



**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. It is sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight, alum or phosphate powders sold only in cans. **ROYAL BAKING POWDER** is sold by W. C. & A. B. Strousch, George Trench and J. R. Ferrall & Co.

**Dyspepsia!**  
Indigestion! Weak Stomach!  
Indications—Dizziness, Lack of Appetite, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Heartburn, Nervous Prostration.  
Causes—Over-eating and drinking; too little food; impaired digestion; hurried eating; too little rest; too close confinement.  
Cure—

**Brown's Iron Bitters.**  
Does your stomach refuse to assimilate the food you eat?

Brown's Iron Bitters furnishes aid to the stomach to accomplish its work. Only a medicine which has a specific action upon the stomach will do you any good, and Brown's Iron Bitters will act directly upon that organ, toning it up and giving it strength to do its work, relieving the pressure upon the nervous system, strengthening the nerves, quickening and improving the appetite, removing flatulency and heartburn, restoring the appetite, and dispelling the dizzy spells which are so annoying, and may prove very dangerous.

Anxiety, care, despondency, gloom, which have resulted from the dyspeptic condition, will no longer exist if a faithful use of this valuable medicine is made.  
It will not produce constipation or headache.

**Brown's Iron Bitters**  
Is the only iron medicine that will cure both of these complaints.  
The scientific combination and skillful preparation of Brown's Iron Bitters ensures a remedy always the same and always effective. It is composed of the best vegetable alterative medicinal agents known. With these iron is so assimilated that its strengthening and tonic properties are added to and form a part of the blood purifying elements of the best medicine known for the cure of all blood poisoning, stomach disorders, kidney and liver troubles, and diseases arising from impure, weak, or vitiated blood. Ladies can take

**Brown's Iron Bitters**  
without producing nausea. Growing children derive great benefit from small and frequent doses. It will not injure or discolor the teeth; of no other iron medicine can this be said with truth.  
It has no deleterious action upon the system, as no whiskey enters into its composition. Prepared by the Brown Chemical Co., of Baltimore, Md.

**Brown's Iron Bitters**  
the great blood purifying, kidney and liver medicine, can be obtained everywhere. Price only one dollar a bottle.  
Do not be deceived by imitations. The genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on the wrapper, and will cure

**Dyspepsia and Indigestion.**  
We have sold G. Cassard & Son's lard almost exclusively for nearly seven years and deem it decidedly the best on the market.  
**G. C. COHEN & SON.**  
The leading fancy grocers of Washington, D. C.  
We have handled Cassard's "Star Brand" lard for a considerable while and find it to suit our customers better than any other lard we ever handled. They like it so well that we have abandoned all other brands.  
We have been using G. Cassard & Son's "Star Brand" lard in our trade for the past eight months and find it gives better satisfaction than any we have ever used and we have tried about all.  
**W. R. NEWBOLD & CO.,**  
Raleigh, N. C.  
**Messrs. G. CAMARD & SON:**  
It affords us great pleasure and satisfaction to be enabled to endorse the merits of your lard. Since 1868 we have used it in our extended trade, and most confidently recommend it as the purest and best we have ever handled in our experience.  
**CHRISTIAN WHITE & CO.,**  
The leading fancy grocers of Richmond, Va.  
**WIRE BAILING AND ORNA MENTAL WIRE WORKS,**  
No. 48 North Howard Street, Baltimore, Md., manufacturers of wire railing for Cellars, Balconies, etc., Stoves, Fenders, Organs, Wood sheds and Coal Bars, Woven Wire, Iron Bedsteads, Chair Bottoms, etc.

### NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

—Who says the Knights of Labor organization does not advance the condition of its members? Mr. Powderly, its founder, is to have his wages raised from \$1,500 a year to \$5,000.

—The sale of Mr. Lorillard's Ranocous stud is to take place at Jobstown, N. J., tomorrow. It will be the breaking up of one of the finest breeding establishments in America.

—An acute Cincinnati reporter employed a bootblack to go into a secret council meeting, give the mayor a shine and listen to all that was going on. Every well regulated newspaper should have a bootblack on its staff.

