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WILL CURE

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CHILLS AND FEVERS
TIRED FEELING
GENERAL DEBILITY
PAIN IN THE BACK & SIDES
IMPURE BLOOD
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NEURALGIA
KIDNEY AND LIVER TROUBLES

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed Red Lines on wrapper.

TAKE NO OTHER.

RACKET STORE.

The Great Bargain House of Raleigh.

We are going to Kick up a Racket this week. Look out for Bargains. We have just opened some Great Bargains from the slaughter-pens of credit. Our New York Calico 44c a yard; worth 70c. Great Bargains in Lace, Oriental, Terborgh, Pillow-case, &c. Hamburg Edgings and Insertion. Ladies' Dress Goods. Silk Gloves at 30c; worth 50c. Dress Buttons of the latest style at 9c a dozen; worth 25c.

Our Millinery Department will be replenished this week. Some special bargains are offered in hats and flowers. This department is managed by Miss Maggie Sale and Miss Undine DeCarteret. Miss Sale is a lady of much experience in this department and I assure you she will give satisfaction in work and in price. The goods are purchased from houses that are hard up and are compelled to sell at our prices, which are 20 per cent. less than New York prices. They will be sold the same way; many for less than half their value. We shall offer such unanswerable arguments as no house can match. Our leaders and specialties at prices that no other house can even approach.

We can show you facts that will level your head on the subject of prices and bargains. Hard luck and hard times push some large dealers to the wall. They must have money, and must sell their goods. So we buy them for much less than they are worth. Our stock will be replenished every few days. Our prices, remember, are from 20 to 25 per cent. less than those current. Please call and examine our stock and I know we shall make sales to you.

Respectfully submitted to the Cash Trade

Only VOLNEY PURSELL & CO.,
No. 10 East Martin Street.

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

—King George has finally consented to accept the resignation of the Delyannis ministry. The prospect of a Greco-Turkish war is consequently not so threatening.

—We oft-n hear of things that "go without saying," but the most obvious thing of the kind we have ever heard of is the Welsh town of Llanfairpwllgwyngyllgrobogllongwynrybyllgoggerbwlstantantyllochochogob.

—Acting secretary Fairchild has received from New York the second half of a \$1,000 gold certificate, numbered A 898, the first half of which was received last week, and the restitution being complete the amount was placed to the credit of the "conscience fund."

—The supreme court has ruled in favor of John M. Langston, minister to Hayti from 1877 to 1885. His salary was placed at \$7,500, but the House subsequently fixed the compensation at \$5,000. He brought claim for the original sum. The court granted it on the ground that the later enactment did not generally repeal the former law.

—A new flying machine, to be made in Chicago, is to be moved by the electric motor at a speed of forty-five or sixty miles an hour at an altitude of 8,000 feet. The plan includes a steel cylinder 270 feet long and 75 feet in diameter, with a 90-foot cone on each end. Beneath this cylinder it is intended to suspend a passenger car 120 feet long.

—Mr. Juan Salles, a Mexican herder of Big Springs, Texas, must have been an agreeable neighbor. He murdered his comrade, Fred, was pursued by the dead man's friends, shot two men of a camp he rode by, and, finding escape impossible, took refuge in a store, to which he immediately set fire, perishing in the flames. The owner of the store lost \$5,000 by the funeral pyre.

—Vifiquin, who was recently appointed consul general to Central America, is a French editor from Nebraska. He has been an editor in Nebraska, fighting monopoly and corporations, for the last twenty years. He came to this country just before the war, because of his love for our institutions. He went through the war of the rebellion as an officer of the Union army. He is one of the few officers who have received the thanks of Congress for gallant services upon the field. The number less than one hundred, and according to the memory of a distinguished officer who served in the army, not over half a dozen foreign officers were the recipients of this great honor. His appointment is one of the best that Mr. Bayard has made.

—Some of the spring dresses are marvels of fit and finish, brading still being a favorite decoration. Many are simply wrought, but the smartest are elaborately braided with a new sort of flax silk gimp, which gives it the effect of heavy applique work. Next to the braided gimp stripes are popular, and bodices the color of the darker stripes, and closed pleated gut of the skirt fabric, with turn-back out to match. Jersey bodices are very often worn over striped skirts, and these are safe investments, as a good fit is always assured in advance, and so far as economy is concerned, the jersey can be bought for less than the making of an equally well appearing bodice often costs, with, in a sense, the material for nothing. Jerseys are today at the zenith of their popularity, in spite of their passe fame as a novelty. Of course they are not calculated for full dress, if those are excepted which are made of flexible silks and open-work textiles studded with gems, lace-finished and sleeveless. But the jersey pure and simple gives the appearance of a tailor-made gown at a small cost. An old well-fitting satin or silk underwaist should always be worn beneath a jersey. It facilitates the drawing on of the latter, and greatly aids in keeping it in position, innocent as it is of either bones or braces.

