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SATURDAY, APRIL 3, 1886.

FRESH trouble in Bulgaria is reported.

THE massacre of hundreds of Catholics in Andam is reported.

MASTER-WORKMAN POWDERLY, of the Knights of Labor, is ill.

THE Arkansas Democrats have fixed on June 30th as the time for holding their State convention.

MR. GLADSTONE is reported to have yielded the more advanced positions of his scheme for Ireland.

THE baseball season has been formally opened and the long-suffering American people are absolutely powerless in the premises.

GEN. COX introduced on Wednesday the petition of Hon. Joseph B. Batchelor and others of this city recommending a bankrupt law.

PEACE has been restored in Belgium, and work has been resumed in all the factories and collieries of the district lately affected by the strikes.

THE Senate passed the bill appropriating \$500,000 for the erection in Washington of a monument to the memory of Abraham Lincoln. That's one way the money goes.

SECRETARY WHITNEY has considered it well to deny the silly rumor that British naval officers are interested financially in the new vessels to be built for the United States navy.

THE RT. HON. JAMES STANFIELD has succeeded Mr. Chamberlain in the British cabinet. He says he agrees with Mr. Gladstone's principles so far as they have been enunciated.

THE Evening Post will find in the treasurer's statement of April 1 full authority for our remark that there is a fund of \$100,000,000 on hand over all the needs of the government.

An incorrigible wag suggests that if one of those editors who insists so loudly that the Blair bill is in violation of the constitution were to meet the constitution on the public highway, he would not know it. It would be a case of proved by the strange and unexpected attitude of the western railway authorities.

THE flood extended from Virginia to Louisiana. Great destruction of property was wrought in all the Southern States and there was some loss of life. North Carolina had its full share of the disasters. Travel and traffic on all the lines of railway have been resumed, however, and the damage done has now generally been repaired.

THAT clause of the constitution which warranted the payment of money for Arctic expeditions, for the purchase of territory, for sending supplies to Ireland, for sending supplies to yellow fever sufferers, for equipping the public library at Washington, for the erection of monuments, for the payment of pensions, for the establishment of schools for Indians, for the benefit of the public schools of Illinois, Missouri, Mississippi and Alabama, and which warranted the gift of millions of acres of public lands to each of the Northwestern States, is a sufficient warrant for the passage of the Blair bill.

THE latest suggestion as to cabinet change is that Mr. Manning will be forced to retire from office by consideration for his health, even though he recovers as he probably will from his present attack, and that Mr. Whitney will then go to the treasury. Mr. Vilas to the navy department and Joseph K. McDonald be made postmaster-general. This arrangement would give very general satisfaction. The recognition of "Old Saddlebags" and the removal of the double cabinet representation of New York would both be appreciated.

But few members of the New York board of aldermen which granted Jake Sharp the privilege of laying a railroad in Broadway are unsuspected of the crime of having sold their votes in favor of the scheme. The majority are subjected to the most searching public inquiry and investigation and the probability is that most if not all of them will be made to go the trying way that Jaehne went. Alderman Waite has already been apprehended and his brethren in inquiry would doubtless leave the city inquisitor if they could so unobserved by the police. The next few weeks and even days may be expected to witness a continuation and enlargement of the shocking story of official corruption. At the present rate of investigation and apprehension the board will soon have a quorum behind the bars of the State prison.

ANOTHER WORD WITH THE POST.

We do not expect to shake in any degree the Evening Post in its opposition to the Blair bill, as our esteemed contemporary has now gone too far to retreat, but we shall at least hope for a candid and temperate consideration of the points we may present in controverting the position assumed by the Post-to-wit: That North Carolina and the other Southern States are quite able to maintain public schools as the Northern States are.

