THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

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ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders, sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W. C. & A. B. Stronach, and J. R. Ferrall & Co.

DARBYS

Prophylactic Fluid.

Use it in every Sick-room for Safety, Cleanliness and Comfort.

It will purify the air and render it wholesome. The removal of the effluvia which are always given off in the sick-room promotes the recovery of the patient and the safety and comfort of the physician and attendant. Persons waiting on the sick should use it freely. Water in which the sick are bathed should contain a small quantity of the Fluid—it will render the skin soft and pleasant, allay itching, prevent bed sores, scars, etc., removing all heat and irritation together with any unhealthy or offensive emanations from the body.

Vanderbilt University, Tenn.:
All a disinfectant and detergent Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is superior to any preparation with which I am acquainted.—H. T. LUSTON, Professor of Chemistry.

J. Marion Sims, M. D., New York:
I am convinced that Darby's Prophylactic Fluid is a most valuable disinfectant.

BARGAINS

FOR

THIS WEEK

AT

WOOLLCOTT & SON'S,

14 East Martin Street,

Our 14c French organdies reduced to 12 1-2c, cheap at 30c.

Our flouncings were purchased a few days ago, and we sell them from 60c per yard to $1.15, worth double the money.

Our ladies' and misses' hats are 25 per cent less than they can be bought elsewhere.

New shades in moire ribbon.

White India lawns 8 1-3c a yard, excellent value for the money.

Another lot of our $1.75 silk umbrellas; cannot be bought elsewhere for less than $2.50.

1,000 Thurman bandanna handkerchiefs, 10c each.

A complete line of edgings, laces, embroideries in all grades.

FOR THE BOYS:

Base Balls, Bats, Caps and belts.

FOR THE GIRLS:

Croquet Sets, $1.00 and $1.25.

$500 Reward!

We will pay the above reward for any case of liver complaint, dyspepsia, sick headache, indigestion, constipation or costiveness we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Large boxes containing 30 sugar coated pills, 25c. For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., 862 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill. For sale by J. e. McKimmon & Co., Druggists, 183 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Ellerbe Springs Commencement.

Cor. of the News and Observer.

The closing exercises of Ellerbe Springs High School were held May 25th. Mr. T. C. Brooks, the principal is well fitted for the pursuit he is following. His manly way of teaching is sure to awaken that enthusiasm in the young that will encourage them to excel in anything they undertake. He was highly complimented on the self possession his students evinced on the rostrum in delivering their declamations, showing that they had been well trained. The hour was announced at which the exercises were to begin and, after a march of a few minutes with the Pee Dee band in the lead, they began with spirit. The morning exercises consisted principally of burlesque speeches. After the speeches there was an intermission of about two hours. The dialogues were first in order in the afternoon. The audience seemed anxious to get as near the rostrum as possible, as though they were ardently expecting something very interesting; and I am sure they were not disappointed. The whole programme proved very intertaining, and received praise from many of the spectators. The annual addresses were delivered by Messrs. H. C. Wall and J. D. Shaw, Jr. Mr. Wall's address was brief and to the point, and won the applause of the people. Mr. J. D. Shaw delivered a long and well prepared speech. He urged upon the young the importance of educating themselves so that they may be prepared for any vocation of life that might present itself. Mr. Wm. Smith received the orator's medal. The following received prizes on the studies named for their superiority in scholarship:

In Cæsar, W. L. Bostick; in spelling there was a tie between Miss D. O. Thomas, Miss N. E. Baldwin, and W. L. Bostick; the three drew for the prize and Miss D. O Thomas won. G. C. Baldwin received the prize in English grammar.

This is a good preparatory school and deserves a large patronage.

B.

An Amusing Case.

State vs. Linkhaw.

