

Daily one year, mail, postpaid, \$7.00
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Weekly, one year, " " 1.75
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No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after the expiration of time paid for.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 24, 1886.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

- FOR CONGRESS:
1st Dist., Louis C. Latham, of Pitt.
2d " Charles W. McClammy, of Pender.
3d " John W. Graham, of Marion.
4th " John W. Reid, of Rockingham.
5th " Alfred Rowland, of Robeson.
6th " John S. Henderson, of Rowan.
7th " W. H. E. Johnson, of Wilkes.
8th " W. H. E. Johnson, of Buncombe.
9th " J. P. Graves, of Surry.
FOR THE SUPERIOR COURT BENCH:
3rd Dist., H. G. Conroy, of Wilson.
4th " Walter Clark of Wake.
5th " E. T. Boykin, of Sampson.
6th " W. J. Montgomery, of Cabarrus.
7th " J. P. Graves, of Surry.
8th " A. C. Avery, of Burke.
9th " J. H. Morrison, of Buncombe.
FOR THE SOLICITORSHIP:
1st Dist., J. H. Blount, of Perquimans.
2d " D. W. Gibson, of Martin.
3d " Swift Howell, of Wayne.
4th " J. A. Long, of Durham.
5th " O. H. Allen, of Duplin.
6th " Frank B. Hill, of Rockingham.
7th " B. F. Long, of Iredell.
8th " R. B. Glenn, of Forsyth.
9th " W. H. E. Johnson, of Buncombe.
10th " F. L. Johnson, of Guilford.
11th " G. S. Ferguson, of Haywood.

To Delegates to the Democratic State Convention:
Arrangements have been made with the several railroads of the State to sell return tickets at reduced rates to and from the convention, to be good for the week.

R. H. BATTLE, Chairman.
Democratic papers will please print the above.
Raleigh, N. C., August 10.

NOTICE.

The Democratic delegates to the 2d congressional district convention are hereby notified to meet at Wilson, September 1st, at 4 p. m. to nominate a candidate for Congress and appoint an executive committee for the district. The Democratic papers within said district will please copy.

R. B. PEEBLES, Ch'm Dem. Ex. Com. 2d Cong. Dis.

SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

The Democratic convention of the second judicial district is called to meet at Weldon, September 2d, at 3 o'clock p. m. A candidate for solicitor is to be nominated and an executive committee for the district to be appointed. Democratic papers in the district, named will please copy.

THE STATE CONVENTION.

We are authorized to state that the Democratic State convention will meet, as heretofore announced, at 12 m., Wednesday, the 25th inst.

Mr. GILDER has finally shaken off the shackles put upon him by a former flame and started for the North pole. He proposes now in very spite not only to find the pole but to bring it back with him to be used for circus tents or other purposes.

The deposition of Prince Alexander, of Bulgaria, will bring about serious complications. It will possibly precipitate the European conflict which the world has felt was imminent for some time. The exact status of international affairs across the water can rarely be guessed at but we have little doubt now that we shall soon have stirring news from beyond the Atlantic.

The Asheville Citizen rather laughs at the idea that there is antagonism between itself and its city neighbor the Advance. Yet the Citizen is a sterling democratic journal, able, zealous, and a power for good, while the Advance advocates the election to Congress of a candidate who has come out on his own hook to oppose the democratic nominee. If this state of things does not argue antagonism the absolutely blind see and the deaf hear.

The details of the destruction wrought in Texas by the winds and the waves are frightful. We of North Carolina should never cease to be thankful that we live in a land free comparatively from the dread phenomena that sweep away lives and fortunes in a moment. We should be encouraged, too, and go on with renewed energy in the pleasant way that has fallen to us to make our State more and more prosperous and happy.

New York's Mr. Flynn has, through a World reporter, made a wholesale denial of all the many charges against him. He says he has no interest in any contracts connected with the city government, that he is willing to have his firm's books examined and that, in short, he has made no money through politics whatever. Unfortunately appearances are very much against Mr. Flynn, very much.