The ability of a people to pay taxes for any purpose depends on the amount of money they have, and when we are considering the relative ability of the different sections of the Union to maintain public schools we cannot find a fairer test than the state of their bank accounts. It is not infallible, but it is the fairest test open to us. We propose to explore that field a little. It is worth while at the outset to observe that the South has no bonds; with coupons falling due every six months; has but few stocks and draws no pensions, while our Northern friends pluck the coupons from their bonds and draw dividends on stocks, running up into the billions, and receive \$60,000,000 in pensions each year. The income from these sources doubtless amounts to \$500,000,000 a year. Practically it is all at the North. If the above estimate be accepted, then largely more than one-half of the currency in active circulation is employed in the great business of paying these incomes—and comparatively none are paid at the South. Again, considering the taxes the South pays, without receiving any return, it is evident that she is drained annually of many millions of dollars which go to enrich the North. Under these circumstances one is prepared to find a difference in the financial condition of the two sections, and if other evidence were needed it will be found in the fact that labor at the South does not command so high a price as at the North. Except in rare cases labor receives the highest wages the business in which it is employed can possibly stand, and when it is stated that at the North labor earns from twenty-five to thirty dollars a month and at the South but twelve or fifteen, the relative ability of the two sections to pay taxes needs but little further explanation. But to make the matter clearer we institute a comparison between the means of the people of North Carolina and the means of the people of Massachusetts as indicated by their respective bank accounts. The individual deposits in national banks in Massachusetts foot up \$133,000,000, whereas the individual deposits in North Carolina, according to the comptroller's report of December 24, were only \$3,546,373. The banks of Massachusetts had in their vaults on that day more than \$20,000,000; the banks of North Carolina only \$520,000 and winter is the season of "flush times" at the South.

It is evident that the ability of Massachusetts, whose population is but a trifle in excess of that of North Carolina, to contribute to public objects is about forty times as great as that of our State. As a matter of fact Massachusetts spends \$5,000,000 on a school population of 2,000,000. The Bay State spends ten times as much as we do, but her ability to spend is forty times as great. But then it may be said that Massachusetts is not a fair example. The balance of New England has deposits in national banks footing up \$57,000,000, (which probably would be doubled if we took into account the deposits in the savings banks); and these banks had in their vaults December 24 about \$7,000,000. The financial capacity of these States to contribute to public objects is apparently fifteen times that of North Carolina. Yet they raise for school purposes only \$3,500,000, while North Carolina raises \$600,000.

The people of the three States of New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania have deposits in national banks (not counting those in savings banks) to the amount of \$629,000,000, and these banks have in their vaults currency to the amount of \$150,000,000. They contribute thirty times as much for school purposes as North Carolina, but their ability to pay these taxes is more than 150 times that of our people. In the same way all the other Northern States might be brought into comparison with each of the impoverished States of the South; but we will give the figures in regard to only a few others. The deposits in the Illinois banks are \$65,000,000, and these banks hold about \$18,000,000 of currency. Illinois raises for school purposes ten times as much as North Carolina, but her ability to pay taxes is twenty times more than ours. Minnesota has deposits of \$19,000,000 and the banks hold \$2,500,000 of currency. Her ability to pay taxes is five times as great as ours, but she raises for school purposes but twice as much. These examples suffice to illustrate the point we make. While we do not claim that these figures are an absolute test, yet we know of no fairer measure of relative ability than they afford. Why is this—why should North Carolina and her Southern sisters fall so far behind the Northern States in present ability to pay for public objects? We have already indicated the answer. It is "the Northern system" of administering the government that keeps us drained. The South is under a fearful mortgage to the North.

THE vote on the education bill in the House shows that the Southern representatives, with the exception of those from Missouri, generally favor the measure. The Western and Northern States only were generally found in opposition. They have abundant means and are independent of the negro problem. The East is in favor of the measure because it wants to see the blacks educated on general principles. Mr. Long, of Massachusetts, represents the Eastern sentiment probably in holding that "the whole country is responsible for slavery, for the enfranchisement of the blacks, and for conferring citizenship upon them; therefore it cannot escape its responsibility for educating them up to some degree of ability to discharge the duties of citizenship." That the

measure will, if made law, be of great benefit to the South cannot be doubted for a moment by any one familiar with existing Southern conditions, and that it is in violation of the constitution cannot be maintained. The Southern people are to be congratulated on the brighter prospects of its passage.

