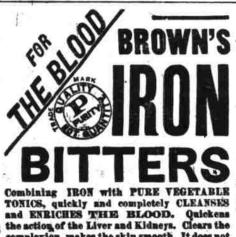
RALEIGH. N. C. SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1886.



This powder never varies. A marvel of urity, strength and wholesomeness. More conomical than ordinary kinds and cannot be old in competition with the multitude of low est, short weight, alum or phot phate powders old only in caus. Royal Baking Powds o., 103 Wall Street, New York.
Sold by W C & A B Stronach, George T



the action of the Liver and Kidneys. Clears the complexion, makes the skin smooth. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce con-stipation—ALL OTHER IRON MEDICINES DO. Physicians and Druggists everywhere recommend it,

Physicians and Druggists everywhere recommend it,
Dn. N. S. RUGGLES, of Marion, Mass., says: "I
recommend Brown's Iron Bitters as a valuable tonic
for enriching the blood, and removing all dyspeptic
symptoms. It does not hurt the teeth."
DE. R. M. DELEELL, Reynolds, Ind., says: "I
have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of
ansemia and blood diseases, also when a tonic was
needed, and it has proved thoroughly astisfactory."
Ms. Wm. BYRMS, 26 St. Mary St., New Orleans, La.,
says: "Brown's Iron Bitters relisived me in a cases
of blood poisoning, and I beartily commend it to
those needing a blood purifier.
Ms. W. W. MONAHAN, Theonumbia, Ala., says: "I
have been troubled from childhood with Impure
Blood and a ruption on my face—two bottles of
Brown's Iron Bitters effected a perfect cure. I
cannot speak too highly of this valuable medicine."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MR.

We have the pleasure to announce a new departure; the location of an agent in New fork, for the purchase and selection of our stock, in order to enable us to quote lower prices than other houses which buy on long time and ask big prices in these days of panic nd hard times. Our agents are instructed to watch every failure, to look after every house on the verge of bankruptcy and with cash in hand to to buy in the lump, or in lets, every merchandise that we can get at less than value, so that we can mark in plain figures on our bargains prices that have not been named or quoted in this market or any other Thus we are fighting against the old, rotten credit system; for money, for reputation and for the people. This is the music and these are the prices that crowd our store, while other merchants sleep on their counters, mourning the day of disaster and ruin awaiting all who buy on long time; who pay big prices and sell at figures which no people can

Our stock will be replenished this week with some job lots of Umbrellas; Hosiery of all descriptions; great bargains in Paper and Envelopes of all descriptions; ladies' and gen tlemen's Shoes; full assorment of Table Oil

BARGAINS IN GENTLE-MEN'S SHIRTS,

At 78 cents, worth \$1; Knit Undershirts at

We invite an early and repeated visit and inspection. Our stock will be replenished every

Respectfully sulmitted to the cash trad only . y

",)LNEY PURSELL & CO.,

No. 10 East Martin Street.

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

-This is the season of the year when fools fall asleep on the roofs of houses and roll off. This kind of fruit, which is usually overripe, has already begun to drop, and the crop promises to be a large one.

-Rabbits are becoming so abundant in portions of Colorado that it is suggested that the legislature offer a bounty for rabbit scalps, to prevent them from overrunning and laying waste the country.

-It is estimated that British capital invested in the United States amounts to \$176,686,535. This money is in mortgages, cattle, land, mines and manufactures. Some investments pay from 121 to 3 per cent. Some pay nothing.

-The deaths from starvation in Labrador are now estimated at 3,500. This is shocking in the extreme. How slowly to us who are luxuriating in plenty those relief vessels seem to move! How terribly sluggish must be their progress to the men. women and children whe are dving of hunger.

-C. D. Graham, who went through the Niagara whirlpool in a barrel, says he has begun his experiments for going over the Herseshoe falls, and has about finished plans for the barrel. It will be built of two-inch staves, with a cork covering two inches thick. The hammock inside will be shaped more like a ball, and will be more elastic and stronger than was the other hammock. He proposes to get into his barrel and be shoved off one of the bridges across the gorge before going over the falls.

