THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

VOL. XXVI. RALEIGH, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 9, 1886. NO. 148.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W C & A B Stronach, George T Stronach and J R Ferrall & Co.

WOMEN

Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from infirmities peculiar to their sex, should try

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine combines iron with pure vegetable tonics, and is invaluable for Disease peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It Enriches and Purifies the Blood, Stimulates the Appetite, Strengthens the Muscles and Nerves—in fact, thoroughly Invigorates.

Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—all other Iron medicines do.

MRS. ELIZABETH BAIRD, 74 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 30th, 1884:

"I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been more than a cheap Trade Mark to me, having cured me of weakness ladies have in life. Also cured me of Liver Complaint, and now my complexion is clear and good. Has also been beneficial to my children."

MRS. LOUISA G. BROUGHTON, East Lexington, N. Y., says: "I have suffered untold misery from Female Complaints, and could obtain relief from nothing except Brown's Iron Bitters."

Genuine have Cross and Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

RACKET STORE.

The Great Bargain House of Raleigh.

We are going to Kick up a Racket this week. Look out for Bargains. We have just opened some Great Bargains from the slaughter-pens of credit. Our New York Calico 4½c a yard; worth 7c. Great Bargains in Laces, Oriental, Torchon, Pillow-case, &c. Hamburg Edgings and Insertion. Ladies' Dress Goods. Silk Gloves at 30c; worth 50c. Dress Buttons of the latest style at 9c a dozen; worth 25c.

Our Millinery Department will be replenished this week. Some special bargains are offered in hats and flowers. This department is managed by Miss Maggie Sale and Miss Undine DeCarteret. Miss Sale is a lady of much experience in this department and I assure you she will give satisfaction in work and in price. The goods are purchased from houses that are hard up and are compelled to sell at our prices, which are 20 per cent. less than New York prices. They will be sold the same way; many for less than half their value. We shall offer such unanswerable arguments as no house can match. Our leaders and specialties at prices that no other house can even approach. We can show you facts that will level your head on the subject of prices and bargains. Hard luck and hard times push some large dealers to the wall. They must have money, and must sell their goods. So we buy them for much less than they are worth. Our stock will be replenished every few days. Our prices, remember, are from 20 to 25 per cent. less than those current. Please call and examine our stock and I know we shall make sale to you.

Respectfully submitted to the Cash Trade Only.

VOLNEY PURSELL & CO.,

No. 10 East Martin Street.

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

—Professor Bell is said to have given his deaf and dumb wife a present of $10,000,000.

—Miss Folsom, the President's prospective bride, is still in Paris, but will sail for this country about the 18th instant.

—The death of Gen. Hancock is said to have plunged Mrs. Hancock into an almost constant melancholy.

—The gossips have been giving all sorts of offices to William S. Bissell, President Cleveland's old law partner, and now they have got down to best man at the wedding.

—A reformer named Gaston has a remedy for hard times and labor troubles. He wants the government to issue $8,000,000,000 in greenbacks, run the railroads and all business, supply everything at half price and pay double wages. This is a grand scheme.

—The latest form of brutality which is in danger of becoming popular is the shin-kicking match. Why not have ear-clipping, or eye-extinguishing, or rib-breaking matches, too? Where is this sort of thing to stop?

—The mayor of Chicago, in closing all riotous assemblies, has included the Moody and Sankey meetings. It was held that all assemblages which brought people together were dangerous in the present state of affairs, and thus the good, as well as the bad, are ordered to stay within their homes.

—A moonlight mirage was lately witnessed in Illinois. The moon was shining brightly, but a dense fog hung over the flat lands near St Joseph, and the passengers in a railway train saw a phantom train suspended in the air under the fog bank. The apparition was visible for several minutes.

—The side wall of a five-story building fell out in Minnespolis Wednesday afternoon, burying thirty men who were at work in an excavation adjoining. Of these, eleven escaped uninjured, as they were warned by the cracking of the timbers, but eight were killed outright and six seriously injured. The workmen were excavating at one side of the building for an addition.

