

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

German journalists declare that St. Petersburg writers are ruining their country's credit by constant war canards.

There is rumor of a romance by the late Duke of Rutland affecting the vast property, titles and honors of his family.

Two youths in Newark, N. J. played a game of poker for the hands of an undecided maiden. She married the loser.

Miss Marian Bones, a beautiful and widely known young lady, of Rome, Ga., dropped dead Tuesday afternoon at the Presbyterian College there.

A wrestling match between Matsuda Sorakichi, the Jap, and Acton, the champion catch-as-catch-can wrestler, will take place on Tuesday next in New York for \$1,000.

The physicians attending the Crown Prince have signed a joint bulletin asking the press everywhere to desist from reporting alleged disagreements, &c., which, they say, do not exist.

At a recent "pink luncheon" given by a woman of fashion in Chicago all the young ladies wore pink slippers with hose and garters of the same hue. This is as far as our information goes.

A man named Kimball shot the cashier of the National Bank at Bradford, Pa., escaped with some money he grabbed, shot one of his pursuers and finally shot himself dead when pressed too closely.

Rev. J. A. Asbury, one of the most prominent Methodist ministers of Indiana, was officiating at a funeral at Vincennes on Monday, when he suddenly ceased preaching and fell forward with a gasp and died instantly.

For the purpose of co-operating in the coming campaign, "The Democratic Association of the Northwest" was organized by the chairman of the North-western Democratic State central committee in Chicago Tuesday.

The States that are to be members are Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Iowa and Kansas. The headquarters are to be in Chicago.

A dispatch from Jacksonville, Fla., says it is rumored that H. M. Flagler, the Standard Oil millionaire and proprietor of the Ponce de Leon Hotel at St. Augustine, has purchased the Indian River Hotel for \$70,000.

This is the first step in a grand scheme to extend his operations on a mammoth scale all along the coast from St. Augustine to the Indian river country.

A dispatch from the City of Mexico says: "Reports are in circulation that it is not unlikely that Minister Braga will take up the general subject of the commercial relations between Mexico and the United States with a view to negotiating a treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation, the other treaty having lapsed. There is a great desire here on the part of railway managers and American engaged in mining and commercial business to have their interests protected by a good treaty, such as the French and Germans residing here enjoy."

Gloves that button or lace up the arm are just now in more request than the longer Mousquetaire gloves. Colors are limited to a very few, such as white, six or eight of which are in various shades of tan, from a pale golden tint to a deep wood color. There are also some handsome new shades in gray, brown and terracotta. There is a very limited demand for the Bernhard glove, but it is well always to keep gloves of this style on hand for occasional wear, for they are most desirable for traveling purposes, as they keep the hands and wrists protected better than any other glove. A lady can remove them at the end of a very long journey without the fear that her arms will be discolored by dust and cinders.

A Newspaper Makes Serious Charges Against a Judge. A few weeks ago an article was published in the Sanford Express which charged that Judge Fred Phillips of the Superior Court, had become drunk while holding court there, and that his drunkenness was the cause of the loss of the case of the late Hon. H. Buchanan, who was indicted for fornication and adultery. The matter was brought to the attention of Judge Phillips, who denounced the statement as absolutely untrue. The last issue of the Express renews the charges and says that after having drunk to excess at Buchanan's house, the Judge heard the case in which Buchanan was defendant, and by ruling out certain testimony saved Buchanan from conviction.

Prince William. By Cable to the News and Observer. BERLIN, March 8.—An imperial decree which was signed November 17th was promulgated today. It provides for representation of the Emperor and King by Prince William in the discharge of current government business.

The March Wide Awake gives a delightful chapter of Sidney Lusk's a serial story, "My Uncle Florimond." Mrs. John Sherman's etiquette-serial, "These Cousins of Mabel's," is very successful in depicting the character and career of a willful young country beauty who thinks her ill-bred relatives very "fussy," and then there are Helen H. Winslow, in "A Boston Experiment," the third paper in Mrs. Upton's "Children of the White House," "Mother Goose," by Oscar Fay Adams, "A Stray Shot," by Hartwell Moore, a Confederate soldier's "Bob's Breakfast," by Frederic Winthrop Patten, "Jack's Punctuation Astronomy," &c., &c.