—A box-constructor, fifteen feet long, got loose in the streets of New York the other day and was captured by throwing a cloth over its head. This is a pointer for those who see snakes and ought to increase the activity of the cloth market.

—Hon. S. S. Cox has torn himself from the arms of the Oriental despot and arrived in New York. He frankly says he will be a candidate for Congress if his constituents choose to nominate him—which is something that his old constituents will doubtless be very glad to do.

—A curious marriage ceremony took place recently in Nurnberg, Germany, the bride being the well-known armless artist, Fraulin Hausmann. She wedded her impresario, Herr Hauschild, and signed her marriage contract with her feet. Rings were exchanged, and the wedding ring of the bride was placed on the fourth toe of her right foot.

—It is said that Gov. Moody Currier, of New Hampshire, will utilize the opportunity presented by the death of Senator Pike to thrust William E. Chandler into the United States Senate. As the Republicans of New Hampshire have again and again refused to give that position to Mr. Chandler, such action by the Governor will be a willful defiance of the opinion of his own party in New Hampshire.

—The President has pardoned Ammon N. Tenny, J. C. Kemp and J. R. Christoffer, three Mormon bishops, who were convicted in Arizona two years ago of violation of the Edmunds law and sentenced to imprisonment in Detroit. It appears that they were convicted of polygamy, a felony, under an indictment charging them with unlawful cohabitation, which is merely a misdemeanor.

—Sleeplessness is not considered agreeable, but an Italian who has voluntarily given up sleep for the sake of notoriety asserts that he can live very comfortably without his usual refreshment. At his last report he had been without sleep for eighteen days by relying on frequent ablutions in cold water and occasional sniffs of ammonia, and claims that sleeplessness did not exhaust his physical strength.

—What will the prohibitionists think and do now? Atlanta decided not long ago that it wouldn't drink any more. While waiting for the law to go into effect the bibulous filled their bottles and demijohns, and were happy for many days, even after the saloons were closed. But the kegs ran dry in time, and the local authorities had to pass laws permitting the sale of beer to private families. This means that the door of the "family entrance" will swing oftener than before. Truly the growler in worst than the glass.

—Walter Gordon, of Atlanta, is said to have made three mug fortunes in six years. In Georgia Pacific he and his brother, E. C. Gordon, drew out \$167,000 each in clear cash, one-fourth of which Walter Gordon invested in plantations. In Sheffield they cleared \$100,000 each and held a large block of stock, now six for one and rising. Just before leaving for New York they cleared \$120,000 by the sale of their Tennessee railroad to the Louisville & Nashville system.

—There is a curious sort of rumor from London that the name of the Duke of Edinburgh may be sprung on the approaching sovereign of Bulgaria as the candidate of England, Austria and Italy for the throne made vacant by Alexander's abdication. The duke's wife is the czar's sister, but the marling Russian bear is not the more likely on that account to approve of such a scheme. It seems that only the lightning made by powder will clear the murky Eastern air.

—A staff correspondent of the Cleveland Leader is writing letters to that journal from Europe. He has been carefully observing the girls of France, England and Germany, and he comes to the following patriotic conclusion: Take the American girl all around, she is the best product of her sex that the world has yet produced, and at a woman's show, composed of exhibits of all nations, she would take the grand prize and be easily judged first over all competitors.

—Indian eloquence does not usually seem to us as much of a figure, for some reason, in these days as in a former generation, when speeches of famous chiefs formed a considerable portion of school readers and books of declamation. Crowfoot, however, the Canadian chief, who delivered an impassioned address the other day to Sir John A. Macdonald, at Ottawa, produced a visible effect by his oratory. At the conclusion of his remarks Sir John banded him and the other chiefs with him \$100 apiece, and promised to grant his requests. It was a wise act, as the grievances of the Indians in the Northwest Territory are well known, and in several instances of late have threatened an outbreak. With cash in hand the chiefs are more likely to believe in the government's sincerity, and the sooner their wrongs are righted the safer will it be for the settlers.

### THE KNIGHTS.

#### POWDERLY AND OTHER OLD OFFICERS ALL RE-ELECTED.

THE VOTES PRACTICALLY UNANIMOUS—SOME OTHER MATTERS CONSIDERED.

