, secretary; E M. Goodwin. Raleigh, assistant secretary; Robert S. Arrowood, Concord, treasurer. Vice-presidents: Chas. D. McIver, Winston; E. P. Moses, Raleigh; J. W. Starnes, Asheville; E. A. Alderman, Goldsboro; H. L. Smith, Selma; N. C. English, Trinity College; W. L. Poteat, Wake Forest; Robert Bingham, Bing. ham School; S. M. Finger, Raleigh, Executive committee: Dr. R. H. Lewisex officio chairman, Kinston; Eugene G. Harrell, Raleigh; Samuel C. Smith, Greensboro; Hugh Morson, Raleigh; George T. Winston, Chapel Hill; H. L. King, Asheville; D. L. Ellis, New Berne; Miss Fannie Everitt, Statesville: Miss Mary R. Goodloe, Asheville; Miss Mary T. Pescud, Raleigh; Miss Mamie W. Caldwell, Greensboro; Miss Bessie Fanning, Durham; Mrs. Sallie R. Dixon,

Snow Hill. The excellent course of reading is intended to occupy the half year of the meeting of the assembly at Black Mountain, June 22, at which time examinations will be held upon the subjects read. The examining board will com-prise five prominent educators, elect d y the teachers of the State.

The books to be read during the six months are: Page's Theory and Proctice of Teaching; Watt's Improvement of the Mind (new edition); Self-Help by Samuel Smiles; Manliness of Christ, by Thomas Hughes; Ethics of the Dust, by Ruskin; Tales from Shakspeare, by Charles and Mary Lamb; Last Days of Pompeii, by Bulwer-Lytton; Barnes' General History; School History of North Carolina. The prices of the books include postage, and the retail rates, expressly for the reading circle. The plan of organization provides for local circles throughout the State, and these can be made most de lightful and instructive organizations for all who belong to them, and their elevating influence will be felt in every neighborhood. The books, for convenience, are deposited with Mesers. Alfred Williams & Co., publishers of the North Carolina Teacher, Raleigh,

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the fact former and he recommend had been and the state of the processing a first with a first party

State vs. George. 1. The confessions of a party accused of crime, made voluntarily and without any inducement or threat, and after he has been cautioned, are admissible in evidence against him.

2. When a statute makes a particular act an offence, and describes it by terms having a definite meaning, it is sufficient to charge the act itself without its attending circumstances, in an indictment.

3. When a statute creating an offence contains provisos and exceptions in distinct clauses, it is not necessary in an indictment under the statute to state the exceptions, or to negative the provisos. It is only necessary to negative an exception or proviso when it is stated in the enacting clause.

4. In an indictment for abduction under section 973 of the Code, the indictment need not state the means by which the abduction was accomplished, nor that it was done without the consent and against the will of the father, nor that the defendant was not a nearer rewhose custody it was abducted."

University of Michigan.

"I have found Liebig Co's Arnicated Extraot of Witch Hazel the most satisfactory preparation of Witch Hazel, is every respect, of any I have yet seen.

"J. G. GILCHRIST, M. D. "Professor of Surgery, etc."

Cures Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and Painful Monthlies. Sold in fifty cents and dollar sizes.

There are 949,000 more women than nen in Great Britain.

The Beacon Light reflects the ship's way out of darkness. Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet ('u a and Mullein refleets to the afflicted the way to the haven of heal h, curing to ighs, colds and consumption.

The snow storm is a general one.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should at-ways be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once, & produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant, to taste; soothes the child, softens the gums, allay all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for diarrhos. whether rising from teething or other causes.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate... Valuable

Dr. W. H. Parmelee, Toledo, Ohio, says: "I have prescribed the 'said' in a large variety of diseases, and have been amply satisfied that it is a valuable addition to our list of medicinal agents."

Truck farmers are busy in eastern N.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE

Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, Very Palatable and Increases Flesh, Dr. F. H Clement, Brighton, Ills., sary for consideration of and action upon avs : "Scott's Emulsion is the best I wealth this future department of State have ever prescribed. It is very palatable, easily assimilated and gives strength and flesh to the patient."

> The debate on Dakota's admission is exciting. I make out the oral despe



SALVATION OIL.

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain," Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbaro, Sores, Frostbites, Backache, Wounds Headache, Toothache, Sprains, &c. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 Cents a Bottle.



Man and Beast

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Mustang Liniment is older than most men, and used more and more every year.

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