Wide Awake is but \$2.40 a year; 20 cents a number. In this number is announced a series of ninety-four prizes for contributions suitable for publication in Wide Awake. The contribution may be an essay, story, anecdote, poem or humorous serial. In total these prizes foot up \$2,000. D. Lothrop Company, Publishers, Boston.

CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

THE QUESTION OF THE ADMISSION OF UTAH—A BIG CELEBRATION IN PROSPECT—OTHER NEWS.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer. WASHINGTON, March 8.—SENATE.—Among the petitions and memorials presented and referred was one, said to have over 102,000 signatures, from 33 states and territories, against the admission of Utah as a State so long as its people are under the control of Mormon priests. Among the bills reported and placed on the calendar were the following: To provide for a joint celebration at the national capital by the 16 American republics in honor of the centennial of the parent republic, the United States; to secure to Cherokee freedmen and others their proportions of certain proceeds of land.

Senator Colquitt, who had announced his purpose to spend today on the President's message, gave way to the pension bill. His speech will probably be made Monday. The pension bill was then taken up, the question still being upon the amendment of Mr. Wilson of Iowa, adding the words "the infirmities of age."

Mr. Manderson replied to some of Mr. Vest's statements made last week, particularly as to their being no Federal soldiers or Confederates either in Missouri almshouses. He quoted from the report of the Commissioner of Pensions showing that on October 15th, last, there were in Missouri almshouses 138 Ex Union soldiers and 62 dependent relatives, and in the whole United States 21,857 soldiers and dependents, besides 15,152 in National Soldiers' Homes, making a total of 37,093 ex-soldiers and their dependents who were dependent on charitable institutions.

In contradiction of Mr. Vest's statement that 50 per cent of the number of those enrolled during the war were either pensioners or applicants for pensions, he showed that there were 367,424 invalid pensions granted, and 240,662 for widows, children or dependent relatives; in other words, that there were (of pensioners and claimants) not over 24 per cent of the whole number enrolled.

After further speeches by Messrs. Hawley, Hoar and Dawes, Mr. Wilson's amendment was rejected.

Yea—Messrs. Allison, Bowen, Chase, Cullom, Dawes, Dolph, Hiscock, Ingalls, Mitchell, Platt, Teller and Wilson—13.

Nays—Messrs. Aldrich, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Blair, Blodgett, Brown, Butler, Call, Cameron, Chandler, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Daniel, Davis, Eustis, Farwell, George, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Hampton, Harris, Plummer, Manderson, Morrill, Padlock, Pasco, Ransom, Reagan, Saulsbury, Sawyer, Spooner, Stewart, Stockbridge, Turpie, Vance, Walhall and Wilson of Maryland—43.

The bill was then reported back from the committee of the whole and the amendments therein agreed to were voted on. The first was on the amendment offered by Mr. Call to make the bill apply to those who served in the war with Mexico, or (for 90 days) in any of the wars with the Indian tribes. The amendment was rejected.

Yea—Messrs. Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Brown, Butler, Call, Coke, Daniel, Dolph, Eustis, George, Gibson, Hampton, Harris, Jones of Arkansas, Mitchell, Pasco, Reagan, Vance, Voorhees and Walhall—21.

Nays—Messrs. Aldrich, Allison, Beck, Blair, Blodgett, Cameron, Chase, Chandler, Cockrell, Colquitt, Cullom, Davis, Dawes, Farwell, Fry, Hale, Hawley, Hiscock, Ingalls, Plummer, Manderson, Morrill, Padlock, Palmer, Payne, Platt, Riddleberger, Salsbury, Sawyer, Sherman, Spooner, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, Turpie, Wilson of Iowa and Wilson of Maryland—37.

The next vote was on Mr. Plumb's amendment striking out the word "totally" before the word "incapacitated." After another long discussion the amendment was rejected.

Yea—Messrs. Allison, Bowen, Callom, Dawes, Dolph, Hale, Hiscock, Ingalls, Mitchell, Platt, Teller and Wilson of Iowa—14.

Nays—Aldrich, Bate, Beck, Berry, Blackburn, Blair, Blodgett, Brown, Cameron, Chase, Chandler, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Daniel, Davis, Eustis, Farwell, George, Gibson, Hampton, Harris, Hawley, Kenna, McPherson, Manderson, Padlock, Pascal, Payne, Ransom, Reagan, Riddleberger, Salsbury, Sawyer, Spooner, Stewart, Stockbridge, Turpie, Vance, Voorhees, Walhall and Wilson, of Maryland—42.