RICHMOND, Oct. 13.—The delegates to the general assembly of Knights of Labor were early this morning, and unusually prompt in their attendance at Armory hall, where the sessions are held. The most important work of the convention was begun yesterday, when the general master workman declared the amendments to the constitution in order and was sustained in his decision by the assembly, despite the objection of a few. This work of amending the constitution was resumed this morning and prosecuted throughout the session.

The proposed amendment to the constitution, extending to two years the terms of all general officers excepting those of the members of the co-operative board, was taken up and adopted. The terms of the members of the co-operative board remain as at present. Changes in the constitution require a two-thirds vote for their adoption, and the calling of the roll of the 612 delegates consumed a good deal of time. When that matter had been disposed of the regular order of business was suspended and the general assembly proceeded to the election of general officers. General master workman Powderly and general worthy foreman Griffith were elected to the offices they have already held for seven consecutive terms. This afternoon the assembly will continue the election of officers.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 13.—At the afternoon session it was decided to divide the office of general secretary-treasurer, Chas. H. Litchman, of Marblehead, Mass., was placed in nomination for the office of secretary. The only candidate nominated in opposition was James Buchanan, of Denver. Litchman was elected by more than 130 majority. Frederick Turner, the present general secretary-treasurer, was nominated for general treasurer by R. T. Trevellick, of Detroit. The only candidate nominated in opposition was H. Beckmeyer, of New Jersey. Turner was elected by more than 600 majority. The balloting for members of the executive board began. The following names were placed in nomination: W. H. Bailey, of Ohio; T. B. McGuire, of New York; Tom O'Reilly, of New York; Joseph Buchanan, of Colorado; Wm. H. Mullen, of Richmond, Va.; Ira B. Aylsworth, of Baltimore; John Howe, of Massachusetts. An informal ballot was taken, in which Howe led in the number of votes polled, with Bailey second. Some delegates wanted to continue voting, but a motion to adjourn till tomorrow morning was put and carried. The nomination of T. V. Powderly for general master workman was made by E. F. Gould, of Indianapolis, and seconded by Tom O'Reilly, New York, both of whom are telegraphers.

When the nomination and election of general master workman were declared in order today, Mr. Powderly vacated the chair, the general worthy foreman taking his place. More than 100 delegates shouted "Have the election made by acclamation!" When Mr. Griffith put the question there was a storm of "ayes." When the noes were called for there was one solitary "No." It came from Henry Beckmeyer, who heads the delegation from district assembly 61, of New Jersey. This delegation wears a yellow badge with a motto "Solid for Harmony." There was no candidate placed in nomination in opposition to Mr. Powderly and he received the votes of the 647 delegates present. When Mr. Griffith was nominated for reelection as general worthy foreman the only candidate nominated in opposition was R. Bennett, of Illinois. Bennett received only fifty votes and Griffith's election was made unanimous. There will be no election for general insurance secretary, the office now held by Homer L. McGee, as the office has been abolished by the adoption of an amendment to the constitution.

**Joyous Lynchburg**  
CELEBRATES IN ORGIOUS STYLE ITS HUNDRETH BIRTHDAY.

LYNCHBURG, Va., Oct. 13.—Immense crowds from all parts of the State are in attendance at the centennial fair. The city is a mass of bunting and decorations. The trade display, representing all branches of business, is the finest ever seen in the State. There was a procession a mile long, representing tobacco factories and warehouses in operation, male and female hands singing their peculiar Southern melodies and the tobacco dealers handling the weed. Other designs represented fields of growing tobacco and there were illustrations of other trades, with laborers at work. The firework display tonight was the grandest ever seen in Virginia. Tomorrow is military day. A great number of visiting military organizations will be present. Gov. Fitzhugh Lee will review the troops. James Barron Hope, of Norfolk, read a fine centennial poem today.

**New York Cotton Futures.**  
New York, October 13.—Greene & Co's report on cotton futures says: After gaining about 5 points the market shaded and backed a trifle, but closed steady. The undertone has been pretty well preserved throughout, and while some fall offerings were made they found a good and continuous demand.

