

NEWS AND OBSERVER.

PUBLISHED DAILY (EXCEPT MONDAY) AND WEEKLY. BY THE NEWS AND OBSERVER CO. J. I. MORSE, EDITOR.

Daily one year, mail postpaid, \$7.00. Six months, " " 4.00. Three months, " " 2.25. Weekly, one year, " 2.00. Six months, " " 1.00. No name entered without payment, and no paper sent after the expiration of time paid for.

SATURDAY SEPT. 18, 1886

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

- FOR CONGRESS: 1st Dist., Louis C. Latham, of Pitt. 2d " F. M. Simmons, of Craven. 3rd " Charles W. McClammy, of Pender. 4th " John W. Graham, of Orange. 5th " Jas. W. Long, of Rockingham. 6th " Alfred Rowland, of Robeson. 7th " John S. Henderson, of Rowan. 8th " W. H. C. Cowles, of Wilkes. 9th " Thos. D. Johnson, of Harnett. FOR THE SUPREME COURT BENCH: For Chief Justice, Hon. W. N. H. Smith. For Associate Justices, Hon. Thos. S. Ashe and Hon. A. S. Merrimon. FOR THE SUPERIOR COURT BENCH: 3d Dist., H. G. Connor, of Wilson. 4th " Walter Clark, of Wayne. 5th " K. T. Boykin, of Sampson. 6th " W. J. Montgomery, of Cabarrus. 7th " J. F. Graves, of Forsyth. 8th " A. C. Avery, of Burke. 9th " J. H. Merrimon, of Buncombe. FOR THE SOLICITORSHIP: 1st Dist., J. H. Blount, of Perquimans. 2d " D. W. Wright, of Martin. 3d " N. W. D. Lowry, of Wayne. 4th " J. A. Long, of Durham. 5th " O. H. Allen, of Duplin. 6th " Frank McNeill, of Rockingham. 7th " B. G. Ayer, of Redell. 8th " R. B. Glenn, of Forsyth. 9th " W. H. Bower, of Rowan. 10th " F. L. Osborne, of Mecklenburg. 11th " G. S. Ferguson, of Haywood.

The importance of sending brains to the legislature is evidently not being lost sight of by the people of North Carolina. Strong men are being nominated by the democrats in every direction.

The Asheville Advance, which is supporting independents, says: "We do not intend to attack the principles of the democratic party;" but, nevertheless, it urges the voters to vote right along against the nominees of the democratic party.

Baron Rothschild is credited with the opinion that Russia is too poor to fight, "says the money king, "and Austria too weak." This is doubtless the explanation of the pause in affairs.

The Charlotte Observer seems to be very pronounced against "old" men and in favor of "new" men. To be consistent the Observer ought to support Rowland, a "new" man, and antagonize "Charles R.," who has now twice announced himself as a candidate for Congress.

The Lutheran churches of Charleston have issued an appeal for aid. All the church buildings in the city, it seems, were injured by the earthquake to the aggregate extent of \$15,000 and the people who lost heavily in their homes and business are wholly unable to make the necessary repairs. Contributions are requested to be sent to Rev. Edward T. Horn, treasurer.

The celebration of the Odd Fellows at Boston next week is expected to eclipse anything ever attempted by the order before. The Patriarchs Militant (a military branch of the order) will for the first time participate in the festivities, and it is estimated that 10,000 equestrians and 60,000 subordinates will take places in the parade. North Carolina will be represented by three officials of high degree who occupy as well prominent positions in the social, political and commercial circles of the State.

Massachusetts has a genuine centenarian in Miss Phoebe Harrod, of Newburyport, of whom one of her cousins writes: "She is a wonder; had 2,000 people to look at her and many to shake hands with her on the 28th of August, her hundredth birthday. All the children in town were brought to her and blessed. She has all her faculties, and sat up erect during the ceremonies. The church had a committee which made an address, and Mrs. Spofford wrote a poem, and the old lady was interested in everything, and pleased and pleased." She has outlived all her sisters and her sons, but cousins and nieces want to call upon her from all parts of the country. Longevity is not confined to Massachusetts, however. They do say that a traveler in Western North Carolina once met a man evidently between ninety and a hundred years old crying bitterly. On being questioned as to the cause of his grief he said he had just been whipped by his father for throwing peach stones at his paternal grand parent.

