BY THE NEWS AND OBSERVER Co. Weekly, one year, "

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FRIDAY, JUNE 18, 1886. THE Priscilla again won at the preliminary race over the New York course. Another Longfellow will have to fall

Some body has discovered the presents can not lawfully be given the President by his subordinates-but Mrs. Cleveland will retain her wedding gifts all the same.

into verse again in her honor.

THE Knights of Labor have successfully wooed the maid servants of St. Louis, who have to a greater or less degree allied themselves with that order. It was ever thus?

MR. MORRISON tried to get up the revenue bill, or as it is commonly called the tariff bill, reducing the duties on certain goods; but the majority of the House on a full vote were opposed to any tariff legislation. The tariff is like the old man of the sea: we have got him with his legs fastered around our necks and he proposes to hold on forever.

FRANK LESLIE has an illustration the condition of things in Ireland-two Kilkenny cats making the fur fly, labelled "the South for Home Rule;" "the North against Home Rule." That recalls the unpleasantness of twenty years ago, when the South wanted "Home Rule" and the North girded on her armor and suppressed that desire. History repeats itself.

THE Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley syndicate are pushing towards Wilmington, wishing an outlet there for their western line. To this end they have had will be built.

attendance on the commencements of the different institutions of learning this season has been so large as to attract attention. It shows the developmentof an interest in good educational work. The University, the colleges and our higher schools are all advancing perceptibly and we are making rapid strides towards attaining our proper position in education! matters. A note from Davidson college mentions the large attendance there and an enthusiasm that makes the occasion memorable. The presence of his excellency Gov. Scales adds an additional charm.

Miss Wilcox, of Mt. Holly, N. J. is a young woman of spirit. Loved and being loved and her father consenting, the 'day was fixed for the twain to be made a happy unit, when alackaday, the old gentleman cut up shamefully and withdrew his consent, whereupon the ardent lover became recalcitrant and the affair ended. At least it was so supposed—but the young lady was not to be trifled with in that style and so she has instituted suit against her father for a breach of promise and lays her damages at ten thousand dollars, that being the alleged value of her sloping husband. It is a case of the first impression, as the lawyers say, and it is very doubtful if the action will lie. We suppose if she gets the old man's ducats she will be free to fancy her old beau again or to win over another. With women we believe where there is a will there is a way.

WE had the pleasure of seeing Gen. Cox yesterday, who is at home for a day or two. The General is serene and complacent in the belief and expectation that his friends in the district will not desire to supplant him just as he has reached a position where his influence can be so much more potently exerted in their behalf and for the cause of democracy. The future of the party in Congress is beginning to give some uneasiness to our friends there. The redistricting of Ohio will lose us seven Congressmen from that State, making a difference of fourteen votes, and perhaps some other losses may be anticipated. We will certainly need our wisest and best and most prudent representatives from the South, and Gen. Cox stands among the very best of these.

THE May bulletin of the N. C. board. of health, of which Dr. Thomas F. Wood is the efficient secretary, is before us, with reports from about forty counties. We notice the prevalence of hemorrhagic malarial fever in several counties where it had not been previously observed. Evidently that disease is making its way to other sections, just as the diphtheria did some thirty years ago. There are jail reports from thirtysix counties, showing an average jail ty, which would make 700 for the en- whose confidence he has never betrayed. tire State. Iredell had 32 in jail, Edgecombe 28, Wayne 25, Forsyth 23, Buncombe and Rowan 15, Tyrrell and sions and his pledges. It Old Probs Jas. F. Clark, now of this city. Lieut. Macon none. Out of 100 jail birds can't afford to send fair weather to him Clark did well the work entrusted to only 45 could read and write.

There are in the same 36 counties 508 inmates of poor houses, making the three counties have no superintendent Weekly.

of health and consequently these make no reports. Those which make reports generally indicate a spirit of advancement in the matter of sanitary condition and we have reason to believe that the evil of bad jails, which has been a crying evil in the land, is now being eradto their jails and prisons.

