

# THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

VOL. XXVI.

RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1886.

NO. 133

## NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

It is expected that another bond call for \$10,000,000 three per cent. bonds will be issued this week.

Among the remarkable effects of the St. Cloud cyclone by no means the least remarkable was the astounding influence upon the imagination of the historian, who telegraphed that "iron-rails were torn from the tracks and twisted like wires," and that "numerous cars loaded with freight were blown half a mile," presumably through the air, since the rest of the sentence is "and the rails wrenched from the ties," so that the cars could not have been blown along the track. The true and terrible details of the disaster are enough for the ordinary reader.

F. K. Moreland, of New York, secretary of the American agricultural and dairy association, writes to a Congressman concerning Warner Miller's bill to tax oleomargarine: "Experience shows that the effective police power of the national government only will prevent the fraudulent sale of counterfeit butter, the most stringent State laws being persistently evaded, while 10 cents per pound is less than the difference between the cost of the fraudulent compound and the natural butter. The former is composed mainly of lard, and can be produced for less than 12 cents per pound, while good butter cannot be made under 20 at the most favorable time." Mr. Moreland says further that dairy farms and stocks have depreciated 83 to 50 per cent in value.

The Mason Telegraph says editorially: "For obvious reasons we have hesitated to notice a matter which is engaging the attention of the press of the country. Even now we hesitate. That the visit of secretary Lamar to his old home and relatives should have been the occasion of a newspaper sensation was an unworthy reception of him; that it should have been seized upon to defy the traditional civility and hospitality of this section by wounding the sensibilities of a modest and much-honored woman, is coarse, indecent and indefensible. We have the best reasons to know that a social visit has been perverted by news mongers, and that there is no foundation in fact for the reports circulated as to the secretary's matrimonial intentions any more than there is excuse for the breach of good manners."

Bought-and-ready straw bonnets, in golden brown, dark blue, and black, are set forth for Easter wear, to accompany the stylish tailor-made suits of cloth, satin, or fancy suiting. The peaked or coronet brims are covered with velvet, and clusters of white lilac, primroses, hyacinths, jonquils, cherry and peach blossoms, and other seasonable flowers, are massed upon the front of the bonnet, mingled with wood mosses, ribbon grass, water-cress, and other greenery. Flower bonnets are again in high fashion, these made of tiny spring blossoms devoid of foliage and a brim of velvet with very narrow strings to match.

The Rural World says that if one wants to preserve a liking for milk and butter it is best that he should not visit too promiscuously the cow-yards and stables and witness the operations through which the milk goes, from the drawing it from the cow to its conversion in part into butter. The first operation, that of milking, is more often the one which receives the smallest amount of care in respect to cleanliness. Often are the surroundings, the yard and stable, a reeking mass of filth, especially in wet weather, giving rise to foul odors, which not only do the cows breathe, but which are absorbed by the milk as it is being drawn. But this is not all. The cows as they are kept in such quarters are forced to lie in this filth and their udders are pasted with manure. There may be some feeble attempts to clean off the thickest portion of the dirt, but there is so much left that as the milk proceeds particles of dirt are continually dropping into the milk pail. The larger part of this is easily soluble, and can never be removed from the milk and butter. Milkers are also often in the habit of wetting the teats with milk to soften them and make stripping easier. The milk from the wet hands and teats loaded with filth and dirt drops into the milk pail. Too much importance cannot be placed on the necessity of having clean yards and stables for the cows. If by any chance they have gotten their udders soiled they should be washed with warm water and then wiped dry with cloths. If the milking has been neatly and cleanly done it is comparatively easy to keep it clean through the other manipulations. But if this is not done no after care will make a good article.

Another fatal accident on the Tuckasee. Another drowning occurred in the Tuckasee river, in Swain county, last Friday evening. The Asheville Advance says five persons were crossing the river in a small boat, near the town of Whittier. The boat, by bad management, was capsized, and three of the persons were thrown into the water. None of them could swim. A man named Wikle was drowned and the others narrowly escaped, being almost dead when rescued. The body of the drowned man has not been found.

