

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be beat in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight, alum or phosphate powders, sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W. C. & A. B. Stronach, and J. H. Ferrall & Co.

HOW'S YOUR LIVER?

Is the Oriental salubrious, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy liver.

When the Liver is Torpid the Bowels are Sluggish and Constipated, and the Food lies in the Stomach—poisoning the Blood.

Frequent headache, nausea, and a feeble of lassitude and depression indicate how the whole system is deranged. No remedy on earth has been so long and so generally used as Serravallo's Tonic, and on the side the seal and signature of Zedini & Co.

WOOLCOTT & SON,
REGULATOR

As a general family remedy for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc. I always use Woolcott's Regulator and have never been disappointed in the effect produced. It seems to be a perfect cure for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

14 East Martin Street, RALEIGH, N. C.

Our Northern Resident Buyer is purchasing daily.

Bargains
In all lines of
Dry Goods,
Millinery
Goods,
Notions,
Shoes, etc.

We manufacture all the
Men's and Boys' Clothing
we Sell,
if we have nothing in stock we can
MAKE YOU
A SUIT.

We received today new
Spring Prints, Laces,
Edgings and Millinery
Goods.

KEEP OPEN YOUR EYE

If you would not be victimized by impostors and frauds beware of the market with worthless imitations of Benson's Plaster. These "plasters" which seek to find their worthless products on the reputation of Benson's Plaster resort to many tricks for which their class is famous, and if buyers are not exceedingly cautious they frequently find themselves victimized by unscrupulous dealers who had sold in each direction for a division of the profits. Most dealers will unite with physicians in recommending Benson's Plaster as a superior to all other external remedies for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, backache, kidney ailments, malaria, rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago and aches and pains of every description.

SEABURY & JOHNSON,
Sole Manufacturers, New York.

Digest of Supreme Court Decisions.
By the News and Observer.

Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co. vs. McElwee.
In reply to the action, being a witness in his own behalf, cannot testify to transactions had between himself and a person then dead, under whom the other party claims.

Held. Objection to the introduction of a copy, instead of an original paper, to be available must be made and put on the proper ground.

Held. That to show there had not been a quiet acquiescence in a claim to ownership of a trade mark, it is competent to prove that a declaration of interference had been filed, and this may be done orally.

Held. That when there has been an alleged infringement of a trade mark, delay in vindicating the right, or indulgence, cannot have the effect of extinguishing the right or operate to bar, except pursuant to the statute of limitations or by raising a presumption of abandonment.

Held. That indulgence may be deemed such as to result to the use of the trademark as would deprive the owner of the right to damage for the intermediate infringement.

Held. That where the trade-mark was shown to be in a person, and a witness testifies without objection that "the plaintiff owns it now," and the testimony is received as sufficient proof of the transfer, it was proper to let the jury pass on the fact.

Held. That where the appellant has no just cause to complain of the change as a whole, the court will not award a new trial.

Hackney vs. Arrington.
Held. That to warrant the issue of supplemental proceedings, it is necessary that the creditor shall aver in his affidavit the non-existence, so far as known, of property of the debtor which could be subjected to execution.

Held. That the amendment to the second paragraph of section 488, found in the Code, does not alter this requirement of the law.

Blount vs. Guthrie.
Held. Where in the absence of all express understanding one stands by in silence and sees work done, or material furnished for work, on his premises, and afterwards he accepts and enjoys it, a promise to pay the value thereof may be inferred.

Held. But such inference is purely one of fact for the jury to find, and not a promise to be implied by law.

Held. It is error for the court to instruct the jury that under such circumstances the law implies a promise.

Speaker Carlisle Talks.
Speaker Carlisle is reported to have said in a recent interview that he is opposed to the repeal of the duties on sugar, and believed that there should be a moderate and reasonable reduction of those duties, as in cases of many other articles subject to tax under the customs laws. He regarded the duties on sugar, he said, as almost entirely revenue tax, and believed it was one of the duties that should be continued for that reason. Mr. Carlisle said that when the question came up in the House it would be found that the revenue reformers were the best friends of the sugar interests, and that the high protectionists would advocate and vote for much greater reductions than any proposed in the Mills bill, or even contemplated by the majority of the committee of ways and means. The contest will be between the revenue reformers on the one side, contending for a moderate reduction only, with a proper classification, and the representatives of other protected interests who want the greatest part of the reductions of the revenue to be taken off sugar, tobacco and perhaps whisky.

