

VOL. XXVI.

This powder never varies. A marvei of writy, strength and wholesomeness. More conomical than ordinary kinds and cannot be held in competition with the multitude of low est, short weight, alum or phosphate powders Sold only in cans. ROYAL RAKING POWDE Co., 108 Wall Street, New York. Sold by W C & A B Stronach, George T Stronach and J B Ferrall & Co.

THE BARGAIN HOUSE OF BALEIGH.

· Big Prices will not do these times, when even the wealthy cannot afford to waste their money and the poor require double duty of every dollar and even every penny. We deal in good goods and not in trash, and believe the masses will patronize the house that sells the best goods for the least money. Hence we throw before the masses these specialties; these matchless goods at match-

## compliment.

#### NEWS OBSERVATIONS. CONGRESSIONAL.

-They have stopped the use of tobacco altogether in the Concord Mass., prison. The prisoners have never been allowed to do as they choose. Now not one of them chews as he did.

-Meyers Patterson, an employee of the electric light company, while repairing a lamp in Lynchburg, Va., Monday, received a shock from the electric current, killing him instantly.

-The Mikado of Japan has signified his intention of contributing \$500 to the Grant monument fund as a token of his respect for Gen. Grant, and has ordered the amount to be forwarded to the president of the committee.

-The correct pronunciation of alderman Jachne's name is Yea-nay. This gives the alderman a paradoxical name which is rather becoming to him. The trouble with him is that when tempted he said yea when he should have said nay, and hence the misfortune of Yeanay

-It is announced from Washington now that Gen. Schofield will succeed Gen. Hancock in the command of the Division of the Atlantic. It is said that Gen. Terry will be assigned to the division of the Missouri, with headquarters at Chicago,

-About thirty of the friends of Mr. Collins' bankruptcy bill held a conference Monday to discuss the prospects of the measure. They concluded that it could be passed, and decided to make a canvass of the House for the bill without the committee amendments.

-Some of the prominent mining men of Butte City, Montana, have prepared a silver brick, fashioned into a paper weight, which will be forwarded to Senator Beck as a testimonial of their regard. It is inscribed, "James B. Beck, Defender of the People's Money. The brick is of pure silver, and weighs nearly a pound avoirdupois.

-Mrs. Dr. Lozier is very severe on Senator Edmunds and declares that the Senator's attempt to deprive the women of Utah of the franchise has destroyed his chances for the presidency. Mrs. Lozier is especially indignant at the Senator's "intimation that the woman suffragists do not understand the state of things in Utah." But perhaps Mr. Edmunds meant that intimation as a

-The defenceless condition of our will be better understood from observing the great range of modern guns now in actual use on war ships. The new French gun, weighing 37 tons, has thrown a projectile weighing 1,000 pounds, over eight miles. The English 43-ton gun has a maximum range nearly as great. The English 63-ton gun is credited with a theoretical range of over ten miles. It is true that these extreme ranges are attained with elevations which may not be secured in the turret ports of vessels, and this important point must not be ignored. But as our harbors have no guns approaching these in power, guns brought to attack them may be safely fired without any appliances of shelter to interfere with their extreme ranges. -Diagonal fronts upon both basques and street jackets are very popular, and English cutaway coats, fastening diagonally across the chest, with two buttons, are also considered very chic. Another style just introduced in jackets shows the right front cut wide enough to lap in double-breasted fashion, from the throat to the length of about four inches over the chest. Below this each side is cut away, leaving a broad open space. keld This is filled by a vest formed of a single section laid in four pleats, which are stayed securely by means of tapes tacked to the underfolds. The closing is made by means of three large buttons set upon the edge of the overlapping portion on the chest. Another pretty front has corsage forms: rounding from the arm size to a point in front. These are of contrasting ms terial and lace from chest to to waist. A model for a slender figure has shor t pointed fronts, and the back is cut in two round tabs. Down each side of the front are large revers of the goods underneath smaller ones of moire or velvet, and the collar and cuffs are made to match. A narrow vest is introduced, this reaching below the short points on the basque. The laboring for the everthrow of the Dem- from Mr. Burroughs' attack of yesterupper portion of the banque is laced with silk cords twined around large state of facts existed in the other desilver buttons. -The editor of the Prince Edward Island Agricultariet is fully of the at the present moment ten Republicans opinion that the farmer has a calling in office to one Democrat. Mr. Voorleserving to rank entirely on the upper level with the calling of any other man such a state of things was not consistent known to the world. There is nothing with the true theory of popular governlow about farming, and comparatively little that could be rated as uncertain. In a word, farming is as sure, stable, honorable and renumerative a business as one can enter upou. It is true that other kinds of business-trade, commerce and some kinds of manufacturing-that speeplations of various kindsbanking and joint-stock con panieshave, especially of late years, attracted much attention, and have been popular with dashing and ambitious young men; the statistics of business disasters and failures, the moral wreck of character, and the crash and ruin of men who were repated rich, have proven that farming is an industry less fluctuating, less de-

