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THE BARGAIN HOUSE OF RALEIGH.

We are receiving our spring stock of good Dry Goods Department will be filled. Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Carpeting Oilcloths and Rugs, Window Shades and Tin ware Departments are complete. We are offerthe Greatest Bargains ever offere city. Among our daily arrivals shall place before our people some "Landslides that are positively beyond the whisper of compedealing with live men and dead men; between day, New Arrivals at Panic Prices value and we can offer goods at figures away Worsted Dress Goods, different kinds, 8c per yard, selling in this city at 124 and 15c per Laces and Embroideries. In the Millinery De partment our Grand Opening will take place

by an old and experienced milliner, who has been in the New York market for two weeks watching the market and picking up the most fashionable goods for the least money. These goods will be sold beyond a doubt cheaper than such goods were ever sold in this market. We have engaged a first-class milliner from the North with great apparatus and will do North, with great experience, and will do everything in our power to please the people. We invite an early visit and inspection of our stock, which will be replenish do every five days, and will sell at 20 per cent less than current prices in New York.

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A.'s prepared to make contracts on the Most barrable Terms for supplying Granite Sand-stones of the Best Quality in any Quantities desired. Quarries at Henderson and Wades boro, N. C. Ample facilities for handling and making quick shipments to any point, either in or out of the State

ADULTERATED LARD Examine carefully what you are using the odor from it when cooking betrays it.

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EVERY PACKAGE GUARANTEED. Try it and you will use no other. B. H. WOODELL, Raleigh, N. C., Agent

BALTIMORE, MD., Curers of the Celebrated Star, Brand Mild Queed Hams and Bacon.

CONGRESSIONAL.

PISHERY MATTER.

Suggestion of a Commission and Attacks Secretary Bayard.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 9 .- SEN-ATE,-Mr. Stanford subm 1 the credentials of Governor Hearst, appointed by the Governor of California United States Senator until the next meeting of the legislature of that State, vice Senator John F. Miller, deceased. The credentials having been read, the new Senator was escorted to the deak by Mr. Stanford, where president pro tempore Sherman administered the oath of office. Mr. Hearst took his seat on the Democratic side of the chamber.

A resolution offered by Mr. Allison was agreed to, calling on the secretary of the treasury for information relating to the balances of certain appropriations which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund Mr. Riddleberger called up Mr. Platt's resolution relating to executive sessions, having understood, he said, that Mr. Platt intended yesterday to have it made a special rder for Monday, but saw no indication of such action having been taken yesterday. Mr. Platt said he was ready at any time to present his views on the subject, and was as anxious as anybody that it should be taken up early. He hoped the business of the Senate would permit his calling it Monday next. After some further remarks the matter was dropped.

Some time was spent in discussing. but without action, the House bill providing for free transmission through the mails of metorological reports.

Mr. Frye then took the floor and addressed the Senate in support of resolution heretofore submitted by him in relation to fisheries. The resolution declares it to be the sense of the Senate that Congress ought not to provide for the appointment of a commission in which the governments of the United States and Great Britain should be represented, charged with the consideration and settlement of the fishing rights of the two governments on the coasts of the United States and British America.

Mr. Frye quoted President Cleveland's recommendation in his annual message that Congress provide for the appointment of a joint commission representing the United States and Great Britain, "charged with the consideration of and settlement upon a just, equita ble and honorable basis of the entire question of the fishing rights of the two governments, and their respective citizens on the coasts of the United States and British North America.' This he condemned and also the subsequent action of the State department in line with the President's suggestion. Secretary Bayard, he said. had failed to consult the representatives of the American fishing interests, but had taken counsel only with the enemy, (meaning the British minister at Washington, and the Canadian minister of

Mr. Morgan defended the administration. He did not understand the President's suggestion to propose a commission which by its action should conclude all questions between the two governments. It was negotiation that was proposed by the President.

Mr. Frye remarked that in that case the President's language was unfortunately chosen Mr. Morgan said it had been misin-

terpreted. The Washington Territory admission bill was then placed before the Senate, the pending question being on Mr. Eustis' proposed amendment, limiting the right of suffrage in the proposed new State to qualified male electors was brought to a vote and rejectedwere announced, Mr. Morgan being among them. Among the Senators

The Senate at 6:25 adjourned till Monday.

