TUESDAY MAY 25, 1886.

An interesting communication upon the gold discoveries in Honduras appears elsewhere. The matter of the discoveries was alluded to in yesterday's rado, 60,000 acres. The total amount

THEY say the educational bill may be heard from yet. It is certainly too important a measure to be permitted to die upon the calendar. We have little doubt that if it had fair play it would pass the House.

MARTIN IRONS is now a fugitive. I e was threatened with hanging by a committee of angry strikers who declared he had betrayed them, and escaped the fury of his victims only by flight under cover of night. A host of deluded creditors now mourn his departure.

THE President has made Hon. Kemp P. Battle a member of the board of visitors to the West Point military academy this year The selection is an admirable one and the compliment to North Carolina conveyed in the appoint ment will be appreciated fully.

A PETITION has been presented in the Senate, signed by some citizens of lowa, praying for "the abolition of the American House of Lords and the substitution of a republican form of government." This is not so inapt a communication as it seems to be at first.

THE House postoffice committee has non-concurred in the \$800,000 foreign m ails subsidy clause added to the postoffice appropriation bill by the Senate. All the democratic members present voted against the subsidy. True deand conditions strongly.

THE fact that King Alfonso's posthumous child is a son frees Spain from the dangers which attend a female reign like those of Isabella and Christina, and weakens the chances of the Carlists would have strengthened considerably the popularity of his line, had the newcomer been a girl.

REFERRING to the recent condemnation of the anarchist Strickland and anarchical methods generally by the North 'Carolina Knights of Labor, the Norfolk Landmark says. "The Old North State, horse, foot and dragoons, may always be trusted to reach sound conclusions and act with manly courage in any emergency." And the Landmark is right. Communism can hope for no foothold in this State. The good sense of North Carolinians sees at onse through the holl though dangerous professions of the socialistic leaders.

Horse racing in New York has been knocked out, as it were. The law sgainst betting is being enforced, the legislature having adjourned Friday without modifying the statute in favor of the racing associations, and of course without some form of wagering money horse racing is out of the question. Not only will people generally not go to races if they cannot gamble on them, but the income from the poolsellers and book-makers will cease with the stoppage of betting: The swelldom of the metropolis stands aghast at this latest turn of affairs.

THE Washington correspondents are now saying of the distinguished representative from this district: "Gen. Cox was asked late this afternoon 'How about your canvass for renomination?' 'Well,' was the reply, 'I never have any canvass. This session I have been so very busy here with committee and other work I have had no time to think a great deal about the matter. But from all I hear my prospects are fine. Did you read my letter? It was not written for publication.' Gen. Cox said that there was a very benevolent project to have him taken care of by the President in some snug foreign appointment, but that it was unnecessary to formally deny that such a thing had ever been considered. Altogether, I thought that Gen. Cox was not much trepidated by reports from the fourth district."

. It is evident that England is going to have much more trouble in holding her Indian empire than she had in gaining it. An American Baptist missionary writing from Burmah has this to say of the results of annexation in that country : "Not only in Upper Burmah, but in the lower country long possessed by the British, the spirit of opposition to foreign rule is finding expression in deeds of violence. The whole country is overrun with savage bands, half robbers, half patriots, who burn and kill and plunder all whou, they suspect of being associated in commercial interests or religion with the detested foreigners. Every day there are reports of terrible cruelties, and even within a few hours of Rangoon many villages have been devastated. Insurrection is everywhere being stirred up, and its most terrible consequences are being visited upon the native Christians, the warfare having, indeed, largely developed in its religious aspects, and being accompanied by exhibitions of most heroic fanaticism. In the nature of things, with dense jungles furnishing easy means of escape, the British forces cannot cope with these quick-moving bands, and the future

prospect is by no means bright,"

