

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

Star-shaped beads are the newest things in glass, of which one must wear a pound or two.

An Omaha papa advises brides when furnishing a house to make sure of an easy chair, a foot rest, an open grate and a corn popper and the bliss of matrimony will be full.

The California republicans have nominated for Governor John S. Swift, who was one of the three special envoys sent to China to negotiate the amended treaty between the United States and China.

Ex-Gov. John C. Brown reminds people that Texas is an empire in itself of vast proportions. The recent storm will not retard general prosperity there, and the cotton crop is still estimated at about 2,000,000 bales.

Candidate Wolfe, the leader of Pennsylvania's prohibitionists, estimates his vote at sixty thousand—not guaranteed. If he can cut as deeply as he believes into the old soldier and colored republican strength, the next Governor of Pennsylvania will be Chauncey Forward Black, democrat.

An American, now residing in the City of Mexico, in a private letter to his brother in New York says: "I would highly amuse an American who understood Spanish to hear some of the talk indulged in by Mexicans. They say that they could whip the United States were it not for Texas."

A dredging machine at work in Savannah harbor has struck an ancient wreck, which, from the fastening of her timbers and the character of the arms recovered, was a war vessel of the last century. It is said that during the war of the revolution a British line-of-battle ship chased a Spanish corvette into the harbor, and that the crew of the smaller vessel scuttled her to escape capture.

The Porte has received replies from the various powers to its circular announcing Prince Alexander's deposition. With the exception of Italy the different governments merely note the contents of the circular, reserving all ulterior communications. The reply of Italy in addition recognizes the Porte's right to protest against the illegality of Prince Alexander's deposition.

The following are the measurements of the Galates as furnished by her designer, Mr. J. Beaver-Webb: Length over all, 102 60 feet; length on water line to rudder post, 86 80 feet; beam, extreme, 15 feet; draught, extreme, 13 50 feet; displacement, 157 68 tons; total ballast in keel, 81 50 tons; mast, deck to hounds, 53 feet; boom, extreme, 73 feet; gaff, pin to sheave, 44 50 feet; topmast, pin to sheave to fid, 45 50 feet; bowsprit, stem to pin, 36 50 feet; spinnaker boom, 65 50 feet; topsail yard, 44 50 feet; jack yard, 32 feet. The sail area is as follows: Mainmast, 3 321 square yards; foresail, 825 square yards; jib 975 square yards; topsail, 1 265 square yards; total area, 6 386 square yards.

Seven has always been a most remarkable number. Long before Wordsworth immortalized it by his poem of "We Are Seven" it had played a most important part in history. There were seven champions of Christendom, seven mortal sins and seven mortal virtues, seven wise men of Greece, seven wonders of the world. Now the Cleveland Leader comes forward and says: "Seven is the mystic number in the history of Chicago anarchy. Seven policemen were killed in the Haymarket massacre, seven lawyers spoke in the closing arguments before the jury, and at the end of a little more than seven weeks of the trial seven of the anarchists have been found guilty of murder."

A good story of the early days of the Fiji settlements is told by a British official. A white man who was taken prisoner by an inland tribe had a cork leg. Noticing that his captors were fixing an oven, he became nervous, and to conceal his fear called for something to eat. Food being given him, he used a large jackknife to cut it up. Every mouthful or two he stuck the jackknife into his leg with such force that it stood erect. The natives looked on in great astonishment and evident alarm. After the meal was over he began to unloose his leg. That was too much for the poor savages. They hadn't the slightest curiosity to see what he would do next, but opened a passage for him and let him walk away unmolested. When he reached his horse the natives began to gather around, but after mounting he made a motion as if to unscrew his head, and the spectators fled in dismay.