Even the kids are on strike. DETROIT, Mich., April 19.—The afternoon newsboys today struck on the Evening News, demanding two papers for a cent instead of one. There are about 100 boys in front of the News office and they have acted like their elders when any one attempted to take out papers. Boys so doing were set upon and beaten and their papers torn to pieces. Few papers are being sold except at the office.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

### THE SENATE AND HOUSE HAVE THE USUAL HAGGLE.

About the Order of Bills—Some Business Transacted Anyway.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19.—SENATE.—After routine morning business the Senate, at 12:40, on motion of Mr. Frye, went into executive session. At 4:55 the doors were reopened and the Senate adjourned.

In the course of the earlier proceedings the chair laid before the Senate a memorial consisting of resolutions of the "United Labor League of America," tendering the thanks of that organization to Hon. W. E. Gladstone for his bill for Irish home-rule, and urging the United States Senate to pass a vote of thanks to him. Referred.

HOUSE.—Under the call of States a number of bills and resolutions were introduced and referred, among which was the following by Mr. Hewitt, of New York: To create a court of customs and to provide for the speedy trial of customs revenue cases.

By Mr. Crain, of Texas, to establish a sub-treasury at Galveston; also to provide for the distribution of the proceeds of the sale of public lands among the States and Territories for educational purposes. The House refused, 26 to 27, to refer this bill to the committee on labor and it was referred to the committee on education.

By Mr. Cabell, of Virginia, to reduce the rates of taxation on liquors distilled from fruit.

By Mr. Burroughs, of Michigan, to provide for the transportation of foreign mails. [It directs the postmaster general before July 1, 1886, and every five years thereafter, to enter into contracts with the lowest responsible bidder at a rate not exceeding fifty cents per mile on outward trips of actual nautical miles traveled between terminal points for transportation of mails for the United States between any port of the United States and ports of the Pacific and South Atlantic oceans, the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean sea. Ships with which such contracts shall be made shall be of American register and manned by American crews and all vessels so engaged shall in time of war be subject to purchase or charter at reasonable rates. The President is authorized to enter into treaty negotiations with the governments of the several countries of Central and South America, Asia and the Islands of the Pacific, for concerted support of such steamship mail facilities as may be established.]

On motion of Mr. Negley, of Pennsylvania, from the committee on military affairs, the rules were suspended and a bill was passed to reimburse the national home for disabled [volunteers for losses incurred through the failure of the Exchange national bank, of Norfolk, Va.

Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, from the committee on naval affairs, moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution making the bill to increase the naval establishment continuing a special order from Thursday, April 22, until Tuesday April 27, on which latter day the previous question shall be considered as ordered. A majority, however, appropriation bills, prior special orders, public land bills and private bills Friday, which shall not be antagonized. Mr. Herbert appealed for consideration by the House of the great question involved in the resolution, saying that cities by the sea were absolutely at the mercy of any foreign power. Brazil could successfully bombard any city on the Atlantic coast, while Chili could successfully bombard San Francisco. Both parties were committed to an increase of the naval establishment and on no pretense should the bill be allowed to fail. Mr. Morrison opposed the resolution on the ground that as the bill would be crowded out by excepted measures until the 27th, the House would be called upon to vote on a measure which involved the expenditure of millions of dollars after but a short debate. Mr. Holman objected to the naval establishment bill because it would displace measures of greater public interest; land forfeiture bills. Mr. Hewitt, of New York, said that in refusing to give a day to the consideration of the naval establishment bill the House would be trifling with a grave and important question. The country was lamentably deficient in means of defense, and it was a grave question today in negotiations with foreign countries whether the United States could take the stand on public questions which the interest and dignity of this great country demanded. The motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution was lost; 119 to 106; not two-thirds voting in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Dockery, of the committee on postoffices and post roads, the rules were suspended and a bill passed to extend the immediate delivery service. It provides for this service within the correct delivery limit of any free delivery office and within one mile of any other post offices which the postmaster may designate.

