

THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

VOL. XXVII.

RALEIGH, N. C. TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 14, 1886.

NO. 101



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight, alum or phosphate powders sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W. C. & A. B. Strouss, George T. Strouss & J. R. Ferrall & Co.

DYSPEPSIA

Is a dangerous as well as distressing complaint. It is caused by indigestion, and depending on the form of the system, it may be cured by the use of

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

THE BEST TONIC

Quickly and completely cures Dyspepsia in all its forms, Heartburn, Belching, Flatulence, Pain in the Stomach, etc. It restores and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and aids the assimilation of food. It is the best medicine for the cure of all the ailments mentioned above. It is sold in all the drug stores of the United States. Price 25 cents per bottle. Beware of cheap imitations.

RACKET STORE.

THE GREAT BARGAIN STORE OF RALEIGH.

I have just returned from New York, where I have purchased the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever brought to the Racket. Just as we have said all the time, goods cheap enough will sell themselves. This and this alone accounts for the tremendous trade at the Racket. Our goods are cheap and it is fine that our sledge-hammer bargains may be had here for those who buy and sell on time, but they are real blessings to those who can pay cash for their goods. Gathered up from the slaughter-pens of credit and laid at your doors with but one profit, you get a dollar in real value in every dollar's worth you buy, measure for measure, dollar for dollar, at the Racket Store. The credit system is a system of sleepless nights of deferred hope, of blasted expectations, of bad debts, of disputed ledger accounts; a system which makes an honest man, who pays and intends to pay, support and pay for those who never pay. The merchant who sells goods on time never knows how much he ought to charge to bring him a reasonable profit on his goods, for the reason he never knows what his losses will be. The Racket is cutting to the right hand and to the left, knowing no law but the greatest value for the least money.

Twenty thousand Envelopes, worth 8c, for 5c per pack. Splendid Note Paper for 5c per quire. Best Hamilton Calico at 6c, worth 7c. One thousand suspenders at 15c, worth 20c. Men's Wool Hats at 25c, worth 50c. Big job in Boots and Shoes, Notions and all descriptions, Dry Goods, Carpeting and Oil Cloths and Rugs. Jewelry at one-half its value. It is an endless job to enumerate the special values in the many departments of the Racket. Millinery full. Come and see and save your money.

VOLNEY PURSKILL & CO.,
No. 10 East Martin Street.

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

A slab of marble with a fitting record and glorification has been put on Christopher Columbus' house at Savona.

The newest weapon of war is an electric sword. Run a foeman through with it and death comes from the shock.

Pope Leo dines alone. Sometimes his brother breaks fast with him, but not at the same board. The Pope's table expenses are less than \$2 50 a day.

The Rev. Mr. Drought has been told to dry up. He is an English clergyman, resident in France, who indirectly showed his regret at the expulsion of the princess.

"Mark my word for it," said an elderly lady of Brookland, N. Y., "there's going to be a war. All these young babies that have been coming along lately mean something."

Several years ago Prince Bismarck is reported to have said to an American statesman: "England is counted out of European politics, while Ireland remains an enemy at her gates."

The national convention of dancing masters adjourned yesterday after adopting four new dances. This will compel the dancers who thought "they knew it all" to take lessons again.

The late Archbishop of Canterbury once remonstrated with a celebrated Parson for worshipping the sun. "Ah, your grace," was the reply, "you should see it once"—a pretty good hit at English fog and prejudice.

Another divorce suit is titillating the high spirits that oscillate between New York and Newport. Society is almost as deeply disturbed by the details of the affair as were Mrs. Candor and Sir Benjamin Backbite under somewhat similar circumstances.

Martin Irons locked up in a police station for drunkenness is a very suggestive spectacle for the Knights of Labor who followed his fatal lead last March. It is probable that no other man or dozen men in the United States are responsible for as much trouble among workmen and privation in their homes as this fellow Irons is—the fool leader, so blindly followed by the western Knights six months ago, now in jail as a drunken sot. It is not a pleasant picture to look at, but it conveys a great lesson.