Mr. F. B. THURBER, of Messrs. Thurber, Whyland & Co., of New York, one of the best business men and closest observers in the country, writes to a leading merchant of this city as follows: "There are many encouraging signs of a general revival of business throughout the country. We may not have a great business boom, but it is certain that the next year or two will see a steady improvement and quite possibly a big boom. Things have been depressed now for three or four years, and for well known reasons: we must every now and then have a prosperous period as well as one of depression. No man can tell to a certainty precisely when this will begin, but intelligent observation will give some indication of it." We give these views for the reason that they are intrinsically valuable in encouraging, and for the additional reason that they coincide with views we have ourselves expressed heretofore.

THE REPUBLICAN ROW.

Elsewhere will be seen how the republican kettle of fish boils and splutters and stews. The circular from the once fine hand of chairman Mott and the reply from malcontent Harris which we print make mighty interest reading. The cohesive power of public plunder having been removed, the brethren decidedly do not dwell together in unity. They seek indeed each other's political gore and crack skulls among themselves in a way that would have done credit to Donnybrook. They claw at each other with the energy of the Kilkenny cats and it takes no special powers of prophecy to see that their end will be like that of the famous felines and will soon be attained.

"Whom the Gods wish to destroy they first make mad" and the early extinction forever of the republican party in North Carolina having been decreed, the dissatisfied remnants of the party are set upon each other in frenzy. They will soon complete their work of mutual destruction and their official misdeeds, excesses and corruption will remain but memory to haunt our liberty-loving, honest and unpretending people. The fact should spur us up to greater vigilance, to a thorough trial of the armor we bear, to a test of our weapons, lest we be lulled to sleep by a sense of security—that danger that has so often proved the undoing of men. Let us keep up our watch and see that every democrat holds his place in the ranks. Let the funds of our adversaries teach us the value of a firm and unbroken front and let the disappearance in confusion of the party we have so long fought to lead us to hold in still higher reverence the immortal democratic principles which we profess and which, properly maintained, are inviolable.

THE NOMINATION IS THE NINTH.

The Democrats of the ninth district yesterday nominated by acclamation for Congress, Hon. Thomas D. Johnston, who has already represented the district on the floor of the Federal House with credit to himself and advantage to his people. He has also proven himself an earnest, able democrat and a Congressman of whom the whole country might well be proud. Hence the acclamation is deserved fully. Mr. Johnston was the first democratic mayor Asheville had after the war. He was elected in 1870 to the lower house of the legislature and was designated as one of the managers of the impeachment of Holden. He was a candidate for elector on the Greeley ticket in 1872; was re-elected to the State legislature in 1872; declined a third election in 1874; was elected to the State senate from the Buncombe district in 1876 and to the present congress two years ago, defeating his republican opponent by a handsome majority. He is a fine campaigner, ready and fluent and difficult to "down". He will without doubt again bear the democratic banner to victory in his district and return to Washington to work with greater effect, because with fuller experience, for the benefit of the people he represents and of the country at large. We congratulate the transmontane on this choice.

The Asheville Advance says it is free to do as it pleases, "which nobody will deny," and then proceeds to show what it pleases to do by coming out squarely in support of Maj. Malone, the independent candidate for Congress from its district. We regret to see our contemporary fall headlong into the pit of destruction from which we warned it. "As it has made its bed, however, so it must lie, and when it gnashes its teeth in the bitterness of despair at the defeat of its hopes, there will be no consolation in the thought that it left a party of principles to advocate the cause of one man bound to be unsuccessful in his race for Congress from the very outset. Farewell, a long farewell to all the usefulness of the Advance. In becoming the organ of a single man and he politically neither fish, flesh nor fowl, the Advance has decidedly gone backward. As the Malone Advance we place it sadly alongside the Charlotte Jones-servant, already laid on the shelf by patriotic men everywhere.