MB. VOORHEES BATHER VABIES THE MONOTONY IN THE SENATE.

He Indulges in Some Very Plain and Truthful Talk on Edmunds' Resolutions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25 .- SEN-ATE .- In the Senate today Mr. Hoar reported from the library committee a bill establishing a commission, composed of the secretary of state, the librarian of Congress and the secretary of the Smithsonian institution, to examine and report to Congress as to the character and value of manuscripts belonging to Congress. Mr. Hoar explained that the work involved too great an expense to the government. He said Congress had the Franklin papers, the Rocham-beau papers and other manuscripts of great historical value; and the object of he proposed commission was that it

might examine them and report as to whether they should be published and the best method of doing so. The chair laid before the Senate

letter from the postmaster general, transmitting, in compliance with a recent Senate\_resolution, a tabular statement of tourth-class postmasters removed since March 4, 1885. It was ireferred. The total number of such removals is 8,635. At the request of Mr. Edmunds the

army bill was by unanimous consent made the unfinished business of the morning hour tomorrow, and Mr. Edmunds' resolutions were placed before the Senate.

Mr. Voorhees took the floor in opposition to the majority report. After stating the question at issue, Mr. Voorhees asked why the majority resolutions contented themselves with an attack on the agent (the attorney general) and shrank from a direct blow at the principal (the President?) Did the Senator from Vermont expect a cabinet officer to disobey the President. The resolutions were meant for popular effect. They contemplated no measure of legislation to remove any evil or pretended evil. They were merely the fulmination of a Senatorial opinion barren of result other than cheap partisan denunciation. There was a threat that if the papers

opened the letters of the heads of de- The debate was at times strongly politipartments were known as malignant op- cal. Among the speakers were Messrs. ponents of the Democratic party, in- Brumm, of Pennsylvania; Peters, of flamed with a desire for the overthrow of the administration. Mr. Evarts followed Mr. Voorhees.

He supported the majority report. The resolutions reported, he said, declared that the demand made by the judiciary committee on the attorney general for

RALEIGH. N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 26, 1886.

papers should, under the circumstances. have been complied with, and that neither his duty nor the instructions of the President justified him in his refusal to comply the demand. Mr. Evarts read from the report of the minority of the judiciary committee to show that the minority conceded that official pa-pers on file in the departments relating to a subject within the jurisdiction of the House of Representatives and the Senate were subject to the call of either house of Congress. On this admission he said it seemed to him there should be but little doubt as to the vote on the resolutions before the Senate. He said the arguments made by Democratic Senators would accord to the President the right to say whether the papers called for related to a subject with which Congress had a right to deal. He could under this contention refuse papers affecting his own conduct which it might be important for Congress to secure. This doctrine he argued was inadmissible. Mr. Call followed in opposition to the majority report. Mr. Evarts' speech. he said, had placed this subject upon a new and different ground. That was that we should measure the constitutional duties of the Senate by the propositions which the President might make