Sailor, Gainsborough, turban, and gypsy hat, formed of the coarsest dark straw or francy-branded rushes, will be worn until cold weather sets in. These are trimmed with velvet facings and clusters of grapes, peaches, apricots, plums or tomatoes or otherwise with half wreaths of shaded autumn leaves, in rich vivid colorings, dark red and yellow velvet wall-flowers, nasturtiums, verbena blooms, dahlias, trumpet flowers, and foliage, and the like. In felt hats and bonnets are brought out fine smooth French felts; also fuzzy felts to be worn en suite with shaggy tailor-made cloth costumes. The turban with moderately high crown and brim, and the English walking hat rolling high upon each side, will be the favorite shapes for the autumn, the decorations of these consisting of high loops of pipot velvet ribbon with satin on the reverse side, into which are set beaded agrettes, pompons of fancy rolled feathers, or soft twists of plaided surah, rolls of canary yellow velvet, or sprays of poppy red flowers. Dark blue and golden brown felts will form the leading autumn colors in felt hats and bonnets.

Stock raising and grain growing, says the Farmers' Review, naturally go together on a well regulated farm, and seem to be mutually dependent on each other where the greatest profit is the object. The grain grower wants manure to enrich his land, and to dispose of his grain at the highest rates. Both of these objects, it is freely admitted, can be best attained by feeding the grain to good growing animals and selling them at the highest market rates, and spreading their voidings on the land. The stock raiser wants grain at the least cost to himself to enable him to fatten out his stock most cheaply and fit each animal for the highest market. He can best attain this end by raising big crops of grain on his own land by the aid of the manure of his stock. There are other advantages in combining these two branches of agriculture, but the most important are that it enables the farmer to enrich his land, to keep it clean and to make the greatest profit.

More Strikes. BATH, Me., September 13.—The workmen in the New England ship building company's yard are on a strike this morning on account of a cut in their wages. The men in the New England iron works are also out by order of the Knights of Labor. Only eight men out of seventy-five continue at work at the iron works, and only four out of 175 are busy at the ship yards. The men say they will remain out till the company yields. Superintendent Hyde, of the iron works, says the company will stand by its determination to make the cut in the yard. If the men wish to work they may. Vacancies will be filled as fast as possible. If the men stay out long they will not be taken back. Those wishing to work will be protected.

Baseball Yesterday. At New York, New York 3, Boston 4 (game called at end of sixth inning owing to darkness); at Philadelphia, Athletics 7, Pittsburg 7, (called at end of ninth inning on account of darkness); at Brooklyn, Brooklyn 0, Cincinnati 6; at Baltimore, Baltimore 6, Louisville 2; at Staten Island, Metropolitan 6, St. Louis 3; at St. Louis, St. Louis 0, Chicago 1; at Kansas City, Kansas City 4, Detroit 13.

ELECTIONS.

THE REPUBLICANS OF COURSE WINNING IN MAINE.

WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA, GOES FOR THE DRY TICKET.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 13.—The election is progressing very quietly and a light vote is being cast. Bodwell, (rep.) for Governor leads by about the usual majority. Reed (rep.) for Congress is thought to be running a little ahead of his ticket here. Advice from the principal cities in the State show that the weather is entirely propitious for the election. Bangor, Lewiston, Bath, Augusta and larger towns all report "a fine day."

BANGOR, Me., September 10.—The election is progressing quietly here and the vote is rather lighter than usual. There is much cutting on local candidates. No estimate has been made as yet on the gubernatorial majority.

LEWISTON, Me., September 13.—The indications are that a light vote will be cast in this city. The republican ticket will undoubtedly have a majority.

