

# THE NEWS . AND OBSERVER.

## NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

It seems from the revelations being made in the government printing office that Mr. Rounds was anything but square in his dealings with Uncle Sam.

It is said that the tory government of England, in view of the possible bad effect of a strict enforcement of the rights of landlords, has issued private instructions to them not to press their claims in cases where extreme hardship would result.

Public printer Benedict's axe has fallen again, and with it the heads of fifty-three employees in his office. He will reduce the monthly expenses in the public printing office by \$57,000 without delay. This is the sort of reform that means something.

"The Mikado" has reached Mexico, duly translated and adapted to the Spanish-speaking lovers of comedy. It was recently presented in the Teatro Nacional, in the gay capital of the Montezuma, under the title of "El Mikado del Japon."

Creations, now become so popular in some parts of the world, may have to give way to cementation—the process by which a corpse is converted into a solid statue that may be kept in the parlor, the garret, or the coal shed, or loaned to an art gallery. It is rather hard on the newly-formed cremation companies.

The British association proposes to abandon the idea of beating the American "further north" record, and recommends an expedition toward the South Pole. No ship has ever wintered within the Antarctic circle, and it is expected that knowledge of the phenomena of the Southern ocean can be greatly widened by such an expedition.

If you want to get the best possible attention and service from employees on parlor and sleeping cars on a nick in the hind part of the heel of one of your shoes. It is a mark the porters now put on the boots of railroad inspectors and other officials when blessing their shoes so that other porters on other parts of a railroad system may know that watchmen are among them.

The use of the Suez canal in moving the tea crop from China to America is rapidly being abandoned for the swifter means afforded by our transcontinental railroads. In 1884 the bulk of the shipments were via the Suez canal. In 1885 the shipments by that route to America were but 9,254,197 pounds, while San Francisco received 12,496,187 pounds. This year the imports by way of San Francisco have reached 20,525,280 pounds, while those via the Suez canal have fallen off to 7,592,049 pounds. From Yokohama to New York by the canal takes sixty days, by San Francisco forty-nine days. Insurance and freight charges are diminished, and the tea, being fresher, is said to be better when brought by the latter route.

Otto Baumann, the receiving teller of the Union Dime Savings Bank, New York, is the latest recruit to the grand army of defaulters and embezzlers. The sum of his embezzlement is \$19,152, not enough to embarrass the bank, it is true, but still enough to cover his name with infamy and send him to prison if he is captured before he gets to Canada. Curiously enough, he does not seem to have speculated, nor to have lived beyond his means, nor does it appear that there was a woman in the case for whom the money was stolen. In private life Mr. Baumann was retiring and affectionate, caring for his wife and two children faithfully and well. The embezzlement, however, seems to have been systematic and was detected by the paying teller, whose suspicions were aroused by the discovery of a credit entry in Baumann's handwriting. His wife is left without any means of support and is well nigh distracted over her husband's disgrace.

The French scientific journal La Nature describes and illustrates a machine for making a product which is coming into favor in various different employments under the name of wool-wool. As its name implies, this material is simply wood cut into such fine shavings that it answers many of the purposes to which wool is commonly applied. Although it was at first intended merely as a packing material it was soon found that it had a much more extended field of usefulness. It is employed for stuffing mattresses, as bedding for cattle for the filtration of liquids, etc. It is elastic like horse hair and is beautifully clean in use. The wood used by preference is Biga fir, and the machine will produce, without any necessity for skilled labor, more than 1,500 pounds of "wool" per day of ten hours.

Fashion seems to tend more and more to specialities. The toilet for the drawing-room does not in the least resemble the dress suitable for the street, and the woman who conforms to the two ends herself continually at variance with the canons of good taste and elegance, which happily prevail just now. The extreme caprice, the originality, and the luxury of home and drawing-room toilets are counterpoised by the extreme sobriety and studied simplicity of those designed for the promenade, and the presently fashionable model for these is a tailor-made gown of wools, more or less light and soft, according to the requirements of the season. Among what are known as demi-season toilets in Paris are those made of camel's hair trimmed with figured cashmere in Persian or Indian designs. Silk, velvet, broche, and richly brocaded satins are reserved mostly for full-dress occasions, and in demi-toilets are also noted those composed of two different fabrics, one of these being almost invariably a striped material.

They all go back to ten hours. CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—Today the Chicago packers unanimously agreed to change to the ten hour system Monday, October 11.