In Gaston county, there are eight cotton mills within six miles of Mt. Holly.

### A Horrible Murder.

St. Louis, Oct. 13.—The greatest crime ever perpetrated in this section of Missouri was committed at Big creek, sixty-seven miles east of this city, last Friday morning. On that morning, at 3 o'clock, Mrs. Ella Williams, bride of Rolfe Williams, was lying asleep by the side of her husband, when some unknown person entered the bed-room, placed a pistol against her forehead and sent a bullet through her brain. The report of the revolver awoke Williams, but he had been ill for some time and was unable to pursue the murderer. Two men sleeping in an adjoining room were also awaked and immediately went to the room, after procuring lights. The young bride lay motionless on the bed, the blood streaming from her forehead and her brains protruding from the wound. The bullet had entered just above the right eye and that organ had been forced from its socket, and was hanging by a cord upon her cheek. Search was made for the murderer, but he is still at large. No motive can be assigned for the deed except that some disappointed former lover of the bride took this means of revenge. Mrs. Williams before her marriage was a belle of the county and bore an irreproachable character. The couple had been married two months.

**Washington News.**  
WASHINGTON, Oct. 13.—The remains of Chief Justice Chase left Washington by a special train this afternoon for Cincinnati, accompanied by committees of both houses of Congress, the supreme court, the bar association, and many other people of note.

The President has appointed Col. James C. Duane to be chief of engineers with the rank of brigadier general, vice Gen. Newton, retired.

The President today appointed Col. O. B. Wilcox, of the 12th infantry, to be brigadier general, vice Gen. Potter, retired yesterday. Gen. Wilcox has been ordered to Ft. Leavenworth to take command of the department of Missouri.

President Cleveland issued today a proclamation revoking the suspension of discriminating duties on products and articles proceeding under the Spanish flag from Cuba and Porto Rico. The proclamation recites terms of the previous executive proclamation, dated Feb. 14, 1884, suspending such duties; declares that the consideration for their suspension was a corresponding immunity from discriminating duties guaranteed by the Spanish government in a treaty of February 13, 1884, to vessels of the United States entering the ports of Cuba and Porto Rico, and then continues as follows:

And whereas proof is given to me that such complete suppression of differential duties on cargoes entering the ports of Cuba and Porto Rico has not in fact been secured, but that notwithstanding said agreement at Madrid, February 13, 1884, and in contravention thereof, as well of the provisions of section 4,228 of the revised statutes, higher and discriminating duties continue to be imposed and levied in said ports, upon certain produce, manufacturers or merchandise imported into the said ports from the United States or from any foreign country in vessels of the United States than is imposed and levied on like the produce manufacturers or merchandise carried to said ports in Spanish vessels, now, therefore, I Grover Cleveland, President of the United States of America, in the execution of section 4,228 of the revised statute, do hereby revoke the suspension of discriminating duties imposed and levied in the ports of the U. S. on the products of said articles proceeding under the Spanish flag from Cuba and Porto Rico, which is set forth and contained in a proclamation dated February 14, 1884, its revocation of said proclamation to take effect on and after October 26th, instant.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, &c. Done at the city of Washington, this thirteenth day of October, 1886, and of the independence of the United States the one hundredth and eleventh.

GROVER CLEVELAND.  
By the President:  
T. E. BAYARD,  
Secretary of State.

**Mr. Hewitt May Decline to Run.**  
New York, Oct. 13.—A committee appointed by Tammany Hall's county convention waited upon Congressman Hewitt this afternoon. Mr. Hewitt invited them into his private office and a long conference was held. When it was ended the committee came out with downcast faces and hurried away. It is generally believed that Mr. Hewitt has declined the nomination for mayor. William Bourke Cochrane, of the committee, would only say that there had been a discussion and that the committee would receive an answer later.

**A Furious Gale.**  
GALVESTON, Tex., Oct. 13.—The furious gale which set in yesterday subsided towards morning. Today the weather is clear. The damage to shipping and railroad property is slight. Beyond the wetting of the cotton on two barges on the Gulf side of the city, no serious damage has been reported. Trains on the Missouri & Pacific road left on time this morning. The washout on the Gulf road will be repaired by nightfall.