Mr. Carlisle said further: "I have never expressed or intimated a doubt as to the propriety of placing wool on the free list. It is the first necessary step towards securing cheaper clothing for the people, and as the same time enabling our manufacturers of woolen goods to compete successfully with their foreign rivals, and I regard it as one of the most important provisions contained in the bill to be reported from the committee on ways and means."

Washington News.
By Telegram to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 26.—The condition of Chairman Mills, of the ways and means committee, is not so alarming today. There is nothing alarming in his condition, but his physician says he needs absolute rest.

A fire at 5 o'clock this morning destroyed a frame building at the corner of 9th and K streets, northwest, occupied by a family named Duffy, consisting of father, mother and five children. Two small children were badly burned and one boy, aged 16, died this forenoon of his injuries.

Virginia News.
By Telegram to the News and Observer.

WINCHESTER, Va., March 26.—The only witness to the McClure tragedy, which occurred in a remote part of the county on Friday, were their two little grand children. McClure fell his wife to the floor and cut her throat with a razor. He then killed himself.

DANVILLE, Va., March 26.—A census has just been completed of Danville and North Danville, showing a combined population of nearly 16,000. This is an increase of nearly 4,000 over the census made by the same persons in 1885.

A decree authorizing Crown Prince William to represent the Emperor in the transaction of official business, in the event of the Emperor being unable to act for himself, will shortly be issued and proclaimed throughout the German Empire. The decree is dated March 21, and is addressed to Crown Prince William. It permits the Crown Prince to prepare and discharge all state business entrusted to him by the Emperor, and he is empowered to affix all necessary signatures as the representative of the Emperor, without obtaining special authority upon each occasion. The first cabinet council under the new Emperor was held Friday. The Emperor presided. The ministers took the oath of allegiance to the King of Prussia. A proclamation granting amnesty to political offenders is being prepared.

CONGRESS.
PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY IN SENATE AND HOUSE.
THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE CHIEF JUSTICE WAITE—OTHER NEWS.
By Telegram to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, March 26—SENATE.—Among the petitions and memorials presented and referred were several from the Iowa Patrons of Husbandry asking that agricultural products be protected with manufactured articles, that foreign immigration be restricted so as to keep out all paupers and criminals, and that United States Senators be elected by direct vote of the people. Also petitions for the protection of wool and woolen goods.

Mr. Allison introduced a bill appropriating \$5,900 to defray the funeral expenses of the late Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Passed.

Mr. Hale offered (by report) two resolutions in relation to establishing systems of underground wires for telegraph and telephone service between the several government departments in Washington and for the use of the District authorities, requiring reports on the subject to be made on or before the 15th of April. Adopted.

Mr. Harris, from the committee on epidemic diseases, reported the bill to protect the quarantine service of the United States. Calendar.

Mr. Culom, from the committee on Territories, reported unanimously a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the Senate that new States should be admitted into the Union only on a basis of equality with existing States; that Congress ought not to exercise any supervision over the provisions of the constitution of any such new State further than is necessary to guarantee to each State a republican form of government; that the proposed constitution for the State of Utah, submitted to Congress, the provisions of which would deprive such proposed State, if admitted, of that equality which should exist among the different States, and that it is the sense of the Senate that the Territory of Utah ought not to be admitted into the Union as a State until it is certain beyond doubt that the practice of plural marriages, bigamy and polygamy has been entirely abandoned by the inhabitants of the Territory, and until it is likewise certain that the civil affairs of that Territory are not controlled by the priesthood of the Mormon Church. He asked for the immediate consideration of the resolution.

Mr. Hoar: "The resolutions are very important. Let them be printed and go over."

Mr. Callom also reported back the Union memorial and the draft of constitution, and asked that the committee be discharged from their consideration. It was so ordered.