DEMOCRATS throughout the State ought not to be disturbed by gossip which Raleigh correspondents send away to excite an appetite among those relishing the sensational rather than the substantial. To illustrate what importance is to be attached to some of it, a correspondent of the Shelby Aurora says that Judge Merrimon's appointment as Associate Justice was known "as Fowle's appointment." Judge Merrimon was appointed by Gov. Jarvis, between whom and Judge Fowle there was no kind feeling. The suggestion that the appointment was made in deference to our esteemed friend Judge Fowle is the veriest bomb—like a great deal of the other gossip that appears in the letters of sensational Raleigh correspondents. Gov. Robinson, then acting Governor, proposed to appoint Judge Merrimon as the first appointee he could make. Gov. Jarvis returning to the State, he occurred, and Gov. Robinson personally carried the appointment to Judge Merrimon, urging his acceptance.

MR. GRAHAM'S SPEECH.

Maj. John W. Graham, the democratic candidate for Congress in this district, opened the campaign here last night in a speech at the court house. His address was a clear, dispassionate, straightforward statement of the issues of the day and of the position of the democratic party in regard thereto. He spoke like the sterling, patriotic citizen that he is and showed as usual that he is a man on whom it will do to count. He disdains the aid of rhetorical flourish and the arts of the orator in his public efforts but makes his points in such a way that they carry conviction notwithstanding. He holds to the right in short, he is on the right side and he could not be on any other, and his arguments therefore have the force which only absolute sincerity and a true devotion to the interests of all the people can give. He will bear the standard of his party to victory if there remain anything in patriotic devotion to the public welfare and in plain logic and we surmise that the virtue and the power mentioned have not yet lost their hold upon men.

Mr. Nichols attempted a reply to Maj. Graham but really failed to touch his arguments at any point and so scarcely deserves a reference. We say again that the democrats of the district have made no mistake in nominating Maj. Graham.

RELIEF TO THE PEOPLE.

The NEWS AND OBSERVER is not in practical in its devotion to the interests of the people of North Carolina. It is a North Carolina paper and rejoices in whatever benefits the people. It therefore hails with great satisfaction the prospect it holds out to the people of tax reduction by the next assembly.

The result of a thorough investigation leads the NEWS AND OBSERVER to believe that tax reduction is now possible and if wise and conservative democrats are elected to the assembly, the rate of taxation will be reduced from twenty-five cents to twenty cents. This is also a reduction of fifteen cents on the poll. Let every tax payer, let every poor man who has to pay a poll tax remember this and praise the democratic party for such a prudent management of public affairs as has made this relief feasible. It is substantial relief, and the best thing about it is that once accomplished, it will not be lightly undone. A tax reduction now means a twenty cent tax until such time as the tax can be again lowered.

The American Agricultural and Dairy association is holding its seventh annual session in Philadelphia and the President, who has been invited to attend the convention shows in his response his appreciation of the interest the farmers have in charge as follows: "The relation of this interest to the welfare and prosperity of our land is so intimate that its proper and legitimate care and protection is in the opinion a patriotic duty. This consideration elevates the responsibility of those in any wise interested with our farming industry beyond the plane of mere selfishness, and should induce conservatism and moderation. Demands made in such a spirit cannot fail to exact a just and appreciative response from those who make and execute our laws." Certainly the interests of the agriculturist are of equal importance with those of any other class of our people and in view of the all surpassing size of the agricultural class those interests should never be lost sight of by our public men.

TODAY the biggest excursion train ever run will leave Chicago for Boston, over the Chicago and Grand Trunk railway. The contract calls for sixty Pullman and forty Wagner sleeping coaches, fifty regular passenger coaches and twenty baggage cars. The first section of this remarkable train will leave Chicago at 9 a. m., and every twenty minutes thereafter until the entire party is on the move. This great excursion is going to the Odd Fellows' celebration at Boston next week when the Sovereign Grand lodge of the world will hold its meeting. It will certainly be a monster, and that the colored brother will not have a chance at it is sad to realize. There is nothing in this world that the darkey enjoys so much as an excursion, and the bigger the excursion the greater the enjoyment always.