On motion of Mr. St. Martin, of Louisiana, a night session was ordered for the 13th of May for the consideration of resolutions relative to the death of Michael Hahn, late a Representative

from the State of Louisiana. Mr. Forney, of Alabama, asked unanimous consent for the present consideration of the joint resolution making an appropriation for the relief of the sufferers from the recent floods in Alabama. Mr. Beach, of New York, ob-

On motion, Mr. Reagan's resolution was adopted, calling on the secretary of Royal, 11,255; Pensacola, 19,095; Inthe interior for information relative to discriminations against the Denver & New Orleans railroad company by land grant roads. The House went into committee of the whole on the private

calendar. Several bills were agreed to, when the committee ran against a snag in the refused an increase of wages. The strike shape of a bill directing the quartermaster general to settle with the Mc-Minville & Manchester railroad company, of Tennessee. The amount involved is \$246,000, and a long discussion ensued upon the measure, but no threatened with death by the strikers if action was ta'ten. The committee then they do not quit work. CASSARD'S "STAR BRAND" LARD rose. Mr. O'Neill, of Missouri, asked unanimous consent for the present consideration of the following resolu-

tions: Resolved, That the House of Representatives of the United States earnestly | Court House, S. C. sympathizes with the right honorable William E. Gladstone and his associates no particular change has occurred in G. Cassard & Son, in their efforts to secure a free parlia. secretary Manning's condition during ment for the people of Ireland, and con- the past few days, and all that can be gratulates the people of that hitherto said of his case today is that he is just unhappy country on the prospect of an about the same,

early and successful termination of their long and patriotic struggle for the right of a loyal self-government.

Resolved, That the speaker of the House be directed to communicate a copy of these resolutions to Mr. Glad-

Mr. Cox, of North Carolina, objected and the resolutions were not recorded The House at 5 o'clock took a recess until 7:30, the evening session to be for the consideration of pension bills.

THE ALLEGED DISCOURTEST NOT

THE SAN FRANCISCO CUSTOMS OFFICER ONLY DOES HIS DUTY. Washington, D. C., April 9.-The acting secretary of the treasury has received telegrams in regard to the alleged discourteous treatment of the Chinese minister:

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 8. TO THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

WESHINGTON, D. C .: -The department letter of the 23d ult. as promptly communicated to the surreyor, with instructions to accord all facilities to the Chinese embassy. No discourtesy has been shown them. On the contrary, unusual indulgence was extended. They were speedily landed. without identification or evidence of their official character and without credentials. as required by sec. 13 of the restriction act. The Chinese consul at this port neither gave to this officer notice of their arrival nor made application for facilities. The complaints that proper courtesy was withheld have not come to my knowledge. Josn S. HAGER. Collector.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9 .- To Hon. D. S. Fairchild, acting secretary of the reasury, Washington, D. C.: The Chinese embassy arrived in advance of time. Every facility to fand them was extended. No discourtesy was shown. They made no complaint. They landed by the directions of the collector. Before leaving the ship the envoy expressed hanks to the surveyor in charge for courtesy shown him and invited the surveyor to call upon him at his hotel. The comments of the eastern papers are not warranted by facts.

JOHN S. HAGER, collector, SRAEL LAWTON, superintendent of mint.

and W. J. TINNER, surveyor. Gindstones Scheme Pleases Irish-Ameri-

scheme for home rule in Ireland, as ex- name is unknown, was forced from the pressed in his speech vesterday, is the general topic of discussion. It appears to meet with general approval. Irishmen who have taken a prominent lead in the land league and national league movements think it a plan that can be stone's courage.

A Strike Probable Among the Firemen. Sr. Louis, April 9.—Master mechanic Bartlett, of the Missouri Pacific railroad, yesterday sent to twenty-three of the firemen who left their engines during the first part of the strike and had been out since, notice that their services were no longer required by the company, and requested them to call for their pay at his office. This action may possibly result in agitation among the firemen that will cause the case of these discharged men to be taken up by the Brotherhood, and if that is done twenty-three men will only. At 6:15 Mr. Eustis' amendment | either be reinstated by the company or there will be a strike of the Brotheryeas 12, nays 25. A number of pairs hood along the entire system. The Brotherhood has a very carefully drawn contract with the company, and in this voting against the Eustis amendment the circumstances under which firemen may be discharged are plainly related. The firemen in this strike have persistently claimed that they were not on a strike but had left their engines because they thought it safer to do so than to say on them.