icated. An enlightened people will see A DIFFERENCE. Occasionally we hear some unreasonable young man declare that there is no difference between the democratic and republican parties. We note such a diversity between the action of the democratic House and the republican Senate in the matter of the public lands that we are justified in hoping that the weakest intellect can comprehend the difference. In January the House passed a bill forfeiting eight Southern land grants. The Senate has not yet acted upon the bill. In February the House passed the Atlantic and Pacific forfeiture bill. After months of delay the Senate passed the bill, with amendments, and twenty million acres will be restored to the people by this single measure. In March the House passed what is known as the Anderson bill, directing the immediate adjustment of railroad land grants, and prescribing the settlements to be made by corporations, where they had sold lands which did not belong to them, by paying to the government what they had received for such lands. The Senate committee held this bill until a few days ago, and then reported it with the amendment for the adjustment of grants stricken out, and with the provision for payment by the railroads for lands they had sold without right so arranged as to make a free gift of millions of dollars to the corporations. In May the House passed a very important bill, repealing the pre-emption, timber culture and desert land acts. The Senate lands committee has just reported this bill, changed that it favors land grabbing in almost every possible way. In January, 1884, the House, by a vote of 251 to 17, passed a series of resolutions declaring that the public lands

granted to States and corporations to aid in the construction of railroads, which had become subject to forfeiture by reason of the non-fulfilment of the conditions on which the grants were made, ought to be declared forfeited and restored to the public domain; that an extended interview with a committee the land laws should be framed and adappointed by the aldermen of Wilmings ministered in the interests of the cititon, making the proposition that they zens, concred for bons fide settlers, will complete the work to that city if and disposed of under the provisions of Wilmington will take \$200,000 stock the homestead laws only; and that the in the road. This is a matter of great | committee on public lands should be inimportance and we trust that the road structed to report bills carrying into effect the views expressed by the House. The Senate paid no attention whatever month, January, 1884, the House passed, by a vote of 2fl0 to 1, a bill forfeiting the Texas Pacific land grant. The Senate committee reported the bill "with amendments," some time in March, and the Republican Senate took no further action on it. At the same time with the bill last mentioned, the House passed unanimously the bill forfeiting certain Southern land grantsthe same which was passed again in January of this year and is still in commit-tee. This bill lay in the Senate committee until June, 1884, and was then reported with amendments and dropped. June 4, 1884, the House passed by a vote of 189 to 26, the Oregon Central

> the House passed a bill forfeiting the Central Pacific of Oregon grant. The Seuate took no notice of it. June 20, 1884, the House passed unanimously a bill forfeiting certain land grants. It was reported to the Senate in July, with amendments, but has not been heard of since. Some time in June, 1884, the House passed unanimously an Atlantic and Pacific forfeiture bill. The Senate committee reported it with amendments. which were ingeniously contrived in this instance to hang the forfeited lands up in court for a generation or two. The Senate adopted these amendments, knowing well that the House would refuse to concur, and so the bill was lost It is only now, after two years, likely to become a law in proper shape.

forfeiture bill. It was never even re-

ported to the Senate. June 6, 1884,

It must be remembered that all the land grants were made when the republicans had control of both houses of Congress and of the Presidency, and now the republican leaders cannot abide to go back on the record of their party. Note the diversity, as Lord Coke used

THE returns for the last nine months show an increase in imports to the value of about \$140,000,000, and a decrease in exports to the value of \$75,-000,000. These figures are sufficiently important to arrest attention, especially as the aggregate of our commercial dealings is as large as ever. The decline in our exports is not due to the smaller quantity of cotton, breads offs. provisions, &c. sent abroad, but to the lessened value of each of these articles. We produce and send abroad quite as much as ever-but when the account sales are rendered the prices realized are so low as to make a great difference in the esturns. But the increased importations is a good sign. There must be a mutuality in trade. People who do not buy abroad cannot long sell abroad. Increased importations give an assurance that our people are easier than they were.

THE first reception of President Cleveland passed off so well, the weather and all the accompaniments were so fine, that thousands are said to have solemnly nodded while saying "Grover's luck." Well, Grover has had luck. afforded in their attack near the centre elected shall be entitled to seats in said But he has had something more than luck. population of seven or eight to a coun- He has had the confidence of the people He has ever been faithful to his profes- DeRosset) under command of Lieut. whom can he favor?

A. (at telephone)-"Hello! Did I total pauper population in the State leave my umbrella at your house last probably about 1,500. Of 280 of these night?" B. (replying)-"There were only 82 can read and write. Fifty- two left; is this one yours?"-Comie is down in the mouth again with the re-

A Compliment to Judge Gudger. Cor. of the NEWS AND OBSERVER.

HALIFAX, N. C.

I notice in the press of the State a great deal said about the nomination of supreme court judges and but little in regard to the superior court judges. As to those districts for which there is to be a new election this year, I suppose that by common consent the whole State will be called upon to elect the present incumbents. We people of the east would have no desire to change our udges. I presume the sentiments of the people in the west in regard to their judges are the same; and I know, from an extensive acquaintance throughout the first and second district, that if we had the selection for the extreme western district we would name that distinguished gentleman, judge J. C. L. Gudger, as his own successor. I do not intend to be invidious as to other western judges who have presided over our perhaps, the most popular of any judge from that section of the State with all classes of our people. Because of his ability, fairness and kindness he is regarded by us as a model judge; and I against him from the bar or the people. We look forward with pleasure to his riding his fall circuit, which embraces

our court. You will hear good reports from us in the next election. ROANOKE.