-There is a tree in Mexico called the oily cocoa. Its seed is almost entirely composed of a fatty substance which has sometimes been used in making soap. A quantity of this seed was recently shipped to Europe, and a Stuttgart baker has successfully used the oil as a substitute for lard in making bread and cake. The seed contain 12 per cent more actual grease than ordinory pork lard, and can be kept for months without spoiling. There is said to be a fortune awaiting the man who will go down to Mexico and develop this busiless.

-French statistics just published contain alarming information concerning the increase of crime among children of both sexes. The demoralization of the young idea has already reached a point in France which demands the serious attention of all interested in the future welfare of the country. The number of offenders under 16 years of age has augmented from 2,235 to 5,579 for boys, and from 418 to 908 for girls. From 16 to 21 years of age the number of criminals has increased from 5,936 to 20,489 for boys, and from 1,046 to 2,-839 for girls. The ratio of crime among offenders under age has therefore considerably more than doubled during the past five years. The statistics register for the first time numerous cases of suicide committed by children.

-The town of Abington, Mass., is very much excited over the discovery of an alleged gold, silver and copper-bearing ledge of quartz on its principal street. Speculators are flocking to the spot, anxious to buy land in that vicinity. A Mr Carrigan, who has been a life-long miner of precious metals, has examined the ledge, which, he says, extends east and west for about a quarter of a mile, and being soft could be easily worked Prof. H. C. Hervey, a New York geologist, who made an examination Monday, says that he never saw better indications of gold and silver in his life, and if the land above the ledge can be leased, he promises to start a company at once. He finds indications of silver in large quantities, some copper, sulphur, lead, gold, iron and traces of arsenic. He says the position of the ledge indicates large deposits of the mineral at a depth of about sixty feet, and thinks the deposit may be worked for \$500,000. Monday after noon specimens of peacock ore were found, which is the finest specimen of sulphide of copper, and is very rare in the New England Strtes. A number of geologists and prospectors have examined the ledge, and all speak very enthusiastically of the indications. A single piece of lead and silver dug up Saturday weighs twenty-five pounds.

-Guimpes, chemisettes, plastrons and vests are as much in fashion as ever, and are likely to so continue; made of velvet, surah, foulard, satin, and of many airier fabrics. Etamine, canvas, crepe lisse, and grenadine ruches or frills of lace adorn the neck and sleeves of most summer gowns, but for utility dresses of any sort, like the tailor-made costumes of serge, camel's hair, summer armure, and others of that class, the linen or percale chemisette, with collar and cuffs to match, are more suitably and tidily worn, being far more appropriate to the severe simplicity of the

street or traveling dresses most in vogue. -The Charlotte Democrat says : Sow now some millet or corn in drills, to have green food to cut for milch cows and colts during August and September, when pastures may be getting sere and barren, and the hay and other dry forage is getting slack in the barn. It is a great help all through the late summer, and costs very little. But it requires rich or highly fertilized ground for it. Do not think of succeeding on poor land. If you choose, you may raise a great amount of nice forage for winter by this plan. It is somewhat slow to cut, but it can be cut and weather without serious injury. Those

get hard and woody.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

NEWS

THE SENATE PASSES THE SURPLUS RESOLUTION.

Senator Vance Does Some Very Plain lalking.

WASHINGTON, July 30 -SENATE .-As soon as the reading of the journal was concluded the Senate went into secret session, but the doors were opened in a few minutes and the public business was proceeded with.

On motion of Mr. Pugh the Senate amendments to the House bill to provide for the appointment and compensar to tion of a district judge for the southern district of Alabama were reconsidered and the amendment (section 3) fixing the salaries of all the judges of the district courts at \$5,000 was struck out. Another amendment, that no relative of a United States judge (within the degree of first cousin) shall be appointed to any office or duty in the court of which such judge is a member, was also struck out, the reason for the action in both cases being that the original bill was a local one, while these amendments (offered originally by Mr. Logan) were of a general character.