in regard to a subject. Burnett was not to be confirmed because Duskin's removal had been placed upon improper grounds. Mr. Call thought that Mr. Evarts was not consistent in his statements as to the constitutionality of the tenure-of-office act, and read from the proceedings of the impeachment trial in support of his view. As to the papers that had been demanded, Mr. Call said they were open and accessible to every member of the Senate. Admitting that the departments were filled with documents bearing on the case; admitting even that these documents were filled with libelous charges, what function could they serve sought were withheld the nomination in the performance of the constitutional would not be confirmed. A more illu- duties imposed upon Senators? They

sory and ridiculous sequence' could not neither made the proposed incumbent conceived. If the attorney general more worthy or less worthy. The fact were guilty, as, charged, of "conduct that a man's predecessor is slandered does not affect the man appointed. The ples of the government and the good President had a right to dispose of comadministration thereof." then he should munications addressed to him as he saw be impeached in the manner provided by fit. If the principle on which these the constitution. That was a mat- resolutions proceeded was correct the ter for the House of Rep- President might as well abdicate his powers to the Senate. It had been maintained here that the President could a trivial and inconsequential measure not interpret the constitution for himcompared to the sturdy and straight- self, yet here was a proposition that the forward remedy provided by the consti- Senate should interpret it for him. The tution for the punishment of a public whole discussion was beneath the digofficial willfully recreant or disobedient nity of the Senate. Its purpose was to maintain in office the present Republicans in office. There was nothing more | Mr. Ingalls obtained the floor but certain, however, than that the people gave way for a motion to go into execuunderstood the object. As to removals tive session. Before the doors were closed Mr. Edmunds intimated that as far as was in his power he should insist upon a vote on these resolutions before adjournment tomorrow. After an executive session the Senate adjourned. The debate will be renewed immediately after the introduction of bills and the submission of reports from the committees tomorrow, shortly after 12 o'clock.]

fidential short-hand writers. Those who the purpose of aiding commerce Kansas; Riggs, of Illinois, and Guenther, of Wisconsin. The committee rose at 5 o'clock and took a recess to 7.30

THE GREAT STRIKES.

Goy. Marmaduke, of Missouri, Issues Proclamation.

Sr. Louis, Mo., March 25.-Gov Marmaduke, of Missouri, issued at a late hour last night a proclamation relative to the railroad strike, so far as it affects the commerce of the State. After defining the respective duties of the railroad companies and their employees the proclamation continues:

"Wherefore, I, John S. Marmaduke. Governor of the State of Missouri, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby call on the Missouri Pacific railway company and upon its officers and agents and its employees of every grade, each in their several capacities, to assist in resuming traffic of all kinds in the usual way on all the railroad lines operated by the said company in Missouri, and I warn all persons, whether they be employees or not, against interposing any obstacle whatever in the way of said resumption, and with a firm reliance upon the courage, good sense and abiding spirit of the public, I hereby call upon all good citizens to assist in carrying out the purpose of this proclamation. I also pledge the whole power

of the State, so far as it may be lawfully wielded by its chief executive officer, to sustain the said company and its servants in the resumption and to restrain

and punish all who may oppose it." SEDALIA, Mo., March 25.—Some men were arrested yesterday charged with wrecking a freight train Tuesday and njuring four men. The accused were admitted to bail. The law and order eague last night issued an address which demands that the strikers obey the law,

permit the railroad to operate the road or take the consequences of their violation of law like other criminals. The spirit of the people is thoroughly aroused and they openly endorse Mr. Hoxie's course. The Knights of Labor here are divided and it is expected that something will take place to-day to see which leader they will follow, Powderly or sion in order to indulge in personalities. Irons, inasmuch as Irons says it is right. The controversialist who commences Stirring events may shortly be expected. that kind of warfare confesses his in-Sr. Louis, March 25 .- A member of ability to contend in fair argument with

the executive committee of district as- his adversary. Personal vituperation can



BSERVER.

Of a Naw Mill of the talera Land Company, in Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 25 .- A special from Calera reports an explosion today of the Calera land company's saw mill. Joe Roe Robertson, the engineer; Jesse Pilgreen, the superintendent, and William Fletcher, a laborer, were killed and Justin W. Thomas and three others were badly hurt. All the killed and injured were white. The loss is \$5,000; no insurance.