## RICHMOND.

### THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR ORGANIZE VERY SLOWLY.

GREAT DISSATISFACTION OVER THE PROMISES OF NEGRO DELEGATE FARRELL.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 6.—Although today was the third day of the convention its members were not ready to begin the actual work they had come to do. There still remained to be settled the question of seating eight or ten delegates whose cases the committee on credentials has referred to the convention. Throughout the city today the principal topic of discussion was the admission of the colored delegate, Farrell, to a seat in the orchestra circle in the Academy of Music, a section of the auditorium hitherto sacred from the intrusion of all persons of his race. The general feeling among Virginians here is one of bitter resentment and they regard the delegates from district assembly No. 49 with anything but friendly feeling. It is said that a majority of local Knights are much provoked at the action of their visiting brothers and it was reported that a few Knights living here declared their intention of abandoning the order and joining the "Law and Order League," organized here in sworn opposition to the Knights of Labor.

At noon a recess was taken until 2 o'clock. Powderly announced to the representatives of the press that he had nothing to communicate to them. Some secret business had been transacted, but of course he could say nothing as to its nature. The morning session was mainly devoted, he said, to the consideration of the report of the committee on credentials, which has not been finally acted upon. Delegates are unusually reticent and such statements as can be elicited by inquiry are contradictory. It seems safe, however, to say that whatever action has been taken by the credentials committee in the case of district 49 and the Brooklyn delegates is unfavorable to the latter. The feeling of the majority of delegates outside of New York is in favor of Brooklyn. It now seems possible that the third day's session may end with the convention still unorganized.

The afternoon session, beginning at 2 o'clock, lasted nearly an hour beyond the regular time for adjournment, 6 o'clock. Matters then stood about where they were this morning. Powderly, through whom the official news of proceedings was given to the press, told the reporters he had nothing in the way of news to give them. The convention, he said, was still considering the report of the committee on credentials and had not yet acted on it. This means that the fight over the admission of eight or ten delegates, whom the committee referred to the convention, is still in progress. Who these delegates are, Powderly and other leading Knights still refuse to say. The burden of rumor, however, seems to favor statements that they are three Brooklyn delegates, Brown, Dobb and Miller, of the Brooklyn Montank association; Morrison, of district assembly 128, of New York, and six St. Louis delegates claiming to be elected instead of six said to be Turner men. The delegates from district assembly 49, according to some unofficial reports, are fighting Morrison and the Brooklyn men, tooth and nail, but the long continuance of the battle shows that the opposition is fully determined as they. There can be no doubt of the fact that the battle is a bitter one. This afternoon the voices of opposing delegates could be heard in the street outside armory hall, as they argued the questions at issue. Until this discussion is ended the convention is at a standstill and no work can be done. Meanwhile many delegates here are growing impatient at the prolongation of the contest and are anxious to get to the work they came here to accomplish.

THE PRESIDENT INVITED TO ALABAMA. WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—A delegation of gentlemen from Alabama, headed by mayor Reese, of Montgomery, waited on the President today and invited him to attend the State fair to be held at Montgomery early in November. The President said he would consider the invitation and inform them of his decision later.

LYNCHBURG'S CENTENNIAL. LYNCHBURG, Va., Oct. 6.—The one hundredth anniversary of the foundation of this city will be celebrated Monday next by the opening of the agricultural fair, of which a great trades display will be one of the features. Gov. Lee will preside at the ceremonies.

DISSEMINATING CATTLE ON ROUTE TO BALTIMORE. BALTIMORE, Oct. 6.—An intimation having reached Baltimore that distillery beef cattle, among which disease is supposed to exist, are to be shipped from Chicago to this city, every precaution is now being made to prevent the sale of such cattle.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY. At Cincinnati, first game, Cincinnati 12, Metropolitan 6; second game, Cincinnati 3, Metropolitan 8. (Game called at end of sixth inning on account of darkness); at Boston, Boston 11, St. Louis 5; at New York, New York 4, Chicago 1; at Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh 0, Baltimore 6; at Philadelphia, Philadelphia 6, Kansas City 9. (seven innings); at St. Louis, St. Louis 12, Athletics 6; at Louisville, Louisville 4, Brooklyn 7; at Washington, Washington 1, Detroit 2. (11 innings)

NEW YORK COTTON FUTURES. New York, Oct. 6.—Greene & Co.'s report on cotton futures says: "In the absence of further important offerings, and assisted somewhat by slightly improved advices from Liverpool, the market made a steadier showing, with two or three points recovery."

SECRETARY MANNING NEARLY READY FOR ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 6.—Secretary Manning went to New York this morning and expects to be in Washington next week.