The Folsom Flower.

Hundreds of ladies and occasionally a gentleman stopped to gaze at a bloodred flower which was on exhibition yesterday in a State street show window. Exclamations of delight were heard on every side and some of the ladies fairly went into raptures over the strange blossom. It was blood-red at the base of the petals, but the color gradually grew lighter until at the tips it was a delicate blending of white and pink. The curious shading was what made it so beautiful. At the bottom was a cardboard, on which was written in a careless scrawl; "Folsom Cardinalus Inkanius, Very Rare."

A clerk, with pompadour hair and flippant air, answered questions about this strange plant all day. "Oh, isn't it lovely?" "Where did it come from?"
"Can't I get a seed?" chorused the ladies all afternoon. The wife of a millionaire drove up in her carriage. She saw the red blossoms and at once marched into the store.

"Did Miss Folsom bring it over from Parce? How sweet it is. I hear they are very fashionable over the watah. How much is it?" - displaying a wellfilled pocket book.

"It isn't for sale, madam," said the clerk, dropping his flippant style.

you ask," replied the lady, baughtily. 'I fancy it very much." The clerk seemed puzzled, but insisted it was not for sale. He grew a little red in the face while he went on to explain that the flower was the prop-

erty of a wealthy gentleman who had

kindly allowed it to be placed on exhi-All the afternoon a pop-eyed man, who said he was a botanist, hung about, asking questions and begging permission to handle the strange flower. He

also wished to purchase the flower. "You can have a holiday tomorrow, Miss Jennie, if you want it," said the proprietor of the place, addressing the lady bookkeeper. "That flower of yours has been the biggest attraction I ever had in the window.'

The mysterious flower was a mandrake blossom. Early in the morning the young lady bookkeeper had, in an absent-minded mood, put the stem in a bottle of red ink.

CURRENCY.

A great head has our Willie goat. An appetite to match; He can butt a hole through an eight-inch Then masticate the latch.

Were Willie's head not quite so hard.

His insides less subdued, He'd strut about in creased pant'loous As a harmless Harlem dude.
New York Journal.

"What a lot of married people there are here tonight. That parquet is full of them." "Do you mean to say you know them

"Oh, no. But the men don't do any talking, and there's hardly a corsage bouquet among the women "-Town

The other day the elder brother of the family found the young hopeful of ten sitting cross-legged on a table, slaking dice with another youngster of the same age. With true adult superiority, which always omits consideration of its

own vices, he lectured the boy. "Oh, you go away. We are thek-ing dice to see who will put 10c. into the collection box at the Bunday school."

-San Francisco Chronicle. Scene in a Montreal hotel office. Elegantly dressed individual speaking to proprietor .- "I want a suite of rooms on the first floor, sir. The best

you've got in the house.' Proprietor .- "Got any baggage?" Guest-"Evidently you don't know me, sir. I'm a New York alderman,

Proprietor to clerk-"John, lock the safe."—Washington Critic.

The Man Who Did the Burning. New Berne Journal

In the Century magazine, in an article by Gen. J. G. Walker describing was burned by a detachment from the 3d North Carolina infantry (Col. W. L. him and escaped unhurt, though he and his detachment were exposed to a very

Everybody in the Asheville section newal of rainy and muggy weather.

Democratic Organisation.

PLAN OF ORGANIZATION OF THE DEMOCRATIO PARTY OF NOFTH CARDLINA. DEMOGRATIC CENTRAL Ex. Com.,

RALEIGH, N. C. June 16, 1886. -The following is the plan of organization heretofore adopted by the State Democratic committee for the guidance

of the party : TOWNSHIP ORGANIZATION. 1. The unit of county organization shall be the township. In each township there shall be an executive committee, to consist of five active Democrats, who shall be elected by the Democratic voters of the several townships in meetings called by the county executive committee. And said committee so elected shall elect one of its members as chairman, who shall preside

at all said committee meetings. 2. The several township executive committees shall convene at the meetcourt when I say that judge Gudger is, ings of the several county conventions, or at any time and place that a majority of them may elect, and shall elect a county executive committee, to consist of not less than five members, one of whom shall be designated as chairman, have yet to hear of the first complaint | who shall preside at all of said committee meetings.

