

THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

VOL. XXVII.

RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 22, 1886.

NO. 32

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall Street, New York.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Combining IRON with PURE VEGETABLE TONICS, quickly and completely CLEANSER and REGENERATE THE BLOOD. Cures the action of the Liver and Kidneys. Clears the complexion, makes the skin smooth. It does not injure the stomach, cause headache, or produce constipation. ALL OTHER IRON REMEDIES DO THIS. Beware of cheap imitations.

Dr. E. W. Brown, of Malden, Mass., says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters as a valuable tonic in cases of anemia and bloodlessness, also when a tonic was indicated in the treatment of various diseases. It does not hurt the stomach."

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RACKET STORE

THE GREAT

Bargain House of Raleigh.

The Racket Store has all the advantages which result from having buyers always in the New York market to turn to advantage the disastrous results which come to men who get in debt. It is the power of the Almighty Dollar cutting its way through the centre of true values which enables us to offer goods at less than they can be made for in hundreds of cases. The Racket Store believes in and follows out the idea that merchant standing between the masses and the markets ought to be satisfied with a reasonable profit and whenever that profit falls we stop and give to those who buy our goods the balance. In a word, we shall make

OUR BARGAINS MAKE OUR BUSINESS.

And under the banner of the Almighty Dollar with one price to all, we march daily on to the front.

We will receive this week some great bargains in Ladies' and Gents' Shoes, Oriental Leases, Hamburg Edgings. Great Job lot in Mosquito Net, at 6c, worth 10c. Big bargains in Umbrellas - Straw Hats, 25c, worth 50c. Best Calico in the city for 44c a yard. Great slaughter in Buttons of all kinds. New lot of Buggy Whips. Solid non-galvanized Buckets, 25c, worth 60c. Silk Gloves, 30c, worth 60c. Job in Eye-glasses at 8c, worth 25c.

We will open some great bargains in Men's Shirts, 75c, worth \$1.

Our Millinery Department will be supplied with some new hats for ladies at great bargains. Also some jobs in Ribbons. Now if you want to save your money call at the Racket Store.

Submitted to the cash trade only.

VOLNEY PURSELL & CO.,
No. 10 East Martin Street.

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

The coal miners of the United States are considering the question of joining forces with the Knights of Labor.

Archibald Forbes, the distinguished English writer and war correspondent, has married a daughter of Gen. M. C. Meigs, at Washington.

Herr Meigs is blowing the bellows of a blacksmith shop in a New York penitentiary. The business comes natural enough. He has lived by blowing.

Hyndman, a noted English socialist, will soon visit the United States on a lecturing tour. America is a big country, but there is no room for such as he.

Cholera has appeared at Codigora, Italy, eight miles from the Adriatic sea. Venice and Bari are almost free of cases of the disease. There is a daily average of sixteen new cases in the province of Ferrara.

The hoisting of the French flag over the New Hebrides islands, in the Pacific Ocean, made John Bull angry, but he is pleased by the order, given Saturday by the French premier, for the hauling down of the French colors.

At Concord, N. H., last Friday, a bronze statue of Daniel Webster was unveiled. It was presented to Webster's native State by Benjamin Pierce Cheney, of Boston, Mass., who is also a native of New Hampshire.

What changes this century has wrought! A railroad now runs through the old town of Ferris, where Paul was born, and Vermont talks of getting a modern substitute for Senator Edmunds. It sounds like sacrilege.

Col. Chill Hazard is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Congressman-at-large in Pennsylvania. As he has no bar, it is not likely his party will stand the hazard of his nomination, and the Colonel's aspirations will doubtless receive a fatal chill.

Rev. Henry Ward Beecher and his wife sailed for Europe Saturday. His movements after his arrival in Europe are as yet somewhat indefinite. He informed one reporter that he should go direct to London. "After that," said he, "I am going to do as I please."

Gladstone says the principle of the policy of Irish home rule is the sole issue of the elections. This is the burden of his speeches in his canvass. He says the details are a future question. He is not wedded to his own bill, but will abandon it if a better one is offered.

At Lexington, Ind., Saturday, natural gas was struck at a depth of 710 feet. The pressure is estimated at 57 pounds per square inch, and the supply lights and fuel for the city. The people went wild. Natural gas is called the "fuel of the future."

The country is full of suffering caused by underpaid labor. A man in Boston worked ten hours last Sunday, blew open two safes, prized off the lids of six desks, and broke the locks of three money drawers and netted less than a dollar. This is tolling for less than the Chinaman gets.