## A BIG LOCK-OUT.

### Joint Action of Frankford Mills.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 6.—Some excitement existed throughout Frankford today owing to a shut-down of the mills in that vicinity, and a large force of patrolmen from different districts was scattered around the section where the mills were located, to prevent trouble. The shut-down was in accordance with an order issued by a committee of the Philadelphia manufacturers' association, to which the consideration of the demands of strikers in the mills of Troth & Co. had been submitted. These strikers had been given notice that if they returned to work up to the hour of closing yesterday, a lock-out would not occur. The men refused to accept the offer, and the shut-down followed. The demands of the strikers at Troth's mills are that Robert McGowan, the superintendent, be discharged, along with all non union men now employed; the starting up of a section of looms which were stopped through lack of orders; the reinstatement of all strikers in a body, and a general advance in wages amounting to nine per cent. The mills which shut down are the Arminger, which employed 100 hands; Jones', which employed 300; Clark & O'Neill, 50; Edward T. Garsed, 80; Charles J. Milne, 100; R. Dallas, 60; James P. Pollock, 90; Rid die & West, 90; Charles Cranshaw, 30; Henry Dale, 40; William P. Troth, who was working his mills with thirteen non-unions hands; and a number of mill owners whose employes ranged from ten to twenty. The firms of Milne & Co. and Whitaker & Co. do not belong to the manufacturers' association, but both have expressed their willingness to join the other manufacturers in the lock-out.

### A Terrible Accident.

MURDER AND SUICIDE. BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 6.—A special from Columbia, S. C., says a terrible accident occurred at Chester, Sunday night, by which two children and an old woman were roasted alive. Dave Henry went with his wife to a camp-meeting, leaving their house and two children in charge of Caroline Berry. Upon the return of the parents they found the house in flames and heard the screaming of their children upon the inside. Unsuccessful attempts were made to save them. The charred bodies were recovered from the ruins. It is supposed that Caroline Berry went to sleep while smoking and the bed clothes caught from her pipe.

In Chester county Monday evening Charles White, colored, shot his wife and then hung himself. White made an unsuccessful attempt to commit suicide a month ago, and on Sunday night he shot at his wife for misconduct. He induced her to take a walk with him, when he shot her and then hung himself to a limb of a tree.

### The Bulls and Bears.

THE POWERFUL ENDORSEMENT OF THEIR CANDIDATE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The bulls and bears of Wall street stopped their usual performance today when lists were hung up in the stock exchange for the signatures of those who advocated the nomination of J. Edward Simmons for mayor. The brokers gave a mighty cheer and began to sign the lists. In two hours' time two-thirds of the members had pledged themselves to vote for him. The aggregate capital represented was nearly a billion of dollars. Edward C. Fox, the broker who initiated the movement, said that Simmons would be the candidate of capital against labor and socialism; that the business men of New York would not allow socialism to rule this city. Similar lists will be posted in the other exchanges. Simmons was president of the stock exchange last year and is grand master of Masonry in the State of New York. He is a democrat, but this movement is irrespective of politics.

A Terrible Explosion. DEADWOOD, Dakota, Oct. 6.—A box containing thirty pounds of giant powder exploded in the 300 foot level, Caledonia mine, yesterday. Four men were killed, outright. Their names are Philip Wymann, Thomas Chespre, John Pascar, Harry Rosier. Fred Belin was badly out and is not expected to live. The bodies of those killed were blown to pieces, and the remains were taken out in barrels. The men had gone to sleep on a box used for the powder, when a spark from one of the men's pipes fell among the scraps.

### Frost in Buckingham.

COR. OF THE NEWS AND OBSERVER. WENTWORTH, N. C., Oct. 5, 1885. The frost of the nights of the 1st and 2d inst. killed all growing tobacco standing in the field, causing a loss of from one-fourth to one-half that was out and not cut. Over three-fourths of all that was out on Friday night is an entire loss and not worth saving. Owing to the dry weather our farmers could not move the cured article out of their barns and could not out on Saturday, hoping that there would not be a killing frost Saturday night, but most of what was standing on the hill is an entire loss.

### The President's Wife Back in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6.—Mrs. Cleveland and Mrs. Folsom returned to Washington this morning. They arrived here about 5:30 o'clock and were met at the railroad station by the President.

### Some Variegated Baseality.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—William J. Gallagher was held in \$12,000 bail today on seven warrants, charged with forgery, conspiracy, passing fictitious bills and for obtaining money under false pretences. He went to jail.