## Richmond's Business Failures.

TERKE ESTABLISHMENTS MAKE ASSIGNMENTS IN ONE DAY.

RICHMOND, VA., March 25 .- The folowing failures have occurred in this ity in the past twenty-four hours: Wade & Shelburn, wholesale cigar, cigarette and tobacco dealers; liabilities \$12,000, assets not yet listed; John H. Smith (colored), saloon and restaurant, liabilities \$10,000, assets claimed to be sufficient to pay in full; Jas. M. Blair, one of the largest retail grocers in the city, liabilities and assets not known. as the papers of assigument have not been

#### Baseballists "all Broke Up."

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 25 .- In a ame of baseball today between the Charleston and Philadelphia clubs, Bryan, manager and center fielder of the Charleston club, broke ; his knee-cap. and Lanser, catcher, his finger. Bryan will be disabled for life. Lanser's injuries are not serious. The game resulted in favor of the Philadelphia's by

Spirit of the State Press.

We are glad to note among our con temporaries, of the North Carolina press a demand for greater courtesy among editors in discussing public questions We second this demand most heartily. There is seldom any justification for quitting the real subject under discus-

of the organic law of the land, the great

ern Republicans and Democrats to defeat

a measure calculated to benefit the

South, will more than likely, we think,

find themselves badly left when they go

before their constituents asking to again

be entrusted with seats in the national

halls of legislation .- Rockingham Spirit

When a man is ill he should send for a doctor at once, but when he has a

NEW YORK, March 25.-C. L. Green & Co.'s report on cotton futures says: During the early portion of the day the rates were fairly held, assisted somewhat by the bears endeavoring to sell, but as soon as the pressure was taken off weakness developed rapidly and on a loss of 5a6 points against last evening, the close

New York totton Putures.

NO. 112

was tame. Foreign accounts were again unpromising and the general aspect of the labor situation remains as a disturbing element especially tending to-check demand at the moment.

A Cotton Mill Burned at Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 25 -This forenoon a two-story stone cotton and woolen mill between Frankford and Holmesburg, owned and occupied by Biddell & Weiss, was burned The fire originated in the picker room and the mill was entirely destroyed. The loss is \$100,000; insurance \$35,000.

A Bright Youngster.

Children sometimes say very bright things; and sometimes they do not say the bright things attributed to them. The following is genuine and very neat: The nine-year old boy of a prominent member of the Raleigh bar was puzzling over a tough arithmetic lesson, with the point of his pencil in his mouth. His mother, observing what might become a bad habit, asked him if he was working his sums on his teeth. "No, ma'am, said the youngster, "but I wish I could, for I would have my lesson at my tongue's end." It wasn't bad; was it?

No Tidings

Were gathered yesterday of the young man Thomas Ryan, who was reported as missing since early Tuesday morning. His mother, an aged woman, is nearly crazed by the mysterious disappearance of her son. The police last evening said they had searched Raleigh and its suburbs thoroughly. The man may have left the city. If he committed suicide, he probably went to some lonely spot near here before taking the laudanum which he declared he intended taking.

Neuralgic pain is usually of an intensely sharp, cutting or burning character. To effect a speedy and permanent cure rub thoroughly with Salvation Oil, the greatest pain-cure on earth. 25 cents.

We will show the people the folly of their habit, from year to year, of wasting their money for the paltry consideration of a little credit. How can you tell the worth of money when you get your goods from a house that buys and sells on long time? Upon our counters will be placed every day new arrivals of goods, at panie prices, from houses that have collansed and from others that will go

We will offer such remarkable barno house can match. Best prints at 5c. a yard; worth 7c. Best sheetings, 6c. a yard. Silk gloves 30c; worth 50 .. Violin, Banjo and Guitar Strings 4c. each, Needles 2c. a paper. Pins 2c. a paper. Forty-eight sheets note-paper 5c. Twenty-five envelopes for 3c. Good handkerchiefs Ac. each. Blacking 1c. box. Great bargains in Notions of All Descriptions, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Carpets, Oilcloths, Millinery Goods, &c.

Please call and examine before buying your goods, and save your money. VOLNEY PURSELL & CO. Raleigh, N. C.