A motion to make the Hennepin canal bill a special order for May 6 was lost; 112 to 102; not the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative.

Mr. Dibble, of South Carolina, from the committee on public buildings and grounds, moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution setting apart May 6 and succeeding days for the consideration of public building measures. Mr. Dibble explained that these measures involved an expenditure of about \$4,000,000. Mr. Blount, of Georgia, earnestly opposed the resolution, because it set apart a time to the consideration of an unlimited number of bills. It was the inauguration of a march on the treasury such as

no Congress had ever tolerated before. Mr. Dibble inquired whether the gentleman had not supported a proposition as broad as the pending one at the last session of Congress. Mr. Blount replied that there had been no such proposition presented. Mr. Dibble asserted that it would be in the interest of public business to have the resolution adopted, as it would prevent a recurrence of the practice of passing public building measures during the expiring hours of Congress, whether recommended by the committee or not. A motion to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution was lost; yeas 143, nays 78; not two-thirds voting in the affirmative. Adjourned.

### CHICAGO ENJOYS A STRIKE.

THE SCENES AT EAST ST. LOUIS EXACTLY DUPLICATED.

CHICAGO, April 19.—The Baltimore & Ohio freight yards have resumed their usual appearance. At 7 o'clock this morning all the strikers were at work. The non-union men, of whom there are but two, in fact, have been put to work elsewhere. It was stated at first that there were seven non-union men, but five of these had been discharged some time before the strike and the other two asked to be sent away. An attempt was made at 8:30 this morning to send out a train on the Lake Shore road, when the scenes of the Missouri Pacific and East St. Louis strikes were exactly duplicated. The train was made up under a guard of police and railroad officials, but as soon as it started the strikers swarmed over the train, set the brakes, uncoupled the cars and threw away the coupling-pins. No attempt was made to use force by the police to prevent these acts and no violence to person was offered by the strikers. It is stated on good authority that the Lake Shore officials propose to make the present strike an absolute issue as to their right to retain non-union men and also afford them adequate protection. The failure of the town of Lake police to protect their property against the strikers will be taken as clearly showing that the town cannot or will not afford protection, and the sheriff and Governor in turn will be called upon for assistance.

### Hastening Business.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Several Republican Senators having in charge certain leading measures of legislation have recently been in consultation with members of the Republican caucus committee, with a view to putting an end to the clash of competing interests and consequent loss of time which has been a feature of the proceedings the last two or three weeks. An understanding of a somewhat indefinite and preliminary nature has been reached, which will, it is believed, secure harmony and dispatch for the present. It is proposed to continue work on the foreign relations committee's business in secret session until it is disposed of, to take up the objected private pension bills in the morning hour and the interstate commerce bill after 2 o'clock. The general pension bill and the bankruptcy bill are not in order. While this programme is liable to change, it is proposed that whenever one of the measures named shall be taken up discussion upon it shall proceed until it is set upon. It is agreed by both friends and foes of the resolution for open executive sessions that that measure shall have its day so soon as special orders already made shall be disposed of. This plan has been submitted to the Democrats, who in caucus this morning approved it.

### A Very Swift Punishment.

DANVILLE, Va., April 19.—Sunday, near Axton station, on the Danville & New River railroad, a negro named Kellis Moorman by a forged note induced Mike Mahone, a white man, to go to a neighboring house to play a game of cards. Mahone took a small sum of money with him, and on the way Moorman knocked Mahone down and robbed him. Mahone was badly stunned, but recovering sufficiently to tell what had happened, a party of men soon captured Moorman and lynched him last night. Mahone's wounds are thought to be fatal.

### A New York Failure.

NEW YORK, April 19.—J. A. Bennett & Co. this morning announced to the stock exchange their inability to meet their engagements. The firm is composed of Thomas L. Coville, member of the stock exchange, and J. H. Briggs. The firm has made an assignment to Sinclair T. Huntington. They state that no further information can be given until the assignee has had time to prepare a statement. The failure had no effect upon the stock market.