## CHICAGO.

### THE GENERAL CONVENTION OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

ITS OPENING SERVICES—A LARGE ATTENDANCE AND IMPRESSIVE SCENES.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—The general convention of the Protestant Episcopal church of the United States opened here today. The house of bishops assembled in the lecture room of St. James' Episcopal church shortly before 10 o'clock, to prepare for the opening services of the convention. Two thousand tickets of admission to the church edifice had been issued, and a large premium was, in many cases, offered to ticket-holders by persons desirous of witnessing the inaugural services. A great audience, composed of clergy and laity, completely filled the spacious auditorium. The services began at 10:30 o'clock, with a processional hymn, which heralded the approach of the bishops, who emerged from a side-room and filled the space within the chancel rail. This was followed by the reading of the morning prayer, the chanting of the litany and the celebration of the communion service. A sermon was delivered by Rt. Rev. Geo. T. Bedell, of Ohio, who spoke upon "The Continuity of the Church of God." The singing of a recessional hymn followed, the bishops retiring, headed, as when they came into the church, by the venerable Bishop Lee, of Virginia, the senior bishop of the body. This afternoon the entire body assembled at the music hall, the clerical and lay delegates taking the main floor and the bishops the Apollo hall, for organization.

### A Deadly Disaster.

A TERRIBLE STORY FROM MISSOURI—LIVES LOST BY A STEAMBOAT EXPLOSION. ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 6.—A special from Cape Girardeau states that the wreck of the steamer La Mascotte resulted last night, from the collapse of one of the boiler flues. The explosion spent its force directly backwards into the engine room and the crew and roustabouts suffered from being scalded by escaping steam. Eleven of the latter were so terribly burned that huge scales of flesh peeled from their bodies. Six of them have died. The register of passengers was lost with the vessel and it is thought that some were drowned or killed whose bodies have not been recovered. The pilot, taking advantage of its heading, turned the boat toward the shore, but the flames caused him to abandon his post before the gang-plank could be lowered. After he left his post the current turned the boat's bow out into the river again, and her stern swung to the bank, which afforded a means of escape for several who were at that end of the boat. The pilot and one cabin boy thus got ashore without injuries or even a wet foot. The gang plank was lowered and many were placed upon it, mostly women and children, who would have been saved had not the smoke-stack fallen squarely across it, and all who were not killed by it were drowned. Capt. Thompson, after doing all in his power to save the passengers and crew, jumped overboard and swam ashore, the boat having by this time drifted fully 200 yards out into the river. It drifted to the Illinois shore and sank, the only thing visible at present being the wheels. Lew Braham, the second clerk, told the following story of the disaster: "We had landed and were pulling out and I walked up stairs and into my room, when I heard a small explosion, like that of a sky-rocket, and opened a door to the cabin and saw steam coming into it from the barber shop. I saw ladies in their cabin and called them to come forward. I saw fire coming from under the boiler deck and I took the ladies forward to the boiler deck and started down stairs, when pilot Geareau gave life preservers to them, telling them all to put them on immediately. I ordered the gang-plank thrown overboard, which was promptly done, and we put all the ladies on the plank. The rigging broke and the plank swung onto Mrs. L. Seimers jumped into my arms and I landed her on the plank, while I was thrown into the river myself. I swam alongside the plank and made the men get off, so it would bear up the ladies. I swam to a ledge of rocks and crawled ashore. A man from Illinois, with a skiff, took people off the stage and also saved a number that were swimming. He did some noble work." J. J. Haslon, second pilot, says: "The steamer Eagle was near us when the disaster occurred, and could easily have pushed us ashore, without much trouble and danger, but I understand her captain did not care to render any assistance. Adolphus E. Ely, pilot of the 'Eagle, told me that the captain ordered him not to go near La Mascotte, as he did not wish to endanger his boat. If he would only have pushed us ashore, not a single person would have been injured, except from scalds and burns."

## Georgia Held.

### THE DEMOCRATS MAKE A CLEAN SWEEP.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 6.—The election passed off quietly today. The democrats had a clean sweep every where. The following is the State ticket: Gov. John B. Gordon; Secretary of State, Nathan C. Barnett; Comptroller general, William A. Wright; Treasurer, Robert N. Hardeman; Attorney General, Clifford Anderson.

AUGUSTA, October 6.—There was no opposition to Gov. Gordon for Governor, and the democratic candidates for State offices. The Knights of Labor candidates for the legislature have created some excitement, but regular democratic nominees are elected to the house and senate. A light vote was polled here and throughout the State, there being no issues by the opposition candidates to bring out a full vote.