Some years ago a man named Linkhaw was indicted for disturbing a religious congregation. The evidence as detailed by several witnesses was that the defendant, a member of the church, sings in such a way as to disturb the congregation. At the end of each verse his voice is heard after all the other singers have ceased. One witness being asked to describe the defendant's singing, imitated it by singing a verse in the voice and manner of the defendant, which "produced a burst of prolonged and irresistible laughter, convulsing alike the spectators, the bar, the jury and the Judge." The disturbance occasioned by defendant's singing was decided and serious. It made one part of the congregation laugh and the other mad. The irreligious and frivolous enjoyed it as fun, while the serious and devout were indignant. The congregation had been so much disturbed by it that the preacher declined to sing the hymn, and he shut up the book without singing it. The presiding elder had refused to preach in the church on account of the disturbance occasioned by it. On one occasion a leading member of the church, appreciating that there was a feeling of solemnity pervading the congregation in consequence of a sermon just delivered, and fearing that it would be turned into ridicule, went to the defendant and asked him not to sing, and that on this occasion he did not sing. The church members frequently expostulated with defendant about his singing, and the disturbance growing out of it—to all of which he replied, "that he would worship his God, and as a part of his worship it was his duty to sing." Defendant is a strict member of the church and a man of exemplary deportment, and the prosecution admitted he was conscientiously taking part in the religious services and did not intend to disturb the congregation.

The court below held that the general principle "that every man is presumed to have intended the necessary consequences of his own act," applied to the facts of the case. The defendant was accordingly found guilty by the jury; but upon appeal the Supreme Court of this State reversed the ruling, and held "that the disturbance of a religious congregation by singing, when the singer does not intend to so disturb it, but is conscientiously taking part in the services, may be a proper subject for the discipline of his church, but is not in dictable."

"Mary: the Queen of the House of David and Mother of Jesus" is a well printed, handsomely bound, beautifully illustrated book by Rev. A. Stewart Walsh, D. D., and with an introduction by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D. D, which is being introduced in this section by Mr. C. B. Southwell, of Raleigh, who is at the Branson House in this city. The book is a story of the life of Mary, as bride, wife and mother, about which are thrown all the fascinations of romance. It is clearly the outgrowth of very great research and teaches the blessedness of the righteous reign of woman as exemplified by the character and bearing of the mother of the Saviour. As to the style in which it is written it is only necessary to say that Dr. Walsh, its author, is regarded as one of the most gifted of the army of clerical writers. We have no doubt it will prove popular in a high degree. Mr. Southwell wishes to secure agents for the work, ladies and gentleman, throughout North Carolina and Virginia.

A Waterspout Burst.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

VINITA, I. T., June 11.—A waterspout burst out over the district of Ormtiz yesterday morning flooding the entire section. All the bridges on the Big and Little Cabin rivers were washed away. The Missouri, Kansas & Texas road loses three wooden bridges and one iron bridge, also several miles of track near Blue Jacket Station.

CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY IN SENATE AND HOUSE

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BILLS IN BOTH HOUSES—THE FISHERIES TREATY BILL IN THE SENATE.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 11.—SENATE.—Among the bills reported from committees and placed on the calendar was the Senate bill to withdraw public lands in Florida from all but homestead entries. Also the post-office and District of Columbia appropriation bills. (To be called up tomorrow.)

The Senate Committee on the Judiciary today further considered the nomination of Melville W. Fuller to be Chief Justice without a result. The meeting continued nearly half an hour after the Senate had assembled and the case was, on motion of Mr. Vest, postponed for two weeks.

The Senate sub committee on the tariff today heard the views of the cotton bagging makers on the tariff. The committee was told that cotton bagging manufactures had been established with imported machinery on which a duty of forty per cent had been paid and that the capacity of these establishments was now fully 100 per cent in advance of the demand for bagging. The reduction of the present rates could be endured only in case jute butts were made free. The competition in India on bagging is so fierce, however, that if it were made free as proposed by the Mills bill, the factories would suffer speedy ruin. It was further represented that there is no demand from the planters for free bagging, inasmuch as bagging, as well as iron hooping on cotton bales is all weighed and paid for as cotton, and the planter, in this way, receives more for bagging than he pays for it. A resolution offered by Mr. Morgan last Thursday, as to the fisheries treaty was taken up, and went over till tomorrow.

Mr. Morgan objected to Mr. Sherman's suggestion to consider it adopted, as it had accomplished all that was intended by it.

Mr. Morgan intimated that he desired to have further consideration upon it.

On motion of Mr. Sherman, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of the fisheries treaty in open executive session, and was addressed by Mr. Gray in support of its ratification.