GERONIMO has a record, it appears, as a smuggler. A correspondence at the federal treasury shows that when Mr. Felger was secretary, Geronimo brought from Mexico a large number of horses, on which he refused to pay duty. On their being seized he gave the government officials notice that he would fight for them, and secretary Felger instructed the customs officers to let him off duty free.

The brothers Taylor, democratic and republican candidates for Governor of Tennessee, are making a joint canvass in the most amicable manner possible. They sleep together, drive together to the places of meeting and play on the same violin to the delight of all who hear them. Such a picture of fraternity is beautiful, but we fear it cannot last, notwithstanding the agreement which has been made that personalities shall be eschewed to the end. There are already whispers that Alf once knotted Bob's clothes while the latter was in swimming.

THERE is in session at Chicago a convention of anti-saloon republicans, as they call themselves, from all the States. Ex-senator Windom was made president of the convention and outlined the movement as one which seeks to make the republican party declare for local option and "recognize the right of the people to vote on the question directly when they wish to do so." What Blaine, of Maine, is going to do about it has not yet been reported.

MR. NICHOLS' CANDIDACY.

Mr. John Nichols' masquerade in independent guise comes too soon after his republicanism of the stoniest sect to fool the people of this district. He is too well remembered to have been "with" the most unscrupulous of the "G. O. P." in the days of the most outrageous radical excesses to be thought of now for a moment as a representative in Congress. His candidacy represents nothing under the sun but selfishness pure and simple. He can do nothing for the workingman that cannot be done by a democratic representative and being outside the lines of both the only two parties it will puzzle anybody to see how he will be able to do anything at all in a body where the lines are so closely drawn as they are in Congress. There is nothing more lone-wolf or powerless in this world than an independent in an American legislative assembly. He is despised by all politicians of decided views and is used only as drift-wood is used—to stop leaks. What good Mr. Nichols can do in that role for workmen or any other class, with ability that is certainly not of shining excellence, is past finding out. He will find it difficult, however, to convince the people of his independence of radicalism. He will be generally and justly recognized as another wolf in sheep's clothing, and the masses will turn to a man who is known to be absolutely sincere and devoted to the interests of the people of the district, who is not self-nominated, but who, as the choice of the democracy, the great party which has been entrusted with the administration of the government, will be in a position in Congress to be of service to the metropolitan district and will be his honest industry and ability make that service great and distinguished. As between Nichols, the self-nominated, and Graham the choice of a majority of the people, there will be no long hesitation. The Knights of Labor cannot be expected to support a man in violation of all their instincts of political right and wrong simply because he happens to be a knight himself and particularly when the supposition is by no means violent that the knighthood was sought only to be used for the purpose of political advancement. We have too high an opinion of the order of Knights of Labor to believe that it can thus be made a mere tool of selfish men.

But to our topic. People should be just and fair, as well as newspapers. Are they always just and fair when dealing with either newspapers or men, with principles or party? We refer now but to one point. How do the people act in regard to the no-fence law? Are they always fair and just? Whom do they blame for such a law in certain counties? We learn from the public press that in some counties democrats who oppose the law are threatening to bolt the party and because of that law. Is this wise and just? Who passed the law? It is very certain that it has never been made a party issue. It is equally certain that in the legislature it was not made a party issue. Why then be unfair and unjust in making it now a party issue after the fact? We do not stop now to consider the merits of such a law, whether it is good or bad. But the point is it has never been a party issue. All over North Carolina there are intelligent and practical men of business who are republicans who favor the law just as much as some democrats favor it. Why then threaten to break off from party and go over to the opposition that is in the same predicament? Stand by your party organization. Restore the republican party to power and you will have cause for far greater complaints than you now have. Stand by your old party.

There are demagogues in all the counties. There are men who make a living by deception. There are men who hope to prosper by practicing upon the credulity and gullibility of the poor men. There are men who lie in wait to deceive and bamboozle, and who wink at each other while laughing in their sleeves at the ease with which some men are led astray. They are ready to seize upon prohibition, or a no-fence law, or any other hobby with which to divide the opposing party. Be not deceived by such cunning manipulators. Remain steady and true to yourself and party.