ADULTERATED LARD.

NORTH CAROLINA to dishonesty has had less influence; tunity to betray him. At this very adoption of the subsidy clause by hold-DANVILLE, Va., March 25 .- Revenue people will assist us to protect what are and in which men pursued the even hour there was not a confidential com- ing out a threat of an extra session. He officials making a raid on illicit distiller-ies in the southern part of the State ves-for Benson's Plaster, and examine what GRANITES AND SANDSTONES. tenor of their way with less anxiety munication or transaction of any one of wanted, and the Democratic party and with less exposure to financial ruin the departments that was not betrayed wanted to give adequate and liberal the departments that was not betrayed wanted to give adequate and liberal es in the southern part of the State yes is given you, and make sure that the terday had a sharp fight with moon-D. Linehan & Co SALVATIONOIL to the leaders of the Republican party. compensation to American steamships The very papers demanded by the Sen- for carrying the mails. If the present 'Capcine'' is cut in the middle of the and wreck of moral character than any shiners, in which shots were exchanged. other kind of business. plaster itself, and the "Three Seals" ". The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain," Ten stills were cut out and 2,500 gal-409 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C., ate were familiar to eager Republican law did not make sufficient provision Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Netralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, &c. Sold by all Druggists. Frice 25 Cents a Bottle, rs prepared to make contracts on the Most Favorable Terms for supplying Granite Samé stones of the Best Quality in any Quantities doen.41. Quarries at Henderson and Walco-bero, N. C. Ample inclities for handling and making quick shipments to any point, either m or out of the State. trademark is on the face cloth. Any lons of beer destroyed. eyes. Every paper and every drawer he would favor any law that did. But reputable dealer will show you these A Fire in Tennessue Coal Mines. and every closet in the departments was speaking from a business stand-point he safeguards without hesitation. If you Another Strike at St. Louis. CHATTANOODA, Tenn., March 25. daily and hourly under the espionage of would never favor any measure Sr. Louis, March 25 .- The St. Louis | cannot remember the name-Benson's fire is raging in the coal mines of the Republican chief clerks, Republican which proposed to subsidize an switchmen and vardmen struck at 3 Capcine Plaster-cut this paragraph Roane iron company, at Rockwood. No private secretaries and Republican con- American line of steamships for from the paper. o'clock this afternoon. details have been rece ived.

subversive of the fundamental princiresentatives to propose. The resolutions now before the Senate constituted of the law. These resolutions were simply intended to keep the Republi- can office-holders.

by President Cleveland, Mr. Voorhees said there were from 100,000 to 120,000 office-holders in the United States. For twenty-five years this tremendous patronage had been in the hands of one of the strongest, most zealous, vehement and proscriptive political parties ever known in the history of the world. It during that time a Democrat had office it was either by

mistake or by arrangements not creditable to the persons concerned. Mr. Voorhees heartily endorsed Mr. Cleveland's action in making removals so far as action had been had and he would heartily endorse the President's action in the same direction if it went a thousand leagues further. Out of 3,600 persons employed in the interior depart-ment, Mr. Voorhees said only 400 changes had been made under the present administration, including the 'able and faithful secretary of the interior himself, and the principal positions next to him. There was still in that department a solid Republican corps of 8.200 persons, sympathizing with the efforts of their own party and desiring and ocratic party. Substantially the same

partments, with the exception of the fourth-class postmasters. There were hees had no hesitation in declaring that ment, or with its safe and honest administration. The civil service law had

#### HOUSE.

Mr. Dunn, of Arkansas, from the shipping committee, reported the free ship bill and it was placed on the calendar. Mr. Dingley, of Maine, presented the minority report.