A bill was reported from the committee and placed on the calendar for the erection of a public building at Greenville, S. C. (a house bill), and a similar bill for the benefit of Birmingham, Ala.

The resolution offered by Mr. Riddleberger last Thursday to suspend the rules for the executive session in respect to the fisheries treaty was taken up and Mr. Riddleberger expressed the hope that the Senate would agree to it.

Mr. Sherman said that the treaty was now under consideration by the committee on foreign relations and that that committee might probably report in favor of public consideration of the subject in the Senate, but for the present he thought it better that the resolution should lie over without action. Mr. Riddleberger consented and the resolution went over. The Senate then took up the House bill to provide for the purchase of United States lands by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Plumb offered an amendment in the form of a new section requiring the Secretary of the Treasury, whenever circulation of national bank is surrendered, to issue treasury notes to an equal amount.

At 2 o'clock, pending discussion of the bond bill, a special order, being a bill for the establishment of a bureau of animal industry and to extirpate pleuro pneumonia, was laid before the Senate, but after considerable debate in a committee, was laid aside and the discussion of the bond bill resumed.

Mr. Serran argued against delay in the passage of the bill by attaching amendments to it and he therefore moved to lay Mr. Plumb's amendment on the table. Agreed to.

YEAS—Messrs. Allison, Bate, Beck, Blackburn, Cullom, Davis, Dawes, Farwell, Frye, Hampton, Harris, Hisscock, Hoar, Jones of Arkansas, Morrill, Payne, Platt, Saulsbury, Sherman, Spooner, Stanford, Stockbridge and Wilson of Iowa—23.

NAYS—Messrs. Brewer, Bowen, Call, Cameron, Coke, Daniel, Dolph, George, Jones of Nevada, Manderson, Mitchell, Palmer, Plumb, Ransom, Reagan, Sabin, Stewart, Teller, Vance, Vest, Voorhees and Walthall—21.

Mr. Plumb renewed his amendment, modified in regard to the legal tender quality of proposed treasury notes, and proceeded to argue in support of it.

After some discussion, Mr. Morrill moved to lay the amendment on the table. Defeated, yeas 24, nays 24. The amendment was then adopted, yeas 28, nays 21, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Bate, Beck, Berry, Blackburn, Blair, Call, Cameron, Cockrell, Coke, Daniel, Dolph, Faulkner, George, Ingalls, Jones of Nevada, Kenna, Mitchell, Palmer, Plumb, Ransom, Reagan, Stewart, Teller, Turpie, Vance, Vest, Voorhees and Walthall—28.

NAYS—Messrs. Allison, Chandler, Cullom, Davis, Dawes, Farwell, Gray, Hale, Hampton, Harris, Hisscock, Hoar, Jones of Arkansas, Morrill, Platt, Saulsbury, Sherman, Spooner, Stockbridge, Wilson of Iowa and Wilson of Maryland—21.

The amendment as agreed to reads as follows:

Sec. 2. That whenever the circulation of any national bank or any portion thereof shall be surrendered and the same is not taken up by other na-

ICE GORGES
IN THE MISSOURI RIVER AT SIOUX CITY AND ELSEWHERE.
THREATEN SERIOUS FLOODS—APPREHENSIONS OF THE PEOPLE—OTHER NEWS.
By Telegram to the News and Observer.

SIOUX CITY, March 26.—The situation on the river here is practically unchanged. The weather again turned cold Saturday night and three inches of snow have fallen since. The gorge opposite the city has been augmented. The gorges five miles above and opposite the mouth of the Sioux river, as well as the one ten miles above opposite Jackson, Neb., still hold. This makes the situation serious, because the flood is pouring down the river still further up. The recent conditions are almost identical with those preceding the great flood of 1882. Snow lies deep along the Missouri valley and the prairies draining into it. There is a series of gorges in the river, from here to 75 or 100 miles above here, while the upper Missouri and its confluents have broken up and are flooding. If the weather turns warm disastrous floods must ensue. A great amount of property is exposed here and there is intense anxiety not only at this point but throughout the low-lands along the river.