Hobart Pacha, marshal of the Turkish empire, died Saturday. He was an Englishman, his name being Charles Augustus Hobart, and he was the third son of the Earl of Buckinghamshire. During the civil war of 1861-6 he commanded a successful blockade runner, the Don, which ran to Charleston and Wilmington.

A motion for a new trial in the Maxwell murder case was argued at St. Louis, Saturday, and the judge took the matter under advisement. He will render a decision this week. Maxwell and his attorneys feel confident that the affidavits recently filed, in which statement was made that three of the jurors had expressed opinions tending to prejudice the defendant's case, will be the means of obtaining a rehearing.

Mr. H. G. Springs, of Charlotte, has sold the old Cornwallis headquarters for the consideration of \$19 to Mr. George Hall, who is leaving the building torn down and will re-erect it on his farm near Charlotte. There are few such landmarks.

I would not number on my list of friends (though graced with polished manners and fine clothes, the Democrat Who, chosen to reform the tariff laws, Yet votes with the Republicans at last.

A very notable service of plate has just been sold in London for 1,900 guineas. It was bought early in the reign of Charles I. by Sir Christopher Harris, of Radford, near Plymouth, who had the custody of Sir Walter Raleigh in 1618. Shortly after Sir Christopher, fearing for the safety of his plate, buried it, and presently died without having revealed the place where he had concealed it. Careful search was made, but it could not be discovered, and the loss had become a legend, when in the spring of 1827 a laborer turned up a box in a field which he was ploughing, and in it was found the long-lost Radford plate.

A remarkable case will shortly be decided in the English court of chancery. About five years ago Mr. Ayling, of Portsmouth, died, leaving his property to his wife during her widowhood, but if she married again it was to be divided among their seven children. In 1883 Mrs. Ayling married, and the property was accordingly divided. Two years later, however, it turned out that the second marriage was invalid, the husband being a bigamist, and Mrs. Ayling found herself deprived both of husband and of property. She has now applied to the court for a restitution of the property which her husband left her "for life or widowhood." The case is complicated by the fact that one of the sons has disposed of his share, and altogether there is the prospect of some right profitable work for the lawyers.

CONGRESSIONAL.

THE HOUSE DISCUSSES THE SUNDAY CIVIL BILL.

Attempts to Secure Small Paper Currency Fail Disastrously.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—SENATE.—Mr. George, from the committee on judiciary, reported favorably a bill to re-empower the political disabilities of J. G. Flournoy, of Mississippi, and on motion of Mr. George the bill was at once passed, the vote being unanimous.

Mr. Frye, from the committee on rules, reported favorably Mr. Edmunds' resolution providing for such amendment to the rules as to admit of debate on a motion to reconsider. The resolution was agreed to and the rules amended accordingly.

The army appropriation bill was reported from the House of Representatives with a message of non-concurrence in the Senate amendments and asking a conference. The Senate insisted on its amendments and ordered a conference. Mr. Plumb gave notice that Wednesday he would call up the conference report on the postage appropriation bill. A number of veto messages were received from the President which when read were laid on the table.

The bill to repeal the preemption and timber culture acts was taken up and its consideration proceeded with. The bill was discussed until 5:15, when without action the Senate went into executive session. At 5:40 the doors were reopened and the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

The speaker laid before the House a communication from the acting secretary of the treasury, submitting an estimate of the appropriation, amounting to \$228,714, for the transportation of mails on non-subsidized railroads, controlled by the Central Pacific railroad. It was referred.

On motion of Mr. Townsend, of Illinois, the Senate amendments to the pension appropriation bill were non-concurred in. Conferees were appointed.

The House having resumed the consideration of the naval appropriation bill, rejected (yeas 99, nays 181) a motion made Saturday by Mr. Goff, of West Virginia, to recommitt the bill, with instructions to the committee on naval affairs to report it back with an amendment making provision for the completion of the double-turreted monitors. The bill was passed.

The introduction of bills and resolutions, on motion of Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, the House went into committee of the whole on the sundry civil bill. There was no general debate on the measure, though it was agreed that when the clauses were reached relative to public surveys the five-minute rule would not be held to apply. The bill was read by paragraphs for amendment and a number of changes made, both of insertion and omission, chiefly affecting local interests. A paragraph relative to the bureau of engraving and printing having been reached, Mr. Dingley, of Maine, offered an amendment requiring the engraving of notes of the denominations of \$1 and \$2 and the other denominations authorized by law.