—The location of the farm house is a very important matter in securing the health of the farmer and his family. The house should be on ground so elevated as to secure perfect drainage from it, and if any adjacent land is higher, the drainage should be so directed as to prevent the water from flooding the door yard. There must be no ponds or marshy grounds near the house, for these, even after they are drained, emit malarial for several years; and these exhalations should be avoided. For the same reason, barns, stables and feeding lots should be on the north or east of the house, when it is at all practicable. If the yard and lawn be a clay soil, it should be thoroughly under-drained so as to remove all possibility of stagnant water, for stagnant water is not always in ponds covered with a green scum. A heavy summer rain saturating a clay soil, rich in organic matter, will give a concealed pond of stagnant water but a few inches below the surface that will be even more dangerous than the open pond that we can avoid. For this reason grounds near the house should be thoroughly under-drained to the depth of the cellar; and if an open well is used, a circle of tile with a free outlet should be laid four or five feet from the well, not less than three feet deep, so as to arrest surface water that is seeking an escape into the well. The foundation of the house should be elevated at least three feet above the natural surface, and the ground about the wall should be raised a foot, so as to make a surface slope of ten feet or more, in order to carry the rain-fall away from the house. The sewage from the kitchen and wash-house should be carefully disposed of so as not to contaminate the water in the well or the air. When practicable, the best place for these wastes is the compost heap or manure pile at the barn.

CONGRESSIONAL.

THE SENATE PASSES THE INTER-STATE COMMERCE BILL.

Some Amendments Accepted—Only Four Votes Against the Measure.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—SENATE.—In the Senate today Mr. Mitchell submitted a current resolution expressing it to be the sense of Congress that negotiations should be entered into between the United States and Chinese governments, with the view to securing of such modification of the present treaty with China as may result in stopping the coming of Chinese to this country, except in case of diplomats and their servants, and except also in case of persons at sea, driven to seek a place of shelter. The current resolution was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Mr. Stanford, gave notice that the 27th inst. he would submit resolutions in respect to the death of his late colleague, Mr. Miller.

The consideration of the inter-State commerce bill was resumed.

The bill having been completed, as in committee of the whole, the question was on agreeing in the Senate to the amendments agreed to in committee. A protracted debate arose on various amendments, especially to the long and short haul clause. Mr. Riddleberger moved to lay the bill on the table. This motion was defeated; yeas 1, (Riddleberger) says 44. Mr. Riddleberger stated that this vote settled all constitutional questions and resolved all that we attributed to the Democratic States rights party into one general proposition that the federal government had a right to control the railroads, which carried with it the proposition to control the telegraphs. The sole object of his motion had been to develop that fact. He wanted to hear no more talk of "unconstitutionality" on these points.

Mr. Edmunds moved to restore to the long and short haul clause the words struck out by the Camden amendment, namely: "from the same original point of departure," and to add to these the further words "or to the same point of arrival." Mr. Edmunds said he believed that this would be better than the Camden amendment, because the latter amendment created, he said, a restriction and an injustice between local traffic that was entirely within the State and local traffic that happened to be a little way out of the State.

Mr. Edmunds' amendment was at first rejected; yeas 23, nays 24; but Mr. Edmunds again offered it later and it was agreed to; yeas 28, nays 24. Several other amendments were offered and rejected. The bill came to a vote and was passed; yeas 47, nays 4. The negative votes were Messrs. Brown, Colquhoun, Morgan and Reason. A number of pairs were announced. The bankruptcy bill was laid before the Senate, but Mr. Hoar yielded in favor of the pension bill, which later accordingly remains the unfinished business for 2 o'clock tomorrow. At 6:47 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

In the morning hour Mr. Belmont, of New York, on behalf of the committee on foreign affairs, called up the joint resolution providing indemnity to certain Chinese subjects for losses sustained within the jurisdiction of the United States. The resolution was considered in committee of the whole. Mr. Belmont gave a history of the Chinese massacre at Rock Springs, Wyoming Territory.