The bill was then passed. Yea—Messrs. Aldrich, Allison, Blair, Blodgett, Bowen, Brown, Cameron, Chase, Chandler, Cullom, Davis, Dawes, Dolph, Farwell, Faulkner, Fry, George, Gorman, Hale, Hampton, Hawley, Hiscock, Hoar, Ingalls, Kenna, McPherson, Manderson, Mitchell, Padlock, Palmer, Payne, Platt, Fugh, Riddleberger, Sawyer, Sherman, Spooner, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, Turpie, Voorhees, Walhall and Wilson of Iowa—44.

Nays—Messrs. Bate, Beck, Berry, Blackburn, Cockrell, Coke, Colquitt, Daniel, Eustis, Gibson, Harris, Pasco, Reagan, Salsbury, Vance and Wilson of Maryland—16.

The pairs announced were Messrs. Everts and Morgan, Edmunds and Jones of Arkansas, Sabin and Call, Ransom and Jones of Nevada, Vest and Plumb.

Mr. Blair introduced his bill of the former sessions to grant pensions to all soldiers who served three months in the army during the war of the rebellion. Referred to the committee on pensions.

Adjourned until Monday.

The colloquy in the Senate yesterday reported as between Senators Faulkner and Plumb on the subject of public buildings was actually between Messrs. Daniel and Plumb.

The substitution of the names was an inadvertence of the reporter. Mr. Plumb had been criticizing the supervising architect of the treasury for delaying the work upon the public buildings and changing the plans so as to involve a greater expense. Mr. Daniel read a letter from Mr. Plumb dated October last, addressed to the supervising architect, urging that the plan for the public building at Wichita, Kan., be changed by adding another story and suggesting that if to do this involved the omission of the heating apparatus from the estimates he (Plumb) thought that without doubt this could be provided for at the next session of Congress. Mr. Daniel also read letters from Representative Peters of Kansas, recommending that the work on the public building at Wichita be suspended with a view to securing a larger appropriation. Mr. Daniel made no objection to Mr. Plumb's letter but argued that, after being written; common fairness should have prevented the writer from criticizing its recipient for acting upon suggestions contained in it, which virtually had the force of authority.

HOUSE.—Mr. Tillman asked unanimous consent for the immediate consideration of a bill appropriating \$10,000 for the purchase of certain awards belonging to the widow of Gen. James Shields. The bill was passed but not without a good deal of discussion arising out of the statement by Mr. Steele, of Indiana, that he had seen a newspaper paragraph to the effect that there was some question as to the ownership of the sword.

Mr. Tillman declared there was no such question and the entire Missouri delegation gave the assurance that the sword was in undisputed possession of the Shields family.

Mr. Oates of Alabama opposed the bill. It was given as a reason for the proposition that the sword belonged to the estate and could not be avoided. But they could be sold as other property, he did not believe that Congress could rightfully exercise the power of the appropriation in such a manner as this, and though he had a kindly feeling towards the family of Gen. Shields, he was not prepared to vote contrary to what he considered his duty under his oath of office.

Mr. Hoar of Texas, protested against the waiving of the constitutional objection and the bill.

Messrs. Wheeler, of Alabama, Buckelee, of Pennsylvania, and other members pronounced high eulogies upon the Shields family and advocated the passage of the bill which had a twofold object—to relieve the necessities of the Shields family and to secure to the country the historical relics of the old hero. Two of the swords proposed to be purchased had been presented by the legislatures of South Carolina and Illinois.

Mr. Tillman regretted that there was a law which prevented that objection should come from the representative of a Southern State. He felt a burning sense of indignation that any member of this floor should propose such a thing, and he thought that if any member of this floor should be put up at auction there were thousands of men in the South who would willingly buy them and deposit them in some museum rather than have them hawked about and bought and kept as trophies by some rich millionaire. Referring to the admiration of the South for Gen. Shields' bravery in the Mexican war, he stated that the admiration had not been lessened by the fact that Gen. Shields fought against the South in the unfortunate civil war. He declared that her people had been too sincere in their conviction of duty as they saw it to doubt the sincerity of Gen. Shields' conviction to fight on the side he thought right, and whenever men anywhere were ready to risk their lives for the sake of their convictions they deserved the respect and charity of honest men, even if they had been in the wrong.

