

NEWS OBSERVATIONS

Cleveland's friends will have control of the New York State Democratic committee.

William Gore, of New York, who was bitten by a rattlesnake, has emerged from his scientific drunk absolutely cured.

The Pennsylvania Democratic State Convention promises to be heartily in favor of President Cleveland and tariff reform.

The resolutions adopted by Irish Catholics members of Parliament in reference to the papal decree were adopted by acclamation at a mass-meeting in Dublin.

Archbishop Corrigan has failed to obtain from the Pope a condemnation of Henry George's works, which have now been formally delivered to the Vatican for judgment.

The following exhibit, it is said, shows the rate of the internal taxes per gallon of pure alcohol in France and other European countries: Denmark 25 cents, Austria 20 cents, Italy 22 cents, Germany 24 cents, Roumania 21 cents, Belgium 54 cents, Sweden 79 cents, France \$1.14, Russia \$1.77, England \$3.61.

Lord Charles Beresford, in a speech in London the other night, said that if Gen. Boulanger got to the top of the tree, he might within a week, in order to gain popularity, order England to clear out of Egypt.

Dollars after the quaint and curious in literature are about to have their reward, or at least a chance to claim it. The new Philadelphia weekly, American Notes and Queries, offers \$1,000 in prizes for the best answers to a number of questions.

The Virginia Protestant Episcopal Council has adopted the following Resolutions: That the Protestant Episcopal Church of Virginia holds the fundamental and positive principles of Protestantism with the faith of the Gospel, and therefore lovingly appeals to her sister dioceses to oppose the effort to expunge the words "Protestant Episcopal" either from the name of our Church or the title-page of our prayer-book.

Boulanger enthusiasts have unearthed a mysterious sixteenth-century prophecy respecting the "Three Bo's," which they declare points to the coming rule of their hero.

A number of bills were taken from the calendar and passed, among them the House bill to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Tennessee river at Knoxville with amendments.

Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, presented the conference report on the bill to bridge the Cape Fear, Black and North East rivers—CONVICT LABOR—OTHER NEWS.

CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

THE BILL TO BRIDGE THE CAPE FEAR, BLACK AND NORTH EAST RIVERS—CONVICT LABOR—OTHER NEWS.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—SENATE.—A message from the President returning without his approval Senate bill for the relief of L. J. Warden was laid before the Senate.

The bill directed the allowance of \$625 to Warden, recently postmaster at Lawrence, Kansas, for extra clerk hire from July 1st, 1882, to the 30th of June, 1883. The grounds of the veto are that the allowances of postmasters for clerk hire are fixed by the Postoffice Department, that in this case \$3,100 was allowed; that applications for additional allowances were twice declined; that the expenses were therefore incurred at the postmaster's own risk, and that the passage of special acts in such cases would have a dangerous tendency to encourage postmasters to substitute their own judgment for that of the Department and to relax wholesome discipline.

The President said that the time allowed by the Constitution for the approval of bills carried in this case on the 19th inst.; that the Senate adjourned on May 17th till May 21st; that the message was drawn and engrossed on the 18th; that on the 19th the message and bill were tendered to the Secretary of the Senate, who declined to receive them; that they were then tendered to the President of the Senate, who also declined to receive them on the ground that they could only be presented to the Senate in actual session; and that they were transmitted as soon as the Senate convened (yesterday) with this explanation.

Mr. Hoar remarked that the committee reported a very important constitutional question, to which the Senate should give its careful consideration. He therefore moved its reference to the committee on privileges and elections. Agreed to. A committee of conference was ordered on the pension appropriations bill, and Messrs. Allison, Dawes and Gorman were appointed.

After some routine proceedings of minor interest, the Senate at 1:40 p. m. proceeded to the consideration of executive business. The doors were reopened at 2 p. m., when the Senate proceeded to the consideration of unfinished business, being the House bill to establish a Department of Labor and Mr. Reagan addressed the Senate in opposition to the bill.

He said it was a mere tab thrown to the laboring classes had many grounds of complaint but he had never heard that they demanded a mere change in the manner of collecting information about labor as being sufficient to satisfy their complaints. Their complaint was that the government had let down the party before the word ministers, wherever it occurs, and "white" before the word layman so as to make the constitutional provision give no color to the common consent of a composition of white ministerial and lay delegates.