Mr. Randall raised a point of order against the amendment and in the course of his argument took occasion to deny the charge that the present administration had waged war upon the silver dollar. The amendment was ruled out. On an appeal, the decision of the chair was sustained. Mr. Warner, of Ohio, offered a similar amendment, which met with a similar fate. Mr. Warner attempted to evade the point of order by modifying the amendment so as to authorize the issue of \$1 and \$2 notes in place of mutilated and cancelled notes of like denomination. Mr. Randall raised a point of order against this amendment also, declaring that the avowed object of the proposition was to compel a different administration of the law than was practiced at present and therefore changed the existing law. After some discussion the speaker overruled Mr. Randall's point of order. A vote was taken and the amendment was lost; 75 to 87. Mr. Warner offered an amendment of similar purport, but pending action the committee rose.

Mr. Zach. Taylor, of Tennessee, offered a resolution reciting the fact that the lower portion of the city of Memphis has been in part destroyed by the caving of the bank of the Mississippi river at that point and providing for the loan to properly authorized officers of the taxing district of Shelby county of enough barge boats, tools, implements and appliances, under the control of the Mississippi river commission, to be used in improving the river at that city. The resolution was adopted and the House at 5 o'clock adjourned.

A Treaty with Japan.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The Senate has ratified an extradition treaty with Japan and one for a resurvey of the boundary line between the United States and Mexico.

More Evidence of Southern Progress.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 21.—A contract was closed today for the completion of the Birmingham & Sheffield R. R. and the erection at Sheffield of a second iron furnace of 1,000 tons capacity.

The Naval Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The naval appropriation bill was received by the Senate today from the House of Representatives and referred to the committee on appropriations.

DOING THE GRAND.

THE NORTH CAROLINA EDITORS ENJOY A PRESIDENTIAL HAND-SHAKE.

Special Dis. to the NEWS AND OBSERVER. WASHINGTON, June 21.

Yesterday morning the members of the North Carolina press association arrived here. They spent Sunday very pleasantly and of course profitably. All went to church and they contrived to see a great deal of the city during the day and night. Today has been an eventful one for them and they certainly are doing the grand.

As an enthusiastic member, getting his first glimpse of the glories of this great city, exclaimed, in a burst of honest enthusiasm and happiness: "We are having a time. I never saw such a town. Why the streets are all sidewalks."

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan 21, 9:30 P. M.

This morning the North Carolina newspaper men were accorded a reception by President Cleveland. They visited the government printing office. This evening they were entertained by the North Carolina Democratic association, composed of knickerbocker, Tar-Heels. This entertainment and reception, and an elegant, well planned and pleasing affair it was, lasted from 7 to 9 o'clock. At this hour (9:30 p. m.) the visitors are being given a reception by Senator Vance at his residence. All the visitors are enjoying themselves and their visit has certainly given great pleasure to their friends here. The newspaper people start home Wednesday. Other plans are on foot to add to their enjoyment tomorrow.

LUEWKAM.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—About fifty members of the North Carolina press association arrived in this city yesterday morning. They spent today in sight-seeing. Senators Ransom and Vance and Representatives Reid and Cox accompanied the party to the White House and presented them to the President. Tomorrow they will visit Mount Vernon and Wednesday will return home.

Texas Settling the Record.

SEVEN-POUND BULLETONES FELL THEM SUNDAY.

GALVESTON, Tex., June 21.—Specials from Elgin state that the surrounding neighborhood was visited yesterday evening by heavy storms, inflicting great damage. At Elgin a terrific thunder, rain and hail storm swept over that vicinity, deluging a portion of the town. Its windows broken and holes knocked in the roofs. Hail fell, varying in size from a marble to a man's head, perforating iron and tin roofs like sieves. Pieces of hailstones were picked up that actually weighed seven pounds. The Methodist church was blown from its foundations and demolished. The Baptist church was moved out of line and the windows wrecked. One man was struck down by a hailstone and seriously injured. The storm did indescribable damage to crops. The storm struck about 6 o'clock, wrecking a church, several small houses and badly injuring the corn crop.

The Arrival of the Papal Embassy.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The Papal embassy arrived this morning and left for Baltimore at 10 o'clock. The Serbia was met at quarantine by Rev. Dr. J. S. Foley, vicar general of the diocese of Baltimore; Rev. Dr. A. L. Lagnion, president of St. Mary's seminary; Rev. Dr. J. D. Chappelle, of Washington; Major John D. Keiley, Jr., Brooklyn; Col. John McAnnery, Jersey City; Patrick Farrelly and James McMaster, of this city. The embassy from the Pope were Mr. Staniero, count Mucioia and Rev. T. S. Sec. At four o'clock this afternoon the beretta will be presented to arch-bishop Gibbons by the noble guard count Mucioia. The ceremony will be private and without pomp. The display that will accompany the investiture of the beretta will take place in the cathedral June 30th. The count is a young man of 23. Mgs. Staniero is 35 years old. The honor of representing the Pope to the Catholic church in America was conferred for distinguished services.