We elsewhere print a very just and timely reference to the purity, ability and faithfulness of the superior court judges of the State from the columns of the Yadkin Valley News. Our contemporary shows clearly that no people are more highly blessed than we in the respect referred to. The fact is subject for congratulation, since nothing is more important to the whole people than a wise and incorruptible judiciary, and it should tend to make us give that encouragement and support to the courts which are their due. Let us not fail in appreciation of the self-sacrificing labors of our judges, but rather let us do all that is possible to lighten those labors and to make the reward that is given more nearly adequate to the work that is done.

That story of ill-luck from Moore county is hard to beat. Two men agree to swap wives. One gives the other \$1.50 to boot. The man who gets the boot runs off with both wives and the party of the first part is in jail, minus money, minus wife and minus sympathy. No wonder the judge who passed upon the case smiled as he heard the evidence. The state of morals that made the swap possible preaches its own sermon.

We gather from the Asheville Citizen that there is no antagonism between the Advance and that paper; and are informed by the Advance that "it is an independent paper and that it is not hampered by the influence of rings and bosses." We note that whenever a man who was once a democrat proposes to become a "gynecautus" he begins to talk about "rings and bosses." The crop of "gynecautus" is unusually large this season, but will be cut and duly cured early in November.

The Republican Row.

BLASTS AND COUNTER-BLASTS. The State executive committee decided on the 11th inst. to call no State convention this year. An address is in course of preparation, containing the reasons of the committee for this course of action, and will be published in a few days.

Certain parties in the State professing to dissent from the views of the committee, have taken it upon themselves to call a convention and are distributing a paper for that purpose. They say their convention is for the purpose of "electing a new State committee," and "to take into consideration the nomination of candidates."

Now my purpose in sending out this letter in advance of the regular address of the committee is to prevent the misleading tendencies sought to be made by these opponents of the committee's action. So far as heard from, and members of the committee heard from most of them, there was but one voice among the signers of this convention call, and that was against putting out a ticket; they only wanted to elect a new committee to preserve a legal organization of the party.

The committee took the ground that it was not necessary to hold a convention for this purpose, that it had the legal right to postpone the calling of a convention for two years more, and that the legal organization of the party would not be affected by it. There are plenty of precedents for this, and there is no doubt about the legality of it. The committee cares nothing for its own perpetuation and only thought of the propriety of nominating a ticket. It was unanimous on this point. Even the member Mr. Bledsoe who voted for a convention, was opposed to putting out a ticket. The members of the committee took into consideration aid with due difference that large class of patriotic republicans who want a ticket to vote. But being in a position as they believed, to understand the situation, they felt that this was not the time, and their explanation will be given in the forth coming address. Those present who are now promoters of this convention call being of the same opinion, namely that no ticket should be nominated, of course but the more confirmed the committee against a convention.

The committee was careful to give time and opportunity to the party to express itself as to the call of a convention. It did get a very large expression of such opinion against a convention, and a very small expression in favor of it. It asked for the will of the party. It was plain, honest and straightforward in all it did, and the members believe it did what the party wished, and they had no doubt the unselfish patriots of the party think so, whether they all agree with them or not, and that they will treat these mischief-makers, this rump concern that can bring nothing but trouble to the party, as it deserves.

The Greensboro North State editorials attempt to make believe that some members of the executive committee have urged against calling a convention, for fear the "Keogh faction of the party might capture it." This is the Greensboro paper's own manufacture to get attention to Mr. Keogh. The man who in the Convention of '82 by reason of his attempt to disrupt the party was held in such disfavor that he could not sufficiently command its attention to even make a motion, is no terror to this committee. The man who since '79 has lost no opportunity to promote discord in the party ranks, and to secretly stab the party in all its contests, can excite nobody as to the power he would wield in any authoritative convention of the honest Republicans of North Carolina. They know him too well. He can only flourish in a side-show, and he can only procure one by deceiving the people with the idea that he wants to have a ticket to vote for.