A War Reminiscence.

Chatham Record, March 25th.

Today is the twenty-first anniversary of the last attempt made by Gen. Lee to break through the coils of Grant's encircling army around Petersburg. Just twenty-one years ago today was fought the battle of Hare's Hill, or Fort Steadman as the Federals call it. On account of its occurring so shortly before Lee's surrender and the stirring scenes immediately preceding, it has never attracted the attention that it deserved. The chief actors in it were North Carolinians, and the gallantry of her sons on that bloody occasion should form one of the brightest pages in North Carolina's history. The troops that led the attack and bore the brunt of this battle constituted Grimes' division, which was composed of Cox and Grimes' old brigades of North Carolinians, Battle's brigade of Alabamians, and Cook's brigade of Georgians, all commanded by Major-General Bryan Grimes. The two North Carolina brigades numbered many more men than the other two brigades—probably twice as many. The points selected by Gen. Lee for the attack were a salient of the enemy's breastworks, called Fort Steadman, and another fort near by. The distance between the Confederate and Federal breastworks at this point was only about 200 yards. Grimes' division was given the difficult and dangerous task of capturing Fort Steadman, and other troops were to capture the other fort. Just before daylight, the morning of the 25th of March, 1865, the sharpshooters of Grimes' division with unloaded guns silent crossed the open field between the fortifications, captured the enemy's pickets without firing a gun, and rushing rapidly upon the fort completely surprised the Federal troops and captured a brigadier-general and about 500 men. In a few minutes the main body of the division followed the sharpshooters and captured the enemy's works for some little distance on each side of the fort. Thus far the attack was eminently successful, everything was going on splendidly; we had captured one of their strongest points, a large number of prisoners and twelve or fifteen pieces of artillery, and our troops were much elated with their success, which, however, was of short duration. The troops that had been sent to attack the other fort failed in their effort and the guns of that fort (which enflamed Fort Steadman) were turned upon our men therein and rendered it untenable. The Federals kept bringing up reinforcements and poured a most destructive fire upon the Confederates. Gen. Grimes repeatedly sent for reinforcements, stating that he could not hold his position, but few came; and after keeping up the unequal struggle for about two hours, our troops were withdrawn. In this short engagement Grimes' division lost 478 men. Gen. Lee himself overlooked the battle from night as he saw his last hopes blighted.

In this battle as in every other of the many battles in which he was engaged, Gen. Grimes acted with conspicuous courage. He was the only Confederate on horseback, having captured a horse in Fort Steadman, and notwithstanding his dangerous position rode up and down the lines, encouraging and urging on his men, who in admiration of him enthusiastically cheered him. How rapidly time flies! We can scarcely realize that twenty-one years have elapsed since that day.

A Large Employer's Views.

Andrew Carnegie in the Forum.

I believe that the next step in the advance toward permanent, peaceful relations between capital and labor are: 1. That compensation be paid the men based upon a sliding scale in proportion to the prices received for products. 2. A proper organization of the men of every works to be made, by which the natural leaders, the best men, will eventually come to the front and confer freely with the employers. 3. Peaceful arbitration to be in all cases resorted to for the settlement of differences which the owners and the mill committee cannot themselves adjust in friendly conference. 4. No interruption ever to occur to the operations of the establishment, since the decision of the arbitrators shall be made to take effect from the date of reference. If these measures were adopted by an establishment, several important advantages would be gained. 1. The employer and employed would simultaneously share their prosperity or adversity with each other. The scale once settled, the feeling of antagonism would be gone and a feeling of mutuality would ensue. Capital and labor would be shoulder to shoulder, supporting each other. 2. There could be neither strike nor lockout, since both parties had agreed to abide by a forthcoming decision of disputed points. Knowing that in the last resort strangers were to be called in to decide what should be a family affair, the cases would, indeed, be few which would not be amicably adjusted by the original parties, without calling in others to judge between them.

