THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

VOL. XXV. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1888. NO. 165

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders, sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W. C. & A. B. Stronach, and J R Ferrall & Co.

WOOLLCOTT & SON,

14 East Martin Street,

NEW ARRIVALS

Purchased by our

New York Buyer.

200 pairs ladies 22 button Dongola Goat Shoes, at $2.24, worth $3.00

60 dozen unlaundried reinforced shirts, all sizes, 50 cents each.

Ladies Sailors, 25 cents each

50 silk umbrellas, $1.75 each.

Ribbons in all widths and colors.

A new lot of tin and glassware.

100 vest front black Jerseys, $1.46, cheap at $1.75.

1,000 pairs ladies hose, all colors and shades, 10 cents a pair. An immense bargain.

Gingham apron checks, 7½ cents a yard.

A lot of white handkerchiefs, 10 cents a dozen.

The largest and best cake cake of toilet soap in the world for 5 cents a cake.

300 woven corsets 50 cents, worth 75.

A new line of laces and trimmings.

EDWARD FASNACH,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

RALEIGH, N. C.

SOLITAIRE and CLUSTER DIAMONDS

Gold Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches Gorham's Sterling Silverware, Rogers plated silverware, any size and weight of plain 18 karat Engagement rings constantly in stock. Badges and Medals made to order.

Our Optical Department

Embraces an endless variety of lenses which together with our practical experience enables us to correct almost any error of refraction in Myopia (nearsight), Hypermetropia (far sight), Presbyopia (old sight). Asthenopia (weak sight) and giving prompt relief from that distressing headache which often accompanies imperfect vision.

OUR ARTIFICIAL

Human Eyes

Move and look like the natural organ No pain when inserted.

Patients at a distance having a broken eye can have another made without calling personally.

UNDER THE CANVAS.

The Encampment of the State Guard Opened---Seaside Park---One Thousand Men in Camp, &c.

Cor. of the News and Observer.

WRIGHTSVILLE, N. C., July 18, '88

If the entire State of North Carolina had been searched from sea to mountain no more suitable place for an encampment for the military of the State could have been found than Seaside Park, on Wrightsville Sound. The Park includes about fifteen acres of ground, a part of which is shaded by large oaks. The rest is open ground, sloping gradually to the sound. In this beautiful grove the tents, &c., are stretched. The drilling and dress parades will take place in the open field, which affords ample space for handling the troops. Within sight of the Park is the sea. Bath-houses have been built on the Sound near camp for the accommodation of the encampment. Just across the Sound—one mile—is the fine hotel near the beach, built by the Seacoast Railroad Company, and which is now open to the public. Stretching along the Sound for several miles are cottages and hotels and boarding houses for summer residents. With plenty of good water, good markets, still water and surf bathing, our boys ought to have a good time, and they will. Everything possible has been done by the citizens of Wrightsville and Wilmington to make the encampment a success.

As the time for the arrival of the first train bringing soldiers drew near yesterday evening large crowds gathered at the depot, and there was great excitement and cheering and enthusiasm as company after company landed and formed in line and started for the park. The first train to arrive was over the North Carolina Central at 5 30 p. m. The last reached here about 11.30 p. m.

At an early hour this morning the encampment was opened with the usual ceremonies. The reading of orders, programmes, &c., clearly showed in the beginning that the boys were not to have a frolic or picnic. This calling together of the troops means business, as it should. Why call men from store and farm and shop and office for a dozen days at large expense unless some real good is to come from it?

Through the courtesy of the officers in command your correspondent obtained the official reports of each regiment and company, as follows: The First Regiment, Col Cotten commanding, has in camp seven companies, numbering two hundred and eighty-six men.

The Second Regiment, Col. W. C. Jones commanding, has five companies, numbering two hundred and nineteen men.

The Third Regiment, Col. J. D. Glenn, commanding, has seven companies, numbering two hundred and thirty-nine.

The Fourth Regiment, Col. J. T. Anthony, commanding, has seven companies, numbering two hundred and nine men.

From these figures you see there are nine hundred and fifty-three men. This does not include all of the officers and musicians.

From the reports it will be seen also that the First Regiment is the largest and the Fourth is the smallest. Of the companies, Company A, Edgecombe Guards, First Regiment, having fifty-seven men, is the largest, and Company D, Monroe Light Infantry, Fourth Regiment, is the smallest, having only 20. The Pasquotank Rifles, First Regiment, comes, with 54 men.