—A stuttering orator who was discussing the woman suffrage question in a western debating society, wound up his argument with this clincher: "I d-d-defy any one to p-point out a woman in this city or c-country that could be sheriff. Would a woman t-turn out in the dead of night to track and arrest a m-m-murderer? I say no! Ten to one she would elope with him!" He sat down amidst thunders of applause.

—Inspired by the hydrophobic success of M. Pasteur, the doctors at the Vera Cruz garrison are vigorously pursuing experiments with Dr. Carmona's prophylactic inoculation for yellow fever. The vaccine is administered by hypodermic injection and all the soldiers are inoculated at intervals of eight days. Of course, not one of the soldiers ever has had the yellow fever. The problem now presented is to see if any one of them ever will have it.

—An examination of the vital statistics of the United States brings out the fact that about one-fourth of the deaths every year result from consumption, pneumonia and bronchial affections. There is nothing more wide-spread among our people than lung disease. It is time for the heads of families, as well as physicians, to guard against weak lungs and their accompanying dangers. We must not lay all the blame on climate. Dissipation is responsible to some extent. Exposure is another factor, and a conspicuous lack of common sense in the matter of dress should also be taken into consideration. With proper care the next generation will have strong lungs.

—Frise velvet on beige etamine, or pale almond-colored canvas grounds, and also Persian brocaded stripes on ecru silk grenadine are displayed, and many of the less expensive serge, mohair, camel's hair goods and like materials are striped with lines of rich color, these lines both wide and narrow to suit individual taste. Summer homespuns are shown with plain grounds for the overdress, with stripes en suite for lower skirts. Summer cheviots are shown in many soft shades of gray, also Baltic blue, wood-brown, ecru, hunters' green and beige, with borders in handsome Oriental patterns. These stylish goods promise to have a wide following for two seasons to come, as they make up into dressy, effective gowns appropriate for all general occasions.

—A special dispatch to the New York Times, in reference to the general conference of the Southern Methodist church in Richmond, Va., says: "The conference is to be held in the Centenary church and will last a month. There will be nearly four hundred members, besides visitors. Dr. J. B. McFerran, the agent of the book concern at Nashville, is the oldest man in the conference, having been a delegate to every meeting since 1836. An important feature of the business of this conference will be the selection of five Bishops. Among the most prominent names mentioned are Revs. B. M. Missick, R. H. Rivers, H. C. Morrison, of the Louisville conference; G. W. Briggs, of the Texas conference; J. J. Lafferty, of the Virginia conference; Miller, of the Missouri conference, and O. P. Fitzgerald, of the California conference.

Total Visible Supply of Cotton.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 2,420,487 bales, of which 1,884,587 are American; against 2,342,104 and 1,786,204 respectively last year; receipts at all interior towns 22,041; receipts from the plantations 18,164; crop in sight 6,304,738 bales.

REPORTS indicate that Hon. David Davis is on his death-bed.

CONGRESSIONAL.

THE HOUSE PASSES THE MILITARY ACADEMY BILL.