The committee will say in its address that the congressional, judicial, senatorial and county executive committees are not interfered with in any way by the State committee, but are left to do as they wish about conventions and organizations. Let nobody be deceived. Very respectfully, J. J. Morr, Ch'm.

To the Republicans of North Carolina

A SCORCHING REPLY TO THE CIRCULAR LETTER OF DR. J. J. MOTT. OF THE NEWS AND OBSERVER. RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 25, 1886.

The above circular letter of J. J. Mott, who signs himself chairman, dated August 19th, 1886, is intended to be a reply to the address and call for a republican State convention to be held in Raleigh, on Wednesday, September 22d, next, as issued and signed by myself and eleven other republicans.

This self-constituted chairman says his purpose in sending out his circular letter is to prevent the misleading tendencies sought to be made by those opposed to the action of the late republican State committee in refusing to call a State convention. The misleading tendencies, I presume, are intended to refer to the nomination of candidates for judges of the supreme and superior courts; and the fact is dwelt upon that those favoring a convention are opposed to the nomination of a State judicial ticket. The defunctus chairman then draws the conclusion from his own peculiar manner of acting and reasoning that the republicans of the State are to be induced to attend the State convention for the purpose of nominating a ticket, and after the delegates reach Raleigh no ticket will be nominated. I quote from the address and call for a convention as follows:

"Therefore, with this view of the law, and for the purpose of preserving the organization of the republican party, the undersigned request the republicans of the several counties to hold conventions strictly under the plan of organization and elect delegates and alternates to a republican State convention, to be held in the city of Raleigh, Wednesday, September 22, 1886, to elect a new State committee, to take into consideration the nomination of candidates for chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court, and for judges of the superior court, and for the transaction of such other business as the convention may adjudge for the best interests of the party."

The work of the convention, when assembled, is explicitly stated to be the election of a new State convention. The plan of organization authorizes no discretion in this matter. The official head of the party "shall be biennially elected at a State convention, shall choose one of their number chairman, and shall elect a secretary who is not a member, who shall reside at Raleigh." So that when the convention meets, a State committee must be elected, and when the party law has been complied with in this respect, the transaction of any and all other business will then be in the sound discretion of the delegates present. Whatever may be the opinion of myself and the other signers of the call for a convention as to the wisdom of nominating a State judicial ticket, we had no more right to limit and restrict the convention to the election of a new State committee, than the defunctus official chairman and his committee had to willfully violate the organic law of the party by refusing to call a State convention. When assembled Wednesday, the 22d day of September next, the republican State convention will then "take into consideration the nomination of candidates for chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court, and for judges of the superior court," and "the transaction of such other business as the convention may adjudge for the best interests of the party." And it may of service to the delegates to inform him that the delegates who will assemble in Raleigh in State republican convention on the 22d of September next, will be men spontaneously selected by the republicans of their counties, because of their ability and known integrity to the principles of the party. They will not be selected because they are red-legged and wear the halter of the ex-revenue ring, to be brought to Raleigh by assessments made on them by the ring bosses, to do the bidding of the ring master and his assistants, in like manner as trained monkeys in the circus ring. Republican State conventions, made up in part of such material, no doubt under protest by many delegates, and managed in this way, have been held in Raleigh since 1876. It is certain that no convention of like kind will ever again assemble in North Carolina. The despotism of the Internal revenue ring, which existed in this State from 1879 to March 4, 1885, was vulgarly arrogant, had no respect for the opinion of the republican masses, wielded its power more autocratically than the Czar of Russia, and acted upon the principle that the republican voters had no principles or wishes that this spawn of a vicious and infernal system was bound to respect. The signers of the convention call do not intend to be guilty of such conduct. They could not if they would. They have no hundreds of men under and dependent upon them for their offices and the consequent support of wives and families derived therefrom. Therefore, they cannot lay a ring around the necks of these men and let them dictate to their slightest wishes must be implicitly obeyed under pain of instant discharge. Such has been the notorious conduct of the republican revenue ring of this State, composed of it was of not more than a dozen men. Its leader since 1880, has been Dr. John J. Mott. A man better fitted for the place could not have been selected. Bold and aggressive—considering at all times the end justifies the means—rudely impatient of judgment differing from his, and never tolerating the thwarting of his will: such a man is (ex-chairman Mott). Of such material the tyrants of history were made. But it would be well for the ex-chairman to understand that the Republicans of the State are Free Men once more. They know their rights and knowing dare maintain them.