The questions with which the treaty dealt were not new. The fishery case (so-called) in the northeastern waters of British America had not been made by the present administion or by the present generation of men; it had been made seventy years ago and had been continued through many generations, vexing the diplomacy and jeopardizing the peace of two of the greatest nations of the earth. It was not (as had been said by Senator Frye) to be belittled by being localized. The interests, happiness and honor of the country were involved in the discussion, and it could not be made to turn on the selfish wishes or interests or pecuniary advantages of a small number of capitalists who might reap or lose a profit by the use or non-use of the great governmental powers which ought never to be invoked except for the protection and advantage of all the people. He greatly mistook the temper and sense of the American people if they would tolerate any other discussion of the pending treaty but the one which appealed to their sober judgment, not to their prejudices or passions, and not to class of section, or if they would countenance the rejection of it for any reasone which did not concern the interests and welfare of the whole country of the honor, prestige or dignity or the republic. He went on to argue that the pending treaty was a practical, sensible and statesmanlike way of dealing with the question. If, in obedience to the party caucus which sat with closed doors and kept veiled in secrecy the real motives of the opposition, the treaty should be defeated by the bare majority, an appeal would be made to the sober judgment of sixty million people, and the brave and honest fishermen themselves would be appealed to whose rights and interests were secured and maintained by this treaty.

At the close of Mr. Gray's speech Mr. Hoar obtained the floor, and further consideration of the fisheries treaty was, on motion of Mr. Sherman, postponed till Monday, the 25th of June.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

Under the call of the States the following were introduced and referred:

By Mr. Dougherty, of Florida, a resolution reciting that at this time there seems to be no probability of the passage at this session of Congress of the Mills bill; that there is a large surplus in the treasury which is daily accumulating to the detriment of the general business, and which tends to a contraction of the circulating medium of the country; that it is an uncertainty as to whether the Mills bill in its present shape will ever become a law and Almost certainly not in time to give the relief demanded and that the late unfortunate and unnecessary civil war made an enormous and daily increasing pension list just and necessary; that the success of the armies of the United States made possible and secured the accumulation of large private and corporate fortunes all over the country and instructing the committee on ways and means to report the House bills first, repealing all laws providing for internal revenue taxation and removing all of said tax except that now collected upon spirits destilled in whole or in part from grain and upon malt liquors. Second, providing for the levy and collection of a graduated tax on all incomes of persons, corporations, associations and trusts of $5,000 and upwards per annum, the proceeds of said income tax to be devoted exclusively to the payment of pensions. Third, providing that all articles or products not manufactured or produced in the United States shall enter the ports of the United States free of all import duty.

Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, offered a resolution assigning July 5, 7, 9, 10, 11 and 12 for the consideration of general pension legislation, precedence to be given to the arrears limitation repeal and the dependent pension bills. The resolution was accompanied by a long preamble, the reading of which (as being a stump speech) Mr. Springer objected to.

Thereupon Mr. Grosvenor withdrew the resolution, stating that he would get the preamble into the record in the speech.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of District business, the first bill called up being that to increase the police force of the District of Columbia.

Mr. Grosvenor took the floor upon this bill and made good his threat of a few minutes previously to get his preamble into the record in the shape of a speech. He started a general political debate, which ignored entirely the business before the House for the great part of the day. During its progress a colloquy rose between Mr. Woodburn, of Nevada, and Mr. Cox, of New York, turning upon a reference by Mr. Cox in his tariff speech to Nevada as a "rotten burrow."

Mr. Woodburn defended his State and was bitterly personal in his attack on Mr. Cox, but the latter gentleman replied in a more good-natured manner, although he also indulged in some biting personalities. Finally the House got back to District business and passed a number of bills local to the District.

Adjourned.

Caucus on the Mills Bill.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, June 9.—The Democratic caucus announced for tonight was not called at the instance of the Democratic members of the ways and means committee but at the demand of a number of Democrats who are dissatisfied with the progress made with the tariff bill. The object is to devise means for restricting the five-minute debate. Just how that is to be done is not clear to most of the Democrats, but various plans are under consideration, one of which contemplates an agreement among Democrats to remain silent and take no part in the debate, letting the Republicans do all of the talking. Probably a suggestion will also be made to the caucus that the "gag law" adopted during Keifer's speakership be again applied, but this idea does not seem to meet with much favor.