### Round About Town.

### CASUAL ITEMS FROM A REPORTER'S NOTE BOOK.

There was again a boom in the cotton market yesterday. The receipts were large and trading was active. The streets presented a very lively appearance, and dealers of all kinds were on the rush until a late hour in the afternoon.

Cotton picking never progressed so rapidly in this section as it is now doing. It was remarked yesterday that as fast as the cotton opened it was picked out and put upon the market. The comparatively high prices have had much to do with this.

There is unquestionably a regular boom in business in all departments. Everybody feels the general influence of this and there is a general knowledge of the fact that the prospects at this time of the year were never fairer. Sixty thousand bales of cotton, it is now calculated, will be about the receipts, and some persons think they will go above these figures.

Mr. Henry Wilkerson, late of Oxford, is now located here permanently, and joins the corps of tobacco buyers. There will probably be other additions. All the dealers in the weed are getting matters in shape. Tobacco comes in more slowly here early in the season than it does at places where only tobacco is sold. Here the cotton trade demands attention earlier.

Rain was expected yesterday morning. An experienced farmer said that it would benefit cotton, by developing the top bolls, which in many cases need moisture to enable them to mature. With proper seasons a fine top crop is expected.

All the manufacturers here appear to be well filled with orders. The shoe factories are running on full time and increasing their working force, and the clothing factories report business better than ever before. The latter furnish employment now to over 300 persons, mainly women and girls.

The cotton seed oil mills start up next Monday and will not cease to run until late next spring. They will have greatly enlarged facilities for work and of course their operations will be much more extensive than ever before. The mills take rank with the finest in the South in point of equipment. People who have never seen the mills in operation will be more than repaid by paying a visit to them and witnessing the manufacture of oil and fertilizer.

Democratic Conventions. The democratic candidates for the legislature and the various county offices will address the people at the following times and places:

- Township House, October 7.
- Franklin's, October 8.
- Morrisville, October 11.
- Cary, October 12.
- Lashley's, October 14.
- Holly Springs, October 15.
- Edwards' Store, October 16.
- Pollard's, October 18.
- S. B. Ferrell's Store, October 19.
- Law's, October 20.
- Hutchinson's, October 20.
- Dunnsville, October 22.
- Milburnie, October 23.
- Roleville, October 25.
- Wakfield, October 26.
- Hood's Store, October 29.
- Auburn, October 30.

### Plenty of Beer.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 6.—The Atlantians can have plenty of beer. The general council today passed an amendment to an ordinance allowing the Atlanta brewery to deliver beer to private families in the city. The anti's consider that they have scored a big victory; and so they have.

### Hansen Accepts.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—Hansen has accepted Ross' challenge to row a race on the Thames for £500 a side.

Dr. James Corrie, Dentist in Baltimore, writes: "I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup personally and in my family for two or three years, and I am prepared to say that there is nothing to compare to it as a remedy for cough, cold, etc." 25 cents.

Pains in the back are frequently caused by a sudden wrenching of the spine. A few applications of Salvation Oil will give permanent relief.

The negro who introduced Powderly said: "One of the objects of my order is the abolition of those distinctions which are maintained by creed or color."

The Knights of Assembly No. 49, N. Y., who would not stop at a white hotel, went to stay with negroes.

### A Valuable Testimonial.

In connection with the advertisement of the well known and highly esteemed company, the Penn Mutual Life, the following is published. It is a valuable testimonial: RALEIGH, Sept. 21, 1886.

MR. E. LIEBERMAN, General Agent Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Philadelphia:

DEAR SIR: As guardian of my daughter, Mrs. Clara Blake, I am just in receipt of the check of your company for \$630, in payment of a long lapsed policy, on which my daughter's late husband, John C. Blake, had paid premiums to the amount of \$218 40. As none of the family were aware there was any claim against the company on account of this lapsed policy, I beg to express my high appreciation of the liberality of the company in making known the claim and paying this sum, and also of your kindness and courtesy in arranging the matter for my daughter. This is a practical evidence of the value of the non-forfeitable feature of your company, for Mr. Blake had lapsed policies in other companies for which his family or this estate will receive nothing.

I therefore will take pleasure in recommending the Penn Mutual to my friends and neighbors.