Waynesville News. POLITICS AND BUSINESS. Correspondence of the NEWS AND OBSERVER. WAYNESVILLE, Sept. 16. The superior court is in session here this week, Judge Avery presiding. The criminal docket, which is quite light, was finished today. No cases of much importance were tried, except perhaps cases against several druggists for violation of the local prohibition law, and a case of riot against eight or ten negroes who attempted to rescue a prisoner from a constable. The political campaign opened here Monday. W. T. Crawford, Esq., was renominated by the democratic convention for the house by a flattering vote. This is a just recognition of his superior merits as a legislator and citizen. He will be opposed by some independent democrat, in all probability. Capt. Frank Davis is understood to be in the field in opposition to Crawford, but no formal announcement of his candidacy has yet been made. It is hoped that he is too good a democrat to attempt to defeat this talented and popular nominee, an attempt which must end in failure, as Crawford's election is quite certain from the present outlook.

Ferguson and Moody, the opposing candidates for solicitor, held a joint discussion on Tuesday. Ferguson is the democratic nominee and Moody is running as a republican; so this is a square political fight—the only square one perhaps in this section. Democracy is so solid in these parts that republicanism has fallen into a condition of insanity or innocuousness, and hopodoodleism rears its double-headed crest in place of the grand old party.

Johnston and Malone speak here this week. This is Johnston's "native health." It is not yet known who will oppose G. W. Wilson for the senate in this district, except W. W. Davis, who is already in the field. Mr. Smathers, republican, who made the race two years ago, is talked of. The crowd at the White Sulphur Springs is perceptibly diminished. Very few visitors remain. The weather is superb. Such clouds; such fleecy clouds; such delicious, cool, bracing breezes! We are entering now upon the choicest season of the year in this section.

Vangilder & Brown, of Asheville, are building a large brick hardware store here. The work of improvement is going on steadily and the growth of Waynesville is very encouraging.

A Big Pioneer. Mr. Earle Sloan, the special agent of the United States geological survey, returned to Charlotte Wednesday, after an investigation of various depressions and other earthquake evidences along the line of the Charlotte and Savannah railway. At the 22-mile post he found a fissure, the largest which has yet been noted, being 2,000 feet in length, and averaging three and a half inches in width. The line of the crevasses was not continuous, being interrupted at intervals by the more solid upper strata.

What Blaineism Does for a State.

Pittsburg (Pa.) Post. Between 1860 and 1870 Maine was the one State of the Union that decreased in population. It fell off from 628,000 in 1860 to 626,000 in 1870. It increased to 648,000 in 1880, with the exception of Vermont by far the smallest percentage of increase in any State of the Union. The slowest moving State of the South increased in population in a ratio four or five times greater than Maine.

In agriculture it has also fallen behind. In 1870 the value of the farms of Maine was \$102,921,000, and in 1880 \$102,357,000. There was an increase in some products, but a falling off in others; no general increase. The State stood still agriculturally, while others were forging ahead. In manufactures Maine is also falling behind. In 1880 it had 4,481 factories in the State and in 1870 it had 5,550. It paid out in wages \$13,600,000 in 1880, against \$14,280,000 in 1870, and the value of products was \$79,500,000 in 1870 to \$79,829,009 in 1880. Wages decreased and the value of the work increased. That don't look well, Mr. Blaine.

While Maine is stationary or falling behind in population, agriculture and manufactures, illiteracy is on the increase. It had 13,000 inhabitants in 1870 over ten years of age unable to read and 18,000 in 1880. It had 19,000 in 1870 unable to write and 22,000 in 1880.

In the statistics of crime, insanity, and pauperism there is also an increase in the number of criminals and unfortunate, even with a stationary or decreased population, and, think of it, a prohibitory liquor law! Mr. Blaine should look at home before criticizing other sections of the Union or the results of democratic rule elsewhere. His State is a log upon a tideless sea. It is falling behind in population, agriculture, and manufactures, or is at best stationary, while there is an increase in the illiterate, criminal, insane and pauper classes.