Mr. Wheeler says Some Plain and Practical Words about the Country's Nearly Defenseless Condition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 8—HOUSE.—The House passed one private pension bill and a bill authorizing the Kansas City & Gulf railroad company to construct a road through the Indian Territory. Afterwards it went into committee of the whole on the military academy appropriation bill. Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, stated that no complaint had been made against a single provision of the bill by the secretary of war and that therefore it might be safely assumed that the measure was adequate in all its appropriations. The sum carried by the bill was $297,805, as against an appropriation of $310,021 for the current fiscal year. Though the country was enjoying a period of profound peace and though some gentlemen thought that an appropriation for the maintenance of a military academy was unnecessary, he contended that it was wise that the country should receive knowledge of military tactics. All nations in their dreams of peace forget the experience of other nations. The great question of the day was not the silver question, or the tariff question, but it was the great labor question. If the country was so happy as to change the laws which retained the product of American labor at home and prevented its finding a foreign market, it would scarcely come into contact and conflict with foreign nations, and it was not too early to consider the subject. Every great country must have an army as a symbol of its power. Up to this time the national honor was unimpeached, but it was the duty of members of Congress to satisfy themselves that it was impossible for one nation or two nations to force the United States to the election of permitting New York, Philadelphia and other seaports to be destroyed, or to submit to an ignominious peace. Every measure for perfecting the military strength of America should be well considered. The military system should be improved, the navy rehabilitated and the fortifications put in a condition of defence. After a short discussion, in which no opposition was made, the bill was read by sections, but no amendments were offered and the committee rose and the bill was passed. The House again went into committee on the army appropriation bill. Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, moved to strike out from the caption to the pay of the engineer corps the words "staff." The engineers did not belong to the staff and he did not wish the House by implication to recognize that they did. Their proper station was in the line. Mr. Bragg remarked that it had been once said by a poet of a certain class of persons that they were unfit for heaven and too mean for hell. The engineer corps set itself up as independent institution. It did not belong to the staff. It did not save in the line. It was afraid of being classed with the common herd. The motion was agreed to and without further action the committee rose and the House adjourned.

He Seeks his Home with Eagerness.

ST. LOUIS, Missouri, May. 8.—T. G. Hewlett, leader of the deputy sheriffs who fired on and killed several of the mob in East St. Louis about a month ago and who has been held in the city jail in this city on charges of manslaughter and of being a fugitive from justice from Illinois, was yesterday allowed to furnish bail in $5,800. Immediately after the bond was approved Hewett armed himself, as a means of defense against a possible attack by sympathizers of the East St. Louis victims, and made his way quickly to a depot where he boarded a train for his home at Meridian, Miss. The other deputies will furnish bail next week and will be released.

The Southern Baptist Convention.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 8.—The second day's session of the Southern Baptist convention shows an increased attendance. This morning a report was adopted providing for the raising of $10,000 to be expended in evangelizing the colored race in the South. The discussion of means for better reaching the colored people was long and interesting and consumed most of the morning session. An event of the discussion was a speech by the colored pastor of a colored Baptist church in Chattanooga. In the afternoon session a report on the resources of the home mission board was adopted.

Lemons for "Biliousness."

The lemon treatment of biliousness is quite fashionable at present. Most people know the benefit of lemonade before breakfast, but few know that it is more than doubled by taking another at night also. The way to get the better of the bilious system without taking blue pills and other drugs is to take the juice of one, two or three lemons, as appetite craves, in as much iced water as makes it pleasant to drink without sugar, before going to bed. In the morning on rising, at least half an hour before breakfast, take the juice of one lemon in a goblet of water. People must not irritate the stomach by eating lemons clear, but diluted properly, so that it does not irritate the throat, and taken on an empty stomach, the improvement is marked.

The commencement exercises of Oxford female Seminary occur June 1-3. June 2d Rev. R. N. Stedd, of Norfolk, Va. preaches the baccalaureate sermon, June 3d Hon. J. W. Reid, delivers the annual address. Thursday evening June 3d, the annual concert will be given.

THE M. E. CONFERENCE.

A Warm Discussion Concerning Bishop McTyeire's Manual.

RICHMOND, Va., May 8.—In the M. E. conference today Rev. Dr. D. C. Kelly, from the committee on church extension, reported marked success in combining local and parent boards and urged that it be not changed. Rev. S. S. Pickett, of the north Texas conference, having been located against his will, submitted an appeal from the decision of his conference, giving the following reasons for the appeal: That no notification had been served previous to the proceedings; that the provisions of the discipline did not cover his case; that all the allegations were not proved and that he submitted a written statement of his purpose to duly administer the discipline.