The Seacoast Railroad Company are running eleven trains a day each way between Wilmington and the Sound and every train seems packed with visitors to the Beach and Seaside Park.

Large crowds witnessed the dress-parade this afternoon, and expressed themselves as being proud of our State Guard, and well they may be, for a finer looking, better drilled soldiery would be hard to find.

Brevet Lieutenant Col. Carl A. Woodruff, 2d Artillery, of the United States Army, detailed to visit and inspect our troops is here, the guest of head quarters. He expresses himself as highly pleased with our military.

Revs. Messrs. Carmichael, McManaway and Law of Charlotte, Rev. Messrs. Robinson of Monroe and Hardin of Raleigh, chaplains, are in camp.

TAU.

Notes from Clayton.

Cor. of the News and Observer.

CLAYTON, N. C., July 20

We are having a nice day on the crops. It is a little cool and raining a little occasionally; just the thing we need for two or three days, for the crops are suffering for a good drink of God's pure beverage.

Our primary Democratic convention will be held on August 4th; the county convention is to convene August 11th at Smithfield.

We are glad to know that some of our townsmen who have been sick are convalescent.

Two young men were relating anecdotes a day or two ago. Mr. James Robertson said he saw the cars run over a hog near the depot that afternoon. The hog was on the road and the entire train of cars ran over him and did not kill him.

The other young man said he knew of a similar occurrence a few years ago with a dog which belonged to his brother. To cap the climax, Master Charlie Ellis related the following: "A year or two ago the train ran against Mr. Charles Barnes' cow, about four miles below here, and caught her up on the 'cow-catcher' and carried her to Wilson's Mills, when the conductor went around expecting to find the cow killed; but found her unhurt." Mr. Phillips, the section master, substantiates the statement except, he says, that the cars stopped just before they got to Wilson's Mills, and the cow was removed.

G.

—The Nordhausen Gazette has been confiscated, and its editor will be prosecuted because of the publication in that journal of replies to French articles with reference to the dowager Empress Victoria.

CONGRESS.

PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

THE HOUSE SPENDS THE AFTERNOON CONSIDERING THE BILL FOR THE REIMBURSEMENT OF SAMUEL NOBLE.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—SENATE.—The House bill making the 30th of May (decoration day) a holiday in the District of Columbia passed.

The naval appropriation bill was reported and placed on the calendar.

Mr. Cullom offered a resolution, which was agreed to, instructing the postoffice committee to inquire into the expediency of allowing the article known as postal tablet, or private postal card (weight not to exceed half a ounce) to pass through the mails at a postage rate of one cent.

The Senate at 12.35 proceeded to executive business.

After the doors were opened Mr. Sherman gave notice that he would ask the Senate to resume the consideration of the fishery treaty tomorrow.

Mr. Chandler thereupon offered the following resolution, which was laid over:

Resolved, That the power to make treaties and to appoint all high public officers of the United States being vested in the President and the Senate jointly, the President has no right under his implied power of making preliminary negotiations of treaties to appoint without concurrence of the Senate, private citizens as plenipotentiaries to make and sign such treaties in behalf of the United States and that the recent appointment by the President without the consent of the Senate, of James B. Argell and Wm. L Putnam to make and sign the proposed fishery treaty with Great Britain dated February 15, 1888, was unwarranted by the Constitution.

Mr. Dolph called up the bill to prohibit the coming of Chinese laborers into the United States.

The bill was discussed by Messrs. Dolph, Mitchell and Morgan until 5.05, when, without reaching a vote, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow.

HOUSE.

The first business before the House this morning was the bill coming over from last night's session appropriating $250,000 to aid State homes for disabled volunteers.

Mr. Kilgore, of Texas, moved to amend by reducing the appropriation to $100,000.

After a somewhat heated debate Kilgore's amendment was rejected and the bill (which was a Senate bill) was passed.

Mr. Blanchard submitted the conference report on the river and harbor bill. Mr. Weaver, of Iowa, demanded yeas and nays on agreeing to the report, but the demand was refused. Mr. Weaver moved to reconsider the vote by which the House had refused to order the yeas and nays, but this motion was tabled by a vote of yeas 174, nays 74. The report was then agreed to, 154 to 44

Bills coming over from last night's session were passed, for the retirement of Generals Wm. F. (Baldy) Smith and A. J. Smith with the rank of Colonel and General; and W. W. Averil with the rank of Captain.

The House then went into committee of the whole on the the private calendar.

The entire afternoon was spent in the consideration of the bill for the relief of Samuel Noble, being a claim for reimbursement for the loss of 802 bales of cotton.