Mr. Hoar attempted to get up his resolution of yesterday for the appointment of a committee to arrange for the centennial celebration of the adoption four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America (in 1892), but he found that, under the rule, the resolution had gone to the calendar. He therefore offered it again as from himcommittee), and it went over till to-

The Senate at noon resumed the conideration of the surplus resolution. Mr. Hoar continued his speech, interrupted yesterday by Mr. George's question, to which Mr. Jones, of Nevada, replied. He referred to the question asked him yesterday by Mr. George, as to whether he knew any method of compelling the owners of money to put it in circulation. He had answered that question in the negative. His answer, however, applied to banks and individuals. It did not apply to the government. The pending resolution looked

to compelling the government of the United States to pay out the surplus money which was now locked up in the appropriations treasury beyond the reach of the business enterprises of the country. Mr. Vance spoke in support of

the resolution as it came from

the House. It was plain and simple and the plain people of the country, not learned in the technicalities of finance, so regarded it. The question simply was whether the government should pay its debts from the money in hand. That course was the plainest dictate of common sense and old-fashioned honesty. He did not trouble himself to inquire whether the joint resolution would or would not be vote of want-of confidence in the administration. That was an argument unworthy to be addressed to a Senator of the United States, and it was unworthy of the dignity of his position for him to listen to such an argument. To suppose that a Schator would abandon his bonest convictions or suffer himself to be influenced by any considerations other than those affecting the public good was insulting. To suppose that the President desired Senators to be actuated by any other aim in their egislative conduct was not complimentary to him or to the Senate. For himself, he had only inquired as to whether the resolution would promote the general welfare of the people. He was constantly told that this was his administration, that he had helped to put it in power and that as it was the only democratic administration which the country had had for a quarter of a century it was entitled to and should receive his cordial support. That was all very true. The administration was entitled to and should have his best support in all things, but not at the expense of his honest convictins of duty. In other words, he desired to be an honest man as well as a democrat. (Quiet laughter on the Republican side.) He believed that the action of the House in passing the joint resolution (207 to 65) reflected the wishes of the people and he proposed to be obedient to the popular behest. He was therefore in favor

of the resolution as it came from the House, pure and simple, and he was opposed to the amendment, because it increased instead of diminishing the treasury reserve and because it left the treasury, just as now, and that the sec-

Mr. Gorman addressed the Senate in favor of the resolution as amended. The debate was interrupted to permit the announcement of Messrs. Dolph,

North Pacific land forfeiture bill. The debate was resumed and continued by Mr. McPherson in favor of ring company's cotton mills, burning the the amendment proposed by the committee on finance and by Mr. Whitthorne, in favor generally of the House resolu- 000; insurance \$65,000. The loss to tion and particularly in advocacy of the the Old Dominion company is \$15,000; the chancery court. It was purchased bill to restore the proceeds of cotton in covered by insurance. the treasury, and Mr. Call on the silver question generally, but especially against the resolution as amended, and in favor

don it afterwards. Our late summer the treasury, so that it will read:"When, upon it. season is generally very favorable for in the opinion of the President, the pub-curing this kind of forage, and there is lie interests shall require it, he may dicuring this kind of forage, and there is nothing better than both millet and Indian corn, if cut early, before the stalks dian corn, if cut early, before the stalks and woody.

OAKLAND, Ills., July 30.—The heat pend further calls, etc "Mr. Edmunds one time registering 112 in the shade.

OAKLAND, Ills., July 30.—The heat county, July 24th, endorsed Merrimon, Strong and Pruden for the supreme court, and T. G. Skinner for Congress.

OAKLAND, Ills., July 30.—The heat pend further calls, etc "Mr. Edmunds on the county, July 24th, endorsed Merrimon, Strong and Pruden for the supreme court, and T. G. Skinner for Congress.

that the duty of suspending the execution of the law did not belong to the secretary of the treasury and should very rarely belong to the President. On many occasions, however, it had been found necessary to vest in the supreme executive authority power (in emergencies) of suspending the execution of the law or the policy of Congress. But it never had been visted in any subordinate officer, and never ought to be. The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Coke moved to add the following proviso: Provided that such suspension and the reasons therefor shall be reported to Congress within ten days after its next meeting or immediately, if Congress shall be in session. Agreed

The chair laid before the Senate a message from the President, returning, with his objections, an act to authorize the construction of a highway bridge across part of lake Champlain, the objections being that an act for the same purpose was already on the statute book and that he could not discover any excuse or necessity for new legislation on the subject. The message was laid on the table and ordered printed.