A lively debate ensued, during which it appeared that he had been located without his consent, but without charges against his moral character. The ground upon which he had been retired from the itinerancy was his unavailability as a traveling preacher. The debate turned upon the question whether a preacher was allowed to appeal when there had been no imputation against his moral character. The brother had been located because of his refusal to administer baptism by immersion, the Methodist church allowing candidates for baptism the choice of modes. C. G. Andrews, of Mississippi, cited a parallel case which came before the general conference at Nashville in 1857, in which an appeal was allowed. After diverse arguments and many points of order the previous question was called and the appeal was allowed. A resolution was adopted that Bishop McTyeire's manual of discipline be referred to a committee, to determine what authority it has in the determination of the law of the church. Bishop McTyeire appeared to be sensitive to the frequent dissent from his manual of discipline, expressed on the floor of the conference. He took occasion to make a statement as to the origin and authority of the work alluded to. He said that the book, while expressing the views of his colleagues in the bishopric, had no more official authority than any other book. A motion was made to reconsider the resolution by which the subject was referred to the committee. Col. E. W. Cole, of Tennessee, said that if this motion prevailed he would offer a resolution that Bishop McTyeire be required to write an introduction to the manual in which he should express the views he had just explained. Dr. Winfield, of Arkansas, said in effect that Methodism has no Romish hierarchy in its episcopacy; that the bishops were the law-makers of the church; that they dare not go beyond the laws made by the general conference; that he himself should not be governed by the manual unless the conference resolved that it was proper in the cases considered by it; that if the book should be regarded authoritative he should certainly be guided by its teachings. Dr. Haygood of Ga., who was elected to the bishopric at the last general conference, but declined ordination, said he had never in all his life heard that any one had ever considered the manual to be an authoritative exposition of the law. He acknowledged its excellence.

By permission of the conference the original resolution was withdrawn, when that of Col Cole was considered. After some debate the whole subject was laid on the table and the conference adjourned.

LLEWXAM'S LETTER.

Special Cor. of the NEWS AND OBSERVER

WASHINGTON, D C., May 6.

It is the prevailing belief here that Hon. Thomas D. Johnston will be returned. This was a matter of doubt before the Jones-Pearson difficulty, because all had many friends, and you can never accurately foresee the result of a three-handed fight. Well, the district could not send a better, a more persistent or a more competent man, or one who would make a better record during his first term than has Mr. Johnston. He has been especially active in revenue legislation and will yet do much effective service in this branch of legislation.

INTERNAL REVENUE INFORMATION

Messrs. Henderson, Cowles, Reid and Johnston, who have worked so laboriously and long to secure a modification of the "infernal revenue laws, hope to have more good news for the people of North Carolina in a few days. The headway—and it is considerable—already made was published in these letters, contained in your issue of April 29. The people of the State will owe these, the four new members of our delegation, a lasting debt of gratitude if they accomplish even half of what they hope to perform in this line.

THE DUEL DISCUSSED.

The leading topic of discussion for some days past in North Carolina circles here has been the Pearson-Jones affair, and it is interesting to note the different views of the tar-heel denizens of Washington.

PENCIL-PARINGS.

Hons. David Schenck, C. S. Winstead, and J. F Terry, of N. C., called on the President yesterday.

Nothing was done at the meeting of the Senate district committee yesterday with the Matthews nomination.

And now they are talking about the vetoing of the education bill by the President, should it pass the House.

The labor trouble was a subject of discussion at the meeting of the cabinet on Thursday last.

That polite and popular North Carolinian, Mr. Henry G. Osborne, of the Indian office, will leave for New York the latter part of the month on the official business heretofore explained in these letters. LLEWXAM.

AT CHICAGO.

THREE OF THE ANARCHISTS IN COURT.

The State's Attorney Creates a Decided Sensation.

CHICAGO, May 8.—The petition in the cases of Mrs. L. M. Holmes, Adolph Fischer and a man named Ligier of the Arbeiter Zoitung, for release on habeas corpus was called in the circuit court this morning. The State's attorney stated that he could not now divulge the character of the evidence he had against these people. He was willing that Ligier should be released and that Mrs Holmes should be admitted to $500 or $1,000 bail, although she was probably guilty of preparing some of the inflammatory articles in the paper. As for Fischer, he had evidence that he had personally thrown the dreaded bomb or was a party to it. This produced a sensation in court. The judge accordingly admitted Mrs. Holmes to bail, ordered Ligier's release, and ordered Fischer to be returned to jail. Mrs. Holmes' duties appear to have been those of news editor. Lieger was a reporter and Fischer was a compositor. The scene in court during the examination was highly sensational and dramatic. Mrs. Holmes' counsel was a female lawyer named Miss Kate Kane. Prominent among the spectators in the court room were the wives of Parsons, Fielden and Spies and a number of their lady friends.