A Ravisher Lynched.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer

EVANSVILLE, Ind, June 11.—At Henderson, Ky., twelve miles below here, at 1 o'clock this morning, James Foster, a colored man, was taken from jail by a mob and hung. Foster was arrested Thursday morning at the instance of John Howard, charged with a criminal assault upon the latter's little eight year old daughter, a few miles from Henderson, in the country. Foster, on being arrested, strenuously denied being guilty, but most conclusive evidence was found. As the quiet little city was asleep at midnight 200 men, mounted on horseback and armed to the teeth, rode into the city. Pulling up at the jail, they made a dash for the barred doors and before the jailer was fully alarmed they were inside. Breaking down the cell door, they dragged the prisoner to the scene of his crime and hung him.

A Serious Fire at Norfolk.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

NORFOLK, Va., June 11.—Fire broke out shortly after midnight in the building belonging to the Boston Wharf and Warehouse Company and formerly occupied by the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad Company. The building and contents, including two hundred and fifty bales of cotton, were consumed. The British bark Verona, of Quebec, lying at the wharf, had her masts, rigging and sails badly damaged by the fire. Total loss about thirty thousand dollars. The cotton was part of the cargo of the British steamship Kimberly. The loss is covered by insurance.

Reynolds Bros. of this city, had 650 bales of cotton stored in the warehouse, which was insured. The total loss is estimated at $60,000

Gen. Sheridan's Condition

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The following bulletin was issued at 9 30 o'clock this morning: Gen. Sheridan had a fairly good night, coughing but little and expectorating without difficulty. Pulse indicates satisfactory heart action. Breathing is still very irregular. Improvement in appetite continues.

(Signed)

ROBT. M. O'REILLY,
WASHINGTON MATTHEWS,
CHAS. B. BYRNE,
HENRY C. YARROW."

An Ex-Treasurer Short in His Books.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

ST JOSEPH, MO., June 10.—Ex-treasurer Harry Carter has been discovered to be about $8,000 short in his books and has turned over his property to his bondsmen. At the last election Carter, who had been treasurer for two terms, was elected city auditor. The discovery was made in an attempt to make a settlement. Carter claims that the shortage is due to a mistake in making entries. An expert bookkeeper is making an examination of the books.

The Emperor Worse.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer

LONDON, June 11.—The Berlin correspondent of the *St. James' Gazette* telegraphs that the Emperor is distinctly worse and has lately suffered severe pains. The correspondent also says that a hole has been discovered between the windpipe and the gullet and the taking of food is thereby made dangerous.

Maj. Stedman.

Sanford Express.

We heard what Major Stedman, the defeated aspirant, said to the Raleigh convention. We had never seen him before, and after he had sat down some delegates regretted that they had not heard him sooner. Such a man in defeat richly deserves success, and patience is its price.

A RUFFIAN SHOT

WHO ATTEMPTED TO RESIST AN OFFICER.

HE RECEIVES THE CONTENTS OF A SHOTGUN IN HIS NECK—SERIOUSLY WOUNDED.

Special to the News and Observer.

MATTHEWS, N. C., June 11.—On Saturday night a crowd of drunken rowdies were creating a great disturbance on the street and when Town Marshal Hurley attempted to arrest them he was openly resisted. One of the rowdies, named Bowden, drew a pistol and threatened him in a violent manner. Officer Hurley was compelled to shoot him in defense of himself and the laws of the town, which he did with a shot gun carried by one of his deputies. Bowden was painfully if not dangerously wounded, over four hundred shot taking effect in his shoulder and neck. Officer Hurley says his conscience is clear.

SUICIDE.

A PROMINENT YOUNG MAN TAKES HIS OWN LIFE.

Special to the News and Observer.

LENOIR, N. C., June 11.—Mr. Thos. Huntley, a well to do young farmer, living eight miles east of Lenoir, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself through the head with his rifle. No cause is known.

STABBED.

A TRAGDEY IN HENDERSONVILLE.

Special to the News and Observer.