Mr. Maxey addred the S nate on the surplus resolution, favoring it as it came from the House. The committee amendment as amended was then agreed to; yeas 37, nays 27

Mr. Sewell moved as an amendment the bill for the receipt of trade dollars of the constitution (in 1889) and the at their face value. Mr. Edmunds moved to lay it on the table. Rejected; 30 to 31. The amendment was then agreed to; yeas 34, nays 29. The joint resolution and amendment were reported to the Senate. The vote was then taken self, (not as the report from the library on the trade dollar amendment and it was agreed to; yeas 33, nays 30. Mr. Gorman moved to lay the joint resolution on the table. Rejected; yeas 50, naps 57. The joint resolution was then passed; yeas 42, nays 20.

The House bill to increase the naval establishment was then taken up, amended and passed. A conference was asked for and Messrs.

Cameron, Hale and McPherson were appointed conferces. Adjourned.

the relief of persons rendered destitute | tents of the report, but tacitly admits by the overflow of the Santee, Peedee | that it substantially confirms the press and Waccamaw rivers, in South Carolina, reports received from Galveston: He which was referred to the committee on In compliance with the arrangement

made yesterday, the House resumed the consideration of the vetoed pension bills, the first being that granting fifty dollars per month to the widow of Gen. David R Hunter. The House refused to pass the bill

over the veto; yeas 111, nays 108; not a constitutional two-thirds in the affirm-

The consideration of the vetoed bills granting pensions to Mary Norman. John W. Farris and David T. Elderkin

was postponed until next session. The House refused to pass over the President's veto, yeas 119, nays 95, (not a constitutional two-thirds in the affirmative) the bill granting a pension to Mary Anderson. This disposed of the vetoed pension bills upon the calendar, and, in accordance with an agreement, the House resumed the consideration of the inter-State commerce bill. The previous question was ordered and the question recurred on the substitute (the Reagan bill) to the Senate bill (the Cullom bill.) The substitute was agreed

to; yeas 133, nays 104. Mr. Baker, of New York, moved to recommit the bill, with instructions to the committee on commerce to report it back amended by the substitution of the Senate bill. Lost; yeas 70, nays 158. The Senate bill as amended by the adoption of the Reagan substitute are the total net receipts of cotwas then passed; yeas 189, nays 41, and a conference was requested.

Mr. Blanchard submitted a conference report on the river and harbor appropriation bill. The reading of the report consumed nearly two hours and no time was left for the reading of the descriptive statement accompanying the report, which is signed by only two of the question of consideration, pending dianola, 781; total, 5,315,431 which the House at 5 o'clock took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of pension

Business Failures.

NEW YORK, July 30 .- The business failures during the last seven days number for the United States 170; Canada 22; total 192; against 184 last week and 183 the week previous. The great whole matter to the secretary of the bulk of the failures are in the middle, eastern and Pacific States, the casualretary had declared again and again ties in New England, New York city that the public debt must be paid in and the South being comparatively

Destructive Fire.

RICHMOND, Va., July 30 -Early this morning the large flouring mills of Teller and Cockrell as conferees on the Buck & Hoff, in Manchester, were totally destroyed by fire. The flames extended to the Old Dominion manufactutwo upper stories of that establishment. Buck & Hoff's loss is estimated at \$75,-

The Oleomargarine Bill.

Washington, July 30 .- The attorney shocked in the field, and if well set and of leaving the whole matter in the general has returned the eleomargarine fastened will stand a great deal of bad hands of the secretary of the treasury. bill to the President, with his report Mr. Edmunds moved to amend the thereon. It is expected that the Presiand sowing corn for forage seldom aban- substituting president for secretary of secretary Fairchild before he acts of Gerge A. Jenks, to be solicitor-gen- on the treatles will be resumed next

Intense Heat.