> The Total Net Receipts of Cotton. NEW YORK, April 9 .- The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all the ports since September 1, 1885 : Galveston, 669,159; New Orleans, 1,623, 234; Mobile, 235, 024; Savannah, 744,957; Charleston, 458,007; Wilmington, 96,186; Norfolk, 505. 245; Baltimore, 62,231; New York, 59,226; Boston, 105,845; Newport News, 26,536; Philadelphia, 39,921; WestPoint, 208,497; Brunswick, 15,149; Port dianola, 781. Total, 4,880,343.

Miners' Strike Near Enexville. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 9 .- Three hundred and fifty miners are on strike at the coal mines fifty miles north of Knoxville. They struck after being extends to the Standard, Woldridge and Jellico mines and will probably spread to all other mines on the Knoxville & Ohio railroad. Seven miners still at work in the Standard mines are

Washington Hows. dent today nominated John C. Anderson to be postmaster at Spartanburg

Dr. Hamilton said this afternoon that

A BLOODY RIOT.

A DESPERATE AFFAIR AT ST. LOUIS.

Deputy Sheriffs Pour Two Volte, a Into People Who Jeered at Thom ... The Officers Give Them. selves Up.

of strikers formed at the relay depot in East St. Louis at 1.45 o'clock this afternoon and advanced in the direction of the railroad yards, to stop work by the new men employed there. They were met by a guard of deputies who ordered them to disperse. The mob refused and made a rush for the yards, when the deputies leveled their Winchesters and fired, killing three of the strikers. 2.40 P. M.—The guards stationed at the Louisville & Nashville yards, near Broadway, fired into a crowd of 300 strikers about 2 30 this afternoon. Six men and one woman were shot. Four of the men were killed and the woman is supposed to be mortally shot. The killed are: Pat. Driscoll, an employee of the water works (not a striker); Chas. Washington, a painter; John Bohman, a water works laborer (not a striker): T. E. Thompson. Major Richmond, shot in the head and shoulder, will probably die. Mrs. John Proffer, shot in the back. is probably mortally wounded. An unknown man was shot at the bridge approach. The crowd had made no attack upon the yards, as at first reported, but were standing at Cohoka bridge, near the Louisville & Nashville road, jeering at the guards, when without the slightest apparent provocation the deputies leveled their rifles and fired two volleys. The crowd at once separated, running in all directions, and the deputies ran over Cohoka bridge toward the Mississippi river bridge, still holding their rifles and firing to cover their retreat When it was known by the strikers that the guards had fled the former returned to recover their dead. The crowd after fring began to run up Broadway, shout-

ing "To arms! To arms! We will get guns and return that fire." Women and children ran out of their houses and met them in the streets, weeping and wringing their hands. After the crowd had returned to the scene and the excitement had abated several of the leading strikers drew their revolvers and swore ties out of the city, even at the loss NEW YORK, April 9 .- Not only among of their own lives. In the stampede Irishmen but among all the nationalists | which followed the first volley from the in this city today Gladstone's proposed rifles of the deputies one man, whose

Cohoka creek bridge and killed. His

body has not yet been recovered. 3.15 P. M. - The deputies who did the shooting, eight in number, went to the third district police station in this city and surrendered themselves and were accepted by the Irish people. They do taken to the Four Courts, where they not look upon it as a finality but the were taken into custody and were remajority seem willing to content them- lieved of their arms. They said the selves for the present at least with what crowd began firing into them first and with being connected with the Broadis offered in it. It does not give all that they simply returned the fire. After way railroad franchise bribery. He was that they desire, but they express the the first firing was over and the strikers opinion that it is more likely to be suc- had become bent on revenge, a number the court of general sessions. His arrest cossful than if more were now de- of them armed themselves with revolmanded. Whatever objection may be vers and advanced on the Ohio and Misfound to some of its details, they say it sissippi railroad yards, where they suris a step in the right direction, and prised the deputies on guard praise is everywhere accorded to Glad- and fired into them, killing one. The greatest excitement now prevails in

East St. Louis and the strikers are fast arming themselves and seem determined to avenge the death of those of their number so wantonly slain, as they say. The local executive committee of the hall, where they desire to advise them against all violence. The men refuse, however, to meet them claiming that they will be surrounded by deputies and fired upon again. A mass-meeting of the strikers, however, is being held in front of the city hall and the men are with difficulty restrained by their lead-

the deputies on guard. 3.30 P. M. - Guards of police are now stationed at each approach of the bridge connecting with hast St. Louis and no one is allowed to pass over.