The second point made by the ex-chairman is that the late republican State committee had the legal right to postpone the calling of a State convention for two years more, and that there are plenty of precedents for this course. The reader will examine the plan of organization again and again without finding any authority whatever for this mere assertion of the ex-leader. If there are plenty of precedents why not cite just one. Not one is quoted in the circular letter of the revenue Czar. It cannot be said that the action of the republican committee of the State of New York in refusing to call a convention is a precedent for the action of the late committee of this State. In New York the Republican State convention of last year specially conferred the authority upon their State committee not to call a convention this year if they did not deem it advisable to do so. It will not be contended that any such power was conferred by the republican State convention of May, 1884, and it does not exist either expressly or by implication anywhere in the plan of organization.

And a very small expression of opinion in favor of it. It asked for the will of the party. It was plain, honest and straightforward in all it did, and the members believe they did what the party wished, and they have no doubt the unselfish patriots of the party think so, whether they all agree with them or not, and that they will treat these mischief-makers, this rump concern, that can bring nothing but trouble to the party, as it deserves.

The late expression of opinion against a convention. Mr. Gilbert, the secretary, says only one letter against convention was read in committee meeting and that was from Mr. A. M. Moore. The secretary also says that there was a letter advising the call of a convention and the nomination of a State ticket from Mr. J. W. Hardin, of Graham, that chairman Mott did not permit to be read at the meeting on the 10th inst. The secretary says further that he has no other letters in his possession touching the subject of a convention.

As to the honesty of the committee, such Republicans as are familiar with the unparalleled outrage perpetrated upon the republicans of this State in 1880, when sixteen of the twenty delegates to the national republican convention at Chicago, were obtained by the State committee under the lead of Dr. Mott, by suppressing the voice of the republican masses, and were persistently voted against the greatest hero of modern times at Chicago in 1880; and such republicans as know of and remember the close corporation that existed in 1881, with chairman Mott as its leader in this State, to give the twenty votes to Mr. Arthur because Mr. Arthur was their opinion; and in view of the manipulation of the State in 1888, and the trading in delegates to the next national republican convention of that year, in the light of past events, that opinion cannot be a mystery to the ordinary observer.

Having discovered that other republicans have opinions and are prepared to assert and enforce them, in opposition to his judgment, the ex-chairman chooses to denounce the signers of the convention call as a "rump-concern, that can bring nothing but trouble to the party." This exhibition of blather-skite by the ex-chairman is perfectly harmless, and the use of such coarse language is conclusive evidence that the writer was provokingly in need of precedent, authority, and argument, to sustain the false position he has taken.

"That the signers to the convention call can bring nothing but trouble to the party," is a huge assertion without the testimony of a single witness to support it. On this line it is easy to prove by the election returns that J. J. Mott when actually and legally chairman of the republican State committee, was not capable of winning success for the republican party. In 1882, Dockery would have been elected over Barnett and the lower house of the legislature would have contained a republican majority, but for the same demagoguing and arbitrary spirit that now prevails, and which in 1882 lost the republicans 4,000 votes in the counties composing the fifth congressional district, and which refused the republicans of that collection district their undoubted privilege of having a collector who was the choice of nine-tenths of the republicans, and which foisted upon the republicans of that district a man who was mainly the choice of a gentleman somewhat prominent in national politics and who resided in Mansfield, Ohio. Keeping pace with Father Time brings us to the election of 1884, when the majority against York was 17,000, being 4,000 larger than that counted against the gallant Settle in 1876, and nearly three times larger than that counted against the pure and incorruptible Buxton in 1880. From a few hundreds against Dockery to 17,000 against York, within twenty-four months, is proof as strong as figures can make it, that the engineer and promoter of such an increase of Democratic majorities "can bring nothing but trouble to the party," so long as he is permitted to occupy the chair of leadership.