Epaulettes are still seen upon models for visiting, promenade, and dinner dresses of rich materials. Many of these shoulder trimmings are so elaborate as to be really disgusting. Large palms and scrolls made of silk cord and beads often form the epaulettes. Numberless rows of beads, each string a little longer than the one above it, are also seen, and sometimes cockade bows made of pious satin ribbon, somewhat in the shape of butterflies, are worn upon the shoulders. When not exaggerated, these are admirable; but they are absurd looking when the size of a big black bat with wings extended. A prima donna who recently sang in concert made her appearance in a black satin bead-trimmed gown, and at the first glance one would have been certain that two black crows had perched themselves upon her shoulders in regular Poe's raven attitude. But a nearer look proved them to be beaded epaulettes, a portion only of the ornaments being fastened to the shoulders, the rounded palms in the design left loose.

IN HONOR BOUND.

PRINCE ALEXANDER WILL CARRY OUT HIS MISSION.

RUSSIA YET SCHEMING, BUT ENGLAND PROVING A FRIEND.

Sofia, August 30.—Prince Alexander has telegraphed to the regency to announce to the people his intention of returning to Sofia. The rebellious troops here have submitted and will not be punished, on condition that they quit the country. The revolution was quite bloodless and no further opposition is feared. It is stated that Russia still compels the conspirators Bendereff and Demetreff the sum of 400,000 roubles. When the former and Grueff were arrested they had in their possession two coffers belonging to a Russian count. Prince Alexander did not sign the deed of abdication. He simply wrote on a slip of paper, "God save Bulgaria," and signed "Alexander." His kidnappers were tipsy and did not notice what he had written. It is the general opinion that the pleasure expressed by the kings of Roumania and Servia at Alexander's triumph points in the direction of increased unity.

LONDON, August 30.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Darmstadt had an interview yesterday with the father of Prince Alexander. The father said that Alexander having accepted the Bulgarian mission, was bound to carry it out to the end. His honor as a soldier and his German name sufficed to guarantee this. Moreover it was imperative that he should reach Sofia before the arrival of Prince Dolgorouki, who left St. Petersburg Sunday morning. He believed that Lord Salisbury would prove Alexander's friend.

An Attempt to Blow up a Chinaman. AUGUSTA, Ga., August 30.—Reports have gone out from here that a race feeling against Chinamen exists here and that an attempt had been made to assassinate them with dynamite. It is true that an attempt was made last night to blow up Charlie Lee Cheng in the heart of the city, but investigation shows that the motive was revenge by a negro for a fancied personal wrong, and was not the outgrowth of race prejudice. The attempt proved futile and the perpetrator was arrested.

A Plan to Repress Irish Disorder. DUBLIN, Aug. 30.—Gen. Sir Redvers Buller left Dublin this morning for Tralee. In an interview he said: "I wish to distinctly state that I have not accepted a dragging mission nor shall I assist in evictions. My task will be simply to repress 'moonlighters' and ensure safety to life and property. I propose to effect this by means of flying patrols, who shall be able to communicate speedily with a regularly organized system of supports. I do not know whether my plan will prove a success, but I mean to do my duty."

Another Big Call for Bonds. WASHINGTON, August 30.—Acting secretary of the treasury Fairchild today issued a circular giving notice that the 15th of September, 1886, or at any time prior thereto, the department will redeem at the treasury of the United States, in the city of Washington, D. C., or at the office of the assistant treasurer at New York, paying par and accrued interest to date of redemption, any uncalled U. S. 3 per cent. bonds to an amount not exceeding \$10,000,000. The directions about forwarding the bonds, instructions as to the checks in payment, &c., are the same as those in U. S. bond calls.

Three Trackmen Killed. PITTSBURG, Pa., August 30.—Three trackmen employed on the Pennsylvania railroad were struck by an engine near Summer Hill this morning and instantly killed. The men were working and stepped off one track to avoid the west bound train, when they were struck by an engine going east. Their bodies were terribly mangled and strewn along the track for several hundred yards.

Labor Troubles at Pittsburg. PITTSBURG, Pa., August 30.—The nailers of Shoemaker's mill were expected to resume work today at the 17 cents scale, but they refused to go back unless the amalgamated association scale of 18 cents was granted. The men were ready for work, but returned to their homes and the factory was closed down.