New York Cotton Futures.

NEW YORK, June 21.—Green & Co's report on cotton futures says: Most of the business was confined to the putting forward of July contracts into August and the market made no important fluctuations throughout the day. The closing was somewhat nominal, at about Saturday's rates. No one cared to buy the old crop and the fear about selling at ruling prices checked offerings. Some little covering of late months took place on reports of a less favorable nature from crop sections, but the majority of Southern advices represented excellent conditions. Liverpool looked tone and private accounts were really tame.

A Bank Failure.

MONROE, La., March 21.—The following notice was posted this morning on the door of the bank of Monroe: "This bank is closed. A statement will be published in tomorrow's paper. The business will be placed in the hands of an officer appointed by the court."

A Hebrus B. B.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 21.—The board of trustees of the university of Alabama conferred the degree of D. D. upon S. Hecht, a Jewish rabbi of this city.

A \$4,000,000 Bond Call.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The treasury today issued a call for \$4,000,000 bonds for redemption. The call matures August 1.

WHY HE VETOES.

THE PRESIDENT DOES SOME PLAIN TALKING.

He Does not Approve of Some Pension Legislation, &c.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The President today sent to Congress fifteen veto messages, six of which were sent to the Senate and nine to the House. In a message vetoing a bill granting a pension to Elizabeth S. De Kraft the President says his objection is that it is of no possible advantage to the beneficiary; that the present pension laws give her the advantages which she would receive under a special law. The President adds: "I am so thoroughly tired of disappointing gifts of public money to individuals who in my view have no right or claim to the same, notwithstanding apparent Congressional action, that I interpose with a feeling of relief in a case where I find it unnecessary to determine the merits of the application. In speaking of the promissory and ill-advised grants of pensions which have lately been presented to me for approval, I have spoken of their 'apparent Congressional sanction' in recognition of the fact that a large proportion of these bills have never been submitted to a majority of either branch of Congress, but are the result of nominal sessions held for the express purpose of their consideration and attended by a small minority of members of the respective houses of the legislative branch of the government. Thus, in considering these bills, I have not felt that I was aided by the deliberate act of Congress, and when I have deemed it my duty to disapprove many of the bills presented, I have hardly regarded my action as a dissent from the conclusions of the people's representatives. I have not been insensible to suggestions which should influence every citizen, either in private station or official place, to exhibit not only just but generous appreciation of the services of our country's defenders. In reviewing the pension legislation presented to me, many bills have been approved upon the theory that every doubt should be resolved in favor of the proposed beneficiary. I have not, however, been able to entirely divest myself of the idea that the public money appropriated for pensions is the soldiers' fund which should be devoted to the indemnification of those who in defense of the Union and in the nation's service have worthily deserved and who in their dependence are entitled to the beneficiaries of their services or pensions a full and adequate compensation. I have not been able to disapprove every bill which in my judgment should be passed, but I have not been able to approve every bill which in my judgment should be passed. I have not been able to disapprove every bill which in my judgment should be passed, but I have not been able to approve every bill which in my judgment should be passed."

A New Report.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—Mr. Curtin got together his special labor investigating committee today and reviewed a portion of Gould's testimony. Hoxie's physical condition is such that he cannot appear before the committee, and it is very doubtful if a report will be forthcoming from the committee during this session of Congress.

Fifteen veto messages were sent to Congress today; thirteen of private pension bills and two of public buildings bills.

The House committee on invalid pensions today agreed to amalgamate a subcommittee, which would have reported the rate of pension of soldiers who have lost a leg or an arm and attach to the combined bills a clause imposing an income tax to meet the expenditures involved. The clause is patterned after the income tax bill introduced in the 47th Congress by Gen. Ewing. Statistics collected at the time that the bill was introduced indicated that a revenue of \$33,000,000 per annum could be raised in this way. If the bill can be passed promptly it is expected by the committee that it will protect the way for favorable action on the bill to extend the date within which claims for arrears of pensions may be filed, as the necessary revenue to pay claims will be available.

Another Tie-Up.