LENOIR, N. C., June 11.—A difficulty occurred near Hendersonville Saturday between John Jenkins and Larry Freeman. Freeman stabbed Jenkins, from which Jenkins died this morning. The facts are not obtainable as to the cause. Both were drinking.

A North Carolinian in England.

Manchester (Eng.) Guardian.

The admirable paper on the Constitution of the United States read by Maj. Hale before the Manchester Statistical Society last evening serves to remind us of the comparatively slight attention which American political affairs have received in this country in recent years. For many obvious reasons, however, the political problems being worked out in the States are of the greatest interest to Englishmen, and certainly some elementary knowledge, to say the least, of the Constitution of the great republic of the West should form a part of the mental equipment of every well-informed Englishman. Major Hale is a close and fair minded student of the history and the current affairs of his own country, and having taken part in the severest conflict to which the Constitution has been exposed, he is qualified to speak with authority upon the changes wrought in it since its establishment nearly one hundred years ago. Maj. Hale is a native of a Southern State, and fought under Gen. Lee in the Confederate army. His testimony to the decisive nature of the constitutional amendment following the war is therefore very striking. He declares the most important result of the war to be that "it is accepted in all parts of the Union as settling—forever, it is to be hoped—the question of the right of a State or a combination of States to resist the supreme authority of the Federal government or to escape subjection thereto, whether such action take the form of flat disobedience, or of so-called nullification, or of attempted withdrawal beyond the jurisdiction of that authority." The comparatively small number of amendments which it has been found necessary to introduce into the Federal Constitution since its early days is undoubtedly a proof of its adaption to the wants of the country; but Major Hale is disposed also to attribute its endurance and comparative freedom from change to the limited field which it covers. The several States perform for themselves most of the duties coming within the region of legislation and administration, leaving, in fact, only a narrow sphere for the operation of the national authority.

NORTH CAROLINA CLAIMS THURMAN.

EDENTON WAS THE HOME OF HIS MOTHER.

Norfolk Landmark.

A gentleman who arrived in this city from Edenton, N. C., brings the information of the fact that Edenton has a claim upon the Hon. Allen G. Thurman, who was nominated by the Democratic Convention at St. Louis Thursday for the Vice-Presidency. He says that on the day that Cleveland was nominated, Wednesday, the intelligence reached Edenton that Thurman had been nominated also, and Mayor Hatheway, of that city, immediately sent the following telegram to Mr. Thurman:

"Your mother's home congratulates you and the Democratic party."

Mr. Thurman's mother was Miss Mary Granberry Allen, of Edenton, and her marriage with Mr. Thurman's father took place in 1811, two years before he was born in Lynchburg, Va., where his parents went to live, and is now on record in the parish register in the old Methodist Church in Edenton.

The shoemakers are holding a large national convention at Rochester, N. Y., this week. The shoemaker's handicraft is one of the most ancient in the word. It is frequently referred to in the earliest historical records. It is most fitting, therefore, that its followers should meet now and then to correct the evils which are apt to creep into the most time-honored occupations of men. If the Rochester convention should take high ground on the obligation a shoemaker is under to have his work done at the time promised, it would receive the applause of the public.

SWEET PICKLES.—Sweet pickles by measure, Crosse & Blackwell's pickles, plain pickles in bulk, &c., &c. E. J. Hardin.

THE OLD ROMAN.

He Makes a Speech to the Ohio Delegation

The Bryce train, carrying the Ohio delegation on its return from St. Louis, arrived in Columbus at 4 30 Friday afternoon.

Headed by a hand and the Jackson Club, the delegation marched from the depot to the residence of Judge Thurman, where the Hon. T. E Powell spoke briefly of the work of the delegation at St. Louis, and then introduced Judge Thurman. After three cheers for Cleveland and Thurman and the red bandanna, Judge Thurman spoke as follows:

I understand that many good people say, and no doubt think, and I do not deny the justice of their thoughts, that I am too old [laughter] to run for Vice President. [Renewed laughter. A voice: "We'll see about that."] Those people who say so, and who doubtless think so, do not understand the effect upon an old Democrat of such kindness as I have received at your hands and at the hands of the rest of the Democracy of the United States. [Cheers.] Why, I feel about ten years younger, at the least calculation. [Laughter and renewed cheering. A voice: "I can say twenty"] Well, I think it will be twenty before twenty days. [Renewed laughter.] Last night I stood here to speak to my fellow citizens who came out to greet me, and upon my word, expecting to speak about five minutes, I find I spoke "twenty minutes in full voice," and "with immense fervor and vigor," [continued laughter and applause,] and I should not be surprised if I should make such a fool of myself between now and the second Tuesday or first Tuesday or whatever Tuesday it is in October. [Laughter and voices—"November."] November I mean; that I should be prancing around making speeches like a young man just out of his teens. [Renewed laughter and applause."]