STARVATION.

THE DREADFUL STORY OF SUFFER-ING AND DEATH

Which Comes From Far Away Labrador and Newfoundland.

Boston, Mass., July 30.—A St. John's, N. F. special to the Advertiser says: Hergenatis Ter, one of the Esquimaux who arrived here on the Nancy Barrett from Okkak, Labrador, deficiency bill have not had a meeting, says that the population of that settlement was once nearly 130; yet when he left with his wife not a soul remained. Early in March food gave out. Every drop of oil and bite of sealskin was utilized and at rare intervals a bear was killed, but finally the supplies were quite exhausted On June 3 they had eaten nothing for six days and goaded by hunger they feasted upon corpses of several whites and a few Indians that had been killed by the cold. When one of their own party died the body was cut open, the entrails were taken out and the remainder was frozen up for use. From this food terrible dysentery set in among the survivors, and July 1st there were but sixteen persons left alive, the bodies of over twenty having been eaten. The sixteen survivors started down the coast in a sledge drawn by dogs, the only living creatures left them, their ponies having been sacrificed to appease hunger long before. When about twenty-four miles from cape Mugford a heavy snow storm set in. While the party were endeavoring to find their way they were attacked by white bears to the number of twentyfive or thirty, which killed all of the party but two, the survivors being among the number at cape Mugford.

Those Outrageous Mexicans.

THEY HANG AN AMERICAN CITIZEN. WASHINGTON, July 30 .- The secretary of State has received a report from United States consul Lynn in regard to the case of Francisco Rasures, a naturalized American citizen who was surrondered to the police authorities at Piedras Negras, Mexico, as a horse Mr. Smalls, of South Carolina, offered thief, and summarily executed by them. resolution appropriating \$100,000 for | The secretary-refuses to disclose the conhas directed a thorough investigation

to be made of all the facts in the case An Agreement on the River and Har-Washington, July 30 .- The conferces on the river and harbor appropriation bill have reached an agreement

on the bill and a report will be presented to the House this afternoon. The Hennepin canal clause remains in the bill, with modifications providing for the acceptance by the government of the Illinois and Michigan canal and a survey of the line of the Hennepin canal. The Potomac flats, New York harbor and other items of imporrance are conceded by the House conferees. No cut is made

\$20,000.

in items of the appropriation of less than

New York Cotton Futures. NEW YORK, July 30 .- Green & Co.'s report on cotton futures says that with a reduced effort to liquidate August the market was quieter and the close a fraction easier. On the whole, however, a fairly steady undertone was developed, owing, in great measure, to the closing of the Liverpool market until Tuesday next, and the absence of selling orders. Even the room scalpers appeared indifferent about taking the chances.

Total Net Receipts.

NEW YORK, July, 30 .- The following ton at all the ports since September 1, 1885: Galveston, 496,797; New Orleans, 1,726,542; Mobile, 246,853; Savannah, 797,600; Charleston, 501,489; Wilmington, 100,915; Norfolk, 562, 231; Baltimore, 89,880; New York, 64,300; Boston, 183, 151; Newport News, 40,071; Philadelphia, 52,913; WestPoint, 225,205; Brunswick, 16,252; Port the House conferees. Mr. Hatch raised Royal, 12,313; Pensacola, 19,216; In-

Storm-Swept Towns.

LIMA, O, July 30 .- Allentown and Vaughansville, Allen county, Ohio, are reported to have been swept away by a storm today. Many persons were killed and injured.

Columbus, ()., July 30 .- A terrific rain and wind-storm passed over this city at 2 p. m. A portion of the roof of the union depot was blown down Several are reported injured.

omparative Cotton Statement. NEW YORK, July 30 .- The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending July 29: 1886. Net receipts at U. S. ports, 8,314 Total receipts to date, 5,333,395 4,694,803 Exports for the week, Total exports to date, 4,217,603 3,829,619 Stock at all U. S. ports, Stock at all interior towns,

Stock at Liverpool,

eral.