5 30 P. M. -Governor Oglesby, of Illinois, has ordered out eight companies of militia. Some of the troops arrived in East St. Louis tonight.

Bailey and Hayes, of the executive board and P. B. Brown, a prominent Knight, spoke at a meeting held in front of the city hall this afternoon and appealed to the Knights to obey the laws of the country and to rigidly observe all the principles of the order.

A Gross Outrage.

THE DARING ACT OF A MOB AT LITTLE ROCK. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 9 .- Between midnight and 1 o'clock this morning deputy sheriff Williams, who has had charge of the force of deputies guarding the St Louis & Iron Mountain round house and machin : shops at Argenta, opposite this city, was approached by F. H. Darby, a leading Knight of Labor, who notified him to take his force away or they would be driven out. Williams said: "I'll take you now," and taking Darby, locked him up in one of the rooms. Just then the outlines of twenty or thirty men were seen a short distance away and Williams ordered them out, saying that he was there to guard the property and would do it if S. C., last night. Three stores, the he fell in his tracks. Some one from telegraph office and several law offices the crowd replied: "Well, then, die," were destroyed Loss \$22,000; insurand an irregular shooting between the Washington, April 9.—The Presi- deputies and the assailants began. Prob- supposed to be incondiary. ably 100 shots were fired and Williams was dangerously wounded by a bullet The Strike at McClure's Coal Works at in the right side and one or two other wounds in other portions of his body. The mob soon after fled. It is reported at McClure's coal works at Everson, Pa., that several men were wounded, but if has ended satisfactorily to the miners. rades. Sheriff Worthen was telegraph- work was resumed today. About 1,000

and went over to Argenta. Near the south end of the Iron Mountain railroad bridge three men were halted and arrested. One, Charles Stepp, had a double-barreled gun; another, Cooke, a ticket agent, - was intoxicated and abusive and was locked up in the bridge ticket office. A strong guard was placed about the round-house and shops, and obtaining an engine and a car Williams St. Louis, April 9, 2 P. M -A crowd and four prisoners were brought back to the city. Everything is quiet this morning. Williams' condition is pronounced critical. He is well known, very popular and is a son of Col. B. D. Williams, formerly superintendent of the Memphis & Little Rock railroad.

The London Times on Mr. Gladstone

LONDON, April 9 .- The Times in its comments upon Gladstone's great speech says: "In substance the measure proposes to place Ireland in a position, not like that of a State the American Union. but like that of Canada, a self-governing province. The separation is complete and absolute in principle and the restructions which, it is professed, secure the sumpremacy of the imperial parliament must in practice be worthless. since there is no efficient sanction behind them. This is the cardinal point to which public opinion must be immedistely directed. Is the nation prepared to give Ireland an independent poitical existence? We cannot suppose that there is any room for doubt on that point. It would be grossly unfair to assume that the house will consent to a second reading of a measure which cannot possibly survive a debate in com-

The Fatal Riot at Laredo. GALVESTON, April 9 .- A special to the News from Laredo says: At daylight yesterday morning the Federal troops withdrew from the city, no disturbance whatever having occurred during the night. By then the city had apparently assumed its usual business aspect and the day passed quietly. Since the dispersion of the rioters Wednesday evening by the United States troops not an armed citizen has been seen on the streets. A bitter feeling, however, exists between the two political parties, and the least overt act would fan it into a flame. All the afternoon the bells in the Catholic church were tolling a sad and drove the enemy's division as far requiem as the bodies of the victims of as it was safe to advance. Very soon that they would drive all the depu- Wednesday's fight were conveyed to the after the works were captured, Gen. gravevard. The following is a complete list of the killed : Estevan Hernandez, Librado Guerzar, Richard Gonzales, Roman Rodriquez, Mexicans; and C. Burdette and Gregorio Sanchez, Americans. Twelve wounded men were found yesterday, at least four of whom are thought to be mortally injured.