EASTPORT, Me., September 13.—The Knights of Labor nominated a representative in the legislature their master-workman, who is also a prominent prohibitionist. The democrats will nominate the same man in spite of this. At 2:30 p. m. everything pointed to a republican majority larger than that at the last election.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 13.—From the present outlook the Republicans will carry Augusta by about 600 majority. At 2 o'clock the vote stood about 475. The prohibition vote is very small. In Hallowell Marston (rep.) for the house of representatives was 120 ahead. At 3:30 Bodwell had a very large majority in Gardner. Gustavus Moore (rep.) will have about 200 majority and Bellwell about the same.

BATH, Me., Sept. 13.—The vote for Governor is light. The representatives vote is close. There are indications that the republican gubernatorial and representative ticket will have 250 majority.

WINCHESTER, Va., Sept. 13.—A large vote is being polled. Indications point this afternoon to the election of the dry ticket. Much zeal is manifested on both sides. The negro ticket holders of the dry ticket are active and their vote for the first time is much divided. All political distinction is obliterated and the democrats and republicans vote together on each side of the question. The election is progressing quietly.

WINCHESTER, Va., Sept. 13.—The "drys" carried every ward in this city and their ticket by 169 majority. The law goes into effect the 1st of next May and continues for two years. A variety of opinions are expressed as to the probable effect upon the business interests of the city.

Spinners Striking. AMSTERDAM, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The striking spinners at Schuyler & Body's mill did not go to work this morning. The spinners' assembly has resolved to stand by the strikers. All the mills in town belonging to the knit goods manufacturers' association will shut down tonight, throwing 2,000 hands out of employment. Both sides are determined.

Deny the Charge. AUGUSTA, Ga., Sept. 13.—Three of the locked-out operatives appeared before the recorder this morning, charged with attacking and beating the operatives who have gone to work in the Augusta factory. The accused deny that the factory trouble had any connection with the difficulty. There is no change in the situation.

New York Cotton Futures. NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—Greene & Co.'s report on cotton futures says: There was a little fear shown over near options, and bidding was enough to advance the rates some three points, at which the market closed nominally steady, but dull. Otherwise there was practically no market, operators generally appearing very apathetic.

In Favor of Impeachment. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 13.—The committee of the common council to inquire into the charges against the mayor reported this afternoon in favor of impeachment. The vote stood 7 to 1. The charges were failing to pay into the treasury at the time required by law large amounts for license fees.

The Boycott Endorsed. ST. LOUIS, September 13.—At a secret meeting of the Knights of Labor of this district, held yesterday, the boycott instituted by the brewers union against the firms who have not acceded to the strikers' demands was endorsed.

French Menace. PARIS, Sept. 13.—The French authorities at Havre have just seized eleven English fishing boats for infringing the international maritime and fisheries laws in the channel. Le Paris says the boats were seized in reprisal for the recent arrest by the British authorities of French fishing boats off Folkestone, on the other side of the channel.

Serious Cave-in. SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 13.—A serious cave-in occurred at the Morvin shaft this morning. One man was taken out dead and six others were entombed alive. Rescuing parties have been set to work.

A Fine Baptist Church Dedicated. LENOIR, Va., Sept. 13.—The first Baptist church, one of the finest church edifices in the South, costing \$80,000, was dedicated yesterday by Rev. John A. Broodius, of Louisville, Ky.

Rip Van Winkleism.

A THING OF THE PAST IN NORTH CAROLINA. Special Cor. of the NEWS AND OBSERVER.