For Great Britain, A Newspaper Sale. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 30 .- The Daily and Weekly Chronicle, of this city, was sold yesterday by order of for \$7,600 by R. W. Austin, repre-

233,167 214,481

21,087 9,566 596,000 **25**1,00

newspaper. Confirmed as Solicitor-General. Washington, D. C., July 30 .- The

The democratic convention of Tyrrell

Washington News.

APPOINTMENT.

THE SUNDRY CIVIL BILL-MR. MAURY

WASHINGTON, July 30 .- The conferees on the sundry civil bill discussed that measure for two hours last night and then postponed further conference until tonight. The Senate amendments increase the total appropriations over two million dollars. The increase is divided up among some 250 amendments, which fact involves considerable work in the conference The conferees on the but will probably get together tonight. Probably fifteen minutes will suffice to the House appropriations committee is concerned, as it is only necessary to go through the formation of reporting back the disagreement as to the Senate amendment, with a request for a conference. The committee will not be called together for that purpose, however, before tomorrow afternoon, so that it is doubtful if a confera secret session this morning Senator VanWyck offered a resolution providopen doors The resolution will be con-

sidered when the treaty comes up. The secret session lasted only a few minutes, but the galleries, the upper corridors and the committee rooms were cleared of all their occupants; at least all but one -a stranger who seemed to have been overlooked. During the secret session this gentleman innocently walked into the gallery. He was appalled by the warning gesticulations of the Senate officials on the floor and backed out very hastily. He has not since been seen about the building.

Mr. Butler introduced in the Senate and asked for immediate consideration of a joint resolution providing for one

Mr. Edmunds objected to its immediate consideration and it was referred to the committee on contingent expenses.

The President today nominated Dabney H. Maury, of Virginia, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to the United States of Colombia.

Notes of the Crops. The Wadesboro Intelligencer says: The past week has been a perfectly glorious force is now at work on the bridge one for the farmers, and with the ener | across Brushy creek. In October it is cotton and corn fields, has changed materially for the better. They have killed many a good bale of hay, and cropthat were not swept away by the floods in the bottom lands will make much more than was expected, and the wolf has fled from the door. Corn bread, however, will be the main stake, as the wheat crop is undoubtedly short by half an average crop.

The Pittsboro Home says: The ground is hard and dry, and vegetation is beginning to suffer. Corn will be cut short very soon, if no rain comes to

The Greensboro Watchmen says: Corn has in some places been drowned out while in other places, notably in Orange and Alamance counties, along the hillsides and ridges, you can easily sec that the yield must be very heavy.

The Greene county Enterprise says The crops have very much improved in the past week, and the farmers are more cheerful. With good seasons from now until the fall it is thought that there will be about an average crop of both cotton and corn made in Greene county this year.

The Industrial School.

Baltimore Manufacturers' Record. Raleigh has been selected as the location for the industrial school to be established by the State of North Carolina. The decision of the board to put this school into operation without any further delay is a very wise step. The South needs industrial schools, and every one that is established adds to the prosperity of its pouple. With the rapid development of industrial interests there is an increasing demand for young men of good technical education. Unless the

South makes provision for propering her own people for such work the demand must be supplied from other sections. The full importance of preparing the rising generation for the thousands of openings for profitable employment that the industrial de-

velopment of the South is making, ought to fully impressed upon the business men of that section. The young men of the South have a wide field of employment opening be fore them, but training is needed to enable them to fill the most responsible positions, or else they will only b

'hewers of wood and drawers of water,'

while others reap the benefits of thor-

ough technical education. It will be only a few weeks before the shrill whistle of the locomotive will wake up Pittsboro. The grading was retarded by the frequent and heavy

rains during June and half of July, but is now being pushed rapidly. The Record says the two gangs of convicts will meet in a few days, and all the road will have been graded except the last mile, which will take three or four weeks longer. The track is laid a dissenting a new company. Its publicatance of five miles and will be laid heretion will be continued as a republican after much more rapidly than heretofore, as cross-ties are being obtained more conveniently. A large force of men is cutting ties, and it is hoped that there will be no further trouble about who once try green sailing in summer amendment to the surplus resolution by dent will also obtain the views of acting Senate today confirmed the nomination obtaining an abundant supply. Work W. H. Ellis.