ALIEN OWNERSHIP OF LAND. It appears that foreigners own land in this country to an extent that may be guessed from the following partial list: The Holland company, in New Mexico, 4,500,000 acres; an English syndicate. in Toxas, 3,000,000 acres; Sir Edward Reid and a syndicate, in Florida, 2,-000,000 acres; an English syndicate, in Mississippi, 1,800,000 acres; the Marpaper sentafter the expiration of time paid for Tweedale, 1,750,000 acres; Phillips, Marshall & Co., London, 1 300,000 acres; a German syndicate. 1,000,000 acres: Lord Dunmore, 120,-000 acres; Dundee land company, 247, 000 acres, and Lord Dunraven, in Coloof land held by twenty-nine alien companies and individuals is over 20,000, 000 acres. This rapid absorption of land by aliens has had its due effect, however. Representative Payson, of Illinois, has favorably reported a bill prohibiting anens or corporations whose stock to the extent of one-tenth is held by aliens from acquiring title to real esate in the Territories. This measure will meet with little or no opposition on either side of the House. The evil of alien ownership, particularly of large

tracts, is apparent at a glance, and the

wholesome.

OLD Ætna is again disturbed internally, it is reported-more disturbed than usual-and is belching forth flames and lava at a great rate. They say, indeed, that it is the greatest eruption known in centuries, and that it is increasing in intensity and volume every day. The stream of lava which is pouring down the mountain's side has reached the town of Nicolosi, and the inhabitants have fled in dismay, leaving their town and its contents to the destructive flood. At Bel Passo the lava stream is 670 feet wide, and swallows everything by its great mass. It has completely covered the chestnut woods on the slope of the mountain. Constant shocks of earthquake are felt, and thunderous subterranean noises accompany the incessant and increasing shower and flood of volcanic matter. Many dwellings have been totally destroyed and people made homeless. Crowds are watching the spectacle night and day. It is described as a grand and awful sight. One of the most remarkable things in the world, it has always seemed to us, is the mocracy is against subsidies of all sorts fact that dwellers on the sides of volcanoes are succeeded after every eruption by other dwellers in the very spots which have been swept by streams of lava. The greatest panic follows every deluge of fire and the sides of the flame-lined mountains are recognized as most dangerous places of residence. Yet the lava-beds have scarcely cooled when the crater above them. They remain in carelessness of the danger that threatens them, living monuments of the lack of prudence in the ordinary human mind.

Ir was reasonable to expect that the combinations of labor would be followed by combinations of capital for the purpose of co-operation. The first action of this sort taken was that of the textile mill-owners of New England and the last is reported at Philadelphia. Over 150 prominent manufacturers, representing, it is said, \$150,000,000 invested in all branches of carpets, woolen goods. cotton goods, worsteds, curtains, upholstery, hosiery and yarns, met last week and formed 'an organization for mutual protection and benefit." It is called the "T hiladelphia Textile Manufacturers' Association," and is expected to eventually include all manufacturers of textile fabrics in Philadelphia and vicinity. The Philadelphia Press says: 'The association will have in charge the establishment of fair and uniform wages to employees, the consideration of such matters as may come before it for the prevention of strikes, the settlement of differences between employers and operatives from intimidation and coercion, the guaranty to industrious and faithful operatives of a free and peaceable enjoyment of their employments, and the protection of each other from the worthless, turbulent, intemperate or incompetent hands. The association will protect each of its members in his right to employ and discharge his operatives according to the rules which he may adopt for the management of his mill, subject only to such action as the association may deem wise to take upon each particular case as it may arise.

"A special feature of the organization will be its bearing on strikes and internal troubles in factories. A fund will be subscribed for the reimbursement of members for losses sustained in their business during strikes, and when a strike occurs in any factory all the other manufacturers are pledged to stand by one another and summarily close their mills until the terms of the employer where the strike originated are acceded

The association has provided a fund of not less than \$40,000, Bradstreet's says, for the protection of the manufacturers in any difficulties they may have with employees: No war, however, is to be waged against organized labor.

THE bill for scouring out the creeks and ditches of the country, as it passed the House, appropriates about \$16,000,-This amount will probably be naterially reduced in the Senate, but even in the event that such action is not taken there, the pen of the President will doubtless be applied unsparingly

Today the general assembly of the this much needed road, and to him and Knights of Labor is to meet in Cleveland. We hope the principles enunciited by Mr. Powderly will prevail in the council. In such signs only can the laborer conquer.