McAden Pearson.

ANOTHER COMPLICATION IN THE ASHEVILLE AFFAIR.

Charlotte Observer.

Mr. R. Y McAden writes as follows: As you published Mr. Pearson's card, will you please publish this correspondence.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 3, 1886.

Dr. Eugene Grissom, Raleigh, N. C.,

MY DEAR SIR: I have just seen in the Asheville Citizen a card from Richmond Pearson, which I send you. From this card you will see that Mr. Pearson tries to produce the impression that after I had, on the streets of Raleigh, chastised him, he was anxious to fight a duel; that failing to find a second in the persons of Gen. Jones and his other friends, the matter was referred to you to settle, and that you advised that "from the nature of the assault and the very different positions held by the parties in the community, that he, Pearson, as a man of honor, should choose the alternative of letting the matter drop, and ignoring the man and the assault." Mr. Pearson further says the motive for this course, plainly stated, was that Mr. McAden might pursue the course which has been reserved now for Gen Jones, to wit.

"To make show of fight, receive a confidential communication, refuse to return it to its author, and then call for his disfranchisement."

Knowing you as well as I do, we having been friends and associates for over twenty years, I feel that no such considerations influenced your conduct in the matter; that Mr. Pearson is making this statement in justification of his conduct in failing to defend either his honor or person, has done you great injustice.

As I presume this statement was made by Mr Pearson without consulting you, or asking you for a statement of this matter, I trust that you feel at liberty to give me a full statement of your connection with it. Your friend,

R. Y. MCADEN.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 5, 1886.

R. Y. McAden, Esq., Charlotte, N. C.

MY DEAR SIR: I am in receipt of your kind favor of the 3rd inst., and take pleasure in stating that when the matter of the difficulty between Mr. Pearson and yourself was submitted by Mr. Pearson's friends to me for advice as to the course he should pursue, I advised that in view of all the circumstances connected with it, as detailed to me, that Mr. Pearson should neither challenge nor assault you. This advice had, as a basis, no reference whatever to your courage, general character, social position or future action. With much esteem, I am, Yours truly,

EUGENE GRISSOM.

From this it will be seen that Mr. Pearson stands convicted of falsehood by his own witness, Dr. Grissom

Under the circumstances, with the finger of scorn pointed at him from all quarters, and in his humiliation, I forbear to properly characterize the conduct of this fellow Pearson. I hope I am incapable of striking a fallen foe. He has my pity rather than my contempt. Exit Richmond the Fifth.

R Y MCADEN.

P. S.—Papers in this State which have published Pearson's card, will please do me the justice to publish this.

R. Y. McA.

Mr. Moody Suspended his Meetings.

CHICAGO, May 8.—The impression that the Moody revival meetings were closed by effect of the Mayor's proclamation is wrong. The meetings were suspended by Mr. Moody himself, and the mayor and police had no ageney in the matter whatever.

NORTH CAROLINA IN CONGRESS.

May 6th, in the House, on the question of the passage of the river and harbor bill, Messrs. Bennett, Skinner and O'Hara voted aye; Messrs. Cowles, Henderson, Johnston and Reid voted no. Messrs. Cox and Green are recorded as not voting.

"Be wise today, 'tis madness to defer," says the old adage. This is true in many ways, and especially when bodily pains attack you. To use St. Jacobs Oil argues wisdom, because it is the only remedy which conquers pain.

The Anarchists.