Mr. Rayner, from the committee on commerce, reported the bill to establish a postal telegraph.

Mr. Blount said the subject of the bill was one over which the committee on post-offices and post-roads had jurisdiction, and he reserved the right at the proper time to raise the question. Whether the committee on commerce had jurisdiction over the subject of the postal telegraph bill was referred to the committee of the whole.

After some time spent in discussing without action bills from the public lands committee, and after passing the bill for the allotment of lands in Minnesota to the Chippewa Indians in Minnesota, the House adjourned.

Alleged to be a Fraud. By Telegraph to the News and Observer. WASHINGTON, March 8.—Mr. Jones, chairman of the Congressional Democratic Campaign Committee, says: "A circular letter dated: Democratic committee rooms, Washington, February 1, 1888, and signed H. M. V. Judson, secretary, has been sent to numbers of postmasters in the South requesting them to procure and send to the Senators and Representatives lists of names with a request that public documents and field, garden and flower seeds be sent to the persons named in such lists. Inquiry at the National Democratic Committee rooms and at the Congressional Campaign Committee rooms shows that H. M. V. Judson is not secretary of any Democratic committee in Washington. It is also ascertained that Senators and Representatives have sent to their constituents lists of the seeds and nearly all the documents alloted to them. The circular referred to implies that they have been derelict in this respect, and it has unnecessarily stirred up the people and annoyed the Senators and Representatives. Mr. Jones says Judson is a myth, and he advises that no attention be paid to the circular described."

Saw Mill Burned. Special to the News and Observer. ELKTON, N. C., March 8.—Roper's saw and planing mill, on the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, in Chowan county, was destroyed by fire last night. The loss was heavy. No insurance.

SHIFTING THE FIGHT.

THE CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RECITES ITS GRIEVANCES

AND PRAYS AN INJUNCTION AGAINST CHIEF ARTUR AND THE ENGINEERS' BROTHERHOOD.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer. CHICAGO, March 8.—This morning the fight between the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad and its striking engineers and firemen was changed from the lines of the road and the strikers' headquarters to the Grand Pacific to the U. S. Court. At an early hour a big petition was filed in the U. S. Court by counsel for the railroad. It set forth the history of the strike, with the grievances of the road, and wound up by praying an injunction against Chief Arthur and the Engineers' Brotherhood, as well as an order on the Wabash road compelling it to handle the Burlington freight in the discharge of its duty as a common carrier.

The hearing upon this application is set for tomorrow at 2 p. m.

THE SPRINGFIELD HORROR.

THE CONDITION OF THE INJURED.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer. SPRINGFIELD, Mass., March 8.—There is but little to add to the story of the horror which wrecked the Union office and building yesterday. A great deal of adverse criticism is heard on all sides regarding the work of the hook and ladder men in failing to rescue unfortunates hanging from the windows so long with certain death staring them in the face on all sides, and also what seems criminal negligence in the matter of fire escapes at the front of the building. The newly constructed top story was all of pine, painted, and soft wood partitions aided in quickly spreading fire to all parts of the editorial rooms. The condition of the injured this morning, who are in the city hospital, is as follows: Thomas Donohue, aged 32, compositor, who struck a sign in falling, and was badly injured, is dying. Fred Ensworth, counting-room clerk, who came up with the elevator at the last moment and jumped from a window, is as comfortable as could be expected and will probably recover.

The Estimate Too Small.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 8.—Secretary Fairchild in his report, submitted to Congress early in December, estimated that the treasury surplus would reach \$140,000,000 by the end of the present fiscal year. It is now stated at the Treasury Department that, owing to the heavy receipts "brought down" from the previous year, the surplus will probably reach one hundred and fifty millions.

Bridge Rebuilt.

WILMINGTON, N. C., March 8.—The bridge over the Deep river on the Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta rail road has been rebuilt and the trains via Atlantic Coast Line have resumed regular travel on that road.

GREENSBORO.

ACTIVE OPERATIONS OF THE WATER WORKS.—A SENATION.