A motion to strike out the enacting clause resulted yeas 61, nays 20; but Mr. Oates of Alabama, made the point of no quorum. The committee rose and the House at 4.30 o'clock took a recess until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills.

A Democratic Chief Justice.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Melville W. Fuller was today confirmed to be Chief Justice. The speaking on the case was by Messrs. Edmunds, Evarts and Stewart in opposition, and by Messrs. Farwell and Cullom in defense of Mr. Fuller. The Democrats did not speak. The vote remains under the injunction of secrecy, but is understood to be as follows, in detail:

Yeas—Messrs. Bate, Beck, Berry, Blackburn, Blodgett, Brown, Butler, Cameron, Cockrell, Coke, Cullom, Daniel, Davis, Farwell, Faulkner, Frye, George, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hampton, Hearst, Jones of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada, McPherson, Mitchell, Morgan, Pasco, Payne, Pugh, Quay, Ransom, Reagan, Riddleberger, Turpie, Vance, Vest, Voorhees, Walthall and Wilson of Maryland—41.

Nays—Messrs. Blair, Bowden, Chandler, Dawes, Dolph, Edmunds, Evarts, Hawley, Hoar, Ingalls, Manderson, Palmer, Platt, Sabin, Sawyer, Sherman, Stewart, Stockbridge, Teller, Wilson of Iowa—20.

Paired in the affirmative—Messrs. Call, Colquitt, Eustis, Harris, Kenna, Plumb, Saulsbury—7.

Paired in the negative—Messrs. Aldrich, Allison, Chace, Hiscock, Morrill, Paddock, Stanford—7.

Absent and not paired—Mr. Spooner.

Estimates Submitted.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, July 20.—Lieut. F. V. Abbott, of the corps of engineers, submits the following estimate for works under his charge for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889: Improvement of the harbor at Charleston, S. C., including Sullivan's Island, to complete, $1,525,000; for next year, $750,000.

Congressman Nominated.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

MCMINNVILLE, Tenn., July 20.—Creed F. Bates, of Chattanooga, was nominated for Congress today by the Democrats of the third district after 347 ballots had been taken.

Washington C. Denny has been nominated by the President postmaster at High Point.

CHAMPION FISHERMEN.

A Raleighite Distinguishes Himself at Morehead City.

Special to the News and Observer.

ATLANTIC HOTEL, MOREHEAD CITY, July 20.—Messrs. J. L. Borden, of Goldsboro, and H. C. Thomas, of Raleigh, caught sixty three fish in twenty five minutes. Rain prevented further fishing.

A Fracas at Matthews.

Special to the News and Observer.

MATTHEWS, N. C., July 20.

This afternoon an intoxicated man named Hartis insulted and attempted to throw down Mr. J. T. Morris, who was peaceably passing in front of him. Mr. Morris promptly knocked him down, when Hartis jumped upon him and commenced pounding him in a frightful manner. They were then separated and arrested. Hartis' wounds are painful but not serious.

Failed to Come.

Special to the News and Observer.

SHELBY, N. C., July 20.—Several hundred of the best citizens were present here today to hear Mr. Walker, the third party candidate for Governor. He failed to come.

The Emperor's Kiss.

By Cable to the News and Observer.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 20.—On the arrival of the German squadron at Cronstadt yesterday, the yacht Hohenzollern, bearing Emperor William steamed into a position close to where the United States steamer Enterprise was at anchor, only one vessel separating the yacht from the American warship. The Enterprise arived in the harbor yesterday morning. The German Emperor was first welcomed by the Grand Duke Alexis in a state barge. As he mounted the ladder to the Hohenzollern's deck he was met by the Emperor and warmly embraced. Emperor William and Serineill Henry then entered the barge and were rowed to the Russian Imperial yacht, Alexandra, on which the Czar awaited the arrival of his visitor. The two Emperors met at the gangway and embraced and kissed each other several times. M. De Giers, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs; Gen. Von Schwernitz, the German Ambassador, and Col. Von Villaume, a military attache of the German Embassy at St. Petersbury, were present at the meeting.

Washington Notes.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer

WASHINGTON, July 20.—The conference report on the river and harbor bill was presented to the House. As agreed upon in the conference, the bill appropriates $22,277,116. The House agreed to the conference report.

The Senate closed its doors at half past 12 and proceeded to a formal consideration of the Fuller case. A Senator expresses the opinion that it will be disposed of within two hours. At 1 o'clock the upper lobbies and the committee rooms were cleared and the occupants were driven down stairs so that the doors and windows might be opened without risking a betrayal of the secret proceedings.