### A Murderer Kills Himself.

NEW YORK, April 19.—John W. Carpenter, who murdered his wife in Third avenue a year ago, and who had been confined in the Tombs under sentence of death, this morning killed himself in his cell by cutting open his jugular vein and veins in his arm. Carpenter made two unsuccessful attempts to end his life before. He was 55 years of age.

### Will Not Vote any More.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 19.—George Coleman, colored, a Democratic ticket-holder at the last November election, was tried today and convicted of having voted illegally in the fifteenth ward. Judge Duffy sentenced him to six years in the penitentiary.

### U. S. Treasury Notes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19.—Wm. L. Trenholm has given bond in \$100,000 and today assumed office as comptroller of the currency. The treasury today received a certificate of deposit for \$25,000, the amount of the forfeited bail of George Cannon, the Mormon apostle.

## A GREAT STRIKE.

### THE SURFACE LINES OF STREET CARS IN NEW YORK.

Nearly all Cease to Run—The Strikers at Last Doing Some Grumbling Themselves.

New York, April 19.—All night last night the executive board of the "Empire Protective Association" was secretly debating the expediency of tying up all the surface roads of the city, and it was not until 1 o'clock this morning that a determination was reached. An order was then prepared and sent to the officials of local assemblies, calling out the men on all the street car lines save those on Eighth and Ninth avenues. At 4 o'clock this morning was the hour fixed for the tie-up, and the order was obeyed. The Fourth avenue employees said afterwards to a reporter that they had no ground of complaint against the company. They had five or six non-union men, but they were with the employees, and would be initiated into the union next Saturday; they were laying off now solely because of the general order to do so. The superintendent of the road said he knew that his men were entirely satisfied, but he had heard there was a belief that the roads had combined. There was, he believed, no truth in any statement to that effect. He had no one to consult in this matter, as Mr. Vanderbilt was on the ocean, as was one director who would be likely to act in such a case. He did not care whether his men were members of a union or not, so long as the cars were running. They would make no attempt to run any cars. The tie-up would cost the road losses at least \$2,000 per day. The doors of the stables were closed today and the horses were cared for by the men.

The last car on the Sixth avenue road was laid off at 4 o'clock this morning. Supt. Curtis said he knew of no grievances on the part of the men; but outside men said they had submitted a list of grievances last week, of which a part were granted and the rest flatly denied. The horses will be cared for by the men unless an effort be made to replace them. The Dry Dock, Grand street and East Broadway lines are also tied-up this morning. The employees told the superintendent they left work by orders from the committee. The superintendent said he did not know why his roads were tied up; that he had always kept his agreement to the letter with his men. He had nothing to do with the Third avenue line and did not see why the public should be inconvenienced and the company's business ruined to suit those people. A detail of men has been appointed to look after the horses. The men are sore over the tie-up and say they have no grievances.

The Forty-second street and St. Nicholas avenue railroad has also stopped. At the office it was said that the men had no grievances, but only went out because ordered to do so. Avenues C and D lines also had their cars laid off. Men were left to feed the horses. No grievances are complained of by the men on these lines. Bleeker street and Twenty-third street lines had their cars hauled off. It was said the men had no complaint to make. The Broadway and Seventh avenue lines and Barclay street lines had cars laid off. The men say they have no formal grievances to make. There are seven non-union men and they are to be discharged before the men will return to work, even should the tie-up be declared off. The horses are cared for.

The Forty-second street and Grand street ferry line of cars have stopped. The men here feel bitter because they are called upon to stop work just after the company has granted all the men asked. They say that if the company will promise to use none but union men the employees will demand of the Empire Protective Association that their line be released. They all wanted to work. The men on the "Bell" line railroad did not report for duty this morning. The superintendent said he understood that the employees wanted several non-union men and a clerk discharged.