Tue latest as to the President's matrimonial outlook is from a negro minstrel, who declares that he recently called at the White House a half dozen times, and was told each time, "The President is engaged."

EFFECT OF THE ALL-COTTON SYSTEM. It appears from the May report of the

culture at Washington that the indebtedness of the farmers in the cotton-producing States is very large, the most burdensome part of it being that which is contracted for supplies furnished by merchants upon mortgage of the growing crops. While the rate of interest is nominally limited by law, it is praca figure three or four times as high as credit to the poorer class of tenant farmers, who not only have to pay 25 to Owen, Gen Owen, Hon. George Davis 50 per cent more than the cash price for | and Judge Strong. what they buy, but are also obliged to sell their crop to the creditor who holds the mortgage on it. This is by no means news to us in the South, but it may be well to consider the effect of the all-cotton system once again. estimate for North Carolina of rate of interest paid is 25 per cent, including the advanced prices of supplies furnished; for South Carolina, 15 per cent; for Georgia, 50 per cent on the price of advances and 10 per cent interest on past due indebteduess; check the new bill gives will prove for Florida, 16 per cent; for Alabama, 50 per cent increase on the price for goods and 20 per cent on mortgages; for Mississippi, 15 per cent on advances, without reference to increase of prices. and 10 per cent on general indebtedness; for Louisiana, 15 per cent, besides higher prices of goods and more for advances by country merchants; for Texas, 12 per cent nominal interest for supplies charged at an excess of 25 to 50 per cent; for Arkansas, 10 per cent by contract on supplies, charged on extra profit of 40 per cent. It appears further that a large proportion of cotton planters are in debt for current supplies, and that the loss resulting amounts in some States to \$5,000,000 per annum, absorbing nearly or quite all the profits of production, while the soil is wearing

> away with the lives of the cultivators for the benefit of the commercial class. This condition has been that of the cotton-planting class for years and years. The remedy for it lies alone probably in freer banking system than that we now have, one that will afford the farmer a cheaper rate of interest and all classes a fuller supply of currency. Representative Bennett's bill to abolish the prohibitory tax on the circulation of State banks is in the interest of this

A JOINT resolution has been favorably reported to the Senate proposing the 30th of April for inauguration day, instead of March 4. Washington, the first President, was inaugurated on that dwellings are built on them and are day. This proposition is a step in the filled by people whose brethren have right direction. Both propriety and just been roasted in red-hot ashes from convenience are on the side of its adop-

CHATHAM.

DESCRIPTION OF COUNTRY-STATISTICS-WATER-POWER-MINERALS-RAILROAD-OLDEN DAYS, &C., &C.

Staff Cor. of THE NEWS AND OBSERVER. PITTSBORO, N. C., May 22, 1886. Chatham county has mostly a hilly and broken surface, especially near the sections of the county where these hills are designated mountains, they attain an elevation of 600 to 700 feet above sea level. The average elevation, however, is sbout 500 feet. Only a small portion of the eastern and southern sections is tutor should instruct him in the way of devoted to cotton culture, grain being the predominant crop of the county.

STATISTICS. The census for 1880 estimates the corn crop at over 550,000 bushels. Total grain crop exceeds 800,000 bushels. The cultivation of tobacco is in its incipiency, which the poor crop and prices courage. From the last census we get the following figures: Population, 23,white, 15,500; colored, 7, area square miles, 826; wood-212,212 acres; tilled lands, 119.185 acres; area planted in cotton, 13,478 acres; in tobacco, 141 acres, in corn, 43,087 acres; in wheat, 28,930 acres; in oats, 19,861 acres; cotton production, 5,858 bales; average cotton product per acre 206 pounds of int cotton.

Four rivers, with a fall of 300 to 400 feet and a force that would equal more than 40,000 horse-power, traverse this county, which, if properly developed, would give Chatham equal if not more water-power than any other county in the State.