Yellow Fever at Pensacola Quarantine. NEW ORLEANS, August 30.—A special to the Times-Democrat from Pensacola says: The bark Lena, from Aspinwall for Philadelphia, lies off the entrance to this port. She has lost one of her crew with fever on the passage and has seven more down with it. She is seeking assistance. The board of health officer has ordered a steam tug to tow the vessel to Ship Island quarantine.

It Recalls a Virginia Feud. DANVILLE, Va., August 30.—W. K. Terry, who was shot in a street fight in Martinsville, May 17, died last night. His brother J. K. Terry was killed in a fight, and B. K. Terry was shot through the body, but recovered.

The Sculling Race. LONDON, August 30.—The first trial heat in the international sculling match was rowed today. Teemer, of the United States, and Perkins, of England, being the contestants. Teemer won. The heat between Matherson, the Australian, and Wallace Ross was easily won by the former, who finished six lengths in front of the American. Eleven to ten was bet on Ross.

An Important Decision.

WASHINGTON, August 30.—The second comptroller in a lengthy opinion has just decided a question of some importance relating to claims for the United States, and occupation of real property in the border States during the period of the war of rebellion. He held that accounting officers have no jurisdiction to audit and allow such claims, unless it is shown that there was an express agreement on the part of some duly authorized officer or agent of the government to pay for the use of property, upon which possession was surrendered by the owner. It is also held that in the absence of an express agreement a contract can not be implied where the military authorities on account of the necessities of service are compelled to take possession of and use real property in the territory which is a scene of war and where occupation is essential to its successful prosecution.

July's Internal Revenue Receipts. WASHINGTON, August 30.—The aggregate receipts from the internal revenue during the month of July last were \$9,735,488, an increase of \$903,290 over the corresponding month in the preceding year. The revenue collected on spirits was \$5,058,485, an increase of \$598,344; tobacco \$2,390,942, an increase of \$133,944; on fermented liquors \$2,268,987, an increase of \$162,719, and from miscellaneous sources \$17,123, an increase of \$8,282.

New York Cotton Futures. NEW YORK, August 30.—Green & Co.'s report on cotton futures says: Operations were quiet and prices 5/8 points lower, closing with very little showing of strength. The cable brought more or less disappointing advices from Liverpool and there seemed to be simply a selling out of the long interest created at the close of last week and no longer willing to carry, easing off somewhat, hastened by more pressure to realize on spots.

A Foreman's Suicide. BALTIMORE, August 30.—Jonathan W. Scott, foreman in the office of the Price Current, was found hanging this morning from one of the shafts of machinery in the office. He left home yesterday, having provided himself with a cotton rope, with which he accomplished his end. He was a quiet man, but the office having recently changed hands he became depressed but no one suspected any such intention on his part.

Valuable Oil Mill Destroyed. HOUSTON, Texas, August 30.—The Howard oil mills, situated in the suburbs of Houston, comprising buildings covering three and a half acres, were completely destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. The mills employed 180 men and were the largest in the State. The loss is \$275,000, insurance \$150,000, in Northern and European companies. The origin of the fire is a mystery. Lack of a water supply was the cause of the total destruction of the property.

The Hostile Apaches Seeking Terms. WILCOX, Arizona, Aug. 30.—Col. Wade has rounded up all Chiricahua and Warm Spring Apaches, numbering 420. He has them under guard and will, unless some accident occurs, carry out Gen. Miles' plan of moving them out of Arizona. Capt. Lawton is in close proximity to Geronimo, who has asked for better terms than an unconditional surrender.

Baseball Yesterday. At Baltimore, Baltimore 2, Brooklyn 3; at Detroit, Detroit 3, Boston 5; at St. Louis, St. Louis, 10, Cincinnati 3; at Chicago, Philadelphia 10, Chicago 13; at Kansas City, Kansas City 2, Washington 4; at St. Louis, St. Louis 7, New York 4; at St. Louis, Staten Island Athletic 5, Metropolitans 1.