Pending discussion the morning hour expired. The committee rose and the House again went on the army appropriation bill. Mr. Rockwell, of Massachusetts, moved to increase from \$300,000 to \$400,000 the appropriation for the manufacture of arms at the Springfield armory. After some debate the motion was agreed to; 86 to 84. The committee rose. The House, by a vote of 103 to 106, refused to agree to the Springfield armory amendment (thus reversing the action of the committee) and the bill was passed.

The House again went into committee of the whole on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bills and spent the remainder of the day's session disputing over an item of \$1,800 for a steam launch for the use of the legation at Constantinople. Mr. Cameron, of Illinois, started the debate by criticizing this item and Democratic extravagance generally. Mr. Morrison moved that the appropriation be reduced to \$1,000. If former ministers had been able to get along with that sum he could not see why the present minister could not. Mr. Morrison's motion was lost; 58 to 87. Mr. Morrison remarked that as his Republican friends were voting against him and his Democratic friends were at the races, he would not raise the point of no quorum. Pending further action 5 o'clock arrived, the committee rose and House adjourned.

More Murders by Apaches.

TUCSON, Arizona, May 12.—A special from Nogales says: "A courier who has just arrived from Burnett's ranch, twenty-six miles south of this place, brings news of the killing of Charles Murray and Thomas Shaw Monday. Geronimo's entire band is supposed to be in that vicinity. Two hundred troops are in close pursuit. Both Murray and Shaw were prominent among the volunteers from Nogales when the Indians raided Vera Cruz valley two weeks ago.

The Episcopal Convention of S. C.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 12.—The ninety-sixth annual convention of the Episcopal diocese of South Carolina met today. The most important question to be discussed will be the admission of a colored priest to the convention.

THE SOCIALISTIC SOUNDREL IN JAIL AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Herr Most spent part of last night in a cell at police headquarters, bitterly denouncing the police for his arrest. He called for brandy repeatedly, but it was not given him. This morning he stormed because he had to wipe his face after washing on a common towel and eat prison fare. Most was taken to a photograph gallery and his picture taken. A copy of it will be sent to the police of all large cities, as is done with bad criminals. Later Most was taken to court and arraigned to plead to the indictment found against him by the grand jury. When questioned he said his name was John Most. When asked whether he was guilty or not guilty of the charge in the indictment, his lawyer requested time to examine the documents. He would, however, plead not guilty, with a right to withdraw the plea at a future day and demur to the indictment or interpose a special plea. The recorder gave the counsel until tomorrow to examine the indictment and Most was committed to the Tombs, without bail.

Removing the Deputy Sheriff Under Arrest.

ST. LOUIS, May 12.—Requisition papers from Lieut. Gov. Moorehouse, of this State, warranting the removal of the East St. Louis deputy sheriffs who fired upon a crowd of strikers on Cahokia bridge April last, from this city to Illinois, were received some days ago by the authorities here, but the fact has been kept secret until today, for the purpose of guarding against any trouble which might attend the transfer of the men to the Belleville, Illinois, jail. At noon today the deputies were transferred to the union depot in a covered carriage, where they were placed on a train bound for Belleville. Upon arriving at the latter place they were quietly taken to jail to await their trial. The transfer of the prisoners was made so quickly and quietly that no one became aware of it until it had been completed and the anticipated outbreak by sympathizers of the victims of the deputies was averted.

The Georgia Campaign Opened.

AUGUSTA, May 12.—The gubernatorial campaign has opened in Georgia. Hon. A. O. Bacon, of Bibb county, and Gen. John B. Gordon, of DeKalb county, are the prominent candidates stumping the State for the nomination by the Democratic convention, which will probably meet in July. The campaign promises to be spirited and heated, as both candidates have a large following. Major Bacon has been prominent in State politics, having been speaker of the house of representatives for several terms. Gen. Gordon has a national reputation.

The Greek Complications.

ATHENS, May 12.—The ministerial crisis continues. The Greek fleet is effectually blockaded. The Comte de Morfy, the French minister to Greece, denies the report in circulation here that he has been recalled to Paris.

Orangemen Enrolling as Volunteers.

DUBLIN, May 12.—A dispatch from Coleraine to the Express says: The Orangemen of Ulster are enrolling as volunteers all members between the ages of eighteen and sixty years; that the men will be supplied with arms and drilled by old army and navy and police officers; and that it is hoped their number will be augmented by volunteers from England, Scotland and Canada. The dispatch also says that arrangements are being made to obtain arms and ammunition.