**The Election in Bulgaria.**  
SOFIA, October 13.—The elections in Bulgaria for members of the great assembly have resulted in a return of 490 government candidates, 26 members of the Zankoff party, and 15 adherents of M. Karaveloff.

**An Eminent Irish Preacher Inaugurates.**  
DUBLIN, Oct. 13.—The Evening Mail says Rev. Augustus Stafford Brooke has become oratory and is confined in an insane asylum. He is an eminent preacher.

### A GREAT STRIKE.

#### THE LATEST DEVELOPMENT OF THE CHICAGO MATTER.

THE PACKERS AND THEIR EMPLOYEES FURTHER APART THAN EVER.

CHICAGO, Oct. 13.—Delegate Barnes was seen by a reporter today and said: "The men have their minds set on the 8 hour rule and will agree to nothing else. We made a proposition this morning to the packers, that they adopt the 8 hour rule and the men will agree to work all over-time necessary. This will be practically a recognition of the eight hour question and will be accepted by the men. The packers submitted a proposition that the men work and be paid by the hour, but this was not accepted, as the men are afraid this system will work to their disadvantage and if the packers desire to do so they can give them only an hour or two work a day. I have proposed a meeting with the packers this afternoon and should they accept the proposition the matter will be settled immediately. Should they not meet me, I will take other means to effect a settlement, for this thing must be fixed up quickly, as it is all nonsense for Armour to suppose that his beef butchers will work under the circumstances by which they are now surrounded. If I find that things are as I sometimes suspect they are and that the packers are playing a waiting game, I will take more energetic measures at once and on my return to Richmond shall tell the Knights there that Armour's beef is not as good as it used to be and will see how the opinions of two million men throughout the country will affect his trade."

It was learned this morning that in spite of the packers' statements to the contrary, they have combined against the eight-hour movement and have given bonds of \$50,000 each as a guaranty that they will stick to their ten-hour agreement.

Another instalment of men was brought from Milwaukee to Armour's house this morning. This makes about 400 imported men now quarantined there. Armour's representative said that the packers would remain firm and there would be no compromise on their part. Armour loaded fifty cars yesterday and expected to load forty cars today.

#### An Important Meeting.

OF THE MEN WHO REGULATE THE SOUTHERN RAILWAYS.

New York, Oct. 13, 1886.—The general managers and general passenger agents of the Southern railroads held an important meeting today at the hotel Brunswick. At a meeting in August, which was held at Old Point Comfort, a new pool contract, settling its passenger rates, was submitted, but was not acted upon. This contract was approved and signed at today's meeting by the general managers. This contract forms an association of all southern roads and settles the passenger rates to be charged by the members of the pool. Each road is to be assessed its pro rata for money to carry on the association, according to the mileage of each road. The rate committee is provided for and is made up of the general passenger agents. The duty of this committee is to see that no member of the association charges less than schedule rates. Any agent found guilty of this offense will be fined \$50 for the first offense, and if he is caught a second time will be dismissed from the road by which he is employed. The passenger agents will hold a special meeting and settle upon the question of rates to be charged from all points on the roads. A question of great importance which is to be discussed is the rate to be charged from large cities in the east, especially New York, Boston and Philadelphia, to the winter resorts in Florida. The traffic over the roads to points in Florida has more than doubled during the last two years. Some of the agents are in favor of continuing the sale of round-trip tickets, while others are disposed to fancy a cheap through rate. The object of this is to try and stop the sale of tickets to these points by sleepers.

**The Famous Cotton Picker a Success.**  
SUMNER, S. C., Oct. 13.—The cotton picking machine of the Mason cotton harvester, invented by C. L. Mason, of this place, was tested today in the field in the presence of committees from the New York and Charleston cotton exchanges, and representatives of the State agricultural department. The machine picked cotton at the rate of 180 pounds per hour without injuring the bolls or plants. The general opinion of those present is that the machine is correct in its principle, does fairly good work now and can be made completely successful.