Foreign.
By Cable to the News and Observer.

PARIS, March 26.—The hearing before the court of inquiry in the case of Gen. Boulanger was held today. The counsel for Boulanger occupied but ten minutes in stating his defence. Boulanger then departed for the residence of M. Laguerre. The court afterwards gave its judgment but the nature of the decision will not be divulged until after it has been submitted to President Carnot. It is reported that the court decided against Boulanger. The cabinet will discuss the decision tomorrow. The crowd cheered Boulanger when he departed from the court room. The counsel for Boulanger issued in behalf of Boulanger at Versailles on the ground that they did not bear the name of the printer. Laguerre will interpose the government in regard to the seizure in the Chamber tomorrow.

A Hint For Raleigh.
Correspondence of the News and Observer.

SELMA, Ala., March 23, 1888.
I see from the NEWS AND OBSERVER that there is a good deal of talk about building a cotton factory in Raleigh, and I thought a word or two about how we do those in Alabama might in some way facilitate matters in Raleigh. Although Alabama is noted for its coal and iron, the greater part of the State has no coal or iron, and its trade extends in some directions more than one hundred miles from the city who have money to invest, and, if necessary, to help them with this money in starting some enterprise which will tend to build up the town. In this way there is a certainty of thirty-six thousand dollars at least being invested in some manufacturing enterprise every year, which will give many citizens employment. This is the way in which work is everywhere being done in the mineral section has one of these companies. We have none of them in Selma, simply because we do not need them. We have seven ways of leaving the town by rail, and will have two more in less than a year. We are on the bank of the Alabama river, which is navigable all the year, and we have coal and iron at our very doors. Our whole business is immense, and our trade extends in some directions more than one hundred miles from the city. Speaking of our wholesale trade reminds me of a very good use our dummy line will be put to shortly. It is this. There will be built on the whole street, on both sides, a track; so that when a merchant receives a car load of meat or any other goods, the dummy will pull the car out of the depot to his store and he can unload it from the car into his store, and in this way save drayage and time. He can load a car in the same manner. I could tell you lots more—about our eighty-six artesian wells, our cotton factory that works five hundred hands and many other things—but will reserve for a future letter, as this is sufficiently long.
C. K. L.

Wake Superior Court.
The March term of Wake Superior Court met yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. His Honor Judge W. M. Shipp presiding.

The following were drawn, sworn and charged as Grand Jurors: B. P. Williamson, Foreman; E. T. Jones, Simon Hopkins, C. H. Dupree, A. H. Davis, D. W. Crocker, F. H. L. Lowry, G. G. Maynard, E. S. Gattis, W. H. Ray, M. J. Maynard, R. E. Taylor, Geo. W. Gill, W. T. Bell, D. B. Avera, D. A. Beck, E. V. Sater, J. H. Olive.

The following business was transacted:

State vs. Henry Heartsfield; affray; nol pro vs. with leave.

State vs. Haywood Johnson; retailing whiskey without license (6 cases); nol pro vs. with leave.

State vs. Robert Holman; larceny; nol pro vs. with leave.

State vs. Bette Davis; larceny; submitted; judgment suspended with costs.

Court took a recess until this morning 10 o'clock.

Nominations by the President.
By Telegram to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 26.—The President today nominated John L. Williamson of Columbia, Tenn., and M. D. L. Martin of Water Valley, Miss., to be postmasters, and John M. Browne, chief director, to be Chief of the Naval Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, with the relative rank of Commodore.

Suspension of a Cotton Broker.
By Telegram to the News and Observer.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The suspension of S. T. Russell has been announced on the Cotton Exchange.

TARBORO.
A NUMBER OF HER CITIZENS DINE IN HAMILTON, ETC.
Cor. of the News and Observer.