The president of the board of police commissioners sent out today a circular letter to the headquarters of each of the surface and elevated railroads of the city, informing them that the police were ready to render them every protection while carrying on their business.

### Half-Drowned Montreal.

MONTREAL, April 19.—About 12 o'clock Saturday night the river again rose suddenly and continued rising. The greater part of the business district was under water. The whole west end below San Antonio was also flooded. The walls of Mason's rolling mill have given away. Victoria square and part of Craig and Juanita, together with the intersecting streets, are under water. The whole country on the south shore as far as St. John's is flooded and all communication stopped.

### An Appalling Disaster in Austria.

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, April 19.—A fire at Styria is still raging. The situation there is appalling. Thousands of citizens are bankrupt. The charred remains of many victims have already been dug out of the ruins. The mayor of the town has sent a telegram to Lemberg, asking that troops be sent to Styria, with appliances to extinguish fire. The damage is estimated at several million florins.

### Greek Troops Going to the Front.

ATHENS, GREECE, April 19.—Greek troops are being pushed to the front as rapidly as possible. M. DeBatsava, the Russian minister to Greece, has departed for Livadia to see the Czar, in pursuance of urgent orders from his majesty.

## Orange Presbytery.

AFTERNOON SESSION—SATURDAY. COR. OF THE NEWS AND OBSERVER. WILSON, N. C., April 19, 1886.

The presbytery met at 2:30 o'clock, when the Rev. L. C. Vass, chairman on Sunday schools, made his report which takes in review all the Sabbath schools in the presbytery. This report shows an increase in the number of schools and scholars and in interest in this important work of the church. The report will be published in full. This presbytery sends two ministers and two lay delegates to the general assembly, and the following were elected: Rev. Dr. Chas. Phillips; his alternate, Rev. A. L. Crawford; Rev. P. H. Dalton; his alternate, L. C. Vass. Lay delegates, Judge John A. Gilmer; his alternate, Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq.; Mr. I. M. Andrews; his alternate, B. F. Morrow. The Rev. W. F. Thom was re-elected evangelist of the Chatham field and Rev. S. H. Isler to the Neuse field and the Rev. W. H. McLeellan was continued in the Wilson field and the Rev. A. Currie to the Wentworth and Leaksville churches until otherwise supplied. The Rev. S. M. Smith made the annual report of the narrative of religion in the presbytery, which is sent to the churches, synod and the general assembly and will also be published.

A resolution was unanimously adopted returning thanks to the citizens of Wilson for their generous and elegant hospitality.

A resolution was also adopted thanking the railroads and steamboats for courtesies extended. At 5 p. m. the presbytery adjourned.

Sunday the members of the presbytery filled all the Methodist and Baptist churches. At the Presbyterian church Rev. Dr. F. H. Johnston preached at 11 a. m. A Sunday school mass-meeting was addressed by Rev. L. C. Vass and Dr. Johnston; at the night session by Rev. Dr. J. Henry Smith. Dr. Smith remains several days to preach and conduct special services. The meeting was most harmonious and pleasant and those who attended will long remember it with pleasure. \* \*

### North Carolina State Agency.

Dr. Carter Berkeley has taken charge of the North Carolina agency as general manager for that State of "The Valley Mutual," with headquarters at Raleigh. Dr. Berkeley has had large experience in the business of insurance, both in the medical and agency departments, having devoted the greater part of his life to the business in the capacity of medical director or general manager. The management, after years of personal and intimate acquaintance, feel that they cannot too highly commend Dr. Berkeley to the fullest confidence of the public, and bespeak for him the courtesy in his new field which is due to his high social position and personal merit.—Valley Mutual Journal.

### Baltimore Still Revelling in the Measures of Pedestrians.

BALTIMORE, April 19.—There is no change in the strike of car-drivers in this city. There was a demonstration here this forenoon, when a car on one of the striking lines appeared on the streets, but the police promptly arrested two men which restored quiet. The strikers and the companies remain firm and the latter state that they will not accede to the demand of the drivers. There are but two companies running the full number of cars and people are subjected to serious inconveniences.