But, now, gentlemen, let me be serious a little. You know, gentlemen of the Ohio delegation, that when you were kind enough to call on me before you went to St. Louis I told you, and God knows it was the honest truth, that I did not want the nomination, but that what I wanted was peace and quiet, but that it was impossible for me to say that I would not refuse the nomination, for that would make me a candidate at once, and, therefore, surrounded with these difficulties, I could conceive of no other way, no other solution, than to place myself in your hands, and I did so freely, fairly, honestly, loyally, trusting that you would take care of my honor as well as the interests of the Democratic party. [Cheers]. Now, gentlemen, I do not undertake to speak for the party and say whether you have done wisely or not, but I do speak for myself, and say that you have done fairly and honestly and uprightly by me, and say that as long as I live I shall always bear towards you a grateful heart and pleasant recollection. [Applause.]

Gentlemen, I thank you for your efforts, I thank you for what you have done, and, whether I shall be successful or not successful, there is one thing of which I cannot be deprived, and that is the gratification of knowing that I have the good will of the people of my State, and not only of the people of Ohio, but of the people, I think, of the United States. [Continued applause.] Now, gentlemen, I do not think I ought to say anything more for fear, as my friend Lowenstein would say, that I would paralyze you. [Great laughter.]

I do not want to do that. I hope that every man of you, since you have put me on the ticket, will go to work and work for the ticket. But I have another word to say before I stop and that is this: There scarcely ever happened in the history of this world a sublimer spectacle than the renomination of Grover Cleveland by the unanimous voice of the convention. [Great applause]. And now I say you did a wise thing in that, a patriotic thing in that. The people of the United States love a brave man, and Cleveland is a brave man; they love an honest man, and God knows he is an honest man; they love a man of good sound judgment, and I do not know any man of sounder judgment than his. They love a man who stands up for the people, who stands up for principle and does not fear to take the consequences, and such a man is Grover Cleveland. Gentlemen, it will be an honor to every man of that St. Louis convention as long as he lives that he was there to cast his vote for this worthy President of the United States. Now I thank you and will bid you good-night. [Great applause].

Funerals.

The last funeral rites over the remains of the late Mr. R. H. Lee, who died on Friday night last, took place from his son's residence on North Person street at 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon and were conducted by the Rev. J. T. Gibbs, pastor of Edenton Street M. E. Church. The interment was in Oakwood Cemetery, the following named gentlemen acting as pall bearers: Dr. Eugene Grissom, Messrs. H. W. Earp, J. Iredel Johnson, G. W. Ward, E. B. Barbee, D. S. Waitt, R. H. Battle and J. H. Baker.

The funeral services of Miss Alice Perry, who died on Saturday afternoon, took place from the residence of her parents, corner of Polk and Elm streets, at 9 o'clock Sunday morning, and were conducted by Rev. G. S. Williams, pastor of the Baptist Tabernacle. The remains were interred in Oakwood Cemetery, the following named gentlemen acting as pall-bearers: Messrs. C. H. Anderson, E. H. Holloman, M. R. Haynes, E. N. Vaughan, Furman Betts and T. J. Hubbard.

Syrup of Figs.

Is Nature's own true laxative. It is the most easily taken, and the most effective remedy known to Cleanse the System when Bilious or Costive; to Dispel Headaches, Colds, and Fevers; to Cure Habitual Constipation, Indigestion, Piles, etc Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Company, San Francisco, Cal. John S. Pescud, Sole Agent for Raleigh, N. C.

THE STORM KING

LEAVES DESTRUCTION IN HIS PATH.