New York Cotton Futures.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Green & Co. say: A great deal of liquidation on old crops again took place at the opening. The crop was sold with moderation and found some covering, with some pretty good buying. Orders for December at 8 cents are understood to be coming in.

Senator Beck as a Millionaire.

WASHINGTON, Cor. N. Y. Herald.

Nothing could be more beautiful than to witness the Senate of the United States break up after an executive session. Its members assemble in the shade of the eastern portico, cast their weary eyes about for a vehicle in which to reach their homes. Many take the herdic busses, and not a few affect the little one-horse cars that glide so gracefully up F street to Georgetown. Some Senators, like Ingalls and Spooner, who live near by, walk complacently home. The millionaires drive home in their own carriage or hire one for the occasion. Senator Hearst follows the latter plan. He had just entered an open barouche this afternoon when Senator Beck appeared. The Kentuckian was asked to take a seat beside the new California Senator, and did so with alacrity. As they drove away Senator Vance said:

"There go two of the millionaires."

"When did Mr. Beck become a millionaire?" I asked.

"Quite recently," was the reply.

"Indeed!"

"Yes, a newspaper mentioned him as such. Beck was better pleased than about anything that has occurred to him since he first came here. He read his name over and over again with delight. Then he went home, and greeting his wife in his most cheerful tone, showed her the place his name occupied in the list."

"Jane," said he, "my dear Jane, this report is not to be contradicted under any circumstances." And it never has been.

A BRUTAL ASSAULT

AN AGED PREACHER AND HIS WIFE STRICKEN DOWN

By the Blows of a Burly Negro Kuffian in their House at Night.

RICHMOND, Va., May 12.—Information was received here today of a dastardly attempt last evening by a negro man to murder Rev. W. C. Hall, pastor of Four-Mile Creek Baptist church, in Henrico county, and his wife. It appears that Mr. Hall and his wife had just retired for the night, when some one knocked at the front door. Mr. Hall arose and opening the door found a heavy-built negro on the front porch. He asked the man what he wanted, but without replying the negro assaulted Mr. Hall with a club, felling him to the floor. He entered a chamber and attacked Mrs. Hall with a club, striking her several blows on the head. It is thought the negro's purpose was robbery, but he was frightened off by hearing some one moving in the upper part of the house. An alarm was given by a little grandchild and the neighbors found the venerable couple insensible and in a critical condition. Mr. Hall is 74 years old. A posse of citizens is searching for the negro and if found he may be summarily dealt with.

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

A Synopsis of the Eighth Day's Proceedings.

RICHMOND, May 12.—In the Methodist Episcopal conference today the "Manual of Discipline," by bishop McTyeire, again came up, under a motion that the college of bishops be requested to publish their decisions. After considerable discussion the matter went over without action. It manifest that the greater part of the delegates are unwilling that the "Manual" shall serve as a final arbiter. A large number of amendments have been made looking to a change of discipline, but so far little disposition is manifested to make any changes. Dr. Edwards, of Virginia, introduced a resolution proposing a change in the order of divine service on the Sabbath day. An animated debate followed. Dr. McFerrin, Kelly, Young and others spoke earnestly against the resolution, which was finally rejected.

The finance committee recommended that the matter in relation to the will of the late Lorenzo D. Bragg, of Massachusetts, be referred to the book agent to be elected by the conference, for him to do what he may deem best in the premises. Mr. Bragg died, leaving an estate worth \$20,000, to be divided equally between the Southern and Northern Methodist churches in the event of his two children dying before they become of age. The committee on episcopacy reported in relation to the matter of episcopal residences, that in their opinion there should be a bishop from each of the great sections of the country. Dr. Peterson, of Virginia, chairman of the committee on revision, presented a report in relation to the ratio of representation. The committee deems a change unnecessary in the manner of electing delegates to the general conference. The committee recommended non-concurrence. The committee also recommended non-concurrence in the matter of classing local preachers with laymen. A minority report will be submitted. Rev. Dr. John Milly, fraternal messenger from the Northern Methodist church, was introduced to the conference today. Gov. Foraker, the other fraternal messenger from the Northern church, did not come.

Home Duties.

[Mrs. E. J. Gurley, in Good House-keeping.]