In the morning hour Mr. Barksdale, of Mississippi, called up and after some discussion the House passed, a bill granting fifteen days' leave of absence to employees of the government printing office. The House went into committee of the whole on the postoffice appropriation bill. Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, reviewed the legislative history of the foreign mail service of the postoffice department from 1845 to the present time and defended the postmaster general day. He quoted what he denominated the "subsidy" clause of the last postoffice appropriation bill. It gave mandatory in the act. It vested in him discretion, and in the exercise of a just and wise discretion the postmastergeneral had been subjected to unmerited, unjust and harsh criticism. In support never commended itself to the judg- of his position that the law was not ment of Voorhees. Very recently he mandatory, Mr. Dockery quoted from had voted in committee, and should speeches delivered during the course of

lent and odious obstruction to the will the effect that under it the postmaster- them is that of Mrs. Mulligan to be It looks well, but the odor from it when cooking detects it. Examine for yourselves and be sure you are not using it. The Same Human Nature. of the people and a stumbling-block in general would not be obliged to pay a pension agent at Chicago, Many vain attempts are made to repeat the way of a rational and successful ad- single dollar to an American line of the remarkable success of Benson's CASSARD'S "STAR BRAND" LARD ministration. History had shown that steamships. It had been claimed that Capcine Plaster. This splendid remedy IS GUARANTERD PURE. Ready for Orders. Put up in all styles of packages. Ask your grocer for it and if he hasn't it in stock send your address to B. H. WO! DELL, Hal-eigh. N. C, and you will be supplied. no political party could administer the this measure was the culminating act of Sr. Louis, Mo., March 25 .- The is known, sold and used everywhere, still in the experience of a few past years affairs of government through the in- a well-conceived plan which took Rain Water rifles and company G. and its prompt action and unrivalled strumentality of its enemies. What its first step in the repeal of a law Branch Guards are under arms at the curative powers have won for it hosts of employer of labor, what commander of which required American ships to armory, ready to render immediate as- friends. Imitations have sprung up G. Cassard & Son. an army, would administer his affairs by take mails on board before they could sistance to the police at a moment's no- under similar sounding names, such as BALTIMORE, MD. Curers of the Celebrated Star Brand Mild Cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon. the hands of his enemies, by the hands of get their clearance papers. He wanted tice. All the militia forces of the city "Capsicin," "Capsicum," etc., intendthose who would wish him defeat, who to call the attention of the House to the ed to deceive the careless and unwary. are under orders to be ready for action pressed by hard times, less subject to were censorious in mind, unfaithful in fact that the Senate had coerced the These articles possess none of the virtues of the genuine. Therefore we hope the failures-a pursuit in which temptation heart, and often only awaiting an oppor- House of Representatives into the Revenuers vs. Moonshiners.

sembly No. 101, Knights of Labor, was not and will not be accepted by the pubseen by a reporter early this morning, lic as a substitute for facts and arguand in reply to a question whether or not | ments.-Piedmont Press.

score of 13 to 2.

the men employed in the railroad yards What the people of this country need in east St. Louis would be ordered to is honest, hard-working-men, men who strike as a result of later changes in the are not afraid to put their shoulders to situation, said : "The east St. Louis the wheel or their hands to the plow ; yard men will go out this, afternoon at men who will say that they think, to So'clock. You know they have been your face, but not men who wait their anxious to go out themselves for some chance, like an asp, to sting you when time, but we have been holding back. unaware of their presence. Not men Yesterday they sent a committee to the who will sit around the fire and burn executive of assembly No. 3,650, and their pants legs off advising their neighthey sent them to us. They said they bor what to do and sweep at the door wanted to go out immediately, and we of every man, but never sweep at their decided to fix the time at 3 o'clock this own.-Germanton Enterprise. afternoon. They will all stop work at There are some who call themselves that time, unless the Missouri Pacific Democrats and papers which they publish officials show a disposition to treat with and call Democratic newspapers, which

### Secretary Manning's Condition.

ns."