> 3. In case there shall be a failure on the part of any township to elect its executive committee for the period of thirty days, the county executive committee shall appoint said committee from the Democratic voters of said town-

4. The members of the township committees shall elect to any vacancy oc-

curring in said committees. 5. The county executive committee shall call all necessary county conventions by giving at least ten days notice by public advertisement in three public places in each township, at the court house door, and in any Democratic newspaper that may be published in said county, requesting all Democrats of the county to meet in convention in their respective townships, on a common day therein stated, which said day shall not be less than three days before the meeting of the county convention, for the purpose of electing their delegates to the county conventions. That thereupon the conventions so held shall elect their delegates to represent the townships in the county conventions from the voters of the respective townships, which delegates, or such of them as shall attend, shall vote the full Democratic strength of their respective townships on all questions that may come before the said county conventions. That in ease no convention shall be held in any township in pursuance of said call, or no election shall be made the township executive committee shall appoint such delegates.

6. Each township shall be entitled to cast in the county convention one vote for every twenty-five Democratic votes and one vote for fractions of fifteen Democratic votes cast by that township at the last preceding gubernatorial elec-tion: Provided, That every township shall be entitled to cast at least one vote, and each township may send as many delegates as it may see fit.

7. That in cases where townships consist of more than one ward or precinct, each of said wards or precincts shall be entitled to send delegatee to county conventions, and shall cast its proportionate part of its township's vote, based upon the last preceeding vote for Governor in said township.

8. The chairman of township committees shall preside at all township conventions; in their absence any other member of said committees may pre-

9. In cases where all the township executive committees are required to meet for the purpose of electing county executive committees, said meetings shall be deemed to have a quorum when a majority of such townships shall be represented in said meeting.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT CONVENTIONS 1. The several county conventions shall be entitled to elect to their senatorial, judicial and congressional conventions, one delegate and one alternate for every fifty Democratic votes, and one delegate for fractions over twenty-five Democratic votes cast at the last preceeding gubernatorial election in their respective counties, and none but delegates or alternates so elected shall be entitled to seats in said conventions: Provided, That every county shall have

at least one vote in each of said conven-2. The chairman, or in his absence any member of the county, senatorial, judicial and congressional committee shall call to order their respective conventions, and hold the chairmanship thereof until the convention shall elect

3. The executive committees of the senatorial, congressional and judicial districts, respectively, shall, at the call of their respective chairmen, meet at some time and place in their respective districts, designated in said call. And it shall be their duty to appoint the time and place for holding conventions in their respective districts; and the chairmen of said respective committees shall immediately notify the chairmen of the different county executive committees of said appointment, and the said county executive committees shall for with call conventions of their respective counties in conformity to said notice to send delegates to said respec-

tive district conventions. STATE CONVENTIONS. 1. The State convention shall be composed of delegates appointed by the several county conventions. Each county shall be entitled to elect one delegate and one alternate for every one hundred the battle of Sharpsburg or Antietam, and fifty Democratic votes, and one mention is made of the burning by the delegate for fractions over seventy-five troops of 'D. H. Hill's division of Democratic votes cast therein at the 'Mumma's house' to deprive the Fed- last preceding gubernatorial election; eral forces of the shelter it might have and none but delegates or alternates so of the Confederate position the convention; provided that every county 17th of September, 1862. That house | shall have at least one vote in said con-

GENERAL RULES. 1. Such delegates (or alternates of absent delegates) as may be present at any Democratic convention shall be allowed to cast the whole vote to which their township or county may be en-

2. In all conventions provided for by this system, after a vote is cast there shall be no change in such vote until the final result of the ballot shall be announced by the chairman of said con-

3. All Democratic executive committees shall have the power to fill any vacancy occurring in their respective

4. That the chairmen of the different county conventions shall certify the list of delegates and alternates to the different district and State conventious, and a certified list of said delegates and alternates to the State conventions shall be sent to the secretery of the State central committee. For the R. H. BATTLE, Chairman.

B. C. BECKWITH, Secretary. (State papers please copy) Hydrophobia's Horrors.

THE AWYUL PATE OF A SON OF COL. ROBIN SON, OF WADESBORO.

Rockingham Rocket.