Though there can be no routine of labor suitable to every home, some general rules are applicable to all. System and regularity are universally necessary; the work of today must be done today. Though there are times in every household when this system will be interrupted, order should be restored as soon as possible. But these immediate home duties are not all. Women all owe some obligation to friends and society. These cannot be ignored without detracting from that genuine hospitality which should exist under every roof. Proper attention to all the interests of homes is necessary to the fulfillment of woman's trust. Fitness for her sphere will enable her to throw off the allegiance to the servant girl of the period. When this is accomplished the housewife will reign in undisputed sway over her empire, in the hearts and homes of her family.

The following statement, prepared by the journal clerks of the House, shows the number of bills introduced and the number acted on: Bills introduced into the House, 8,740; joint resolutions, 171; making a total of 8,911. The number of these bills of a private nature which have passed the House is 651, and the number of bills of a public nature 172, making a total of 823. Of this number 170 private and 49 public bills have passed the Senate. The House has received 381 bills passed by the Senate, 129 of which were public and 242 private bills. The House has passed 88 of these bills, 33 of which were of a public nature and 53 of a private nature.

A Tornado at Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 12.—A tornado swept through this place last evening. The loss is about \$150,000. One man was killed in the street by a falling tree.

A rifle club will be organized at Raleigh. The truck crops look well.

LLEWELYN'S LETTER.

Special Cor. of the News and Observer. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 12.

The Blair bill, it appears, has by no means failed. I am credibly informed that measures have been perfected by the friends of the bill, by which not only a consideration, but a vote will be reached, and it is believed that the measure will have a majority in the House.

REMARKS ON THE REVENUE

The bills of this nature, heretofore referred to in these letters, I am assured, will be reached in a short time. The friends of the measure (the readers of THE NEWS AND OBSERVER know who they are) are confident—and very properly so—of success.

PENCIL PARINGS.

Secretary Whitney denies that he has purchased the National Republican, of this city.

Reports received here are still to the effect that ex-President Arthur is rapidly failing.

Matthews is still "in limbo," confidentially.

A number of North Carolinians are in this city. LLEWELYN.

Wake Forest College.

PASSENGER DEPOT—PICNICS, ETC.

Cor. of THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

WAKE FOREST, N. C., May 12.

Thanks to the property and enterprise of the Raleigh and Gaston railroad, ground was broken here today for a passenger depot. Yesterday Major Winder and Capt. Smith determined the site on the west side of the railroad and nearly opposite the freight depot. I hear that the lumber is already dressed and ready to be put up. So that we are hopeful that the building will be completed at least by commencement. It is to be 60 feet by 20. I am sure that our entire community, as well as the hundreds who visit us on our public occasions, will vote heartily for my motion of thanks and appreciation to the public-spirited authorities of the R. & G.

The programme for the 10th inst. had to be omitted on several accounts. The day being a college holiday there were picnics at Holding's mill and at Ezekiel's rock, on the Neuse.

President Taylor is attending the Chowan association at Columbia. P.

The New York Evening Post says: THE RALEIGH (N. C.) NEWS is right in saying that "the North puts her soldiers in the attitude of beggars" when Northern representatives in Congress propose such measures as the vast arrears job, which would take out of the national treasury \$300,000,000 raised by taxation. The News is also right in believing that "this does the Northern soldiers a great injustice," and in declaring that the suggestion that the "soldier vote" is to be captured in this way "is a foul slander on the Northern soldier." The News furthermore is right in urging Southern Congressmen to give no heed to political considerations in such matters, and to "vote according to right and justice" whenever any pension measure comes before them. Self-respecting Northern soldiers are not beggars, and do not want to be put in the attitude of beggars. They will respect all Congressmen who oppose these schemes of the claim agents, whether the Congressmen come from Northern or Southern States.

ATHENS, May 11.—M. Delyannis, the retiring premier, refuses to convoke the Greek chamber of deputies to take action on the crisis. He says that nothing but war could efface the humiliation to which Greece had been subjected, but that war was impossible without unanimity among the Greeks. The agitation carried on by the opposition and the indifference of the king paralyzed the efforts of patriotism. Therefore the government had resigned in the interests of the country, convinced that the powers entertained enmity towards his government.

—Our Canadian neighbors may find cause to regret their seizure of the United States fishing vessel Adams in Nova Scotia waters last Saturday. The subject is exciting a sharp discussion in the Senate and House and is not likely to make our people any better disposed towards Canada.

—The republican members of the Ohio State senate, including the four admitted the other day, but with all the democratic members absent, has passed several appropriation bills. The State auditor, a democrat elected in 1884, announces that he will refuse to honor orders drawn under bills passed by a body so constituted. The State treasury is empty, and no relief can come through the legislature as at present organized. The matter will go into the courts.