Very respectfully yours,  
MRS. H. MAHLER

### Excitement in Texas.

Great excitement has been caused in the vicinity of Paris, Tex., by the remarkable recovery of J. K. Corley, who was so helpless he could not turn in bed, or raise his head; everybody said he was dying of Consumption. A trial bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery was sent him. Finding relief he bought a large bottle and a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills by the time he had taken two boxes of Pills and two bottles of the Discovery, he was well and had gained in flesh nearly twenty pounds. Trial bottles of this Great Discovery or Consumption free at all drug stores.

Col. J. N. Whitford announces himself as an independent candidate for the senate in the ninth district.

**DEBULL'S  
COUGH  
SYRUP**

Salvation Oil, "The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain."

"Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Lumbago, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, &c." Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 Cents a Bottle.

**Edward Fasnach,  
Jeweler and Optician**  
RALEIGH, N. C.

Gold and Silver Watches, American and Imported. Real and imitation Diamond Jewelry. 15 Karat Wedding and Engagement Rings, any size and weight. Sterling Silver Ware for Bridal Presents.

**Optical Goods  
A SPECIALTY.**

Spectacles and Eye-glasses in Gold, Silver, Steel, Rubber and Shell Frames. Lenses, white and tinted, in endless varieties.

Sells for Lodges, Corporations, etc. Also Badges and Medals for Schools and Societies made to order.

Mail orders promptly attended to. Goods sent on collection by any part of the State.

100% OR GOLD and Silver in small and large quantities taken as cash.

**Startling Facts.**

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO  
**IGNORE THEM.**

The following appeared in a recent issue of the "New York Commercial Bulletin": "An expert examined and reported upon a sample of Western Refined Lard the other day, which he did NOT CONTAIN A POUND OF GOOD FAT, but consisted of tallow, grease, cotton seed oil, and oleo stearine."

A druggist, commenting upon the exposure being made, remarked: "Consumers don't care what is in the lard, so long as it is cheap."

In view of the above facts will you pay out to carefully examine the lard in your kitchen and be sure you are not using the adulterated article. The odor from it when hot betrays it. Apply the above tests or any other test to

CASSARD'S  
**STAR BRAND LARD**  
and see for yourself that it is what we guarantee it to be. ABSOLUTELY PURE.  
For sale by G. CASSARD & SON,  
Baltimore, Md.  
Agent for Raleigh, B. H. Woodell, Esq.

**ROYAL  
BAKING  
POWDER**

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight, alum or phosphate powders sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W. C. & A. B. Strousch, George T. Strousch and J. R. Farrell & Co.

**WOMEN  
BROWNS  
IRON  
BITTERS**

THE BEST TONIC

Need not remove strength, or who suffer from pale complexion, or who are thin, should try this medicine.

This medicine combines iron with pure vegetable bases, and is available for Diseases peculiar to women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It cures Anemia, Pale Complexion, Headaches, Vertigo, Nervousness, Irritability, Indigestion, Impaired Appetite, Weakness of the Blood, Stomach and Liver, etc. It does not burn the stomach, or produce constipation, or give rise to any of the weaknesses which are the result of other Iron Medicines. It is a Family Remedy. It is sold by W. C. & A. B. Strousch, George T. Strousch and J. R. Farrell & Co., 108 Wall Street, New York.

## RACKET STORE.

### THE GREAT BARGAIN STORE OF RALEIGH.

I have just returned from New York, where I have purchased the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever brought to the Racket. Just as we have said all the time, goods cheap enough will sell themselves. This and this alone accounts for the tremendous trade at the Racket. Our goods are cheap and it is time that our sledge-hammer bargains may be hard hitters for those who buy and sell on time, but they are real blessings to those who can pay cash for their goods. Gathered up from the slaughter-pens of credit and laid at your doors with but one profit, you get a dollar in real value in every dollar's worth you buy, measure for measure, dollar for dollar, at the Racket Store. The credit system is a system of sleepless nights of deferred hope, of blighted expectations, of bad debts, of disputed ledger accounts, a system which makes an honest man, who pays and intends to pay, support and pay for those who never pay. The merchant who sells goods on time never knows how much he ought to charge to bring him a reasonable profit on his goods, for the reason he never knows what his losses will be.

The Racket is cutting to the right hand and to the left, knowing no law but the greatest value for the least money.

This week we will offer some good bargains in umbrellas just from the manufactory, good bargains in gold and silver watches, some big drives in clothing, hats, shoes and boots; also in ladies' and misses' and children's shoes, and all kinds of notions.

Most respectfully submitted to the cash trade only.

**VOLNEY PURSELL & CO.,**  
No. 10 East Martin Street.