Spirit of the State Press.

There has always been a natural antagonism between labor and capital and will be so long as wealth and poverty are brought in contact and the instinctive comparison of conditions is a part of man's mental constitution. Hungry men throughout our country are confronting the power of concentrated wealth with arms in their hands. Concentrated power with pride scarce less impulsive than hunger hurls back the menace and organizes for the conflict. Every breeze brings notes of warning. It is the peril of our country. It is the peril of all countries with dense populations. Especially is it the peril of governments based upon the popular will, in which politicians pander to popular sentiment for personal ends. In governments thus constituted the winning

hand, is with the masses of the people in whose hands are held the destiny of the government and its very existence. In this conflict of gigantic capital against the infuriate populace, we the people who occupy the intermediate condition are the greatest sufferers.—Elizabeth City Economist.

No one is more deserving of help from a government than the man who defended that government at the loss of his health or the right use of his body. If he laid down his life on the field of battle the home that has been thus deprived of its supporter ought to have the friendly help of the government. But when it is known with what case a Union soldier (and all his household) can get a pension, and the magnitude of these pensions in the aggregate we are willing to check up a little in this matter.—Concord Times.

Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute. This widely celebrated institution, located at Buffalo, N. Y., is organized with a full staff of experienced and skillful Physicians and Surgeons, constituting the most complete organization of medical and surgical skill in America, for the treatment of all chronic diseases, whether requiring medical or surgical means for their cure. Marvelous success has been achieved in the cure of all nasal, throat and lung diseases, liver and kidney diseases, bladder diseases, diseases peculiar to women, blood taints and skin diseases, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous debility, paralysis, epilepsy (fits), spermatorrhoea, impotency and kindred affections. Thousands are cured at their homes through correspondence. The cure of the worst ruptures, pile tumors, varicocele, hydrocele and strictures, is guaranteed, with only a short residence at the institution. Send 10 cents in stamps for the Invalids' Guide-Book (168 pages), which gives all particulars. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

We want to sell STOVES. If you want to buy, then call at the store of J. C. Brewster & Co., for we are selling HEATING STOVES at just above cost, FOR CASH, to diminish stock.

This is a great year for the fishermen.

ST. JACOBS OIL. THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN. Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, etc. Price, Fifty Cents. THE CHARLES A. VOGLER COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD.

RED STAR COUGH CURE. Absolutely Free from Opium, Stimulants and Poison. SAFE. PROM. 25 Cts. THE CHARLES A. VOGLER COMPANY, BALTIMORE, MD.

COAL! Anthracite and Bituminous. WOOD. Oak, Hickory and Pine; Long or Short. Orders left at the drug stores of Lee, Johnson & Co., (up-town or down-town) will receive prompt attention. PHIL. H. ANDREWS & CO.

DIVIDEND NOTICE. A semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent. on the capital stock of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company has been declared, payable on and after April 1, 1886. The transfer books will be closed from date until the 2d proximo. W. W. VASS, Treasurer and Secretary, Raleigh, March 18, 1886.

ICE! ICE!! Believing in the wisdom in keeping up an equilibrium in temperature and relieving distress from heat as well as cold, and having been for a long time engaged in supplying the city for winter use, we have taken the exclusive sale in Raleigh of ICE FROM THE RALEIGH ICE FACTORY. From this date, and we are now ready to deliver it to all who wish it, from our wagon, our store on Fayetteville street, and our warehouse at the Central depot. Those who hold tickets from the Ice Co. can exchange them for ours of the same denomination, by presenting them at either place. PRICE OF TICKETS AS FOLLOWS: 100 lbs, 75c; 5 lbs or more delivered at a time \$3.00; \$2.10; 500 " 3.00; 25 " " " 2.00; 1000 " 10.00. In barrels for shipping, carefully packed 75c per 100 lbs; barrels and packing included. Sold FOR CASH ONLY. Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled. JONES & POWELL, Raleigh, N. C.