If Rip Van Winkleism ever existed in the "Old North State" it is a thing of the past, even in those sections which we, ourselves have lately seen fit to accuse of being slow and without energy in business matters. A trip over portions of the R. & A. A. L. and C. F. & V. railroads shows signs and results of thrift and enterprise not dreamed of by chronic "stay-at-homes" and loose observers. The people, seeming to adopt the theory that it is more easy to build towns by commencing with manufactures and business facilities than to build the town first, are at work with much spirit, realizing all expectations. At Sanford Messrs. Moffitt Bros. are establishing extensive iron works and will be in full operation by October 1st, with orders ahead to run some time. Messrs. Makepeace & Bro. have large planing mills and a sash, door and blind factory, in which, though established only two years ago, they are doing a business equal to their most sanguine expectations. Only the very best machinery is used and their engine rooms and house generally constitute a model for neatness. Specimens of their shelve and counter works in Fayetteville go much further to attest their efficiency than any written description. Jonesboro contains almost as many business houses as residences, and each house is doing a thriving business. Out of not more than ten firms, eight take the NEWS AND OBSERVER, which fact alone might diminish any surprise at the extensive business done in a town no larger. The colossal tobacco warehouse, "the Jumbo," of Messrs. Buchanan & Berryman is rapidly meeting completion. The dimensions are 90x150 feet, with two-story front. The grand opening sale will occur October 1st. Everybody will be cordially invited and those who attend will be entertained by a picnic and barbecue on a grand scale. To judge from the united efforts of the business men of Jonesboro to make this occasion a success, October 1st bids fair to be a red letter day for Moore county.

FAYETTEVILLE, old, historic and beautiful, surrounded by extensive vineyards, magnificent ponds and water power, supplied with the purest crystalline water by a system of almost natural water-works, being further inland than any other town in the State reached by navigation, and named for the noblest foreign friend and benefactor of the loss or the United States ever had, cannot be otherwise than a place of interest to North Carolinians. In new dress and in renewed health she is moving forward in business and beneficence of every kind, taking every advantage that nature has given her for beautifying and extending herself. It is not generally known that a system of arched brick drains six and a half feet in height drains the town of all impurities. A stock company has recently been formed here for engaging in the tobacco business with Capt. A. B. Williams as president and E. T. McKethan, Esq., secretary and treasurer.

A public library, well supplied with books and periodicals, mainly due to the philanthropic efforts of Mr. E. T. McKethan, is a feature of the town. Probably the most extensive carriage and buggy works in the State are located here. State papers almost from 1820 to date contain advertisements of A. A. McKethan & Son, carriage manufacturers. The buildings cover and enclose about an acre of ground and are in charge of a foreman who has been in the employ of the firm for fifty-one years and never lost any time from sickness.

The Cumberland agricultural society will hold its annual meeting and exhibition here from November 9 to 12 inclusive, and while the words "Cumberland fair" are synonymous with a good exhibition, the management is putting forth special efforts this year and it is determined that it shall equal if not exceed any fair ever held in North Carolina. The secretary, Mr. A. A. McKethan, Jr., will be glad to correspond with any one concerning freight rates, entries, &c.

Tarboro Notes. CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEWS AND OBSERVER. SEPTEMBER 13TH, 1886.

The long pent-up grumbling of the different factions of the G. O. P. in Edgecombe made itself ominous to Cobb, the heretofore nominee of both factions for sheriff, by the executive committee of the Spraggins faction nominating Battle Bryan to head their ticket for sheriff in opposition to Cobb, Saturday. Cobb had given them to understand a few days previous that he could not tolerate the harassings and associations of his confederates and would therefore withdraw from the contest, but like the proverbial dog and sow he turned again to his vomit and wallowed before they were cold. Truly the ways of the transgressor are hard.

Israel Smith, colored, was killed while endeavoring to get on the Tarboro branch train while in motion yesterday, at Rocky Mount. He was badly mangled.

Tarboro received her first bale of cotton of the crop of 1886, last week, grown by our clever young friend, Frank Lloyd.

Rev. J. A. Leslie, who has been in Virginia for some time, has returned and occupied his pulpit yesterday, giving us two entertaining and interesting sermons.

"I am going to do just as I planned to do," said Mrs. Henpeck, "and I'd like to see anybody stop me. Where there's a will there's a way." "The trouble with you," said Henpeck, very, oh very softly, "is that where there's a will there's a won't."—Brooklyn Eagle.

PATCHING UP

THE CRUEL WOUNDS OF THE PALMETTO CITY.