**The Republican Canvass in Wake.**  
COR. OF THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

Tuesday a republican spoke to me frankly about the canvass of his party in the county. He laughed at some of its features and appeared to be worried at others. He said that Maj. M. A. Bledsoe gets up every time and reads the most terrible charges against Adams, while the latter "grins and bears it," as best he can. He does not as a rule reply. Stewart Ellison gets up, speaking for Adams, and replies, attacking Bledsoe. The abuse and language used are noteworthy, so bad are both. M.

Col. W. T. Blackwell is erecting quite a number of houses on his property in Durham. The Recorder says he has 2,000,000 of brick he will put in houses as soon as possible.

### McDowell Notes.

NEWS FROM THE FOOT OF THE MOUNTAINS. COR. OF THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

MARION, Oct. 11, 1886.  
Seldom, if ever, have the people of McDowell county been so favorably impressed with the charge to a grand jury as with that delivered by Judge Montgomery today at the opening of the superior court. It was a learned and competent disquisition on the law, and a crowded court room attested their appreciation by listening with rapt attention. The most flattering encomiums and the kindest expressions have been heard on all sides, plainly demonstrating that his honor's labors for the suppression of crime and the betterment of society meet a hearty response in the breasts of our people.

Wm. H. Bower, the popular and efficient solicitor, represents the dignity of the State. The criminal docket is small, there being only one case of importance, and that is the State vs. Josiah and George Bird, for killing D. C. Bright last week.

This has been a field day for the democracy in McDowell. Hon. Thomas S. Johnston, our model congressman, and Maj. W. H. Malone, the king of "floodpools" in this district, addressed a large audience during the intermission of court. Capt. Johnston in an hour's speech gave a clear and lucid resume of the doctrine of the democratic party. He showed the people, by facts and figures, that the administration of Grover Cleveland is worthy of their support and confidence; that owing to the complexion of the Senate many salutary measures, pregnant with relief for the people, failed to become laws. His allusions to Maj. Malone were dignified, humorous, pungent, sarcastic. He refuted every point made by his competitor, and left him absolutely nothing on which to build. His speech was applauded to the echo, by both republicans and democrats. Maj. Malone is a fine lawyer, an accomplished politician and a most affable gentleman, but when pitted against Tom Johnston he is not equal to the emergency. The entire crowd listened attentively to his labored effort, and the universal verdict is that he failed in toto to make one point against the present administration, or to show one instance where Tom Johnston has been recreant to a single trust. The republicans were surprised at the facility of his arguments, and a large number of them will vote against him. The democracy of McDowell is solid and will give Tom Johnston the largest majority ever polled in the county.

**NOTES.**  
The candidates for the senate will speak tomorrow.

Col. Ike Bailey will be the hand-some man in the next legislature.

A republican came out today—his name is G. W. Crawford. He will run against Col. P. J. Sinclair for the legislature.

Mr. Chas. M. Yates, of the U. S. geological survey, has pitched his tent in our midst.

A large number of lawyers are attending court, among whom are Hon. D. Schenck, Col. R. F. Armfield, G. N. Folk and J. M. Gudgeon.

W. H. Bower, the boys call him Hosh, is not only a good solicitor, but an indefatigable soldier-hater. He has more sweethearts than any man in the State, and is justly styled the courting man. "Justice" is his watchword.

**LENOIR.**  
A Very Remarkable Suicide.

A special correspondent of the Goldsboro Argus gives the following interesting account of a singular suicide:  
Mr. E. F. Scoville, a highly respected citizen of Washington, N. C., has committed suicide. The facts which have been developed show the weakness of human nature. Mr. Scoville was a man of a very sensitive nature, easily exercised, and totally void of moral courage. He had by economy, energy and attention to his business accumulated about \$10,000, which at the time of his death was distributed among various parties and secured by mortgages on real estate. Two weeks ago the residence of Mr. Hyatt, his father-in-law, a man of considerable means, was set on fire. It was rumored that Scoville was closely connected with the terrible deed. It was extensively circulated and it was strongly intimated that he would be presented to the grand jury for arson. Under this heavy weight he felt and declared that the stigma was more than he could bear. With him "life was not worth living." He retired to his room at 11 o'clock, wrote a plain, intelligent will, several private letters to intimate friends, giving full and explicit directions as to the disposition of his property and retired for the night. About 8 o'clock he took his knife, which had been previously sharpened, and out the main artery in his left arm. This not having the desired effect, he took a pistol from his table and deliberately shot a ball through his head just above the ear. He was found soon after the pistol fired, near his bed, bleeding profusely. He was attended by all the physicians in the town, but every effort to save his life was unavailing, and he died at 2 o'clock. There will be no complications about his business affairs, as everything, even of a minute nature, was most accurately arranged. This, perhaps, is the first instance on record where an innocent man murdered himself on the mere rumor of being connected with a capital offense.