CHICAGO, May 8.—The rumored capture last night of Anarchist Parsons has proved to be unfounded, but he is still in the vicinity of Chicago, and quite as vindictive as ever. It is shown by the following letter, dated Chicago, May 7th, 7 p. m., and published in the Daily News this morning: "To the editor of the Daily News—Dear Sir: I want to speak a word through you to my fellow workmen, just to let them know that I am still in the land of the living and looking out for their interests, and further, to give a few hints to some of the fellows who desire to live on anarchists that may be for their welfare. In the first place, I am watching the papers and also the knowing chaps who give pointers as to my whereabouts, some of whom will make good subjects for a coroner's inquest one of these days, should they persist in their present course.

To the public I desire to say, that the devil is never so black as you can paint him. I will in due time turn up and answer for myself, for anything I may have said or done. I have no regrets for past conduct or pledges for the future, if there is to be nothing but death for the strikers of America. Whenever the public decide to use reason and justice in dealing with the producing class, just at that time will you see me. But should the decision be to continue the present course of death and slavery, just so long will I wage relentless war on all organized force and all endeavor to find me will be fruitless. Watching my wife and her kind friends is of no use. I am dead to them already. I count my life already sacrificed for daring to stand between tyrants and slaves. To show you how well I am posted, I know who was sent to LaGrange for me today. I know who put you on the track of Glasgow and just where to find him. Just say to that man for me that his day of reckoning will come soon. What must be done to satisfy the anarchists? Grant every fair demand of labor; give those poor creatures enough to satisfy their hunger, and I will guarantee a quiet period in which all questions can be put in operation without further blood. But if not, I am already sacrificed, and as a martyr for the cause I shall wait just as long as I think necessary for the public to take warning, and then you can decide your own fate. It must be liberty for the people or death for capital. I am not choosing men, I love humanity and therefore die for it now. Every drop of my blood shall cost an avenger and war to America. I have not slept nor shall I until I sleep in death or my fellow men are on the road to liberty.

(Signed) A. R. PARSONS.

When visited last night, Mrs. Parsons was reticent and defiant. She insisted that her husband was not in the city and that he was beyond the reach of the detectives.

CHICAGO, May 8.—An attempt was made last night to wreck the outgoing night passenger train on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road by opening the switch near Fourteenth street and removing the lights therefrom. The scheme, however, miscarried, for the train was at the time moving slowly. When the engineer discovered that the locomotive and tender were off the rails and running over the ties of the switch he immediately set on the air brakes, shut off the steam, reversed his engine, and the train came to a standstill, all except the engine and tender being on the track. The train proceeded after half an hour's delay. No clew has yet been found to the perpetrators of the act.

"The Negroes Must Go."

GALVESTON, Tex., May 8.—A special to the News, from Brownwood says: "Notices were found posted in the various parts of the town today reading as follows:'

'Notice—All negroes are to leave here on short notice or they will be roughly dealt with. All negroes seen on the streets of Brownwood, Saturday evening will be roughly treated. We mean business.'

(Signed.) MANY MEN.

Business men without exception, denounce the threatened expulsion and say they will defend the negroes in their rights as long as they behave themselves. Railroad contractors here have received written notices warning them not to employ any negroes."

The special report of county treasurer A. D. Jones is interesting. He says the land as listed for taxation is valued at $3,521,236, and town lots at $2,806,071. The aggregate of all real and personal property is is $10,390,728. The taxes are 29 1-6 cents on the $100 valuation, for general purposes; 12½ cents for schools; polls $2. Deeds for land sold for taxes since 1879 call for $4,690.23; penalty (one-fourth of tax) $1,725.55; sheriff's costs $2,431.60; aggregate $8,294.38. The debt is: Notes $18,222; bonds $25,000; payable in 1891. The county paupers cost $4.80 a month.

Berwanger Bros. will ship collars and cuffs to Baltimore every Monday, to be laundried in the best style. Persons who desire such work done will take notice.