New York, April 9 .- James A. Richmond, president of the Broadway surface railroad company, has been arrested on an indictment charging him arrested on a bench warrant issued from followed as one of the first and direct results of alderman Waite's confession. Richmond lived long at the Brevoort house when Waite was owner of the hotel, and the alderman's confession makes him out the chief manager of the "boodle" business, who put Waite up to all the tricks and jobs by means of which the franchise steal was accomplished. Richmond, soon after his arrest, was arraigned in court and ad-Knights of Labor are on the scene, at mitted to bail in \$25,000. Addison tempting to restrain the men and trying Cammack, a prominent Wall street to persuade them to meet in Flannigan's broker, became his bondsman. The indictment bears the name of Charles B. Waite as the only witness before the grand jury. It charges Richmond with the crime of bribery. It sets forth that June 30, 1884, a petition of the Broadway railroad company was before the board of aldermen and that James A. Richmond June 20, well knowing that ers from advancing in a body on the said petition was about to be presented different railroad yards and attacking to the common council, did feloniously offer and caused to be offered to one alderman Waite a large sum of money

English and Irish Comments on the Gladstone Bill.

LONDON. April 9 .- The newspapers throughout Great Britain and Ireland comment at great length on Gladstone's scheme for Irish government. The Liverpool Post says that whether Gladstone commanding 6th N. C. Regiment, and s successful or not in carrying his bill through parliament, he has forever killed oppression and coercion in Ireland. The Manchester Guardian says it it a scheme substantially for the repeal of all legislative union between Great Britain and Ireland. If the bill is not rejected by parliament it must in its central feature Westminster must be retained. With living, I think, at Morganton, N C this modification the measure may pass.

Bustuess Failures. NEW YORK, April 9 .- Business failares occurring throughout the country during last week, as reported to R. G. Dun & Co .: For the United States, 173; Canada, 42; total, 215; against 214 last week, and 221 the week previous. Failures are light in every section of the country, except the Western and Pacific States and in Canada, where the number reported is above the average.

was a destructive fire at Barnwell, ance \$11,000. The origin of the fire is

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 9.-The strike so, they were taken away by their com- The firm granted all their demands and ed for and hurriedly collected a posse men were affected.

A War Reminiscence. Cor. of the NEWS AND OBSERVER. GOLDSBORO, N. C , April 5.

In your issue of April 3d I notice an article from the Chatham Record headed "A War Reminiscence." The writer of that article has fallen into an error. no doubt unintentionally.

The facts are these: Walker's (for merly Pegram's) division led the attack on Hare's Hill and Fort Stedman on the morning of the 25th of March, 1865. Grimes' and Walker's divisions and Gen. Matt. Ransom's and Garnett's Virginia brigades "bore the brunt of the battle.' Gen. J. B. Gordon gave the order

and instructions for the attack to the writer in person. Walker's division was occupying the Confederate trenches in front of Hare's Hill. Lewis' brigade was the right brigade of the division. and the right of that was immediately in front of Fort Stedman, which was distent not more than 100 yards. Eighty. picked men were selected from Lewis' brigade and placed under command of Lt. Flemming, of the Sixth North Carolina regiment. This constituted the "forlorn hope." Forty of these men carried axes to cut away the abattis in front of the enemy's works. Lieut. Flemming at that time was not over seventeen years of age. He was ordered to advance as quickly and silently as possible, and not to fire a gun; to scale the infantry works nearest in front, and when inside of the enemy's works to wheel short to the right and attack Fort Stedman in flank and rear. This order was executed perfectly. Not a shot was fired on either side until after Lieut. Flemming's men were in Fort Stedman. Then only one cannon was fired. The "forlorn hope" was closely followed by Walker's division, headed by Lewis' brigade, marching by the flank. As soon as we were well inside the enemy's works, I ordered Col. Ham Jones, commanding the 57th N. C., to take a fort of the enemy situated about 1 mile to the rear of Fort Stedman. This he did in gallant style. He was in the fort only a few moments when Hartranft's division of reserves, of about 15,000 men, charged his regiment. He was forced back to the line of Walker's division. (Col. Jones was wounded in this charge.) Walker's division was thrown forward and Ransom's and Garnett's brigades on our left. Pickett's division of 18.000 men had been ordered to be on hand and advance at the same time as Grimes' division, but unfortunately that division did not make its appearance on the field. For nearly three hours this noble band, nearly all North Carolinians, stood a perfect shower of shot and shell and minie balls, awaiting the coming of Pickett's division, that we

might change front to the right and sweep down Grant's lines and drive him from the front of Petersburg. After the battle was over I was ordered by Gen. Gordon to display a flag of truce, and if answered to meet the commanding general of the enemy and request that the dead and wounded of the Confederates in their lines be returned to us. This was granted, except as to the wounded. The dead and the very severely wounded were brought from the lines of the enemy by a detail from their army and were carried into our lines by a detail from the Confederates. More than 2,700 men were lost in this action on our side, killed, wounded and

"In this battle, as in every other of the many battles in which he was engaged, Gen. Grimes acted with conspiclous courage." This the writer most fully endorses. More: Gen. Bryan Grimes, by his firm but kind discipline of his division in camp and on the march, by his devotion to duty and extraordinary skill in management and gallantry on the battlefield, is entitled to rank among the very best of his rank (major-general) in the Army of North-

ern Virginia. I dislike to appear in print, especially in anything referring to the late war, but a duty which I owe to the survivorof Walker's division forces me to off this correction.