Bond offerings today were $1,813,000. There were accepted $25,000 registered fours at at 127¼

The Marine Hospital Bureau is informed of a new case of Yellow fever at Tampa, Fla., and of two new cases at Manatee, Fla. The case at Tampa is that of a refugee from Manatee.

Mr. Smith's Position.

Cor. of the News and Observer.

THE NEWS AND OBSERVER of Wednesday, in referring to my argument in the Cross-White case on Tuesday, states that I "took the position that the State courts had never had jurisdiction in cases of *forgeries* in National Bank offenses," and that I "also took the ground that the forgery in this instance was committed for the purpose of *concealing* the false entry, and would not have been a forgery if the false entry had not been made."

This does not state my position accurately. I did take the position:

1. That the State courts never had jurisdiction of *offenses* falling under the provisions of Sec. 5209 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which is embraced in the National Banking Act.

2. That as the record showed that the original *intent* of the alleged forgery was the *making* of a false entry, the criminal act was not completed until the false entry was made, and therefore it fell under the provisions of the said Sec. 5209, and was for that reason not cognizable in a State court.

Very respectfully,

L. L. SMITH.

Report of the Civil-Service Commission.

A synopsis is given elsewhere of the fourth report of the civil-service commission, which has been in course of preparation for some time, and has just been placed in the hands of the President. The report makes a volume of 731 pages and contains a mass of statistics showing the practical work of the commission. It appears that of every one hundred persons who successfully passed the examination more than forty-one received appointments. The report argues against the apportionment of appointments by congressional districts, and urges the extension of the classified service to various branches of governmental work not now included within the scope of the commission's operations. The commisson claims that while all that the sanguing friends of the civil-service law expected of it may not have been realized, its practical operation has "shown the wisdom of divorcing the subordinate offices of the government from politics and elections, and making continuance in office dependent not upon party service, but upon merit and good behavior." The report insists that a beneficial change has been brought about in the curtailment of the "patronage" system, the demoralizing methods of which "have been replaced, within the classified service, by the methods of the law under which the demands of common justice are complied with."—Baltimore Sun.

The rosy freshness, and a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

DESOLATING STORMS

LEAVE DEATH AND DESTRUCTION IN THEIR PATH.

FLOODS IN OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA SWEEP LIFE AND PROPERTY BEFORE THEM—TWENTY-FIVE PERSONS PERISH.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 20.—A Chronicle-Telegraph special from Wheeling, at noon, says: The loss of life from the flood last night is at least twenty five. About fifteen bodies have been found so far. The money loss is about $150,000. The greatest loss of life was along Wheeling Creek and at Triadelphia. The search this morning resulted in the discovery of a number of bodies near the latter place. Most of them were found among the drift which collected at Elm Grove. The body of William Gaston, aged 60 years, a prominent and wealthy person, was found near Elm Grove. His wife's remains were found two miles below Elm Grove, hanging on a barbed wire fence. Charles Caulbell, of the Wheeling News Letter, aged 50, was found among the drift wood. Mrs. Jane Fay and her two grown-up daughters, Alice and Mary, were discovered a short distance below Triadelphia, and the bodies of two brothers, named Gorman, were found in a meadow, where they had been hurled by the furious waters.

ST. CLAIRSVILLE, Ohio, July 20.—This place and vicinity were visited last evening by a most terriffic thunder storm with violent winds and rainfall that eclipsed an average water spout. Grain fields were laid waste, shocked corn was swept away and growing corn is not to be seen. Bellaire and St. Clairsville, and St. Clairsville and Northern railroads are almost entirely washed out. The incoming train on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad was stranded at Echo and the trainmen and passengers, as best they could, escaped with their lives. The water filled with drift, running to the headlight of the engine. Several narrow escapes are reported and it is feared a number of lives has been lost. As yet it is impossible to estimate the loss, but this place and vicinity are damaged not less than $100,000.

WHEELING, W. Va., July 20.—Later and authentic details from Triadelphia show that the destruction was more appalling there than anywhere else. Fifteen families are homeless and saved nothing but what they had on. Half this village of 600 inhabitants was swept away, but all but those before named escaped to the hills. The storm extended sixteen miles east of West Alexander, Pa., and the scene all along the way is one of desolation and horror. Where the Triadelphia school house, a large building of six rooms, stood, the creek is now a raging mood and hot a vestige of even the foundations remains.