Russians to be Banished. LONDON, Aug. 30.—The Morning Post says: Henceforth Prince Alexander will pursue an unequivocal anti-Russian policy, and will adopt a severe law, banishing Russians from Bulgaria. Russian money will not be accepted in government offices in Bulgaria, and even the soldiers' uniform, which is now similar to the Russian uniform will be changed.

A Fire Damp Explosion. SCRANTON, Pa., August 30.—A fire damp explosion occurred at the Fair colliery this morning. Seven dead bodies have been recovered and it is reported that ten men are still in the mine.

A Female Knight Promoted. CHICAGO, August 30.—Mrs. Elizabeth Rodgers has been appointed master workman of district assembly No. 24, Knights of Labor, vice J. B. Murphy, deceased. She is the first woman to receive such a distinction.

A Railway Collision. VIENNA, August 30.—In a railway collision at Modling, eight miles from here, seven persons were killed and twenty-two wounded.

The Band's Thanks. MR. EDITOR: I desire through your columns to tender the hearty thanks of the band boys to Mr. D. S. Wait for his open-hearted present of a full set of summer caps to us. We shall always remember him and think of him as one of our most valuable friends. Please also call the attention of the ladies and gentlemen who have so kindly consented to assist us in our coming concert for the benefit of the Guard and the band to meet me tonight at the deaf, dumb and blind institution at 8 o'clock. This will be a most important meeting and a full attendance is most earnestly requested. S. S. JACKSON.

A MOTHER'S DEED.

AN INSANE WOMAN MURDERS HER BABY

AND AFTERWARDS GOES ABOUT NEW YORK—HER FINAL DETECTION.

New York, August 30.—Margaret Meagher, a widow over 40 years old, was arrested at 413 West 71st street this morning, "crazy drunk" and on the verge of delirium tremens. She had bought a grocery store at that place a few days ago and since then had been on a continuous carouse. In one of the rooms in the rear of the store the officers found the remains of her daughter Ellen, eighteen months old, who had recently died from neglect. She was very emaciated and it is thought that starvation may have had something to do with the death. The woman had money in the bank even after buying the grocery. Two years ago her husband, who was employed on the Hudson river railroad, hanged himself because of the life she led him, and her two older children were taken from her. The woman herself has been in the work-house twice since her husband's death. Just when the child died is not known, but it is thought the drunken mother carried it around for some time after its death.

Filtration of Water Supplies. THE FOLLOWING LETTER FROM AN AUTHORITY ON THE WATER SUPPLY QUESTION HAS BEEN RECEIVED BY A GENTLEMAN OF THIS CITY:

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 28. DEAR SIR:—I certainly believe that as civilization advances and population increases the necessity for filtering river water supplies becomes more and more imperative. This is the case in Europe, and we must follow suit as our country becomes older.

In the future we must provide for some other means of sewage disposal than by permitting it to flow into our rivers. The ideal state to which all our efforts should tend is one in which all our sewage is purified and utilized as fertilizer, and in which all water supplies are clear and bright and thoroughly guarded against any epidemical pollution.

The supply of pure and wholesome water to a community I regard as of the first importance, and I know of no way to secure such a supply from the ordinary rivers of the country except by filtration. Storage in large subsiding basins is expensive and imperfect, especially in the South, and is often times entirely out of the question.

I certainly think that in planning the water-works for a town or city to use ordinary river water filtration works should be provided, or provision should be made for their addition at such time as the finances of the city or town will permit. I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

THOS. W. SYMONDS, Captain of engineers in charge of the Washington water works.

The American Free Traders.

Extract from an address just issued: The principles of free-traders may be simply stated as follows: 1. They demand that the whole system of federal taxation be so reconstructed and readjusted that all the taxes which the people pay shall be received by the government without the diversion of any part for the fostering of private interests.

2. That the promotion and true protection of domestic industry is to be found in the removal of all taxes from articles which constitute the foundation or are necessary to the processes of our various industries, and that the incidence of taxation be restricted, as far as possible, to articles which are ready for final consumption, and of which the use is voluntary rather than necessary.