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Democratic Nominees

Bladen and Brunswick: Senator, W. I. Shaw. Bladen: representative, C. C. Lyon. Beaufort: representative, W. B. Rodman, Jr. Brunswick: representative, F. M. Moore. Burke: representative, J. C. Mills. Buncombe: Representatives, Johnstone Jones, H. A. Gidger. Caldwell, Burke, Mitchell, Yancey and McDowell, Senators, I. H. Bailey, John Tull. Caswell: representative, John Allen. Camden: representative, Julius Johnston. Carteret: Senator, J. W. Sanders; representative, C. R. Thomas, Jr. Chatham: Senator, H. A. London; representatives, Charles W. Houston, Carney W. Bynum. Cumberland: representatives, Thomas H. Sutton, John G. Shaw. Cumberland and Harnett: senator, John C. McCormick, of Harnett. Duplin: Senator, John A. Bryan; representative, J. D. Southerland. Durham: Senator, S. T. Morgan; representative, John C. Angier. Edgecombe: senator, R. H. Speight; representatives, B. P. Jenkins, W. H. Powell. Franklin: Senator, T. S. Collins; representatives, C. A. Nash. Forsyth: representative, Henry Fries. Gaston: representative, John F. Wilson. Gaston and Cleveland: Senator, James L. Webb. Graham: representative, N. G. Phillips. Hyde: representative, I. B. Watson. Haywood, Transylvania and Henderson: Senator, George W. Wilson. Iredell: Senator, C. L. Summers; representatives, A. Leazar, J. B. Holman. Lincoln: Senator, William L. Crouse; representative, T. H. Proctor. Martin: representative, J. W. Manning. Mecklenburg: Senator, S. B. Alexander; representatives, J. T. Kell, E. K. P. Osborne, J. W. Moore. Macon: Senator, Kope Elias; representative, W. N. Allman. McDowell: representative, P. Sinclair. Nash: representative, G. R. Marshall. Onslow: representative, W. E. Orange; representative, J. F. Lyon. Pitt: Senator, Willis R. Williams; representatives, E. C. Blount, M. C. S. Cherry. Randolph: representatives, John M. Worth, Thomas J. Redding. Rockingham: Senator, J. P. Dillard; representatives, R. S. Williams, W. D. Hightower. Rowan: Senator, F. E. Shober; representative, Lee S. Overman. Robeson: Representatives, H. McMillan, D. C. Began. Stokes: representative, J. Y. Phillips. Sampson: Senator, E. W. Kerr; representatives, Robert R. Bell, William E. Stevens. Stanley: Senator, S. J. Pemberton; representative, D. N. Bennett. Second senatorial district: Senators, Charles F. Warren, of Beaufort; Joseph A. Spruill, of Tyrrell. Tyrrell: representative, R. P. Felton. Transylvania, Henderson and Haywood: senator, George W. Wilson. Union and Anson: Senator, H. B. Adams. Union: representative, C. A. Ashcraft. Watonga: representative, Dr. W. E. Council. Wake: Senator, Rufus H. Jones; representatives, A. J. Blanchard, B. T. Strickland, E. R. Stamps, Samuel E. Morehead. Wilson, Nash and Franklin: Senators, J. H. Thorpe, Nash; T. S. Collier, Franklin. Johnston: Senator, J. H. Poir; representative, J. W. Perry, E. S. Abell. Johnston: Senator, J. H. Poir. Jones, Onslow and Carteret: senators, J. W. Saunders, of Carteret. First senatorial district: Senators, W. P. Shaw, of Hertford; Mark R. Gregory, of Camden. Eleventh senatorial district: Senator, William A. Darden. Henderson: representative, W. T. Crawford. Onslow: representative, H. E. King. Lenoir: representative, M. A. Gray.

—Our American Miss Ada Rehan, has drawn in Europe as no foreign actress ever did in this country. She has drawn blood, a sanguinary duel having been fought over her fair fame.