MINERALS: The coalfields of Deep river, in this county, are familiarly known, and when fully developed will prove quite a source of revenue. The iron mine at Ore Hill, belonging to S. H. Wiley, Esq., of Salisbury, is said to be one of the richest in the State. It is said that operations on an extensive scale will soon begin at this mine. Iron is found in ather sections and gold and silver yeins, some very rich, crop out in different portions of the county.

About seven miles of grading on the PITTSRORO RAILROAD

is completed, and about 22 miles of track laid. It is said the grading will be completed by September 1, and the whole line finished before October 1. The most difficult part of the work is graded, and nearly enough cross-ties, of the very best material, for the entire line await the call of the track-layer. The length of this road is eleven miles. H. A. Louden, Esq., the erudite editor of the "Record," is president, and A. J Bynum, Esq., secretary and treasurer of the company. Mr. London has been indefatigable in his endeavors to build his influence are the people indebted for the early consummation of the undertaking. The convicts at work on this road, under the charge of Mr. W. B. Hicks, have better quarters and are healthier than those at any other point or work in the State, a doctor having never been called to see a sick man since they have been here. A bright future

PITTSBORO. Parties from the southeastern part of the State are writing to obtain summe board, and this town is destined to

again revel in the gayety and fashion of The business outlook is also vore. statistician of the department of agri- good; we are told that a large tobacco warrhouse is soon to be built, and many other improvements made Pittsboro is said to ante-date any other town in the State for the f. me of its schools. It was here during the close of the last century that Mr. Bingham, the founder of the present celebrated "Bingham school," which still flourishes and bears his name, first began teaching. Among the distintically often raised by indirect means to guished teachers who taught at this place were Rov. Dr. Closs, Mr. Lovejoy, the legal rate. This is especially the Rev. Daniel McGilvary and others. case where supplies are furnished on Among the prominent men who went to school here were the Manlys, Gov.

> There is no bealthier spot in North Carolina than Pittsboro, and in the good old ante-bellum days it was a favorite summer resort for the wealth and fashion of the lower country.

Commercial Epitome.

New York Financial Chronicle

NEW YORK, Ma; 21, 1886 Troubles with labor, more or less important, continue to be reported from many towns in the North and West, but they are mostly local in their character and influence, and promise to soon come to an send, giving the country the relief in these matters which for many months it has so much needed. But it is feared that it is too late for a material revival of business during the summer; yet it may be hoped that order and confidence will be so far restored that the sound basis upon which values now rest may have the natural effect in giving a decided impulse to trade for the coming autumn. Congress is getting down to work, but it is doubtful if more than routine legislation is accomplished. The prospects of the bill reducing duties on imports and amending the laws regulating their collection are not encouraging, while extravagant pension bills threaten to cause a deficit in the revenues of the govern-

ment for the next fiscal year. Tallow is easier at 3 7-8a4c. per lb Butter is again decidedly lower at 13a-18c for creamery. Cheese has been more active for export. Coffee on the spot is dearer; there has been an active demand for all the mild grades. Refined sugars are decidedly lower, under the prospect of uninterrupted supplies: Molasses was moderately active and

Spirits turpentine is dull at 33c., and rosins quiet and unchanged. There has been an improvement in the crop conditions in the Atlan'ic and

Gulf States during the past week-the rivers are lower and at many points where it was needed rain has fallen In the southwest the cotton plant is generally quite promising and yet in some sections it would be benefitted by rain.

Shaping the Future. COR OF THE NEWS AND UBSERVER.

Those who listened to Rev. Dr. Watkins, of the First Presbyterian church. Sunday morning, will bear evidence to the power and excellence of his sermon. To the young people present his words were especially directed, and as he centered their thoughts on the words of Solomon, "Remember now thy Creator in the days of thy youth," he encircled the text with many comforting assurrivers. In the middle and northeastern ances. It seems so easy to shape the future while it is the future, but to know the value of the present hour is to know the value of the whole future. Most forcible was the illustration of the young prince who insisted that his life eternal, and when told there was abundance of time for such things, answered: "I have been out to yonder grave-yard and have measured many graves, and find them smaller than

In closing a sermon of five most excellent reasons why we should give our of last year will have a tendency to dis- hearts to God in the morning of our lives, he earnestly trusted the young people would realize the importance of coming out boldly on the Lord's side, and not wait until the evening of life and then bring to Him the dregs of a misspent life.