THE RELIEF GREAT AND YET ONLY SMALL RELATIVELY.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 13.—There is not much change in the situation today, but strenuous efforts are being made to patch up houses in a rude way to make them water-tight and allow residences to be occupied and business to be resumed. Considerable excitement has been caused by the refusal of bricklayers to work for less than \$5 per day. The objection apparently is not so much to the amount asked for as to the character of the work done, many of those claiming the advanced rate being inefficient. Under instructions from the treasury department Earle Sloan has visited and reported the fissure on the Savannah and Charleston railroad and finds it due to the contiguity of a mill pond and not the earthquake. Sloan will visit the fissures in and about Summerville and traverse the whole line of the South Carolina railway, examining the phenomena reported and observing any changes in the levels of the earth."

A special meeting of the city council today mayor Courtenay reported that the amount of the relief fund to this time is about \$200,000. He said further that with the large measure of relief necessary to reach the many sufferers it was hardly necessary to say to the aldermen of Charleston how small this sum would be when divided among the sufferers."

"To show," he said, "the gross ignorance as to the amount received and the needs of the city, it has been deliberately suggested that no taxes be levied next year; that the relief funds be used instead." As the taxes in 1886 in Charleston reached nearly \$900,000, it easily seen how fallacious and misleading are such suggestions."

A fire broke out at 1:30 p. m. in Malone's oil mill, corner of Concord and Inspection streets. Loss unknown.

CHARLESTON, September 13.—The fire today was at the Fernolene chemical works. The loss was trifling. Gen. W. S. Crawford, U. S. A., of Philadelphia, who visits Charleston to see for himself the condition of affairs, is much impressed by the character of the loss by the earthquake and holds it to be far beyond the usual estimates.

Mayor Courtenay received today the following telegram from London: "With brotherhood and deep sympathy I respectfully beg you to accept in my name one hundred pounds towards the relief of the sufferers from the late sad calamity. HENRY LIVING, Lyceum Theatre, London."

There are no new developments in the strike, but all the bricklayers employed are now getting \$5 a day.

Eight ministers of colored churches of Charleston have returned to their homes. To their people they say: "As to the matter of rendering assistance to those persons whose houses have been injured, we feel warranted in saying that we have good assurance that the necessary help will be given you by the city authorities as soon as they are able to get at this matter." In conclusion they say: "Let it be understood that in rendering you aid we consider ourselves as co-operating with the relief committee and other committees appointed by the mayor."

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The Baptist pastors' conference today instructed their Charleston relief committee to have appeals printed for distribution among the Baptist churches of this and the surrounding cities. The committee was also instructed to make arrangements for a mass-meeting, which will be addressed by prominent speakers, to take place at an early date, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the needs of Baptist churches in Charleston.

Winston News. CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEWS AND OBSERVER. WINSTON, N. C., Sept. 11.

The democratic county convention met here today in Brown's opera house. Mr. R. B. Kerner was elected chairman, and came forward and made a ringing democratic speech, that was enthusiastically received. The representatives of the democratic press of the county present acted as secretaries. The following nominations were made, which seem to give great satisfaction: For the house of commons, Mr. Henry Fries, of Salem, one of North Carolina's most progressive young men, who will make a valuable member of the house, in fact no better selection could have been made; for sheriff, the present incumbent, sheriff Boyer; for clerk of the court, Mr. R. L. Lunley; for register of deeds, Capt. D. P. Mast; for treasurer, Mr. Cox. It is thought that Hon. Jas. W. Reid will have a walk over, and his opponent, Mr. Brower, will be left a long way behind. In fact the republican convention that recently met here could have done better in this section. Charlie Reynolds they say would have made by far the best run.

Winston is to have another railroad, and from what I understand there is something more substantial behind the scheme than gas and paper. I am not authorized, however, to make any further statements at present.

Winston is building stores and dwellings rapidly, and the cry is still more houses and the demand is far beyond the supply. Gw.

Prohibition in Guilford.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEWS AND OBSERVER. GREENSBORO, Sept. 11.