Cor. News and Observer. GREENSBORO, March 8, 1888. A full force is at work on North Buffalo Creek bottom, just outside the limit of the town corporation, sinking a shaft of thirty feet in diameter for the water works.

This shaft is considered sufficient for a start. Others will be added from time to time in the immediate vicinity to supplement the demand as the wants of the city may increase. This water plant when completed will be a benediction. Our location is high, dry, dusty and thirsty. We have a drought of longer or shorter duration, some part of every year, and our population is in constant distress about fires.

Rev. P. F. W. Stamey, of Reidsville, arrived in this city on Monday night, and is conducting protracted services at Centenary (South Greensboro) Methodist Church. Already interest is being manifested. From 25 to 50 persons daily present themselves for religious instruction.

The pastor of the Baptist church, Rev. W. R. Gwaltney, assisted by Rev. M. Vandewater, of Henderson, is also conducting a series of meetings on Washington street. And it has been announced that daily services will be begun at the West Market Methodist church in a few days by the pastor, Rev. E. E. Evans.

A part of our population, that more into considerable excitement yesterday by the announcement that Pless Martin, a negro who lives about one mile from the court house, north of town, had cut his wife's throat. The news spread, as it was soon known that Dr. Tate, one of our resident physicians, had attended the patient and found her in a critical condition, though not necessarily fatal. It seems that the woman had been in town during the day at work, and when near her home in the evening she had been set on by her husband with a razor, who had given her a swipe from ear to ear, not deep enough to cut the jugular veins, but had slashed through the windpipe. Dr. Tate thinks she may recover if properly cared for. Report has it that there has been a feud between them and they have not lived together for two months. It is said that he tried to induce her to leave this part of the country with him, which she refused to do. A large crowd of negroes was scouring the woods yesterday in search of the fugitive, who has not yet been heard from.

The weather here for a few days has been of the genuine winter type—a slight fall of snow on the morning of the 7th, with ice from three-quarters to an inch thick. L. W. A.

Tariff and Revenue Measures.

Cor. of the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, March 6.

The tariff bill prepared and reported by the Democratic members of the ways and means committee does not, according to the promise or expectation of its authors, command the support of the Democratic majority of the House. It is as opposed by the sugar and wool Democrats, and their opposition, with the aid of Randall, is sufficient to defeat the bill in the House, in the present shape. It is not the purpose or desire of the opposition to defeat all tariff legislation. There are tariff reformers among the wool and sugar Democrats, but they are protectionists so far as wool and sugar are concerned. How to make their opposition effectual, and not defeat all tariff and internal revenue legislation is now the perplexing question with them. Randall is expected to come to their relief, at the proper time, with a substitute. But the rub comes in the adoption of the substitute. It must pass by Republican votes. Then, upon the passage of the bill as amended by the substitute, what may occur? The Democrats will almost certainly vote against it, and it is equally certain that a large majority of the Republicans will do the same thing. That would dispose of the tariff bill. There are difficulties in the way, however, but they are not necessarily insuperable. The main difficulty is the question under the rules, whether Randall's substitute is germane to the bill. For instance, the substitute repeals the tax on fruit brandy and reduces the tax on whiskey to fifty cents. Neither of these items is mentioned in the committee's bill. This question has been anticipated and it is understood that Speaker Carlisle will rule against Randall. But it is in the power of Randall to alter the rule. With Reed and Cannon, Republicans, he can control the action of the committee on rules, and alter the rules to suit his purpose. He can also appeal from the Speaker's ruling, and in that way, with the aid of Republican votes, get his substitute before the House. So the end is not yet.

The internal revenue sections of the tariff bill have been submitted to the full committee and incorporated in the general bill.

A SKELETON UNEAATHED

IS IT THE FRAME OF A MAN WHO WAS MURDERED?