> In the winter when the horses can't get reen food Day's Horse Powder is indispensa l'ersons of costive habit should keep a sup-ply of Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills, whose use insures safety against constipation. They are pure and safe

Plu a nursery wherein all is life and laughter there is sure to be found Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. 25 ct.

Wheat looks well in the western counties, though rust is making its appeurance in some sections.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate, INCOMPARABLE IN SICK HEADACHE. Dr. Fred. Horner, Jr., Salem, Va., says: "To relieve the in igestion and so-called sick headache and mental depression incident to certain stayes of rheumatism, it is incompara-

The wife of Nelson Higgins, of Wilkes county, gave birth to five children in eleven months -two one time and three



rom 115 lbs to 161 lbs

TO THE CUTICURA REMEDIES I OWE MY HEALTH, MY HAPPIESS AND MY LIFE.

A day never passes that I do, not think and speak kindly of the Cutieura Remedies. Seven years ago, all of a dezen lumps formed on my neck, ranging in size from a cherry stone to an orange. The large ones were frightful to look at, and painful to bear, people turned aside when they saw me, in disgust, and I was ashamed to be on the street or in society. Physicians and their treatment and all medicines failed to do any good. In a moment of despair I tried the Cuticura Remedies-Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifler, internally; the small lumps (as I call them) gradually disappeared, and the large ones broke, in about two weeks, discharging large quantities of matter, leaving two slight scars on my neck today to tell the story of my suffering. My weight then was one hundred and tifteen sickly pounds; my weight now is one hundred and ixty-one solid, healthy pounds, and my height is only five feet five inches. I my travels I praised the Cuticura Remedies North, South, East and West. To CUTICURA REMEDIES I OWE MY HEALTH, MY HAPPINESS AND MY LIFE. A prominent New York druggist asked me the other day, "Do you still use the Cuticura Remedies; you look to be in perfect health?" My reply was, "I do, and shall always. I have never known what sickness is since I commenced using the Cuticura Remedies." Some-times I am laughed at by praising them to people not acquainted with their merits, but sooner or later they will come to their senses and believe the same as those that use them, as dozens have whom I have told. May the time come when there shall be a large Cuticura Supply House in every city in the world, for the penefit of humanity, where the Cuticura Remedies shall be sold only, so that there will be rarely a need for ever entering a drug store.

M. HUSBANDS,

210 Fulton St., New York, N. Y. Cuticura Remedies are a positive cure for very form of Skin and Blood Diseases, from Piniples to Scrofula. Sold everywhere, Price Cuticura, 50 cents; Soap 25 cents; Resolvent \$1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMI-Cal. Co., Boston, Mass. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

Send for "Hon to Cure Skin Discuses." PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use Cuticurs Soap

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS GREATLY BENE-fited Mrs. E. E. Cressy, Concord, Cabarrus county, N. C., when she took it for ner yous exhaustion and general debility. She

All Sorts of

anres and many sorts or ails of in and beast need a cooling otion. Mustang Liniment.

DROWN'S IRON BITTERS IS ENDORSED BY MR. D Jos. Turner, 9 South Front street, Wilous heachache and constipation. Nothing else

ice ice!!

Believing in the wisdom in keeping up an equilibrium in temperature and relieving dis-tress from heat as well as cold, and having been for a long time engaged in supplying fuel for winter use, we have taken the explusive

E FROM THE

From date, and we are now ready to de-liver to all who wish it, from our wagon, our store on Fayetteville street and our ware house at the 'entral depot. Those who hold ti kets from the Ice Co., can exchange them for ours of the same denomination, by presenting them at either place.

PRICE OF TICKETS AS FOLLOWS:

100 hs, 75c; 5 hs or more delivered at a time In barrels for shipping, carefully packed 75c per 100 as; barrels and packing included. Neld for CASH ONLY. Orders respect

tully solicited and promptly filled.