3. They claim that the abandonment of the present high, discriminating and unnecessary tariff taxes, and the levy of national revenue on a comparatively few articles, on which taxes can be collected with the least interference with the freely-chosen pursuits of the people, are the necessary steps to gradually instre the country full industrial employment and high wages, abundant production and low cost, extended markets and a permanent revival of commercial activity.

The trade competitors of the United States are loaded down with debt, and with the support of great standing armies, which in turn entail a burden of taxation so heavy as to impair their resources, cripple the energies of their people and increase the cost of their products. To successfully make the race for trade with nations thus hampered, it is only necessary that the people of this country adopt a tax policy diametrically opposite. Other nations must then disband their armies and set their soldiers to work with better wages and better subsistence than they now have, to afford them any chance for competing with a country so rich in resources, so intelligent and active in respect to population, and so free in respect to government as the United States.

The Best Clover Mixture for one Acre. Correspondence of the NEWS AND OBSERVER. Prepare the land thoroughly by ploughing and harrowing repeatedly until the surface is friable and mellow. Sow down 500 pounds of high grade ammoniated guano, and harrow it in. When so prepared, sow upon it ten pounds of red clover seed, ten pounds of tall meadow oat-grass seed, ten pounds of red top seed, five pounds of blue grass seed, and brush in. Sow in September or February. B. P. WILLIAMSON.

Wake County Taxes.

THE BIG COUNTY'S ABSTRACT.

Capt. M. W. Page, register of deeds, yesterday handed to the auditor of State the abstract of the list of taxables in Wake county, as returned to the former officer by the list-takers appointed to take the same for the year 1886. The total valuation is \$9,081,104 and \$41,798 net income and profits. For State tax there is levied 25 cents on every \$100 valuation and 1 per cent on net income and profits, raising \$23,120,734. There are listed 513,729 acres of land, valued at \$3,119,681; 1,200 town lots, \$2,900,976; 2,640 horses, \$161,452; 2,875 mules, \$195,478; 5 jacks, \$445; 1 jenny, \$5; 845 goats, \$715; 8,862 cattle, \$84,086; 24,005 hogs, \$33,144; 5,025 sheep, \$5,004; 25 dogs, \$416; value of farming utensils, &c., \$429,147; money on hand or on deposit, \$125,703; solvent credits, \$1,187,609; stock in incorporated companies, \$99,103; R. & G. R. R. rolling stock in R. A. A.-L. R. R., \$29,500; other personal property, \$622,887; road-bed of R. & A. A.-L. railroad, \$47,000; railroad franchise, \$38,093; net income, \$41,798.

The school tax amounts to \$23,901.08, raised from the following sources: white polls, 3,478; colored polls, 2,679; total polls, 6,157; at \$12 each, \$12,134; bank stock, \$188,565, at 12 1/2 cents on the \$100 valuation, \$235.70; total valuation of taxable property and credits, \$9,081,104, at 1 1/2 cents on the \$100 valuation, \$135,516.38. The State levies all the school taxes with the exception of 8 1/2 cents on the poll, levied by the county; all school taxes, however, are payable to the county treasurer.

For graded schools in Raleigh township there is raised \$5,550.73, derived from a tax of 10 cents on every \$100 valuation in the township and 30 cents on each taxable poll therein.

The county tax for general purposes, raised by a tax of 29 1/6 cents on \$100 real and personal estate (including bank stock) and one per cent on net income, amounts to \$27,454.51, while the special county tax of five cents on \$100 real and personal estate (including bank stock) and 15 cents on each poll, for building jail, is \$5,558.38.

There is a falling off of \$1,809,918 in the aggregate value of real and personal property since last year, while there has been an increase of \$3,333 in net income. The decrease in the aggregate value is accounted for in part by the compromising of the railroad suit, it being the custom prior to this compromise to carry on the tax lists a large valuation, the taxes on which were annually enjoined. Still, there is great neglect in listing property, the amount of unlisted reported being large. Failure to list is against the standing of the county abroad, the published wealth being obtained of the auditor and the statistics of that officer being only of the listed taxables. Barkson's Creek loses \$12,542; Buckhorn loses \$247; Cary gains \$10,888; Cedar Fork loses \$15,680; House's Creek gains \$13,780; Little River loses \$27,410; Mark's Creek loses \$2,431; Middle Creek loses \$2,971; Neuse River loses \$4,842; New Light gains \$2,922; Oak Grove loses \$22,424; Panther Branch loses \$14,516; St. Mary's loses \$10,078; St. Matthews loses \$15,690; Swift Creek loses \$17,683; Wake Forest loses \$13,449; White Oak loses \$2,261; Raleigh loses \$1,175,155.