TARBORO, N. C., March 24.
About seventy-five of our citizens took dinner yesterday in Hamilton, one of our little sister towns. The dinner was spread in the Darden House, a nice little hotel kept by Mrs. Darden. Among those who sat down to dinner I noticed Judge Geo. Howard, O. C. Farrar, J. L. Bridges, H. C. Bourne, C. J. Austin, J. B. Porter, Dr. L. L. Stator, H. L. Stator, E. V. Zoeller, Capt. R. C. Brown, Capt. J. J. Whitehurst, Col. Jas. W. Cotten, Dr. J. S. Loyd, Frank Hart, Dr. J. M. Baker, W. W. Hargrave, J. P. Mallett, Elias Carr, Jr., J. Feldner, H. King, Mayor Fountain, Sol. Wollard, S. S. Nash, D. Pender, F. S. Royster, W. S. Clarke, Judge H. A. Gilliam, Dr. J. W. Jones, B. J. Keech, H. B. Bryan, R. H. Gatlin, J. F. Shackelford, J. W. Day, Frank Powell, F. L. Bond, Rev. J. A. Leslie, and others. So you see Tarboro was well represented in all the departments of trade and the professions. The occasion of this sudden turning-out of our business men was an excursion given by Mr. Frank Hitch, of Hamilton, over his new railroad, and to his lumber mills at Hamilton. Two years ago, or even one year ago, none of us ever contemplated riding to Hamilton on the cars, but we have, all the same. This new road was commenced last June, and was finished in time for the cotton season. Mr. Hitch is a Marylander by birth, but has spent most of his life in Virginia and North Carolina, in the lumber business. Several years ago he came to Bertie county and put up his mill and built railroads to his timber, and hauled the logs to the mill with a steam engine, as he is doing now. Then he came to Hamilton and began his present extensive operations in lumber. Mr. Hitch has associated with him Messrs. Whedbee & Dickinson, of Baltimore. He is a man of large views and great business capacity. Everything not only moves around him, but money with system and in the right direction.

The new railroad runs through a good farming country, and is a great convenience and help to the farmers all along the line. Some three or four stations, with stores, warehouses, &c., are building up along the road, and thus furnishing supplies of all kinds to the farmers, who before were compelled to travel long distances for what they wanted. There is also now a good market for their lumber. There is a great deal along this road which before this was worthless, because there was no market for the timber. Mr. Hitch now buys all the logs, or sawed timber either, the people can furnish. In addition to this he has bought a large quantity of land all along his line, and is cutting the timber off and shipping it to Hamilton to his mill. He is also striking out in new directions. Already a new road has been surveyed from this road to Kill Quick, a distance of about eight miles, which is promised in time for this year's cotton crop. There is an immense amount of lumber in this lower section of the country. But it will not take Mr. Hitch long to saw up the whole country. Just think of it, one sixty-six saw ripping up thirty thousand feet a day. It was not the pleasure of your correspondent to see the mill at work, but what he heard from those who did, convinces him that it is one of the finest in the country. "We have seen saw saws, but this saw beats any saw sawing that we ever saw saw," was about the way they put it. The saw requires only four seconds to pass through a log. Everything works by machinery. The planks are carried away by machinery and loaded on cars and rolled into the kiln for drying and the sawdust is carried away, all by machinery. A buzz and a whizz and the log is sawed up and another in its place. In connection with this railroad is the "Sueie Hitch," a large boat, the property of Mr. Hitch, plying between Hamilton and Norfolk and Baltimore. There are other boats also, and so abundant facilities are at hand for shipping lumber direct to the market. Mr. Hitch wanted the business men of Tarboro to see these works, and the desire was mutual. So he invited them down and dined the entire party at the hotel, and in person showed them around. The party returned to town about 5 p. m. highly pleased and loud in their praises of Mr. Hitch. The word "Hitch," as used in common parlance, suggests rest or hindrance, or obstinacy, etc., but here the word Hitch means the opposite. If you succeed, steam engines, whizz! whizz! It takes your breath almost to see how this man moves.

TARBORO'S BOARD OF TRADE.

We haven't said much about it, but it looks as if we were to have a boom in Tarboro. Our people are somewhat slow to move, but when they do it counts. Among other good moves in the right direction we have recently elected a Board of Trade, composed of our most progressive men.