### The Staunton Valley Virginia, Another Popular Journal, says:

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD. The old reliable Valley Mutual, the pioneer of life insurance companies in Staunton, gathers strength with age, and maintains an unquestioned supremacy. Its business continues to grow with gratifying increase, and those who have been with it longest like it best. The high character and business capacity of its officers, the promptness with which it has paid its death losses, and the success which has attended its administration, justify the strong hold it maintains in the estimation of the people. Its growth has been rapid and permanent; and at no period in history has it been more solidly prosperous or with a brighter outlook. (Staunton Valley Virginian.)

The records at the capital will show that the Valley Mutual has the largest income and pays more taxes than any company doing business in the State, with one exception. Wanted, a good canvasser for Raleigh, or vicinity. Also for other portions of the State. Address, DR. CARTER BERKELEY, Raleigh, N. C.

North Carolina has over five thousand schools.

Respectable Druggists never deceive the public, but beware of the cheap John druggists who offer you a plaster called "Cassard's," "Cassard's," "Cassard's," or "Cassard's," and tell you it is substantially the same as the genuine Cassard's Plaster or even better. They ask less for the imitation, for it costs less, but as a remedial agent it is absolutely worthless. The reputation of Cassard's as the only plaster possessing actual and high curative qualities is the result of many years' experiment and honorable dealings on the part of the proprietors; and 5,000 physicians, pharmacists and druggists endorse it as the best ever made. Protect yourself against deception by buying of reputable dealers only, and avoid mistakes by personal examination. The genuine has the "Three Seals" trademark, and in the centre is cut the word "Cassard's."

The New Home Sewing Machine, every one of which gives satisfaction, is still to be found at J. L. Stone's.

Wake has the largest population of any county in the State.

North Carolina has more than five hundred mines.

## Cyclone in Rutherford.

HOUSES DEMOLISHED, CATTLE KILLED AND PEOPLE NARROWLY ESCAPE DEATH. Asheville Advance.

We learn from private letters received of a fearful and destructive tornado which swept over portions of Rutherford county last Thursday evening—the most violent wind storm that county has witnessed in years. The storm struck in at or near Island Ford, on Broad river, in the southwestern part of the county, and traveled parallel with the river for miles at a most furious speed, in a northeast direction. The storm was near two miles in width, but it was not so fierce but for a distance of one half mile, and that almost in the center. Dwelling houses, barns, stables, fences, sheds, &c., were swept away like trash. Large trees were torn up by the roots, and the wake of the storm for miles presented a scene of devastation and ruin. A number of horses, cows, sheep and hogs were killed, but fortunately no persons were killed, though several were injured. At the house of a Mr. Soggins two little children narrowly escaped death. The house was built of logs, and the children were sleeping on a bed. The roof gave way and some of the heavy timbers fell in on the bed where the children were lying. The bestead was an old-fashioned one and very strong, and the head-board caught the falling timbers, and prevented the children from being killed. They were recovered after the storm, alive, but slightly injured. The aggregate loss will be great. The force of the storm was broken by a small mountain before it reached the town of Rutherfordton.

Kanny Loll Dey, the celebrated scientist of Calcutta, India, who received from Queen Victoria the order of Companion of the Indian Empire, says that he has prescribed Red Star Cough Cure with most salutary effect. It is free from noxious drugs or opiates and sure in its action. Price, 25 cents.

North Carolina has over seventeen hundred cities, towns and villages.

### Horford's Acid Phosphate in Constipation.

Dr. J. N. Robinson, Medina, O., M.D.: "In cases of indigestion, constipation and nervous prostration, its results are happy."

North Carolina has forty-three railroads in operation.

### A Good Practice.

Pomposus Judge—I hope you have much practice. Young Lawyer—Yes, sir, I have, thank you, Judge—I am glad to hear it. And in what branch is your practice mainly? Lawyer—Mainly in economy. Every family will find it to be economy to provide themselves with some remedy to relieve the sudden attacks of the bowels and restore the little one suffering such a drainage upon the system from the effects of teething. Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial is the Great Southern Remedy for the bowels, of which timely doses save many a child and doctor bills.