A Policeman Stabbed. Sunday afternoon there was a call for the police to arrest a drunken white man at the house of Mrs. Owens, South Wilmington street, near East Davie. Policeman W. W. Willis went there and found that a white man named John R. Williams was raising a disturbance. Williams is from Franklin county and is a guard at the penitentiary. As the policeman attempted to arrest him, Williams drew a knife and cut the officer. A wound many inches long extending from the rear of the thigh across the hip, almost to the abdomen, was made, this wound being over an inch in depth. Another wound was inflicted upon the left wrist. The plucky policeman didn't mind these injuries and took Williams to the guard house, being assisted by Sid. Solomon. Officer Willis locked Williams up and not until then did he send for a physician. He was taken home and without even a marmar allowed his painful wounds to be sewed up. He is getting along nicely. He lost a great deal of blood.

Friday last, of typhoid fever, at Newport, Rhode Island, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Rebecca H. McPheeters, wife of Mr. James G. McPheeters. She was a lovely and accomplished lady and had many relatives and acquaintances in this city.

In the house of commons Mr. Parnell's amendment to the reply to the Queen's speech was defeated by a vote of 30 to 181. Lord Hartington, Mr. Chamberlain and the unionists supported the government. Sir William Vernon Harcourt abstained from voting, and Mr. Morley voted with the minority. Before the debate closed Mr. Sexton made a speech in which he said the Parnellites would counsel Irishmen to stand by each other and not be intimidated by any fear of combinations. They would remind Irishmen that Mr. Gladstone's great effort to promote peace between the two countries was supported by a million and a quarter of Britons, and that the majority against it consisted of votes only, not of men. They would do everything possible in fairness and justice to promote peace, but they could not make themselves traitors to Ireland by asking the people during the coming winter to pauperize themselves in order to furnish arguments for their own ruin.

Democratic Nominees

Gaston: Representative, John F. Wilson. Lincoln: Senator, William L. Crouse; representative, T. H. Proctor. Nash: Representative, G. R. Marshburne. Watauga: Representative, Dr. W. B. Council. Rowan: Senator, F. E. Shober; representative, Lee S. Overman. Franklin: Senator, Jas. A. Thomas; representatives, John T. Clifton, C. A. Nash. Iredell: Senator, C. L. Summers; representatives, A. Leasar, J. B. Holman. Hyde: representative, I. B. Watson. Rockingham: Senator, J. P. Dillard; representatives, R. S. Williams, W. D. Hightower. Graham: Representative, N. G. Phillips. Duplin: Senator, John A. Bryan; representative, J. D. Southerland. Carteret: Senator, J. W. Sanders; representative, C. R. Thomas, Jr. Onslow: Representative, A. E. King. Macon: Senator, Kope Elias; representative, W. N. Allman. Edgecombe: senator, R. H. Speight; representatives, B. P. Jenkins, W. H. Powell. Stokes: Representative, J. Y. Phillips. Johnston: Senator, J. H. Pou; representative, J. W. Perry, E. S. Abell. Burke: Representative, J. C. Mills. Transylvania, Henderson and Haywood: senator, George W. Wilson. Caldwell, Burke, Mitchell, Yancey and McDowell, Senators, I. H. Bailey, John Terrell. Gaston and Cleveland: Senator, James L. Webb. Martin: Representative, John Manning. Buncombe: Representatives, Johnstone Jones, H. A. Gudgeon. Mr. James P. Voorhees, youngest son of Senator Voorhees, who in the past has spent much time in the theatrical profession, having supported both John McCullough and Clara Morris, has completed arrangements by which he will reappear upon the stage this winter as a star, opening in Washington. Mr. Voorhees' repertoire embraces "Hamlet," "Julius Caesar," "Richard III" and "Macbeth," together with some original plays.