WASHINGTON, March 25 .- The condido this upon the ground, as they allege. tion of secretary Manning at 11 o'clock that the bill is unconstitutional. That this morning, as reported by Dr. Linis, it is unconstitutional in their opincoln, is rather more hopeful than at any ion, and that of some others, while a time since his attack. He rested fairly large majority of not only the voters, well last night, waking only at rather but the thinkers as well, declare for its long intervals. "He seems to breathe entire constitutionality. To call upon with more ease this morning," said his Mr. Cleveland to veto a bill as unconson, "and all things considered we feel encouraged, but he is a very sick man,' the measure has never been acted upon he continued, "and we can only hope until the next two or three days bring of the best interests of the people and a crisis." "Father does not yet know contrary to common sense and common of my arrival, or indeed that the family sent for me, and we think it best that unconstitutional by the supreme court, he should not know until the crisis is the only body in the land (outside of past. As soon as he is able to travel.' the unorganized corps of constitutional he added, "I shall insist upon his taking a good long vacation, perhaps in upon the matter, then there will be no Florida. He needs rest, of all things, necessity for a veto. If the court shall and I shall certainly insist upon his decide, on the contrary, that the meastaking it." ure is in accordance with the provisions

#### The Work of the Flames.

charter of our liberties, and the ruler NEW ORLEANS, March 25.-The coal and guide as well, then a veto would be house, blacksmith and machine shops and act of unfaith towards the people, and coach sheds of the Louisville & an overriding and trampling down of Nashville railroad, between Julia and their rights and privileges and preroga-Notre Dame streets, were burned last tives, and an act of tyranny and usurpanight, as were also several freight cars. to the postmaster general authority to The Pullman company's store-room was tion that we do not for one moment believe that Grover Cleveland will be advertise for letting contracts to Ameri- also destroyed, but not until its contents can steamships, but there was nothing had been removed. At 1.15 this morn- guilty of .-- Wilmington Review. ing the fire was still burning. The loss Just so, and Southern Democratic Congressmen who combine with North-

> WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25 .- The Senate has rejected the nomination of second lieutenants John F. McBlaine and Richard H. Wilson to be first lieuof the South.

cough or sore throat he needs only Bull's Cough Syrup. 25 cents.

Both Henderson and Durham desire new railways.

#### Couundrums.

Which is the most positive gentleman? Cer-tain. Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein is certain to cure coughs, colds and croup. It is pleasant and effective.

There is considerable cotton held by the farmers.

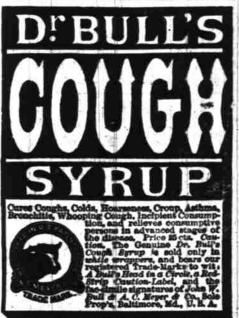
#### The Beginnings of Sickness.

Never trifle with what are called small ailments. A disorder easy of control at first, if neglected for a few weeks may become a mortal disease. Be espeare already calling upon the President cially careful not to let debility gain to veto the Blair bill in case it should upon you, for it is the door through pass the House as well as the Senate. They which all maladies enter the system. If you feel languid, inert, and to use a common expression, "as if there was no life left in you," resort at once to Hos-tetter's Stomach Bitters. That great vegetable tonic will supply the validity you so urgently need. It is nerve food. By its tonic action the stomach is so invigorated that digestion becomes regustitutional when the constitutionality of lar easy, perfect; while its mild, cathartic proprieties relieve the bowels from is treason to the party, a violation obstructions, and its alterative operation beneficially affects all the secretive organs. For the miseries of dyspepsia, honesty. If the bill shall be declared and they include almost every unpleasant feeling that belongs to physical disease and mental wretchedness, this potent tonic is a certain and speedy editors) which has a right to pronounce balm.

> GRAPE MILK .- A fresh invoice of this popular and healthful drink. Pure grape juice, non-alcoholic, effervescent, sparkling as champagne. Pint bottles 25 cents each; \$2.75 per dozen; \$5 per case of two dozen. E. J. Hardin.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS .- Burnett's Flavoring Extracts, Lemon, Vanilla, Almond, Rose, &c., &c., pints, quarter pints and small vials. Vanilla in large five-pint jars for hotels, confectioners, &c., &c. E. J. HARDIN.

The Joyce murder trial at Asheville ends today.



# is roughly estimated at \$20,000. Two Unhappy and One Happy.

vote in the Senate, for its absolute re- the debate last year by Messrs. Dingley, tenants. A number of minor confirmapeal. It had proved itself to be a vio- of Maine, and Horr, of Michigan, to tions have been made public. Among