Committees have been appointed with chairman, as follows: Agriculture, Dr. N. J. Pittman; arbitration, Hon. Geo. Howard; advertising, H. Morris; manufacturing, O. C. Farrar; public works, W. E. Fountain; education, Judge Howard; legislation, H. L. Stator; commerce, S. S. Nash; river improvement, Dr. J. W. Jones; railroads and steamboats, Sol. Wollard; insurance, J. F. Shackelford. These are business men, and in this move means business. But I think I hear the click of the scissors. **Tar.**

Nomination Confirmed.
By Telegram to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 26.—The Senate has confirmed the nomination of S. M. Stockslager to be Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Birmingham's Public Building.
By Telegram to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 26.—The Birmingham public building bill reported to the Senate to-day appropriated \$300,000, and the Greenville, S. C., bill \$100,000.

A CRASH
IN THE FINANCIAL CIRCLES OF THE CITY.
THE STATE NATIONAL BANK WILL NOT OPEN TODAY—ITS PRESIDENT AND CASHIER SAID TO HAVE ABSCONDED WITH A LARGE AMOUNT OF ITS FUNDS—ALL THE OTHER BANKS AS SOUND AS A DOLLAR.

The following statements explain themselves.
RALEIGH, N. C., March 26, 1888.

To the Public:
The directors of the State National Bank, having reason to believe that the president and cashier of the bank have absconded with a large amount of its assets, have determined to close its doors and turn over its affairs to the proper officers of the United States Government. We are glad to be able to assure the public that the other banks of the city are not affected by this defaultation.

By order of directors,
E. R. STAMPS,
Chairman Pro tem.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 26, 1888.

To the Public:
The suspension of the State National Bank of Raleigh, which we understand will be announced tomorrow, does not jeopardize the National Bank of Raleigh in the least. Said bank is perfectly sound in every respect. We will be glad to see our friends and fully explain. We have reason to believe that the same may be said of the Citizens' National Bank and the Raleigh Savings Bank, and that there is no occasion for excitement or alarm. Our directors will be at the bank tomorrow. This March 26th, 1888.

E. G. READ, President.
CHAR. H. BELVIN, Cashier.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 26, 1888.
To the Public:
We are informed that the State National Bank of this city will close its doors tomorrow. We desire to say that this suspension does not affect the Citizens' National Bank, and that the bank is perfectly sound in every respect. We have reason to believe that the same may be said of the National Bank of Raleigh and the Raleigh Savings Bank. There is no occasion for excitement or alarm.

W. E. ANDERSON, President.
JOS. G. BROWN, Cashier.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 26, 1888.

To the Public:
We hope the depositors of the Raleigh Savings Banks will feel no alarm on account of the reported failure of the State National Bank. We assure every depositor that their money is as safe as it can possibly be in the Savings Bank. We believe in the same way as said of the Citizens' National Bank and the Raleigh National Bank. We hope no one will desire to withdraw their money. Should any desire to do so, the Bank will require thirty days' notice, which is according to the by-laws of the Bank.

JOHN T. PULLEN, Cashier.

Personal.
Mr. S. N. Rockwell, of Southern Pines, was registered at the Yarboro yesterday.

Mr. C. R. Johnson, of Henderson, was registered at the Yarboro yesterday.

Mr. J. S. Ellis, the clever night clerk at the Yarboro, left yesterday morning for a visit to his home at Kittrell.

Mr. E. E. Raper, of Lexington, is in the city, stopping at the Yarboro.

L. S. Overman, Esq., of Salisbury, is in the city, attending the Supreme Court.

Mr. P. J. Duffin has returned from New York and Baltimore, where he laid in a large stock of the latest styles of tailoring supplies.

Mr. S. W. Whiting, of the firm of Whiting Bros., has returned from Baltimore, where he purchased a large stock of his establishment.

Hon. D. M. Furches was in the city yesterday.

Hon. R. F. Armfield was in the city yesterday.

Grand Opening.
On tomorrow Messrs. Norris & Carter have their 9th grand semi-annual opening. They have made great preparations that ever before and they intend to make this exceed anything of the kind ever held in the State. The display will continue Thursday and Friday 29 and 30th. They extend a very cordial invitation to the principals, teachers and pupils of all the schools in the city to visit their store on Friday Especially.