JONES & POWELL, Raleigh, N. C. DROWN'S ILON BITTERS EFFECT-

ually relieved Mr. S. A. Baldwin. Fav-etteville, N. C., when suffering from a com-plication of dyspersia, neuralgis and kidney affection. Nothing else did him any good. -THE-

Largest Assortment

MUSIC FOLIOS

-AND-

SHEET MUSIC

Ever brought tolRaleigh.

25 CENTS TO ONE DOLLAR.

And see them. Everybody wel-NORTH CAROLINA

Music House, 122 Fayetteville St.,

8. S. JACKSON, MANAGER.

PROWN'S IRON BITTERS EF fectually relieved the wife of Mr. M. B. Jordan, Statesville, Iredell Cy., N. C., after she had suffered a long time with Constipation and Indigestion. It required only two bottels to do it.

The Best of Pverything

The best of everything is what senible peocially when economy is nesessary, for there and Meal, to make the best bread; the best Teas and Coffees, the best Meats, Spices, Soaps, Starches; the best and most reliable Canned Goods, the best of everything. Take, for example, the essential article, Butter, I sell the Butter from the dairy farms of Dr Richard Lewis, Mr. W. G. Upchurch, Mr. A. H. Green; and Mrs. D. W. Kerr and Mr. L. B. Holt, of Alamance, besides occasional supplies from other dairies of established reputaalso, at all times, the finest Northern Creamery Butter that can be bought, and good

The same in meats; always the best. Smoked Tongues and Beef, cured by Ferris & Co.: est Hams, at prices ranging just now from 11 to 15c per lb; Breakfast Strips, Meats and Fish of every description.

Northern Dairy Butter at a lower price.

For Breakfast and Tea Tables, the Choicest reas that care and experience can select; Chocolates and Cocoas; fine Coffees, green and

Corn Meal and the best Lard to go with them. prices, promptly delivered. For special announcements from day to day, see the loca columns of this paper.

E. J. HARDIN

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222 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

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HARVEY'S BALTIMORE HAMS, (SMALL.)

Very Choice Virginia Hams. Fine North Carolina Hams. Breakfast Bacon, (thin pieces.) Ferris' Smoked Tongues and Beef Large Sugar Cured Hams, 10c pound. N. C. Roe and Cut Herrings. Haxall Meal, always the best. Crab Apple Vinegar, 4 years old.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city free. Prices and

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Have the Best Equipped

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A Large Lot of New Type and Fresh aper Just Arrived for the School Address,

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House and Sign Painting

1 East Davie St., under Law Building No io Kalsomining, Glasing, Graining and reportal House Painting.

Special facilities for SIGN WORK.

Orders from any distance solicited, Servelesses given BATLROADS.

SEABOARD & ROANOKE B. R.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE Commencing Sunday, May 16, 1886, at 3.30 p. in. trains carrying passengers on this road will run as follows: SOUTH BOUND LEAVE PORTSMOUTH: 4.10 a. m .- Franklin accommodation, daily ex-

cept Sunday, stops at all stations between Portsmouth and Franklin. 5.30 a. m.- Way, starts from the shops Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Stops at all stations. 10.00 a.m.— Mad starts from foot of High street

daily, except Sunday. Stops at all stations. .00 p. m .- Rakigh express starts from foot of High street daily, exer pt Saturday.

Stops at all stations. NORTH- BOUND ARRIVE AT PORTSMOUTH: .50 a. m.— Raleigh express daily, except Mon-3.20 p. m. - Way, Tuesdays, Thursdays and

Saturdays. 2.15 p. m .- Franklin accommodation, daily, except Sundays. 5.50 p. m .- Mail daily, except Sundays. Stope at all stations for passengers.

Tickets to all points, bouth and Southwest, on sale rt office, No. 52 Main street, Norfolk.

Telephone No. 105.

J. S. BROWNE, * aster of Trans. L. T. MYERS, Superintendent of Trans. CAPE FEAR& WADKIN VALLEY R.R.

To take effect 7.00 a. m. Sunday, May 23, 1886. TRAIN MORTH. LEAVE. Bennettsville 8 40 a m 9 50 a m shoe Heel, Fayetteville,

12 20 pm 2 10 p m Greensboro, 6 00 25 minutes at Fayetteville for dinner. TRAIN BOUTH.