—The Montreal Star has discovered that nature intended the Canadians for a great iron-working nation. In the maritime provinces ore and fuel are found together in vast quantities.

—An Iowa judge has decided that a man is bound to tell his wife where he spends his evenings. This may be good law, but we should like to know how it is going to be enforced.

—The electric light in the tower of the board of trade building at Chicago supplied a large number of persons with game pies last Sunday. During Saturday night a storm large migratory flocks of birds of almost all species must have flown against the light. The roof of the building and the adjacent streets were found covered with piles of the dead birds in the morning, and they were quickly carried off in bags and baskets. An army of sportsmen could not have gathered in so large a supply.

Cor. of THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

HENDERSON, May 11, 1886.

There was no suspension of business or other observance of memorial day here.

Last night the newly-elected mayor and town commissioners took the oath of office, and entered upon the discharge of their new duties. Mr. Geo. A. Harris was re-elected tax collector. There was a lively contest for the office of town constable, but the election was postponed until the next meeting of the board.

The performance of the "Raleigh Dramatic Association" at Burwell hall, last Friday evening, is well spoken of; the music, in particular, is highly complimented.

On the same night, at the court house, Maj. Robert Bingham spoke on local option. Notwithstanding the heavy rain he had a large audience. He is an earnest speaker and presented strong, vigorous thoughts along a line not before opened in this community.

The question of prohibition has been discussed from a number of standpoints, but seems far from being exhausted. This evening Dr. Henry A. Reynolds speaks at the court house upon the same subject. He comes with a good reputation, and will probably have a large audience. He caused a little ripple of excitement this morning by appearing with a red ribbon—the color worn by the opposers of prohibition—upon his coat.

That our serious thoughts may be somewhat seasoned, the managers at Burwell hall have arranged for a lecture next Thursday night by the well known Georgia humorist, Bill Arp.

Vance superior court will meet next Monday, 17th inst. Judge Phillips will preside.

This county seems unanimously in favor of continuing Judge Connor and solicitor Worthington in office. P.

Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is not extolled as a "cure-all" but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent specific in those chronic weaknesses peculiar to women. Particulars in Dr. Pierce's large treatise on Diseases Peculiar to Women, 160 pages, sent for 10 cents in stamps. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, 603, Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

The man with a name ending in "ski" had better look out for the police.

"Am delighted with it. I have no confidence in the colorless extracts. A pure article was greatly needed," says Dr. J. J. Youlin, President Jersey City, (N. J.) Board of Health and Vital Statistics, of the Lingley Co.'s Aromatic Extract Witch Hazel, Cures Painful Periods, Etc., etc., Female Weakness, Sore Breasts and quickly relieves pain of any kind.

LATEST Caught Mackerel at Cost to close remainder of stock. Ten lb. pails No. 3 60c; No. 2, 75c; No. 1, 90c; No. 1, 1.00. W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

There are no good Anarchists except dead Anarchists.

25¢ A BOTTLE SALVATION

KILLS PAIN

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Stomachache, Backache, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

Proprietors, Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of consumptive persons in advanced stages of the Disease. For Sale by all Druggists. Price, 25 cents.

OR COUGHS, CROUP AND CONSUMPTION USE TAYLOR'S GHEROKEE REMEDY

OF SWEET GUM AND MULLEIN.

The sweet gum, as gathered from a tree of the same name, growing along the small streams in the Southern States, is a stimulant, expectorant principle that loosens the phlegm producing the early symptoms of the disease, and causes it to throw off the false membrane in croup and whooping cough. When combined with the best medicinal principles in the mullein plant of the old fields, it forms a most valuable remedy for Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup and Consumption; and so palatable, any child is pleased to take it. It is a most valuable remedy for the cure of Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup and Consumption; and so palatable, any child is pleased to take it. It is a most valuable remedy for the cure of Croup, Whooping Cough, Croup and Consumption; and so palatable, any child is pleased to take it.

LOOK OUT!

THE COUNTRY IS FLOODED WITH & DULTERED LARD.

Examine carefully what you are using; the odor from it when cooking betrays it.

CASSARD'S "STAR BRAND" LARD

EVERY PACKAGE GUARANTEED.

Try it and you will use no other.

B. H. WOODELL, Raleigh, N. C., Agent

G. Cassard & Son,

BALTIMORE, MD.

Curers of the Celebrated Star Brand Milled Ham and Bacon.