Rattan Chairs, Rattan Chairs.
Fresh clean stock just arrived, also an elegant line of children's carriages in Rattan, upholstered in Plush Damask or creton, prices suit to suit everybody. New line of window shades either plain or decorated. Elegant Plush extension Cornice Poles latest Novelties in house decorations, at Fred A. Watson's Picture and Art store 112 Fayetteville street.

The Best Butters.—I am now receiving about two hundred pounds per week of fine butter from the dairy farms of Mr. W. G. Upchurch, Dr. Richard H. Lewis, Capt. B. P. Williamson and others. This butter is of the finest possible quality; put up in one pound pails, sent in twice a week and therefore always fresh.

E. J. HARBIN.

The bill granting the franchise to women has had its first reading in the English House of Lords.
—Private dispatches received in New York announce the sudden death of ex-Gov. John T. Hoffman at Wiesbaden, Germany.

The remains of General Jose Antonio Paz were escorted to the steamer Panscoala by one of the most imposing parades ever seen in New York.

There is an International Council of woman suffragists in session in Washington City this week composed mainly, of course, of females. It is said to be remarkable chiefly for the good clothes of its members. Good socks are at a discount. Masculine femininity doesn't run to beauty. There is said to be only one possibly good looking female woman suffragist in this country, and that is Miss Phoebe Cousins, of St. Louis, who is herself now approaching middle age and growing too stout to be pretty. If this fact doesn't keep the girls from embracing the craze that has brought about the Washington convention we do not know what will.

The Succession to Judge Waite.
The Washington National Republican reports Senator Ransom as saying, with reference to the succession to Judge Waite, that he had scarcely thought of the matter, but his mind had at once reverted to that great constitutional lawyer and excellent common-law jurist, Secretary Bayard. His eminent parity of character would make him an honor to the bench. He also had a very high opinion of ex-Senator McDonald, and would like to see the President select him if he gave the honor to the west. The Senator also thought that if the President could find a man in New York like Story, Marshall, or Taney that he should appoint him.

Representative Henderson is reported to have remarked that he had not given the subject much consideration, but did not think the appointment would go to the South. He believed that if Secretary Bayard was ten years younger that he would be certain of the honor.

DR. PRICE'S
CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.
NEW YORK CHICAGO ST. LOUIS

Paine's Celery Compound

WEAK NERVES
PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND is a Nervous Tonic which never fails. Containing Celery and other rare medicinal herbs, it is a blood-making tonic, makes the blood strong and healthy, and cures all nervous disorders.

RHEUMATISM
PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND purifies the blood. It drives out the lactic acid, which causes Rheumatism, and restores the blood to a healthy condition. The true remedy for Rheumatism.

KIDNEY COMPLAINTS
PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND quickly restores the liver and kidneys to perfect health. This curative tonic makes the blood strong and healthy, and cures all kidney complaints.

DYSPEPSIA
PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND strengthens the stomach and cures the nerves of the digestive organs. This is why it cures even the worst cases of Dyspepsia.

CONSTIPATION
PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND is a Cathartic. It is a laxative, gives natural action to the bowels. Regularity surely follows its use.

Recommended by professional and business men. Send for book.
Price \$1.00. Sold by Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Prop's
BURLINGTON, Vt.

EDWARD FASNACH,
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

RALEIGH, N. C.

SOLITAIRE AND CLUSTER DIAMONDS.

Gold Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Gold and Sterling Silverware, Hoop earrings, plated silverware, any size and weight of plain 18 karat Engagement rings constant in stock. Bridges and Medals made to order.

Our Optical Department

Embraces an endless variety of lenses which together with our practical experience enable us to correct almost any error of refraction in Myopia (nearsight), Hypermetropia (farsight), Presbyopia (old sight), Astigmatism (weak sight) and giving prompt relief from that distressing headache which often accompanies imperfect vision.

OUR ARTIFICIAL Human Eyes

Move and look like the natural organ; No pain when inserted.
Patients at a distance having a broken eye can have another made without calling in person.