Greensboro. 10 to a m 1 20 p 1 40 pm 'ayetteville. ¥ 50 4 00 5 50 Dinner at Sanford.

DICHMOND & DANVILLE RAILROAD.

NORTH. May 2nd, 1886. No.58. No.51. No.50. No.52. Daily. Daily. Daily. Daily. Lve. Lve. Night. p. m. Arr, Arr. р. ш. New York. 12 00 12 35 7 20 9 50 11 15 Baltimore. 9 00 10 08 Washington. p. m. 11 28 p. m. 9 25 Danville. Richmond. 3 25 2 00 11 50 Goldsboro. Raleigh. Durham. 5 00 6 07 11 21 1 10 3 00 Greensboro. 7 35 Salisbury. Charlotte. 5 56 1 40 Spartanburg. SALEM BRANCH.

Northward. Jan. 18, 1886. Southward. No.53. No.51. Daily. Daily. p. m. 11 35 a. m. 10 00 8 35 8 10 Lve.

STATE UNIVERSITY RAILROAD.

p. m. a. m. 6 35 11 55

p. m. a. m. 4 55 10 20 Lve. Lve. 5 45 11 10 Chapel Hill.

RALEIGH & GASTON R.R. CONDENSED STREDGLE. Trains going North. No 47 D'y No 3 D'y

Nov. 15, 1885. Sunday. Sunday Leave Raleigh, 9 45 a m 6 15.a m 10 30 10 56 11 16 11 85 7 42 8 24 8 55 Franklinton. Henderson, 9 26 Warren Pinins. .2 20 p n 10 87 Arrive at Weldon, 1 55 11 31

Trains going South. No 48 D' y No '4 D'y Nov. 15, 1885. execut. Sunday. Leave Welden, Littleton m 1 15 a m 3 29 4 06 4 52 5 12 5 32 5 57 2 47 3 48 4 56 5 80 6 09 6 50 Warren Plains, Henderson, Kittrell. Franklinton,

Wake, Arrive at Raleigh, 8 05 WM. SMITH. RALEIGH & AUGUSTA AIR-LINE.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

No 1 D'y No 5 D'y except Sunday. except Sunday, Leave Raleigh, 00 p m 9 00 a m Moncure, Sanford, Arrive Hamlet, 9 27 10 16 1 35 12 25 p m 1 45 7_20 Trains going North No 2 D'y No 4 D'y Nov. 15, 1885. except. Sunday. Leave Hamlet, 2 45 a m 5 60 a m 6 05 11 15

6 50 9 00

WM. SMITH, Superintendent, AROLINA CENTRAL R. R.

Moncure,

Arrive Raleigh,

Passenger, mail and express train. Daily except Sundays.

Leave Wilmington at 7 00 p. m. 7 35 p. m. 7 35 p. m. 7 30 a. m. Arrive at Charlotte at Leave Charlotte at 8 15 p. m. Arrive at Raleigh at Arrive at Wilmington at 8 35 a. m SHELBY DIVISION-DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS. No. 3 | Leave Charlotte at 8 15 a. m

Arrive at Shelby at Leave Shelby at Arrive at Charlotte at 12 15 p. m.

IMINGTON & WELDON B. R. April 25, 18°6

Daily. Leave Weldon 15 p m Arrive Rocky Mount, Arrive Golusboro, "Wilmington,

No. 43

Daily.

8 50 pm

11 58 p.n.

April 25, 1886. No. 47 Daily. Leave Wilmington, 8 40 a m Leave Wilson, Arrive Rocky Mount Arrive Tarbero, 12 25 pm 12 40 am 12 59 4 50 Leave Tarboro, 11 80 a m

T. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Presence Agent. Arrive Weldon, BROWN'S IRON BITTERS GAVE AL-most immediate relief to Mr. Wm. R. Thempson, Greensboro, N. C., in a case of anno, ing indigestion, and he considers it a most reliable medicine.