Mr. Reagan moved a substitute to the bill creating a Department of Industry. On a vote by yeas and nays on the substitute there were 9 yeas and 27 nays (less than a quorum) and then Mr. Reagan withdrew the substitute and after a few amendments of the phraseology the bill passed and a conference committee was ordered and Senators Blair, Wilson (of Iowa) and George were appointed conferees.

A number of bills were taken from the calendar and passed, among them the House bill to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Tennessee river at Knoxville with amendments.

Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, presented the conference report on the bill to bridge the Cape Fear, Black and North East rivers in North Carolina, and it was agreed to.

The floor was then accorded to the committee on labor and Mr. O'Neill, of Missouri, chairman of that committee, called up the bill to confine the sale of products of convict labor to the State in which they are produced. Mr. O'Neill endeavored to have an arrangement affected whereby debate on the bill should be limited to two hours, but opposition was made on the ground that the principle involved in the bill was too important to be established without full discussion and consideration.

The majority and minority reports were read at length and an hour was thus consumed. Mr. O'Neill explained that the measure, originated in a visit to this city of manufacturers from New York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, Philadelphia and other cities, who appeared before the committee and pictured the absolute ruin that stared them in the face from the competition of convict labor. The labor organizations of the country through their representatives had urged upon the committee the necessity for the passage of the bill. The tariff question sank into insignificance when it was realized that there was a cancer at home eating the heart out of every trade and industry.

Mr. Plumb, of Illinois, a member of the labor committee, opposed the bill on the ground that it was unconstitutional and interfered with the Interstate Commerce.

Mr. Rogers, of Arkansas, held similar views. Mr. Rayner, of Maryland, contended that the bill was constitutional under the provision giving

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

DR. WOODROW PRESENTS HIS CASE TO THE ASSEMBLY—ARGUMENT OF DR. ADAMS FOR THE PROSECUTION.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 22.—The General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church resumed business at 9:30 o'clock this morning. Greeting from the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church North was received and ordered on the minutes. Rev. Dr. Smith, of the committee on publications, reported that department to be in a prosperous condition, with a large surplus on hand. He recommended a wider distribution of church literature by the employment of colporteurs. The report was docketed.

The case of Rev. Dr. Woodrow was resumed and he spoke until 12:30, completing the presentation of his case. Dr. Adams, of Augusta, occupied the remainder of the forenoon session and all of the afternoon session in argument of the case for the prosecution.

Supreme Court Decisions. Wallace vs. Robinson. Held, Where a sheriff under final process levies on property of the defendant in execution and a third party intervenes and sets up a claim to the property in themselves, the burden of proof is upon them to show their right on the trial. They become actors and must establish their claim affirmatively.

Where one who has entered upon land under a parol contract of purchase with a married woman, makes improvements, and on an action for possession being brought by the woman sets up that he has made valuable improvements, &c., and judgment is given against him without any order to ascertain the value of the improvements to be allowed as compensation, without appeal, and at the next term after the case is thus finally disposed of, the defendant makes application that compensation be allowed for the value of his betterments.

That the matter having been adjudged at the previous term without appeal, the judgment is final and conclusive of the rights of the parties. However harsh the rules of practice may be in any particular case, they must be observed, as established.

The endorsements on a bill of indictment form no part of the indictment, and the direction of the statute that the names of the witnesses sworn by the grand jury be marked is only directory.

That because of the proviso of Section 3118 Code, "vote 'for license' does not authorize the sale of liquor in territory where it is prohibited by a special act of the Assembly.

In re Patterson. Held, That in cases of contempt of court where the guilt of the offender is to be ascertained without the intervention of a jury, limits have been assigned to the punishment allowed, and the statute does not authorize a punishment of imprisonment for sixty days and a fine of two thousand dollars in such cases.

Where a trustee who is merely in attendance with an agent having legal custody of a prisoner under a writ of extradition, as a guard to resist apprehended rescue, is not in custody of the prisoner, and unless by word or act he aids or abets such agent in disobeying an order of court to produce the prisoner before it, he is not responsible for the non-production.

Where money is deposited in bank by a trustee to his credit and he authorized the bank to pay the check of the trustee's order, and he does so, by which the authorization is revoked, and checks are subsequently paid by mistake, and the bank fails; held, that the payments having been made to the equitable owner, the receiver of the insolvent bank cannot recover the amount so paid by mistake from the equitable owner.