The whole south half of the town has disappeared as clear as if it never existed. The Wheeling relief committee which recently raised funds for the Rowlesburg sufferers expended the balance for provisions and sent them to Triadelphia. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, Pittsburg division, is practically destroyed for fifteen miles. The Western Union Telegraph Company lost forty miles of wire and most of the poles. Reports are coming in from all parts of Ohio county this morning indicating that the storm was more disastrous to life and property in the county than in this city. It cannot be stated at this hour how many lives have been lost. The loss in this city is known to be ten, with a number reported missing. Caldwell's run which passes through the eighth ward of this city was the scene of the greatest havoc. Three houses were swept away and all the inmates drowned. They were Mrs. Barbara Stenzel and son Herman Stenzel; Alice and Annie Wingert, of Miltonburg, Ohio, niece of Mrs. Stenzel; John Homan and Mrs. Thomas Hawley and four children. Her husband was in the yard and was swept one hundred yards down stream but managed to reach the bank in safety. Only two bodies have been recovered, Alice Wingert and Mrs. Stenzel. Mrs. Johnson, a widow, aged 60, residing at Clinton, this county, died from fright.

PITTSBURG, July 20.—A later dispatch from Wheeling says twenty-three persons are known to be drowned. Among the number was the sheriff of Marshall county. Cemeteries were washed out and coffins with bodies floated down the stream.

The Democratic Party.

Elizabeth City Economist.

It is not well for the Democratic party to cherish with too much confidence the idea of being under a special governmental providence because of the fact of its having had a longer tenure of power than any political party that has existed in this country since the foundation of the government. Its extraordinary vitality is more remarkable than the duration of its tenure. It has had more stubborn and strenuous and able opposition than any party that has existed under the government, but it has survived them all. It was swept from power in 1840 by the most overwhelming political storms of which the history of parties furnishes any parallel, but in less than a year it revived and swept the country. It has survived revolutions and civil strife, with the passions and prejudices of men and warriors arrayed against it, and yet it has triumphed in the end and is perhaps today stronger than ever before, with every prospect of continued power.

The Democratic party dates from the first election of Jefferson to the Presidency in 1800. Between that period and 1860 the Democrats were in power forty-eight years and the Whigs twelve. Since 1860 the Republicans have been in power twenty-four years and the Democrats a little over three years. Washington was a Federalist and Monroe a Jeffersonian Democrat.

Fatal Explosion.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 20.—The explosion of steam pipe that supplied the engine from the boilers caused the death of seven men of the crew of the tug boat Convoy at 1.40 o'clock this morning. The accident occurred twenty-six miles up the river near West Port, Indiana, and most of the men were asleep at the time.

The following is a list of the victims: Wm. Page about 28 years, residence unknown; Wm. Harrigan 16 years, residence Soho, Pennsylvania; Robt. Jones about 35 years old, married, residence, Jack's Run, Pennsylvania; Wm. Bigley 42 years old, married, residence, Alleghany City, Pennsylvania; Charles Luster 59 years of age residence, Jack's Run, Pennsylvania; Geo McCann 24 years old, residence, Pittsburg; Wm. Kelly about 35 years old residence unknown.

When the boat reached West Point, twenty six miles up, everything, according to the first mate's story, was running smoothly. He took a walk back to the cabin and found all quiet. He stopped and talked to a friend, George McCann, who was lying on a lower berth near the door. The latter half rose in his bed and remarked, "I'll soon be at home with my family." Then he laid down and went to sleep. The mate returned to the pilot house and was conversing with Capt. Reno, the pilot. They were then two miles above West Point, when suddenly there was a terrific explosion, the whole boat became enveloped in steam and the machinery stopped. The captain, who was asleep, hurriedly dressed, called his men and made preparations to land. The yawl was lowered, the line taken and the boat was towed ashore and made fast to a tree. Then the captain proceeded to investigate where the explosion occurred. Wm. Page lay near the door dead. Blood was rushing from his mouth and ears, and the flesh was scalded off of his body. Wm. Harrigan was in his berth. His death must have been instantaneous, for he lay in the same position as when he retired. Robert Jones was on the floor and barely alive. He was horribly burned and lived but fifteen minutes. He died with his wife's name on his lips. Wm Bigley was still alive when found, but died in ten minutes. Charles Luster was found outside of the cabin lying on his face. He was not dead and told them that he had run out there as soon as he could recover from the shock of the explosion. He was almost baked, his skin was parched and little jets of blood stood out from the pores of his body. In two hours he was dead. George McCann lay dead in exactly the same position he was in when the first mate left him but half a hour before. Wm. Keeley was pulled out from under his bunk and was alive but he was also terribly burned. Charles Chambers, the other man who slept in the cabin, was blown out of the door and had a miraculous escape.