Cor. of the News and Observer. TOPTON, N. C., March 5. The convicts in excavating for a culvert in one of the deep mountain gorges near the Macon and Cherokee lines, unearthed a human skeleton, the bones of a man who evidently had been buried in that most dismal and secluded place for many years. How long he had been there is not known, but the grave it must have been half a century. We are told that the laurel was dedicated to Apollo and used in weaving garlands for the victors but here they seem to have been natural growth, here woven garlands and diffused their beauty and fragrance to this unknown dead, the silence of whose grave heretofore has only been disturbed by the rustling foliage and songs of birds. Now the living, eager to assert his authority and make way for the iron horse, invades the last resting place of the quiet sleeper, unearths the very bones of the dead and casts them aside. The skull is now in my possession and though much decayed, there is nothing to indicate foul play. It is said by some old inhabitants that more than fifty years ago a hog-drover from Tennessee passed through, taking his hogs to Charleston, S. C., and that he said his hogs and started to return home, but was never heard of again; possibly this may be the sequel to his disappearance and continued absence.

Ashville Notes.

Cor. of the News and Observer. ASHVILLE, N. C., March 7.

The call from Republican "chairmen" for a Congressional convention was issued yesterday.

Each county will be entitled to twice the number of delegates in each convention, respectively, as it has representatives in the legislature.

It is an invitation to all sorts of fellows, independents, floodpools, soreheads, discontents, malcontents, and the refuse generally of Democracy, to come in and join the straight Republicans, and "co-operate with the Republican party in the support of its principles and its candidates for national, State and county offices."

This call is the signal gun of the campaign in this district from the Republican lines, and means that the enemy's clans will gather early for the fight.

The three C's Railroad is being pushed forward rapidly. The line from Marion, N. C., to Johnson City, Tenn., is being located by several corps of engineers.

Express receipts for the month of February were \$14,178. For the same month last year the receipts were \$10,479.

Mr. W. E. Williamson, of this city, has been appointed captain and commissary on the staff of Col. J. D. Glenn, of the 3d regiment, in place of Capt. C. A. Moseley, resigned.

Mrs. Cleveland's Acknowledgments. Wilmington Messenger. Our little friend, Master Leon Southerland, was so thoughtful as to present a beautiful bouquet of flowers to Mrs. Cleveland at the Presidential party passed through this city the other day. Mrs. Cleveland has acknowledged the same in the following letter bearing her acknowledgment: "WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 29, 1888. "My little friend, Leon Southerland, was very good to send flowers to the President and myself during our journey to Florida, and I desire to express our thanks for this pleasant attention from so young a planter."

FRANCES F. CLEVELAND.

DYING.

THE GOOD OLD EMPEROR WILLIAM.

AT HIS PALACE IN BERLIN—HIS CHILDREN AND GRAND CHILDREN AT HIS BEDSIDE—OTHER NEWS.

By Cable to the News and Observer. LONDON, March 8.—At 6 12 the Exchange Telegram Company received a telegram that the Emperor of Germany is dead.

LONDON, March 8.—A dispatch from Berlin states that the Emperor died this afternoon.

New York, March 8.—A private dispatch from London which reached the city at 1 o'clock says there is no doubt that the Emperor is dead, but the hour of his death is not known.

LATER. 9 20 p. m.—The report of the Emperor's death proves to have been premature. The latest intelligence is that he is still alive though unconscious. The official bulletin issued at 9 o'clock this evening announces that the Emperor lives, and that on the which from London which reached the city at 1 o'clock says there is no doubt that the Emperor is dead, but the hour of his death is not known.

The First Gun of the Campaign. Special to the News and Observer. WASHINGTON, N. C., March 8.—The Democratic Executive Committee for the 6th Congressional district met here today and organized, with J. A. Lockhart, of Anson, as chairman, and H. B. Adams, of Union, as secretary. Delegates and alternates to the National Convention will be chosen by a District Convention to be held at Raleigh, on May 30th, at 10 o'clock a. m. in the mayor's office, and this convention to nominate a candidate for Congress and a district elector will be held at Wilmington on Wednesday, June 27.

The German Crown Prince. By Cable to the News and Observer. SAN REMO, March 8.—The German Crown Prince slept soundly all night and awoke refreshed. His breakfast with a good appetite. His condition continues to improve. The weather is of the finest.

LONDON, March 8.—The British Medical Journal has a dispatch from San Remo tinted 3.47 today stating that the German Crown Prince's larynx is a little more swollen.

SEE HERE, BROTHERS! OF THE TOBACCO BELLY. DO WE REALIZE THE POSSIBILITIES WE HAVE? Atlanta Constitution.