Mortgages or liens on crops to be produced as allowed by the statute will be upheld when the land on which the crop to be produced is designated and identified in some way at the time the lien is created.

For the nature of a sale requires that the thing sold shall have distinctive identity at the time it is sold, whether then capable of delivery, or to become so at a future time as the product of something identified at the time of the sale. To constitute a lien, it is not sufficient to designate the land on which the crop shall be grown "as any other land we may cultivate in said county," and the lien does not attach because the land on which the crop may be grown is uncertain at the time the lien is made.

The particular land must be identified at the time the lien is given, or it will be void for uncertainty. Hence where a lien is given on the crops to be grown "on the lands of D. B. Bell and upon any other lands we may cultivate in said county," the lien does not attach to the crops grown on the "other land" cultivated.

A license tax is not void for want of uniformity, which is imposed on all who follow that trade or vocation. Whether the business be large or small, whether it engages much or little property is not an element—so it applies to all alike who follow the business.

Assignment of Pair Hens. FARM BLEND, N. C., May 22.—T. R. Ogleby, of this place, made an assignment to Schulken & Hines, attorneys, Whiteville, Saturday. Liabilities about \$1,300; assets about \$2,000.

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Strike of Street Car Drivers. By Telegram to the News and Observer. ROCHESTER, May 22.—All the street car drivers employed by the Rochester City & Brighton Street Railroad Co., the only street railway company in Rochester, struck this morning for ten hours' work, pay to remain the same as heretofore, \$2 per day. Not a car was running this morning. The men are standing around in crowds near the principal barn on State street. They are orderly and say that there will be no disturbance. All the cars in the city are botaled and the men who drive them have to do all the work.

A Fight to a Finish. By Telegram to the News and Observer. SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—At 11 o'clock last night Joe McAuliff, champion heavy weight of the Pacific coast, and Frank Coker, the well known pugilist of Chicago, stepped over the ropes at the rooms of the California Club to bring a fight to a finish for \$1,000 a side and a purse of \$1,250 offered by the Club. McAuliff won in the forty ninth round.

Public Building Bills. By Telegram to the News and Observer. WASHINGTON, May 22.—The Senate committee on public buildings and grounds today offered favorable reports on public building bills as follows: Newport News, \$10,000; Stannett, Va., \$50,000.

Beneficial Offerings to the Government. By Telegram to the News and Observer. WASHINGTON, May 22.—Acting Secretary Thompson today received offers for sale of bonds to the Government as follows: Four per cent, coupon, \$20,000 at 128; Four per cent, registered, \$15,000 at 128; \$80,000 at 128; \$100,000 at 127; Four and a half per cent, coupon, \$4,000 at 108; \$50,000 at 108; \$15,000 at 108; \$5,000 at 107; and interest, \$250 at 108. Total offerings, \$2,127,100.

The Emperor's Progress Gratifying. By Cable to the News and Observer. BERLIN, May 22.—The bulletin this morning says that the Emperor's progress is gratifying. His cough and expectoration are moderate and he is without fever.

Gold for Export. By Cable to the News and Observer. NEW YORK, May 22.—Lazard, Freres & Co. have ordered \$250,000 of gold for export and Kidder, Peabody & Co. have ordered \$500,000 gold for the same purpose.

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A Line From Kitterell. Special Cor. of the News and Observer. KITTERELL, Vango Co., May 22nd. The ladies of the Methodist church realized \$26.64 this morning to go to a fund to paint the Methodist Episcopal church south here. Our membership is small, but our church is now a certainty. All the debts will be paid off and the church will be nicely painted outside, will have blinds and the structure will be complete outside by the 25th day of July next. We intend to have it dedicated on the fifth Sunday in July, sermon by Rev. F. L. Reid, Presiding Elder. The Young Men's Christian Association is doing a good work. We feel like we are living in a healthier atmosphere, spiritually. The Davis Hotel is closed for this season.

Gen. W. F. Roberts for Auditor. COR. OXFORD TORLIGHT. I see the name of G. W. Sanderlin mentioned for the above position in a card in the Daily Observer, of Wilmington, written by himself, in which he says he will be a candidate. There would be no objection to this estimable gentleman, but I believe the present incumbent, Gen. Roberts, is the man to be nominated. No purer or more high-toned, chivalrous gentleman could be selected for the position, and none more deserving of the honor than Gen. Roberts, and the convention soon to assemble in Raleigh will certainly give the sentiment of the people of the State by raising his name again at the mast-head.