TERRIFIC FLOODS—RAILROADS WASHED AWAY AND A MINE FLOODED—A CONFLAGRATION EXTINGUISHED.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Dispatches from the Michigan peninsula report Saturday's rain-storm to have been in the nature of a flood from the heavens. Hecla mine was nearly drowned out; the whole country was covered with water and every railroad on the peninsula suffered from washouts and lost bridges. The storm also did some good. It extinguished a fire that was destroying the town of Norway before the town was quite swept out of existence. As it was forty-seven buildings were destroyed.

About the Assembly.

The cars for Morehead City on Wednesday June 13th will run through so that passengers for the assembly will not have to change at Goldsboro as at other times. All baggage will also be checked through without changing so there will be no delay and you will reach Morehead City on a quick schedule in time for supper at the Atlantic Hotel

The Teachers' Assembly tickets will be on sale Monday and Tuesday before the session begins so that they may be bought in advance by all who prefer to do so.

The secretary has received information that several teachers from New York and Jersey City contemplate making a visit to the Assembly in order to make the acquaintance of the leaders in the profession in North Carolina. There are nearly fifty teachers from South Carolina and Georgia already enrolled as members for this session showing that the North Carolina Teachers' Assembly is now attracting attention and attendance from the whole country.

The fine address of Dr. A. D. Mayo on Friday, 15th, and the humorous chalk work of Prof. Frank Beard, the famous artist, on Monday and Tuesday, 18th and 19th, will be exceedingly attractive and enjoyable features of the Assembly work, and specially will Prof. Beard's entertainment surpass anything of the kind ever before seen in this State

Every possible preparation has been made by the proprietors of the Atlantic Hotel and officers of the Assembly for giving each visitor at this session every pleasure of a sojourn at the most popular watering place in the South, and also a very high order of literary enjoyment. On Friday evenings of the Assembly session there will be social, literary and musical entertainments prepared by some of the finest talent in the country, and these rare feasts are seldom to be found in such a high degree of excellence as can be provided by such a large and representative gathering of teachers.

The Encampment.

Adjutant General Johnstone Jones, of the North Carolina State Guard, has issued General Orders No 7 ordering the State Guard to go into camp at Seaside Park, Wrightsville, commencing on Wednesday, July 18th, and closing on Friday, July 27th, for which purpose the companies composing the First, Second, Third and Fourth Regiments, and the Scotland Neck Mounted Riflemen (dismounted) and all field and staff officers, and officers of the General Staff, will appear at Wrightsville, in heavy marching order, on Wednesday, the 18th of July next, and report to the Adjutant General for duty at 12 o'clock m.

Troops will be furnished transportation by the State. The vouchers for such service must be made out on blank certificates supplied from the Adjutant General's office.

Companies must attend with at least thirty men, rank and file. The Commander-in-Chief expresses the hope that each company will appear with full ranks, and to this end he earnestly requests employers of members of the State Guard to give the necessary leaves of absence.

The location of the encampment, Seaside Park, was generously tendered by Mrs. Herbert Latimer, the owner.

In honor of the late Major-General William D. Pender, this encampment will be named Camp Pender.

Rations will have to be provided by the companies, but the Commissary-General will give the matter his personal attention in facilitating arrangements for supplies.

Shoppers' Notes.

The Messrs. Berwanger say they have a picnic on tapis for their customers. They will announce particulars in a few days. Watch out for it.

—Signs of the plot to cause a deadlock at Chicago and force Blaine's nomination are multiplying. Sherman, however, still leads, with Alger second.

Something in It.

An esteemed correspondent writes: "Is there anything in the Loisettian Memory system?" We would say, there is everything in it. Prof. Richard A. Proctor, Hon. Wm. W. Astor, Hon. Judah P. Benjamin, Judge Gibson, and innumerable others indorse it highly. It is taught by correspondence by the most famous and successful memory specialist living, Prof. A. Loisette, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Write for prospectus.—Ohio Ex.

The law providing for quinquennial sessions of the Prussian Diet has been officially published.

Weary and Worn.