CHOICE WINES. - The best wines of the

Monday.

CURRENCY.

A merchant alone in a desolate store Sang "Willow, tit-willow, tit-willow!" I said to him, "Why are you pacing the floor Singing 'Willow, tit-willow, tit-willow?" Alas!" he replied, as he smothered his

cries,
"I thought it was nonsense to advertise, And now I've no custom at all but the flies,

Oh! willow, tit-willow, tit-willow!" The jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty." His honor said, admonishingly, to the prisoner: "After this you ought to keep away from bad company." "Yes, your honor, you will not see me here again in a hurry."

"Here is a list of books to take to the dispose of the fortifications bill so far as | mountains or seaside," remarked Mr. Snooper, looking up from his paper, "and they have actually omitted the most important book of all." "What book have they omitted?" asked Mrs. Snooper. "The pocket book."

A stranger who was trying to dispose of some shares in a silver mine was lately arrested at Rome, Georgia, as a swindler. When taken before a ence can be ordered before Monday. In- justice of the peace he proved by market quotations that his stock was selling at 95, while he had only asked ing that the extradition treaty with 93. "Can't help that, sir," replied his Great Britain shall be considered swith | bonor. "Any stock which isn't worth slap up 100 cents on the dollar is a swindle in Georgia. I'll bind you over for trial."-Wall Street News.

The March of Improvement.

The Greensboro Workman says: Two ew cotton mills, one at Company Shops, the other at Haw River, rising up into the air and sunshine, and bravepushed on towards the finishing point, add two new notes to the "Song of the Shirt' by way of a more cheering refrain.

The Shelby Aurora says : The splerdid iron bridge on the Carolina Central extension at the First Broad river has been completed and the track laid bemonth's extra pay of certain employees of the Senate and House.

yound the river. The bridge is a great piece of work, six hundred feet long and eighty feet high, one of the finest bridges in the State The character of the work done is the best evidence that the Carolina Central has come to stay. For some years now this road has been improving its road-bed and track, preparatory to making a great thoroughfare, and the day is not far distant, we think, when it will become a great through line between the Atlantic coast and the northwest. The assured the train will run to Ruther

-The striking mania seems to have spread to the antipodes. The back drivers of Bombay, India, struck on the 1ss of June because the local authorities issued an order requiring every back driver to wear a belt displaying his number. As the belt exposed the wearer to derision, the drivers went out for a day, when a truce was declared.

Rev. Joe Munday, a rival of Sam. Jones as an evangelist, is a native of Statesville, and he is engaged in a great meeting at that place. The services are hold in an arbor, and are attended by great crowds. Munday is a Baptist.

Bucklin's Anecar Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts,
Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Sait Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chitblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by

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RALEIGH, N. C.

Gold and Silver Watches, American and Imported. Real and imitation Diamond Jew-

elry. 18 karat Wedding and Engagement Rings, any size and weight. Sterling Silver-Ware for Bridal Presents.

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A SPECIALTY.

Spectacles and Eye-glasses in Gold, Silver, Steel, Rubber and Shell Frames, Lenses. white and tinted, in endless varieties.

Seals for Lodges, Corporations, etc. | Also Badges and Medals for Schools and Societies

Mail orders promptly attended to. Goods sent on selection to any part of the State.

Old Gold and Silver in small and large

uantities taken as cash.

PURITY! PURITY!! Is desirable in all things but demanded in Dont imp ir your health by using adulterated lard, even if it does cost a little less.

CASSARD'S PURE LARD Is for sale by the following leading grocers and recommended by them to be the best,

E. J. Hardin, Wyatt & Co., Jno. R. Terrell, W. B. Mann & Co. J. R. Ferrall & Co., Norris & Newman, W. C. Upchurch,

N.V. Denton.
Aiso CASSARD'S MILD CURED HAMS
and BREAKFAST STRIPS, which are Un-

surpassed.
Note-This list will be corrected weekly,