We hear of the most terrible death, that of young Robert, son of Col. John Robinson, residing about six miles from Wadesboro. His death unquestionably was produced by hydrophobia. The victim was aged about 16 and died last Sunday. The following is a history of the case: In August, 1884, a strange dog visited the premises of Col. Robinson and attacked one of the yard dogs. Robert went to the relief of his dog and was bitten severely on the arm by the strange dog. The latter ran and was pursued by Robert and others to a point near Morven, the dog meantime attacking other dogs that came in his way, when fortunately one of the pursuing party shot and killed him. After the occurrence his family and friends feared results to Robert from the wound inflicted by dog, as every evidence indicated that he was nad; but, so long a time having elapsed, their fears had entirely ceased. Last Friday the young man was stung by a bee on the same arm bitten by the dog, and inflammation ensued, causing the arm to swell and give great pain to the victim. He was sitting about the house Saturday morning and at the moment when engaged in conversation with his mother, she observed that Robert had fallen into a strange mood, laughing frequently outright and immoderately when nothing appeared to provoke it. He admitted there was nothing to laugh at, but that he could not help it. His father being informed of his peculiar condition, and at the

same time discovering unusual nervous-

ness in the patient, suggested the pro-

priety of taking him up to town to see physician, but proposed first to give Robert a milk toddy to quiet his nerves, which remedy he fixed and brought in to him. To the utter horror of the family the sight of the iquid threw the young man into violent convulsions, which continued until several of the physicians of Wadesboro and vicinity arrived. The most powerful opiates were administered, but even the profuse application of chloroform failed to keep him quiet long at a time. When he would re-act from the effects of the medicine, his condition was indescribably horrifying to those who witnessed it. His convulsions returning with even greater intensity, it required the best strength of strong men to hold him in bed; mean while he foamed at the mouth, gnashing his teeth in efforts to bite the attendants about the bedside. In his lucid intervals, which were brief, the

poor victim gave every evidence of intelligence, talking with those around him of his awful condition; and, realizing that he must die, he expressed

perfect resignation to God's will and prayed that all others might be spared the fate that had fallen to his lot. His contortion of features and the unearthly expression of the eyes during one of these fits were described by a witness as the most awful sight he ever beheld.

> to the hour of noon Sunday, when death came to his relief. CAAPTAIN'S PORTUNATE DISCOVERY. Copt. Coleman, schr. Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the exstreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery in the same happy effect. covery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner Free Trial Bottles of this Standard Remedy at

He continued to struggle in agony up

Effectual destruction of weeds-marrying a widow.

Men and Women Who are constantly nervous are, in mineteen cases out of twenty, dyspeptic. The twentieth case will be found, upon investigation, to be that of a person who is troubled with symptoms of ineigestion. Thinness, unnatural anxiety, peevishness, buzzing in the ears, a disposition to start on the sudden closing of a door, tremblousness of the hands -more particularly of the right-show that the nerves are weak and unsteady. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters strengthens and quiets the nerves. This effect is a spredy consequence of its invigorating and regulating action upon the organs of digestion and assimilation. It enriches the blood, conquers a chrome tendency to biliousness, relieves sick and nervous headaches and regulates the bowels without griping them. A more trustworthy defence against fever and ague does not exist, and it subdue- a tendency to rheumatism, kidney and bladder derangement. Taken before retiring, it induces sound

The Georgia campaign is likely to last through the dog days.



PROM. T.

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In order to reduce my stock before July 1st will offer attractive figures to parties desiring to buy fine liquors in lots, especially in French and California Brandies, fine old Jamaica Rum, imported Gin, fine Sherries, etc., etc. I have a specially fine stock of very old Peach and Apple Brandies; some of it. From the private stock of a gentleman of the State, and eleven years old. There is very little such

I offer also select brands of Rye Whiskies, for medicinal or family use. Will be pleased to give prices upon application, and buyers can rely upon the quality and character of the iquors offered. Orders from'a distance prompt-

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Extra nice fresh Country Butter 20e lb at Inside Prices in Purest and Best of Hog's Lard, tierces, bbls and 50 lb net weight tins,

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Gilt-Edge Goshen Butter, guaranteed pure and sweet, 10 lb. pails, 20e lb., at W. C. & A. B. STROMACH'S.

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Shoulders 10e lb., at W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S. Westphalia Hams, finest in the world, 5 to 8 Ibs., 15c ib., at W. C. & A. B. STROMACE'S. Whole Grain, Rice, &c 10., at W. C. & A. C. STRONACH'S. Country Butter for cooking purposes 15c lb, at W. C. & A. B. STROMACE'S. Fine Mixed and Small Cucumber Pickles, Sweet and Plain, 75 cents per gallon, at W. C. & A. B. STRONACH'S.

A reade Laundry Soap, 2 years old. Used in any manner will do more washing and give far better results than any soap on the market. 1 lb. Oval Cakes, 6c.; 8 oz. Oval Cakes; 3c., at

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ED. H. LEE.