When the tired factory operative, the weary out-door laborer, the overtasked bookkeeper or clerk seeks a medical recompense for expenditure of bodily force, where shall he find it? Could the recorded experience of thousands of workers be voiced, the verdict would be that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters renews failing strength, stimulates the jaded mental powers to fresh activity, and relaxes undue nervous tension as nothing else does. Digestion, a regular habit of body, appetite and sleep are promoted by it, and it is an admirable auxiliary in the recovery of health by convalescents. A fastidious stomach is not offended by it, and to persons of both sexes in delicate health who occasionally feel the need of an efficient tonic, the whole range of the pharmacopœia and the catalogue of proprietary medicines does not present a more useful, safer or more decisive one. It is also incomparable for fever and ague, rheumatism and kidney troubles.

The Crop Prospect in Eastern Carolina.

Cor. of the News and Observer.

NEW BERNE, N. C., June 11.

Having just been through portions of the counties of Edgecombe, Pitt, Beaufort and Lenoir, embracing the best portions of the farming section of these counties, I will drop you a line giving the result of my observations. They may be of some interest. I think I can say without contradiction that at this date I have never seen the cotton in such a disheartening condition. From Tarboro to Greenville, a fine farming section, I did not see what would at this season be called a respectable cotton crop. The continued rains, with freshets, and the grass and cool weather have well nigh ruined the cotton, and in some sections the hail has about completely demolished it. Mr. Elias Carr, who, I may with justice and truth say, is the most complete farmer in Edgecombe county, told me he had the poorest prospect at this date he ever had in his life. I did not see between Tarboro and Greenville more than one crop approaching what might be expected, and this was a field of small proportions. From Greenville to Washington the cotton was worse than between Tarboro and Greenville. I saw there the effects of hail. Mr. J. J. Laughinghouse, who cultivates Avon farm in Pitt, the finest and prettiest farm in the county, has 300 acres in cotton which has been about entirely ruined by hail within the past few days. He may possibly save 50 acres out of the 300. The whole country is flooded. Mr. Laughinghouse runs three plantations, and is a working farmer. His home place and his Bear Creek farm present a better prospect, though he says he has by far the worst crop at this date in June he ever had, and he considers the outlook as fearful. Mrs. Saunders (widow of the late Col. Jos. H. Saunders), his next neighbor, in addition to a like crop, had the misfortune to have her stables burned a few nights ago, the work of an incendiary. Her horses and mules were with difficulty saved.

Everybody around Washington despaired of making an average crop of cotton. The crops around Kinston are almost hopelessly ruined by the rains and the grass, and in some cases below Kinston were rained by the hail. Capt. Peebles told me that the crops in North Carolina were the poorest he had ever seen. Mr. Henry W. Wahab, who returned from his farm in Hyde county today, told me tonight that the rain had greatly damaged the crops in Hyde. This is the general complaint throughout this whole eastern section, and despondency is portrayed in the struggling farmers' faces. Truly so hard working a class of people deserve better prospects. Poor crops and reverses have steadily followed them for the past four or five years, but prosperity, I hope, will reward their efforts in the end.

It is refreshing, however, to see the unanimity of approval everywhere in this section of the State of the action of the recent Democratic State Convention. I have not yet heard a dissenting opinion, and universal acceptance is given. The Democrats are aroused, and a triumphant victory is at hand.

T.

A disordered condition of the stomarch, or malaria in the system will produce sick headache you can agreeably remove this trouble by taking Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kindney Pillets, 25 cents per vail.

—An extra large dynamite bomb was found in the vicinity of the jail where the Chicago anarchists were hanged.

Reducing the Surplus.

The disposition of the Surplus in the U. S. Treasury engages the attention of our statesmen, but a more vital question has our attention, and that is the reduction of the surplus consumptives. Since the discovery and introduction of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, there has been a marked decrease in the mortality from this dreaded disease, and it is possible to still further reduce the number of consumptives. How? By keeping constantly at hand a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and using according to directions, upon the appearance of the first symptoms, such as a cough, a cold, a sore throat a chest or sidepain. Taken thus early a cure is guaranteed. Trial bottles free at Lee, Johnson & Co's drug store.

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One 6-Room House—$16.66 per month.

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HENRY E. LITCHFORD.

—Father Kolasinski, the Polish priest deposed from his charge in Detroit by Bishop Burgess, has returned to that city on the call of his adherents and an outbreak among the Poles is feared.

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