THE CAR DRIVERS WILL NOT STAND UP.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 21.—A general strike of all car-drivers in this city was inaugurated last evening, the cause being a prohibition made by the company against drivers sitting down. By 10 o'clock almost all the old drivers had deserted their cars. The company made an effort to supply their places with new men, but the strikers induced the recruits to tie-up the cars or take them back to the stables, without violence. Superintendent Goodrich has appealed to the mayor for police protection.

The Chicago Anarchist Trial.

CHICAGO, June 21.—The first formal move in connection with the trial of the anarchists was taken this morning. A large crowd was present, Engle, Schwab, Fielden, Fischer, Kling and Neebe were arranged. When the court had concluded hearing pleas of jurors to be excused from serving on the panel, counsel for the accused asked leave to withdraw the plea of not guilty and entered a motion to quash the indictment, which was argued at some length. The court overruled the motion for a separate trial for the accused, for reasons cited in the petition heretofore telegraphed. The court expressed the view that the interests of none of the defendants would be jeopardized, overruled the motion and directed the trial to proceed. The defence renewed a plea of not guilty and the work of obtaining a jury was proceeded with.

A Great Building Burned.

BOSTON, Mass., June 21.—The New England institute fair building was burned this afternoon. Four workmen were killed. The building was occupied as a car-shop by the Metropolitan horse railway company. The loss is \$250,000; fully insured.

An Eminent Scholar Dead.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., June 21.—Dr. J. T. Dunkin, professor of Latin in the agricultural and mechanical college at Auburn, died last night. He was an eminent scholar.

The weather is unseasonably cold. Rains have damaged the corn and cotton crops.

Florida is three times as large as Massachusetts.

There is great demand for emeralds and rubies in jewelry.

David Davis Dying.

THE FATAL MALADY OF THE EX-VICE-PRESIDENT.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., June 21.—The family and physician of ex-Vice-President David Davis have concluded that his end is approaching and that he has very little chance of recovery. They determined to give this information to the public, believing it no longer proper to conceal his true condition. When Mr. Davis was attacked by a carbuncle on his shoulder, about May 1, he was already reduced by previous illness. No sooner did the carbuncle improve, two weeks ago, than malignant erysipelas set in, so that he is now suffering from a complication of disorders. He is very weak and cannot read the newspapers. Visitors are not allowed to see him. A consultation of Chicago and Bloomington physicians today pronounced him beyond hope of recovery.

Anarchist Parsons.

THE LONG MISSING SCOUNDREL TURNS UP.

CHICAGO, June 21.—Shortly before 2 o'clock this afternoon anarchist Parsons, who has been missing since the Haymarket riot, walked into the criminal court room, accompanied by his attorney. His appearance was a surprise to the court and the police officials. He is supposed to have remained in hiding in this city since the night of May 3d. He drove up to the criminal court building in a cab and at once hurried to the court room. His counsel asked that he be tried with the other prisoners. It appears that last Saturday the lawyer had a consultation with Mrs. Parsons. He urged her if she knew where her husband was to communicate with him at once and get him to come to Chicago for trial. The woman refused at first, but finally became convinced that his best thing to do, Parsons was so thoroughly disguised that his own mother would not have known him.

A Tourist Drowned.

LYNCHBURG, Va., June 21.—A special from Balcony Falls says: Two young men, tourists from Dayton, Ohio, arrived at Clifton Forge Saturday, having with them two small boats, with which they intended to make the descent of James river to Richmond, stopping at intermediate points. When they reached a rope ferry in Bedford county one of the boats, occupied by a man named Wharton, struck a rock and Wharton was thrown into the water and drowned. The body has not been recovered.

A Terrible Storm in Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 21.—Reports of severe storm in Minnesota yesterday are coming in. A great deal of damage was done at Wadena, Fergus Falls and Barnesville. There was a terrible thunderstorm at Deer Creek, during which a store was struck by lightning and a clerk instantly killed.

The Dissolution of Parliament.

LONDON, June 21.—Parliament will be prorogued Friday. The dissolution will take place Saturday.

How long has Brown been married, Charles? "Didn't know he was married at all; don't believe he is, either." "Yes, he is; I noticed him turn pale when the clock struck 11."

Miss Blanche—Wouldn't you say, Mr. Bowstring, that Mr. Highnote has a false set of teeth? "No, I don't know, Miss Blanche, that I should say quite that; but I know that he has a false set of teeth."—Lowell Citizen.

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The Ninety-first term begins September 9th, 1886. For circulars containing full particulars apply to the Rector.

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UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Summer Session begins
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Closes Sept. 1st. Terms, payable in advance.

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Junior Class (fee)	50 00
Senior Class (fee)	50 00
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JOHN MANNING, Prof.

may 26tdm.

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