Stop coughing; if you do not it may kill you. A bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup only costs you 25 cents, and its timely use may save your life.

I had always been much annoyed by neuralgia and headache. At length I determined to try Salvation Oil. I am glad to recommend it, as it made a perfect cure in my case.

MARSH NEW  
68 Aisquith St., Baltimore, Md.

**Volney Purcell & Co.,**  
No. 10 East Martin Street,  
Raleigh, N. C.

The Davis cadets, of LaGrange, will attend the Fayetteville fair. There will be 150 in the battalion.



**D. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP**

**SALVATION OIL.**  
"The Greatest Cure on Earth for Pain."  
Will relieve more quickly than any other known remedy. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swelling, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Sprains, Sores, Frost-bites, Backache, Wounds, Headache, Toothache, Sprains, &c. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 Cents a Bottle.

**Edward Fasnach,**  
Jeweler and Optician  
RALEIGH, N. C.

Gold and Silver Watches, American and Imported. Real and imitation Diamond Jewelry. 18 karat Wedding and Engagement Rings, any size and weight. Sterling Silver Ware for Bridal Presents.

**Optical Goods**  
A SPECIALTY.  
Spectacles and Eye-glasses in Gold, Silver, Steel, Rubber and Shell Frames. Lenses, white and tinted, in endless varieties.

Seals for Lodges, Corporations, etc. Also Badges and Medals for Schools and Societies made to order.  
Mail orders promptly attended to. Goods sent on selection to any part of the State.  
Best Old Gold and Silver in small and large quantities taken as cash.

**RACKET STORE.**  
THE GREAT BARGAIN STORE OF  
RALEIGH.

I have just returned from New York, where I have purchased the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever brought to the Racket. Just as we have said all the time, goods cheap enough will sell themselves. This and this alone accounts for the tremendous trade at the Racket. Our goods are cheap and it is time that our sledge-hammer bargains may be hard hitters for those who buy and sell o time, but they are real blessings to those who can pay cash for their goods. Gathered up from the slaughter-pens of credit and laid at your doors with but one profit, you get a dollar in real value in every dollar's worth you buy, measure for measure, dollar for dollar, at the Racket Store. The credit system is a system of sleepless nights of deferred hope, of blasted expectations, of bad debts, of disputed ledger accounts; a system which makes an honest man, who pays and intends to pay, support and pay for those who never pay.

The merchant who sells goods on time never knows how much he ought to charge to bring him a reasonable profit on his goods, for the reason he never knows what his losses will be. The Racket is cutting to the right hand and to the left, knowing no law but the greatest value for the least money.

This week we will offer some good bargains in umbrellas just from the manufactory, good bargains in gold and silver watches, some big drives in clothing, hats, shoes and boots; also in ladies' and misses' and children's shoes, and all kinds of notions.

Most respectfully submitted to the cash trade only.  
We will open this week our second supply of Clothing; 60 Cashmere suits, a great slaughter at \$15, worth \$20; 5,000 yards Hamilton Calico, at 8 cents per yard; worth 7 cents. Some great bargains in Gent's underwear and Jeans. We are also receiving this week our second supply of Millinery Goods, from Ell Bros., New York; the most fashionable goods in this market. The ladies are particularly invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing, as I will save them money in the goods.

**VOLNEY PURCELL & CO.,**  
No. 10 East Martin Street,  
Raleigh, N. C.