Notwithstanding the labor required to properly manage a compost heap, it is nevertheless a cheaper method of manure than the purchase of commercial manures. If no rotted sods are at hand, use the muck which has been thrown upon the banks of ditches and dried, or undecayed leaves and the rich soil and vegetable matter underneath them, which can be gathered from low places in the woods. Where the manure supply is limited, labor is the key with which to obtain the needed supply. Incorporate with each two-horse wagon load of the materials named, fifteen bushels of air-slacked lime and eight to ten of hard wood ashes. Make the post and board pens enclosing it as wide and long as need be, and three to four feet in height. Allow the winter rain and snow to fall upon the manure so as to keep it wet, and it will become by early spring, if forked over two or three times, a most desirable preparation for the growing of early vegetables or grain.—Charlotte Democrat.

The Moonshiners. During the terrible epidemic of measles among the United States prisoners in Fulton county jail, fearful coughs followed. Dr. H. A. Coker, the physician in charge, gave Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein, with happy effect.

Fresh Apples, 1 gallon cans, 30c. at W. C. & A. B. Stronach's.

Old Virginia Cherries, 5 for 10c., equal to any 5c. again at W. C. & A. B. Stronach's.

The Northern Methodist Conference has decided that missionary bishops at a bishopric in the fall mean the end of the term, and that they coordinate authority with other bishops.

Another wonderful discovery has been made and that too by a lady in this country. Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly and could not sleep. She bought of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and was so much relieved on taking the first dose that she slept all night and with one bottle has been miraculously cured. Her name is Mrs. Lizzie Lutz. This cure was effected by the use of Dr. King's New Discovery. For a full and complete description of this medicine, see our circular, which is sent free of charge to all who apply for it. Price, 50 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

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A Line From Kitterell. Special Cor. of the News and Observer. KITTERELL, Vango Co., May 22nd. The ladies of the Methodist church realized \$26.64 this morning to go to a fund to paint the Methodist Episcopal church south here. Our membership is small, but our church is now a certainty. All the debts will be paid off and the church will be nicely painted outside, will have blinds and the structure will be complete outside by the 25th day of July next. We intend to have it dedicated on the fifth Sunday in July, sermon by Rev. F. L. Reid, Presiding Elder. The Young Men's Christian Association is doing a good work. We feel like we are living in a healthier atmosphere, spiritually. The Davis Hotel is closed for this season.

Gen. W. F. Roberts for Auditor. COR. OXFORD TORLIGHT. I see the name of G. W. Sanderlin mentioned for the above position in a card in the Daily Observer, of Wilmington, written by himself, in which he says he will be a candidate. There would be no objection to this estimable gentleman, but I believe the present incumbent, Gen. Roberts, is the man to be nominated. No purer or more high-toned, chivalrous gentleman could be selected for the position, and none more deserving of the honor than Gen. Roberts, and the convention soon to assemble in Raleigh will certainly give the sentiment of the people of the State by raising his name again at the mast-head.

Notwithstanding the labor required to properly manage a compost heap, it is nevertheless a cheaper method of manure than the purchase of commercial manures. If no rotted sods are at hand, use the muck which has been thrown upon the banks of ditches and dried, or undecayed leaves and the rich soil and vegetable matter underneath them, which can be gathered from low places in the woods. Where the manure supply is limited, labor is the key with which to obtain the needed supply. Incorporate with each two-horse wagon load of the materials named, fifteen bushels of air-slacked lime and eight to ten of hard wood ashes. Make the post and board pens enclosing it as wide and long as need be, and three to four feet in height. Allow the winter rain and snow to fall upon the manure so as to keep it wet, and it will become by early spring, if forked over two or three times, a most desirable preparation for the growing of early vegetables or grain.—Charlotte Democrat.

The Moonshiners. During the terrible epidemic of measles among the United States prisoners in Fulton county jail, fearful coughs followed. Dr. H. A. Coker, the physician in charge, gave Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein, with happy effect.

Fresh Apples, 1 gallon cans, 30c. at W. C. & A. B. Stronach's.