Bucklin's Anker Salve. The Best Salve in the World for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chomblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by all druggists.

The new letter-sheet and envelope now on sale at the postoffice is known as the "General Grant."

Advice to Mothers. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste; soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Keep Cool.—Read the new advertisement of J. C. Browder & Co., and give them a call. Everything new in the way of Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, &c., The Birmingham Cotton Hoe, the Farmers' Plow.

Edward Fasnach, Jeweler and Optician. RALEIGH, N. C. Gold and Silver Watches, American and Imported. Real and imitation Diamond Jewelry. 18 karat Wedding and Engagement Rings, any size and weight. Sterling Silver Ware for Bridal Presents.

Optical Goods. A SPECIALTY. Spectacles and Eye-glasses in Gold, Silver, Steel, Rubber and Shell Frames. Lenses, white and tinted, in endless varieties. Seals for Lodges, Corporations, etc. Also Badges and Medals for Schools and Societies made to order. Mail orders promptly attended to. Goods sent on collection to any part of the State. Old Gold and Silver in small and large quantities taken as cash. d17.

PURITY! PURITY!! Is desirable in all things but demanded in articles of food. Don't impure your health by using adulterated lard, even if it does cost a little less. CASSARD'S PURE LARD. Is for sale by the following leading grocers and recommended by them to be the best. Try it. E. J. Hardin, W. B. Newsum & Co., Wyatt & Co., Gramman & Rosenthal, Jno. H. Terrell, J. R. Ferrall & Co., W. B. Mann & Co., Norris & Newman, N. V. Denton, W. C. Upchurch, Also CASSARD'S MILD CURED HAMS and BREAKFAST STRIPS, which are unsurpassed. Note.—This list will be corrected weekly.

PROPOSALS FOR COAL. STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE, RALEIGH, 1st August, 1886. Proposals will be received at this office until 1st September for furnishing 150 tons of Tennessee split coal and 25 tons egg anthracite for the use of the various departments of the State. Said coal to be delivered in the coal house at the Agricultural Department in the city of Raleigh on or before 15th October. W. L. SAUNDERS, Secretary of State.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short-weight, alum or phosphate powders sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 108 Wall Street, New York.

WOMEN BROWN'S IRON BITTERS THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine combines Iron with pure vegetable Bitters, and is invaluable for Dyspepsia, Constipation, and all other ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is also a powerful tonic for the system, and is especially adapted for the young and the old. It is sold in bottles of 50 cents and \$1.00.

THE GREAT BARGAIN STORE OF RALEIGH.

Everybody is working for the almighty dollar and but few know how to use it after they get it. They fool it away in bad bargains and does them but little good. Buy your goods and everything else where you can get them the cheapest, as the Racket Store does. Big prices will not do in these prishable times. The rich cannot afford to waste their money and the poor require every dollar and every penny. We deal in good goods and not trash, and believe the masses will patronize the house that sells the best goods for the least money. Who can tell the waste of money when you get our goods from a house that buys and sells on long time. What is the use of wasting a dollar when you can save one? We throw on our counters day after day new arrivals at panic loss from houses that will go down to-morrow and are compelled to sell to us at such prices as we are willing to pay. From such sources as these we get many of the goods we are pitting against the credit system, for money, reputation and the people. Our stock will be replenished every few days with special bargains. This week we will offer you some great bargains in suspenders and braces at 25 cents, worth 50 cents; big job in hosiery of all descriptions; new style of nice bustles at 17 cts. worth 25; shoes of all kinds; cheap line of cottonsate pants; new lot of our 75-cents shirts, worth \$1; lot Hamilton prints at 5 cts. worth 10 cts. anywhere. We wish an early and repeated visit and inspection. Respectfully submitted to the cash trade only by VOLNEY PURSELL & CO., 10 East Martin Street.