The ex chairman says "the committee will say in its address that the congressional, judicial, senatorial, and county executive committees are not interfered with in any way by the State committee, but are left to do as they wish about conventions and organizations. Let nobody be deceived."

And in order to preserve the organization of the party in all its parts, the republicans intend to have a rousing State convention in Raleigh, the 22d of September next, and elect a new State committee, and execute such other business as may commend itself to the impartial judgment of the convention. And when the convention has adjourned no one will be deceived by the results of its deliberations.

In the meantime, it is proper to say that those who are in favor of a convention are fighting under the old flag to prevent the destruction of the party by disbanding the organization in the face of the enemy as they are now taking position on the field of battle, and against those who are trying to disrupt the party, and who propose to make no contest at a time when our prospects are better than at any period since 1872. Already, a convention is fully assured. Letters to this effect are being received every day from leading republicans in the different counties. Keep the ball rolling and the last vestige of the late revenue ring will be ground to dust and scattered to the four winds of heaven to dominate no more in the councils of the republican party.

J. C. L. HARRIS

EXCITEMENT IN TEXAS.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of J. K. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills; by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh thirty-six pounds. Trial Bottles of this Great Discovery for Consumption free at all drug stores.

North Carolina Judges.

The judiciary of our State has, with few exceptions, always had and deserved the respect of the people; but very few of our own citizens properly appreciate the learning and ability of our superior court judges who are now presiding in our courts.

It is a fact not generally known—not even thought probable—that we have now on the superior court bench in North Carolina the ablest corps of judges of any State in the Union. This is no idle assertion, but is capable of proof as full as can be made in such matters, offered us in the report of the American bar association. That highly intelligent body appointed a committee of the very ablest lawyers in the United States, David D. Field and John F. Dillon being of the number, "to consider and report whether the present delay and uncertainty in judicial administration can be lessened, and if so, by what means." Their report discloses the fact that there is greater certainty and less delay in North Carolina than in any other State. It appears that in some of the States one-half of the cases carried up by appeal to the supreme court are reversed when reviewed, in some one-third; while in our own State, to the credit of our superior court judges, only one case in six carried up to the supreme court by appeal is reversed. This is taking an average of all the cases. Of course there are good judges and better judges; it is not our purpose to say which is the ablest.

When we remember that even the lawyers who lose do not question the correctness of the ruling of the judge in more than one case out of ten, it seems that our superior court judges are right in fifty-nine out of every sixty rulings that they make. If, then, we recall the incidents of the several trials in court and recount the many objections, exceptions and points made in each case, upon which the judge has to rule on the spur of the moment without time to consult authorities or even for deliberate consideration, the accuracy and scope of learning must be such as to commend our judges to the people. And if new judges are needed for the supreme court, the very best men may be found among the able and well trained jurists now on the superior court bench.

"The Slough of Despondency" in which you are wallowing, on account of some of those diseases peculiar to you, and which have robbed you of the rosé of health, and made life a burden to you, can be easily got out of. Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" will free you from such troubles, and soon recall the elasticity of health to your cheek, and the elasticity to your step. It is a most perfect specific for all the weaknesses and irregularities peculiar to your sex. It cures indigestion, diarrhoea, "internal fever," bearing-down sensations, removes the tendency to catarrhs of the bladder, and corrects all unnatural discharges, B. druggists.