The officers of the boat can give no conception of the accident and say the machinery was inspected last February and was then in excellent condition. An inquest will be held this afternoon and all the bodies returned ta Pittsburg

Oxford Items.

Cor. of the News and Observer.

OXFORD, N. C., July 20.

The watchword for Oxford is "onward and upward." Her railroad jubilation held April 18th, last, gave her an impetus that she will not soon forget.

We have now in process of construction fourteen commodious brick store houses. Of these Miss McCreary, of Wilmington, is putting up a block of two, James T. Cozart, Esq., is putting up three and Dr. Herndon nine.

Mr. Bethel, of Danville, is getting the huge factory of the Kimballs of Rochester, well under way. Mr. Bethel is also figuring on the armory, which will be built at once.

The completion of the road to Clarksville has put down all freights to Oxford on an average of one-third (⅓) and puts us in 128 miles of Richmond.

Our road towards Durham will be built within the next twenty days.

The engine has crossed Tar river and is now at Stein's, 12 miles from Oxford. The iron bridge over the Tar was finished last week. We hear that the contractors are laying 1¼ miles of track each day, and that the hands are as thick as bees. When this road is completed a Raleighite can leave his home at 6 o'clock a. m., reach Richmond at 2 p. m. and get back home by early tea. The distance will be only about 185 miles.

In the late Congressional convention held in Greensboro the papers fail to state that Capt. Williams, on one ballot, received 137 votes. Such is the case, and 12 more votes would have nominated him. Well, "all the samee," as the Chinaman says, Col. Morehead will be elected and Capt. Williams will build the road from Winston to Martinsville, Va, of which he is the president.

A Cleveland and Fowle Club was organized at Wilton last Saturday—enrollment, 75. J. B. Floyd, Esq., a young Democrat of 75 summers, was chosen president. The watch fires are ablaze all along the line.

ROCKBROOK.

No Relief for Me.

You may feel this when under the treatment of so many, and you not get any relief for diarrhea and dysentery. Why not try Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial, you will then have relief.

—The Journal des Debats states that the French government has no information that the Emperor William will request the Czar's adhesion, while at St. Petersburg, to an agreement to impose a disarmment upon France.

NORRIS & CARTER offer today six dozen pairs gents' hand-sewed shoes (lines that they will not duplicate) at $5. These goods were formerly sold at $6 to $7.50. Gents' hand-sewed low shoes at $3, former prices $5. $3 light stiff hats at $1.68. White beavers at club rates. Great handkerchief sale today. Bargains in all departments.

HE DIED GAME.

A CONDEMNED MAN WHO SUNG ON THE GALLOWS,

AND TOLD THE SHERIFF TO "LET HER GO GALLAGHER"—AN EXHIBITION OF IRON NERVE.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., July 20.—Jack Allen was hung in the court house at 11.45 o'clock today for the murder of Ulsura Ulrich at Jeffersonville last October. Allen had an iron nerve and sang and prayed under the gallows in a strong clear voice. He asked for a glass of whiskey which was refused him. He put the noose around his own neck and said "let her go, Gallagher." The sheriff then pulled the lever and Allen's body swung in the air. His pulse stopped in 11 minutes and his heart ceased to beat in 12 minutes. He was cut down after hanging 14½ minutes. The body was then given to the undertaker and interment took place in the potter's field immediately after the execution. He was an Englishman, 34 years of age, and came to this country two years ago. He had no friends here, and did not write to his English friends about his trouble. Since he has been in prison Allen had tried the insane and religious dodges in vain

Total Net Receipts of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st.: Galveston, 655,075 bales; New Orleans, 1,747,065 bales; Mobile, 204,439 bales; Savannah 869,192 bales; Charleston 440,195 bales; Wilmington 167,896 bales; Norfolk 486,222 bales; Baltimore, 53,978 bales; New York, 101,744 bales; Boston, 96,189 bales, Newport News, 103,378 bales; Philadelphia, 26,652 bales; West Point, 405,398 bales; Brunswick, 75,669 bales; Port Royal, 14,749 bales; Pensacola, 17,029 bales. Total, 5,464,869 bales.

The Question to be Decided Today.