The Rubicon is crossed and a "Third party" exists in Guilford county. The prohibitionists held a convention here today for the purpose of organizing a permanent party in the county and nominating a county ticket. The convention assembled promptly at 12 o'clock in the court house. Many say it was one of the largest conventions ever held in Greensboro. Hundreds of outsiders not in sympathy with the prohibitionists crowded in till the court house was packed. Everybody seemed anxious to witness the first attempt of the infant party to walk.

Rev. Mr. Walker, of the "N. C. Prohibitionist," was elected chairman pro tem. Mr. Walker took the chair in a very neat speech, saying that all accusations against the prohibition party as being an office-seeking party were now disproved in the fact that he was the only man in the convention who would consent to preside, all the other members having been asked and having declined. The convention was then led in prayer by Rev. Albert Peete. On the suggestion of the chairman the roll of townships was called and all prohibitionists present were asked to respond with name and postoffice as their townships were called, in order to ascertain the size and complexion of the convention. A motion was passed to appoint committees on permanent organization, resolutions and nominations. These being appointed by the chair referred, when the Rev. B. York, of Rock Creek, was introduced and entertained the convention for half an hour with an old-fashioned temperance talk.

The convention now adjourned until 2 o'clock, when the reports of committees should be heard.

AFTERNOON SESSION. Shortly after 2 o'clock the convention was called to order. A motion was passed to invite the ladies of the W. C. T. U., who were then assembled in their apartments, to attend the afternoon session of the convention. A committee was dispatched, but the ladies returned thanks, saying they had too much to attend to to be able to get through in time.

The committee on permanent organization reported first as follows: For permanent chairman, Wm. Love, for secretary Jas. W. Albright.

The committee on resolutions then made the following report, which was unanimously adopted after some squabbling over the first article: 1st. Resolved, that the prohibition platform does not require a surrendering of any other party principles.

2d. Resolved, that the prohibition party relinquishes all professed connection with other parties.

3d. Resolved, that the platform of the State prohibition party be endorsed.

4th. Resolved, that the prohibition party is opposed to the employment of convict labor by the State, as in competition with honest labor.

At the reading of the last article the house cheered vociferously. A motion was here passed that the convention subscribe for 300 of the N. C. Prohibitionist, to be sent out over the county till after the fall election.

The committee on nominations reported the following: For the senate, Nereus Mendenhall; for the house, Joseph Ragsdale and Prof. J. W. Woody; for sheriff, W. B. McLean; for register of deeds, W. B. Benbow; for clerk, Martin Cood; for treasurer, A. G. Kirkman; for surveyor, Albert Peete; for coroner, Walter Green.

These nominations having been ratified by the convention, speeches were called for from Messrs. Ragsdale, Woody, Peete and Green, all of whom responded briefly. About this juncture a gentleman in the back part of the house rose and said he was opposed to everybody talking about the election as if it were a foregone conclusion; that they were to get beat, and then introduced the Rev. L. B. Gibson, colored, of Greensboro, who delivered himself in a bombastic and rather spread-eagle oration.

Mr. Andy Dilworth, colored, was then called for, who took the stand and let fly a regular "camp-meeting sockdolager." From the violence of his gesticulation he seemed to think that the issue must be carried by main strength and awkwardness. It is thought by some that the convention did the issue more harm than good. Along towards the close the proceedings savored most too much of rowdiness and ribaldry for an anti-whisky crowd. Then it is a serious question as to how far the negro element shall be allowed to enter into this issue. Negro speeches and delegations in a convention make it wear rather a republican aspect, and there are a great many good men who think civil equality is about as bad as unrestricted license.

Maj. Graham's Appointments. Maj. John W. Graham, democratic candidate for Congress, and Hon. B. H. Bunn will speak at the following places: Nashville, Nash county, Tuesday, October 12. Castalia, Nash county, Wednesday, October 13. Ferrell's, Nash county, Thursday, October 15. Earpsboro, Johnston county, Friday, October 15. Speaking to commence at 1 o'clock, p. m.