CAPITAL PRIZE \$75,000. Tickets only \$5. Shares in 1/10 portion. L.S.L. LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY. We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

THE NORTH CAROLINA MUSIC HOUSE. Always keeps in stock the best Pianos and Organs manufactured in the United States, and sells them at the lowest prices and on the easiest terms. Also a full line of Sheet Music, Music Books and Musical Merchandise. Special attention given to ordering music that is not in stock.

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G. T. STRONAGE. MARKET SQUARE. HAY. TIMOTHY HAY. WHITE CORN. New Mackerel in Barrels. New Mackerel, 10, 12 and 15 lbs. New Herring. New Molasses. Fresh Potatoes and Orange Grove Flour. Fresh Maitrose Flour. Early Rose Irish Potatoes. New Chambragne Cider; Barrels or Bottles. Peas, White, Black and Red. Sweet Potatoes. Kerosene Oil, Safety Oil. Butter by keg, case or pound. Hams, Hams. Canned Goods. Canned Goods. Crackers and Cakes.

FOR SALE. By virtue of power conferred upon me in a deed of mortgage dated 23d January, 1877, and duly registered in the office of register of deeds for Wake county, executed to me by John F. Massey and wife, I will Thursday, the 23rd day of April, 1886, at 11 o'clock a.m. at the court-house door in Raleigh, the lot of land described in said deed. The lot is situated on Chatham street, in the town of Cary, adjoining the lots of W. M. Sorrell and others, and contains about one acre and a quarter. JOHN GATLING, Mortgagee. April 2, 1886, dtd.

IMPORTANT SALE. Under and by virtue of a decree of Wake Superior court entered in the action of the Life Ins. Co. of Virginia vs. Chas. Comber, administrator, et al. I will expose to public sale at the court house door in the city of Raleigh Monday, April 19th, 1886, a certain lot or parcel of land in the city of Raleigh, on the north side of Cabarrus street, west of Dawson street, adjoining Wm. Simpson on the north and Chas. Beasley on the east and west, being part of Lot No. 56 in the plan of said city, and fronting 50 feet on Cabarrus street. Terms of sale cash. C. M. BCSBEE, Com'r. March 20, 1886, dtd.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP. The 68-partnership existing between F. M. Simmons, John Gatling and R. B. Raney as lessees of the Atlantic Hotel, Morehead City, N. C., for the year 1884, under the name of R. B. Raney & Co., and between J. A. Kennedy, F. M. Simmons and R. B. Raney, lessees of said hotel for the year 1885, under the name of R. B. Raney & Co., have been dissolved by mutual consent and limitation. J. A. KENNEDY, F. M. SIMMONS, JOHN GATLING, R. B. RANEY.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. ELEGANT SPRING NOVELTIES. Printed China Silks, Fancy velvets, Roman striped Tussore, all silk Pongees, Embroidered Pongees, Robes, Persian Embroidered Canvases, &c., &c. While not neglecting in the least the lower and medium grades of goods we are this season making a specialty of FINER CHOICE IMPORTED GOODS, many of which are our own exclusive styles. We take pleasure in this connection in confidently stating to our ladies that their wants can be supplied with satisfaction from our unsurpassed and carefully chosen stock of RICH NOVELTIES, MEDIUM and LOWER GRADES OF DRY GOODS, &c., &c. There need not be any reason for sending to the Northern cities for samples to select from. For stylish goods peculiarly applicable to our climate our selections are unexcelled and no house can quote lower prices. Intelligent attention given every one. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. Do You Wish to Build UP THEN OF COURSE YOU WANT A Neat and Practical Design. This can be furnished promptly, economically and satisfactorily by A. G. Bauer, ARCHITECT AND BUILDER, (With the late Samuel Sloan), Raleigh, N. C., who, on application, will prepare plans, elevations, details, working drawings and specifications for buildings of every description throughout the State. Book lot 208, Room 2, Briggs Building, Raleigh, N. C.

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