The tariff discussion in the House terminated Thursday, and it only remains for Chairman Mills to make a brief closing speech on Saturday, after which the vote upon the bill and amendments will be taken. The result is a foregone conclusion according to both Democratic and Republican estimates, and the members of the House are greatly relieved by the thought that the long drawn out tariff talk is at an end. The debate Thursday was of a purely political nature, the Republicans taking comfort in predicting the election of Harrison and Morton and also a Republican majority in the next House on the protection theory. Representative Butterworth took occasion to explain away the mystery which has surrounded the Republican tactics on this question. He intimated that the Senate upon reciving the Mills bill will refer it to the finance committee and allow it to slumber there until after the people have had an opportunity to express their opinion on the subject at the November election. He also intimated that a Senate committee will probably be outorized to sit during the recess and hear statements from the representatives of the various industries of the country. Representative Springer scored a strong point against the Republicans by quoting from the report of the minority of the ways and means committee to show that they had promised to assist in a liberal revision of the tariff by amendment to the majority's report, and failing in that, they would bring forward a substitute. "Where, O, where is that substitute?" exclaimed Mr. Springer, amid a burst of applause on the Democratic side. The Republicans remained silent in their seats and made no attempt to reply.

The bill having been completed in committee of the whole, Speaker Carlisle resumed the chair, and Chairman Springer, in a loud, clear voice, announced that the committee authorized him to report the bill and amendments back to the House with the recommendation that it do pass. The last word was drowned by the applause on the Democratic side, which continued for more than a minute. The usual arrangements between Messrs. Mills and McKinley with reference to the number of copies of the bill to be printed and the time for taking the vote were then made, and the subject laid aside until Saturday.

The Senate tariff sub-committee has finished its hearings, and will have the substitute for the House tariff bill finished and ready to submit to the full finance committee on Saturday.

Reducing the Surplus.

The disposition of the surplus in the United States Treasury engages the attention of our statesmen, but a more vital question has our attention, and that is the reduction of the surplus consumptives. Since the discovery and introduction of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, there has been a marked decrease in the mortality from this dreaded disease, and it is possible to still further reduce the number of consumptives. How? By keeping constantly at hand a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and using according to directions, upon the appearance of the first symptoms, such as a cough a cold, a sore throat, a chest or side pain. Taken thus early a cure is guaranteed. Trial bottles free at Lee, Johnson & Co's drug store.

WALL PAPER is cheaper just now than ever before. Will paper rooms complete (owing to size) as follows: $6, $8 and $10 each, $12.50, $15 and $20 each. Prices named are one-half former prices. Special care taken to do good work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Have on hand a large stock and can suit almost any taste. Fred. A. Watson art dealer and manufacturer of picture frames. Orders solicited and promptly executed.

Fine Butter.

Fresh butter from the creameries of Mr. W. G. Upchurch, Dr. Richard H. Lewis and Mrs. D. W. Kerr. This butter is of absolutely perfect quality, put up in one pound prints; comes in twice a week; kept firm and cool in refrigerator, and always fresh.

E. J. HARDIN.

THE STATE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

We again congratulate the people of North Carolina on the continued enjoyment of peace, good government and general prosperity under the Democratic administration of the affairs of the State which has now been unbroken for so many years; upon the just and impartial enforcement of the law, upon the increasing efficiency of our common school system, and the progress made in popular education, upon the improvement and enterprise manifested in all parts of the State, we again challege a comparison between this State of things and the outrages, crimes and scandals which attended Republican ascendancy in our borders. We pledge ourselves to exert in the future as in the past our best efforts to promote the best interests of the people of all sections of the State. Affirming our adherence to Democratic principles as heretofore enunciated in the platforms of the party, it is hereby

Resolved, That no government has the right to burden its people with taxes beyond the amount required to pay its necessary expenses and gradually extinguish its public debts, and that whatever the revenues, however derived, exceed this amount, they should be reduced, so as to avoid a surplus in the treasury. That any system of taxation which necessitates the payment of a premium of $270 by the government on each $1,000 of its bonds, taken up with the millions that would otherwise lie idle in its vaults, and paid to bondholders who purchased, in many instances, at less than par, is undemocratic, oppressive and iniquitous, and should be reformed. The course of our Democratic Representatives in Congress, in their efforts to give relief to the people from burdensome internal revenue and tariff taxation, meets with the approval of the Democratic party of this State and we respectfully recommend that if they find it impossible to give to our people all the relief demanded, they support any just and practical measure presented in Congress that will afford a partial relief from such existing burden.