Every field officer of Lewis' brigade was disabled by wounds (Col. Tate, Col. Ham. Jones, commanding the 57th

N. C., severely) in this action. Should this statement in any manner need confirmation I refer you to Gen. J B. Gordon, of Atlanta, Ga., then commanding the corps; Col. Ham. Jones, 57th N. C., and Col. S. McD. Tate, commanding 6th N. C. Troops; also to be recast. Representation of Ireland at Lieut. Flemming, of the 6th N. C., now Very respectfully yours,

W. G. LEWIS

CAPTURED IN FLORIDA. ANOTHER OF NEW YORK'S ALDERMANIC

ROGUES IN TROUBLE. NEW YORK, April 9 .- Specials from

Jacksonville, Fla., announce that exalderman Miller, of New York, was arrested at Palatka yesterday and left Jacksonville last night for New York, and that ex-alderman Dempsey, of New York, who has been staying in Jacksonville for a week, disappeared suddenly from his hotel there yesterday and could not be found

Comparative Cotton Statement. NEW YORK, April 9 .- The following is the ending April 9:

43,919 22,772 4,880,348 4,570,885 Net receipts at U. S. ports, Total receipts to date, Exports for the week. Total exports to date, 85,439 4°,892 8 357,817 8,418,893 800,502 625,584 148,998 65,980 Stock all U. S. ports, Stock at all interior towns, Stock at Liverpool, For Great Britain 675,000 1,025,000

The "old reliable" -- Dr. Sage's Catarrh

135,000 116,000

Mrt James H. Gravenstine, of the Postoffice personal experience to the remarkable effects of Red Star Cough Cure in removing lung and throat troubles. 25 cents.

When is cake inhabited? When there s a little Indian in it.

Dame Fortune Favors Poor Annie Smith who is a colored cook and washer, at 113 Libcity street, was the lucky holder of one-fifth which drew the first capital prize of \$75,000 on Tuesday, Feb. 9. In a quiet way she said:
"My name is Annie Smith. I am 40 years of age and a widow; born at Monroe, La. My tuntion was attracted to a ticket-No. 57,705. The combination pleased me, I purchased onefifth for the sum of \$1. I called at the office of the company and was told that I had won \$15,000." She has no children living and is alone in the world .- New Orleans (La.) Picayune, Feb. 13.

Why do white sheep eat more tha lack sheep! Because there are more of



"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts; Lumbago, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, &c. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 Cents a Bottle.

Having determined to change my business from and after the first day of Apr.l I will offer my entire stock of

NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS, &c.

COST

BELOW

Merchants buying for Cash can secure Decided Bargains here in NEW AND DESIR-AB! E GOODS suited for the general trade. All persons indebted to me are requested to make early settlement.

R. E. PETTY

184 Fayetteville Street, Baleigh, N. C.

Dress Silks Reliable and desirable goods which

be duplicated at present prices. BLACK GROS-GRAIN SILKS,

Every piece of purest dye. Best shades of Black, Soft Cashmere and rich Velvet Finish, and guaranted to wear, at 50c, 65, 75c, 85c, 95c, \$1 per yard, up to \$3.50 per yard.

Special Values,

Black and Colored Surahs; Black and Colored Rhadames; Black and Colored Merweilleux; Black and Colored Tricotines. The New Soft Fabric Tricot Surahs; Black and Colored

Black Chinois.

Printed and Plain China Silks, Embroideries

PRINTED FOULARDS.

Brocade Sateens and Velvets and combinations for street and evening wear. Summer Silks in large assortments from 32c 35c, 37c per yard, up.

W H & R S TUCKER & CO.

Many a Lady

is beautiful, all but her skin and nobody has ever cold her how easy it is to put beauty on the skin. Beauty on the win is Magnolin Balm