A wheel belt in a mill in Mecklenburg county, broke, knocked the wheel off the mill and seriously hurt Henry Rogers, a freeman.

Advice to Mothers.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once, produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant, to taste, soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for all the troubles that arise from teething or other catarrhs of the bowels.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE OCCONEEGHEE HOTEL

HILLSBORO, N. C. Will be open after July 1st, for SUMMER VISITORS. E. H. POQUE, Proprietor.

SUMMER AND WINTER RESORT.

BATTERY PARK HOTEL,

ASHEVILLE, N. C. The Battery Park will be open July 12th. Rates from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per day. The city of Asheville is located on the high broken plateau between the Blue Ridge and Appalachian chains, and is accessible by rail from all points of the compass. The Battery Park is a new hotel just completed with all the modern appliances for doing a first class business. It has an elevator, Electric light. Heated by steam and open fire. Electric bells connecting every room with the office.

J. R. FERRALL & CO

GROCERS

222 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Are Receiving:

HAMS.

(Carved.)

HARVEY'S BALTIMORE HAMS.

(SMALL.)

Very Choice Virginia Hams. Fine North Carolina Hams. Breakfast Bacon, (thin pieces). Ferris' Smoked Tongues and 1 cent Large Sugar Cured Hams, 10 pound. N. C. Hops and Cut Herring. Hazzel Meat, always the best. Crab Apple Vinegar, 4 years old.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city free. Prices and Quality Guaranteed.

From 115 lbs to 1 ba.

TO THE CUTICURA REMEDIES I OWE MY HEALTH, MY HAPPINESS AND MY LIFE.

A day never passes that I do not think and speak proudly of the Cuticura Remedies. Seven years ago, after a dozen attempts formed on my neck, ranging in size from a cherry-stone to an orange. The large ones were frightful to look at and painful to bear; people turned aside when they saw me in disgust, and I was ashamed to be on the street or in society. Physicians and their treatments and all in decline failed to do any good. In a moment of despair I tried the Cuticura Remedies—Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally and Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, internally. The small bumps (as I call them) gradually disappeared, and the large ones broke in about two weeks, discharging large quantities of matter, leaving but a slight sore, and my neck today tells the story of my suffering. My weight in one hundred and fifteen shillings; my weight now is one hundred and sixty-one solid, healthy pounds, and my height is only five feet five inches. In my travels I praised the Cuticura Remedies, North, South, East and West. TO CUTICURA REMEDIES I OWE MY HEALTH, MY HAPPINESS AND MY LIFE. I have never known what sickness is since I commenced using the Cuticura Remedies. I am lauded for praising them to people not acquainted with their merit, but soon or later they will come to their senses and my neck today tells the story of my suffering, as dozens have whom I have told. May the time come when there shall be a large Cuticura Supply House in every city in the world, for the benefit of all who suffer from the Cuticura Remedies shall be sold only, so that there will be rarely a need of ever entering a drug store.

Cuticura Remedies are M. HUSBANDS.

Cuticura Remedies are a positive cure for every form of Skin and Blood Diseases, from Pimples to Scrofula. Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cents; SOAP, 25 cents. RESOLVENT, 50 cents. For the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

Send for "How to cure Skin Diseases."

PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.

BACK ACHES, Weakness and Rheumatism caused by overwork, displacement, standing, walking or sewing machine, cured by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. New, elegant and invaluable. 25c.

EDUCATIONAL.

FOUNDED 1802.

SALEM FEMALE ACADEMY,

SALEM, N. C. Eighty-third Annual Session begins Sept. 4, 1886. For catalogue apply to Rev. J. W. BROWN, D. D., R. F. JOHN H. CLEVELAND, Principals.

RALEIGH MALE ACADEMY,

HIGH SCHOOL, } Principals. C. H. DENSON, } Rev. JOHN H. CLEVELAND, } Principals.

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