There are a Few Druggists

who care more to make a large profit on a worthless article than to wait for the prosperity that ultimately results from honest dealing. These are the men who, when asked for a Benson's Capcine Plaster, will recommend some cheap and trashy substitute or imitation, saying it is "just as good." Sometimes they will do up and sell the miserable imitation without remark, allowing the customer to suppose he has Benson's. If the valueless plaster is returned, Cheap John will say he made a mistake; if not, he has done a good stroke of business. The public are cautioned against John and all his tribe. Buy of respectable druggists only. The genuine Benson's plaster has the "Three Seals" trade mark and the word "Capcine" cut in the centre.

New N. C. Cut Herrings; 75c per 100 to trade. W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

The Arrested Anarchists.

A MILWAUKEE GRAND JURY TO MAKE SCOUNDRELS QUAKE.

CHICAGO, May 8.—A special from Milwaukee says: Nineteen socialists and anarchists, including Paul Grottkan, Frank Hirth, Carl Simom and Gustave Rosser, ringleaders, were arraigned before a judge this morning on a charge riot and conspiracy to kill and murder. Bail in each case was fixed at $5,000 and all of the prisoners were remanded to jail. It is expected that the grand jury, which meets May 18th, will indict a large number of others, including many well known persons. The number to be indicted is estimated at over one hundred.

The Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The weekly statement of the associated banks is as follows: Loans decrease, $639,000; specie decrease, $2,057,800; legal tenders increase, $1,020,800; deposits decrease, $478,700; circulation decrease, $287,800; reserve decrease, $91,235. The banks now hold $11,113,225 in excess of the 25 per cent. rule.

For bilious disorders use Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills, they are the best. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup contains nothing injurious and may be given to the most delicate baby. It relieves colic and other bowel disorders.

If your horse has jaundice or yellow water give him Day's Horse Powder. It will cure him.

Trinity College will catalogue 145 students this year, against 105 last year and 84 the year before.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.

FOR OVERWORKED FEMALES.

Dr. J. P Cowan, Ashland, O., says: "It proves satisfactory as a nerve tonic; also in dyspeptic conditions of the stomach, with general debility, such as we find in overworked females, with nervous headache and its accompaniments."

There is quite a lot of excitement about the local option campaign at Asheville.

"LIEBIG CO'S COCA BEEF TONIC

is far superior to the fashionable and illusive preparations of beef, wine and iron," says Professor F. W. Hunt, M. D., Honorary Member Imperial Medical Society of St. Petersburg, Russia, etc., etc. Cures debility, piles, dyspepsia, biliousness.

White Cap Soap. White as Snow; Pure as Gold, Sweet as Honey, $6.50 per box 100 12 oz cakes. W. C & A. B. STRONACH.

BRANDY PEACHES—Brandy Peaches, put up by Gordon & Dilworth, choicest quality, full quart jars; Gordon & Dilworth's Preserved White Cherries. Preserved White Heath Peaches of superlative quality, put up by a lady of the city. E. J. HARDIN.

TO ARRIVE—Sweet Pickled Mangoes, Mixed and Plain Pickles; 1 gal. pails, by measure. W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

LATEST Caught Mackerel at Cost to close remnant of stock. Ten lb pails No. 3 60c; No. 2, 75c; No. 2 Mess, 90c; No. 1, $1.05c. W. C. & A B. STRONACH.

The latest Raleigh success at Geo. N. Walters'! Now opening a magnigcent assortment of high Novelties in English and French cloths and cassimeres, diagonals, itirkscrews, Thibets, Irish tweeds and fancy sungs, suitable for spring and summer wear. Give him a call early and inspect his well selected stock, and secure your suits before they are picked over. Don't mistake the place—the new Walnut Front, 234 Fayetteville street.

A colporteur in Rowan county found 300 families out of 1,800 without a bible.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and relieves consumptive persons in advanced stages of the disease. Price 25 Cts. Caution. The Genuine Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold only in white wrappers, and bears our registered Trade-Marks to wit: A Bull's Head in a Circle, a Bear Circle Caution-Label, and the fac-simile signatures of John F. Bull & J. C. Meyer & Co., Sole Prop'rs, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

SALVATION OIL,

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain,"

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