Resolved, That while the details of the methods by which the constitutional revenue tariff shall be gradually reached are subjects which the representatives of our people at the national capital must be trusted to adjust, we think the customs duties should be levied for the production of public revenue, and the discriminations in their adjustment should be such as will place the highest rates on luxuries and the lowest on the necessaries of life, distribute as equally as possible the unavoidable burdens of taxation and confer the greatest good on the greatest number.

Resolved, That we, as heretofore, favor, and will never cease to demand, the unconditional abolition of the whole internal revenue system, as a war tax not to be justified in times of peace; as a grievous burden to the people and a source of annoyance in its practical operations. We call the attention of the people of the State to the hypocritical pretensions of the Republican party in their platforms that they are in favor of the repeal of this onerous system of taxation, enacted by their party while the Republicans in Congress are taxing their energies to obstruct all legislation inaugurated by the representatives of the Democratic party to relieve the people of a part of this odious system.

Resolved, That the course of the Democratic party, in furtherance of popular education, is a sufficient guaranty that we favor the education of the people, and we will promote and improve the present educational advantages so far as it can be done without burdening the people by excessive taxation.

Resolved, That, to meet an existing evil, we will accept, for educational purposes, from the Federal government, our pro rata share of the surplus in its treasury: Provided, that it be disbursed through State agents and the bill for the distribution be free from objectionable features.

Resolved, That the United State being on government and ours a national party, we denounce the efforts of the Republicans to force sectional issues in Congress and elsewhere, and to promote dissension and ill will between the people of the different sections of our common country.

Resolved, That it is due to the people of our eastern counties, who have so cheerfully borne their share of our common burdens, that the present or some equally effective system of county government shall be maintained.

Resolved, That the Democratic party is opposed to any further extension of the "No-fence" law, unless such extension shall have first been authorized by a majority of the qualified voters within the territory to be affected thereby.

Resolved, That the Democratic party has ever been the party of the workingman, and has never fostered monopolies, nor have "trusts" or "combinations" or "pools" ever grown up under laws enacted by it. The contest in this country being between aggregated capital, seeking to crush out all competition, and the individual laborer, the Democratic party is, as it has ever been, against the monopolist and in favor of a just distribution of capital, and demands the enactment of laws that will bear equally upon all.

Resolved, That as all taxation bears most heavily upon the laborer, it is the duty of the legislator, as a direct benefit to the workingman, to keep the expense of our public institutions at the lowest limit consistent with wise and efficient management. The Democratic party opposes any competition between free and convict labor, but it insists that convicts shall not remain idle at the expense of honest labor.

Resolved, That ours being an agricultural State it is our duty as well as our pleasure to promote any and all legislation that is best calculated to advance the interests of agriculture; and that in so doing we will most effectually advance the interests of mechanics, manufacturers and laborers.

Resolved, That the Democracy of North Carolina cordially approve the administration of Hon. Cleveland.

Resolved, That the ability, wisdom, honesty, patriotism, independence, faithfulness to duty and manly courage of President Cleveland have won the admiration of all good men; and the interests of the country demand his re-nomination and his re-election.

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

By the Democratic Candidates for Governor, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Attorney-General.

Hon. Daniel G. Fowle, Maj. S. M. Finger and Col. T. F. Davidson, the Democratic candidates for Governor, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Attorney General, will address the people upon the issues of the campaign at the following times and places:

Newton, Saturday, July 28.
Statesville, Monday, July 30.
Taylorsville, Tuesday, July 31.
Wilkesboro, Wednesday, Aug. 1.
Sparta, Thursday, Aug. 2.
Jefferson, Friday, Aug. 3.
Boone, Saturday, Aug. 4.
Bakersville, Monday, Aug. 6
Burnsville, Tuesday, Aug. 7.
Marshall, Wednesday, Aug. 8.
Waynesville, Thursday, Aug. 9.
Webster, Friday, Aug. 10.
Charleston, Saturday, Aug. 11.
Robbinsville, Monday, Aug. 13.
Murphy, Tuesday, Aug. 14.
Hayesville, Wednesday, Aug. 15.
Franklin, Friday, Aug. 17.
Brevard, Monday, Aug. 20.
Hendersonville, Tuesday, Aug. 21.
Columbus, Wednesday, Aug. 22
Rutherfordton, Thursday, Aug. 23.
Shelby, Friday, Aug. 24.

The local committees are expected and urged to thoroughly advertise these appointments by handbills and otherwise.

SPIER WHITAKER,
Ch'm'n Dem. State Ex. Com.

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ED. H. LEE.