Over-Worked Women. For "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated school teachers, milliners, seamstresses, housekeepers, and overworked women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all restorative tonics. It is not a "cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent specific for all those Chronic Weaknesses and Diseases peculiar to women. It is a powerful, general as well as uterine, tonic and nerve, and impart vigor and strength to the whole system. It promptly cures weakness of stomach, indigestion, bloating, weak back, nervous prostration, debility and sleeplessness, in either sex. Favorite Prescription is sold by druggists under our positive guarantee. See wrapper around a bottle. Price \$1.00 a bottle, or six bottles for \$5.00. A large treatise on Diseases of Women, profusely illustrated with colored plates and numerous wood-cuts, sent for ten cents in stamps. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, 603 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Keep Cool.—Read the new advertisement of J. C. Brewster & Co., and give them the call. Everything new in the way of Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, &c. The Birmingham Cotton Row, the Farmers' line.

BONELESS BREAKFAST BACON.—Ferry's Boneless Breakfast Bacon, the choicest of the kind. Ferry's Hams, Tongues &c. A fine lot of Southampton. E. J. HARDEN.

FRESH CLOVER AND GRASS SEEDS. We have in store and arriving: 200 Bushels New Seed Rye, 200 " Orchard Grass seed, 200 " Kentucky Blue Grass Seed, Red Top or Berds Grass Seed, 200 " Italian Rye Grass Seed, 200 " English Rye Grass Seed, 200 " Red Clover Seed, 200 pounds Lucerne Clover Seed, 200 " Spelling Clover Seed. The best time for sowing is from now to October 1.

WILLIAMSON & UPCHURCH. Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 31, dim.

CAPITAL PRIZE \$75,000.

Tickets only \$5; Shares in Proportion. Louisiana State Lottery Company. We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Commissioners. We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters: J. H. OGLEBARY, Pres. Louisiana National Bank. J. H. OGLEBARY, Pres. State National Bank. A. H. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans National Bank.

Incorporated in 1868 for 55 years by the Legislature, for educational and charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$500,000 has since been added. By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State constitution, adopted December 24, A. D. 1879. The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

IT NEVER SCALES OR POSTPONES. Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly, and the Extraordinary Drawings regularly every three months instead of Semi-Annually as heretofore. A splendid opportunity to Win a Fortune. Tenth Grand Drawing, Class K, in the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, October 12, 1886—19th Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each: Fractions, in this proportion. LIST OF PRIZES.

Table with 2 columns: Prize Amount and Number of Tickets. 1 Capital Prize \$75,000. 1 do do 25,000. 1 do do 10,000. 2 Prizes of \$6,000 12,000. 5 do do 2,000 11,000. 10 do do 1,000 10,000. 20 do do 500 10,000. 100 do do 200 20,000. 300 do do 100 3,000. 500 do do 50 25,000. 1,000 do do 25 25,000.

APPROXIMATE PRIZES. 9 Approximate Prizes of \$50 6,750. 9 do do do 500 4,500. 9 do do do 250 2,250. 1,967 Prizes, amounting to \$26,500. Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the company in New Orleans.

For further information write clearly, giving full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express, Money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (at our expense) addressed. W. A. DUFFY, New Orleans, La. or W. A. DUFFY, Washington, D. C.

Make P. O. Money Orders payable and send Registered Letters to BINGHAM SCHOOL, NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

EDUCATIONAL. "New Series in Corporate Name." BINGHAM SCHOOL. Established in 1793. The 8th yearly Term begins September 8th, 1886. For Catalogue giving full particulars, address M. J. BINGHAM, Supt. Bingham School, P. O. Orange Co., N. C.

RALEIGH MALE ACADEMY. HUGH MORROW, Principals. C. B. DENSON, Principals. The next Annual Session opens August 30, 1886. Boys and young men prepared for Colleges or business pursuits. Full Classical, Scientific and Commercial Courses. The Teachers have had long and successful experience. Board in the city at reasonable rates. For catalogue and references, with full information, address either of the principals.

Johns Hopkins University. BALTIMORE. UNIVERSITY AND COLLEGIATE COURSES. The programmes for the next academic year will be sent on application. Hanover Academy. VIRGINIA. COL. HILARY P. JONES, M. A. MAJ. HORACE W. JONES. TAYLORSVILLE P. O.

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As will be seen from the above announcement, I have disposed of my entire interest in the stock of Drugs, Chemicals, &c., in the drug store 133 Fayetteville street, to Messrs. James McKimmon & Co. I shall remain with the new firm in charge of the prescription department, and ask for them a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon me in the past. Very respectfully, WM SIMPSON.

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