Dr. William King, who has traveled in the governmental service over the United States for three years, said: "The richest section of America I should say the North Carolina strip, on which tobacco is raised, is the richest section of the world. It produces a rich quality of tobacco. This sells for a much higher price than the darker tobacco, produced by richer soil."

"What does it produce per acre?" "From seven hundred to twelve hundred dollars per acre. A banker in Reidsville told me of a negro who had three acres on which he worked and deposited with the banker thirteen hundred dollars, the proceeds of the three acres. This is the only region in America where the annual crop raised upon given area of land is worth three times as much as the land itself. A farmer said he could stand on the front piazza of his country home and see the homes of farmers who had over one hundred thousand dollars loaned out at interest. Within a few years the cities of Reidsville and Durham have grown from six to ten thousand people, and brighter or more prosperous places I never saw."

"Is not the soil richer than the bright tobacco strip?" "No. The west is largely mortgaged. The Kansas City Times is printed in a building owned by eastern capitalists, and on the adjoining block one Boston man owns \$300,000 of mortgage bonds. In Grand Rapids there are twenty or thirty furniture factories, nearly every dollar of which is owned in the east. I do not believe western farm lands are higher today than they were ten or twenty years ago. Indeed, I think they are lower, and very badly mortgaged."

Shopping and Miscellaneous Notes. Young ladies are unconscious of what silent influences they sometimes exert over young men in regard to their apparel. Every young man feels a pride in himself to appear well dressed and to the best advantage in the presence of ladies. Whiting Bros. will always be found headquarters for everything in the line of dress suits, etc. See their new change of "ad" entitled "She."

Jail contractors should note the advertisement of F. M. Haines, clerk of the Board of county Commissioners of Edgecombe.

Messrs. Heller Bros. are taking stock this week and wishing to dispose of as many goods as possible, they will sell everything in the line of boots, shoes, trunks, etc., at remarkably low figures. Read their advertisement this morning.

"Do you think the season a most dreary one, Cicely dear?" asked her friend, who had dropped in for a morning call, "I can hardly call a season dreary in which half a dozen offers have been tendered." "And how many accepted?" "Of course, I couldn't accept." "But one, that was the one I wanted." "But at your age, of course."—Hartford Post.

He told the Truth—Spilkins came home the other day with a new coat on. "Where did you buy that coat?" asked his wife. "At a second-hand clothing store on Austin avenue."

"Why, that coat of your old coat I sold a peddler last week. He has fixed it up and painted it off on you for new." "By thunder! Now I know what the bygone meant when he said it fitted me like it had been made for me. I thought at the time he was lying, but I see I was deceived in him."—Texas Siftings.

Not long ago we heard a mother rebuke her child: "The effects of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup are simply wonderful, it helps my child every time and leaves the little fellow as bright as a new dollar."

Nervousness and indigestion. These and afflictions so destructive both to business and pleasure arise from a morbid condition of the body, which is relieved by an occasional dose of laxative. Try it and you will be pleased. Price 25 cents.

Mr. Claus Spreckles and his son, Mr. A. B. Spreckles, are in New York to further their plans against the sugar trust.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer by softening the stomach, quieting the nerves, and relieving the pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It is very pleasant to taste, soothes the child, opens the bowels, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Price five cents a bottle.

Quite a Different Matter: She—"You ought to be ashamed of yourself, John, for shooting such a dear little bird!" He—"I thought you would like it for your hat." She—"Oh, what a good idea! That was very thoughtful of you, John!"—Life.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the adulterated low cost, short weight, alum or phosphate powders, sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall Street, New York.

DYSPEPSIA. In that misery experienced when we suddenly become aware that we possess a diabolical arrangement called a stomach. The stomach is the reservoir from which every fibre and tissue must be nourished, and any trouble and it is soon felt throughout the whole system.

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR. It will correct Acidity of the Stomach, Expel foul gases, Alleviate Irritations, Assist Digestion, and, at the same time.

Start the Liver to Working when all other troubles soon disappear. My wife was a confirmed dyspeptic. Some three years ago by the advice of Dr. Steiner, of Augusta, she was induced to try Simmons' Liver Regulator. I feel grateful for the relief it has given her, and may all who read this and are afflicted in any way, whether chronic or otherwise use the Simmons Liver Regulator and I feel confident health will be restored to all who will be advised.—Wm. M. Kinston, Fort Valley, Ga.

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