Harry (who has the idea, but forgets the precise words)—"Oh, sister, Mrs. B. told me to tell you how awfully kind it was of you to sing, as it's so hard to get any one to do it nowadays unless they sing well."—Life.

Public Speaking.

Maj. John W. Graham will speak in the court house, Raleigh, Friday night, Sept. 17, 1886.

Maj. John W. Graham, J. H. Poul and E. S. Abell will speak at the following points in Johnston county: Pleasant Grove, September 21, 1886. Rome, Tuesday, September 22, 1886. Ingram's, Wednesday, September 23, 1886.

Smithfield, Wednesday, September 23, 1886. (at night.) Selma, Friday, September 24, 1886.

Maj. John W. Graham, J. A. Long and Gen. W. R. Cox will speak at Graham Tuesday, September 28th.

Maj. John W. Graham, Gen. W. R. Cox and Capt. C. M. Cooke will speak at Pittsboro Tuesday, October 5, 1886.

Maj. John W. Graham and Capt. B. H. Bunn will speak at the following points in Nash county: Nashville, Tuesday, October 12, 1886.

Castalia, Wednesday, October 13, 1886.

Ferrell's, Thursday, October 14, 1886.

In Johnston county, Earpsboro, Friday, October 15th.

Maj. John W. Graham, Hon. D. G. Fowle and Capt. C. M. Cooke, at Durham, Tuesday, October 19, 1886.

GOOD RESULTS IN EVERY CASE. D. A. Bradford, wholesale paper dealer of Chattanooga, Tenn., writes that he was seriously afflicted with a severe cold that settled on his lungs; had tried many remedies without benefit. Being induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, did so and was entirely cured by use of a few bottles. Since which time he has used it in his family for all Coughs and Colds with best results. This is the experience of thousands whose lives have been saved by this wonderful Discovery. Trial Bottle sent free at drug stores.

Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music, Music Books, etc., etc. Pianos from \$190 to \$500 in stock to select from. Several Second-Hand Pianos, in perfect order, for sale or rent. Organs from \$40 to \$225 in stock to select from. J. L. STONE.

The earthquake sensation has about died out.

D' BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Consumption, and all other pulmonary affections. It is the best remedy for all these ailments. Price 25 cents a bottle.

SALVATION OIL,

"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain." Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, &c. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 Cents a Bottle.

Edward Fasnach,

Jeweler and Optician

RALEIGH, N. C.

Gold and Silver Watches, American and Imported. Real and imitation Diamond Jewelry. 18 karat Wedding and Engagement Rings, any size and weight. Sterling Silver Ware for Bridal Presents.

Optical Goods

A SPECIALTY.

Spectacles and Eye-glasses in Gold, Silver, Steel, Rubber and Shell Frames. Lenses, white and tinted, in endless varieties.

Seals for Lodges, Corporations, etc. Also Badges and Medals for Schools and Societies made to order.

Mail orders promptly attended to. Goods sent on selection to any part of the State.

Est. Old Gold and Silver in small and large quantities taken as cash. dly.

Startling Facts.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO IGNORE THEM.

The following appeared in a recent issue of the "New York Commercial Bulletin": "An expert examined and reported upon a sample of Western Refined Lard the other day, which he said DID NOT CONTAIN A GRAIN OF SWEET FAT, but consisted of tallow, grease, cotton seed oil, and oleo stearine." A drummer, commenting upon the exposures being made, remarked: "Consumers don't care what is in the lard, so the lard is cheap." In view of the above facts want it pay you to carefully examine the lard in your kitchen and be sure you are not using the adulterated article. The odor from it when hot betrays it. Apply the above tests or any other test to

CASSARD'S
STAR BRAND LARD
and see for yourself that it is what we guarantee it to be, ABSOLUTELY PURE.
For sale by leading Grocers.
G. CASSARD & SON,
Baltimore, Md.
Agent for Raleigh, B. H. Woodall, Esq.