Wilmington is the largest town in North Carolina.

### Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the pain from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste; soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Raleigh is the next largest city in North Carolina.

## D' BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

Always in the Lead. The old reliable Valley Mutual, the pioneer of life insurance companies in Staunton, gathers strength with age, and maintains an unquestioned supremacy. Its business continues to grow with gratifying increase, and those who have been with it longest like it best. The high character and business capacity of its officers, the promptness with which it has paid its death losses, and the success which has attended its administration, justify the strong hold it maintains in the estimation of the people. Its growth has been rapid and permanent; and at no period in history has it been more solidly prosperous or with a brighter outlook. (Staunton Valley Virginian.)

## SALVATION OIL

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, &c. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 Cents a Bottle.

## LOOK OUT!

THE COUNTRY IS FLOODED WITH ADULTERATED LARD. Examine carefully what you are using; the odor from it when cooking betrays it.

CASSARD'S "STAR BRAND" LARD IS PURE. EVERY PACKAGE GUARANTEED.

Try it and you will use no other.

B. H. WOODDELL, Raleigh, N. C., Agent.

G. Cassard & Son, BALTIMORE, MD.

Curers of the Celebrated Star Brand Mild Cured Hams and Bacon.

NORTH CAROLINA GRANITES AND SANDSTONES.

D. Linehan & Co. 409 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Are prepared to make contracts on the most favorable terms for supplying Granite Sandstones of the Best Quality in any Quarries at Henderson and Wadesboro, N. C. Ample facilities for handling and making quick shipments to any point, either in or out of the State.

## ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W. C. & A. B. Stronach, George T. Stronach and J. R. Fernal & Co.

## BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Combining IRON with PURE VEGETABLE TONIC, quickly and completely GLASSING and PURIFYING THE BLOOD. Cleanses the system, makes the skin smooth. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—ALL OTHER IRON REMEDIES DO. Physicians and Druggists everywhere recommend it.

Dr. N. S. ROGERS, of Marion, Mass., says: "I recommend Brown's Iron Bitters as a valuable tonic for enriching the blood, and removing all dropsical symptoms. It does not hurt the stomach."

Dr. E. M. DORRIS, of Brooklyn, Ind., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in a case of anemia and blood disease, and when a tonic was needed, and it has proved thoroughly satisfactory."

Dr. Wm. BRUCE, of St. Mary St., New Orleans, La., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters relieved me in a case of blood poisoning, and I heartily commend it to those suffering from any of the above named ailments."

Dr. Wm. W. WALKER, of Birmingham, Ala., says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters with success in cases of blood poisoning, and I heartily commend it to those suffering from any of the above named ailments."

Caution: Has shown Trade Mark and crossed red line on wrapper. Beware of cheap imitations. Made only by BROWN'S CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

## RACKET STORE.

The Great Bargain House of Raleigh.

Not by favor, but by merit alone, will we maintain and increase our unrivalled reputation. Big prices will not do these times, when everybody stands in need of every dollar and every penny. Among our arrivals this week we shall place before our people some

## LANDSLIDES

which are beyond comparison and monopoly prices, that will teach you to buy as soon as you see the goods. Who can tell the waste of money when you get your goods from houses that buy and sell on long time? Just opening, some Great Bargains caught from the slaughter-pens in New York, such as Cottonades, Calico, Shoes, Laces and Hamburgs, Dress Goods, Notions of all descriptions; good bargains in Men's and Boys' Straw Hats. Come at once, before these goods are picked over. We have also opened one of the finest stocks of Millinery Goods ever brought to this city, and will sell lower than such goods were ever before offered. The ladies running this department are first-class and of great experience. We particularly invite ladies wishing such goods to call before purchasing.

VOLNEY PURSELL & CO. Raleigh, N. C.