

ROYAL BAKING POWDER. Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness.

NEWS OBSERVATIONS. Dr. George Townsend died in Norfolk Tuesday. The Anti-Chinese bill has passed the House, and awaits the President's signature.

There are general expressions of satisfaction with the President's model of the Lee statue, now on exhibition in Richmond. A prominent Treasury official estimates that unless the government revenues are reduced by tariff reform, the surplus will be increased to \$214,000,000 by the end of the current fiscal year.

WOOLCOTT & SON, 14 East Martin Street, 4,000 yds. of fabric, worth 7-10c. Printed Satine Foulard, Navy blue print, 51 inches wide, at 7-10c a yard, worth 12 1/2-10c.

—Land Commissioner Stockwell finds that an innocent appearing amendment to the Sundry Civil bill means harm to the public lands in protecting wealthy corporations from investigation or prosecution for practices that are deforesting many portions of those lands.

—The language of the parson is indifferently and resting on the shoulder; "I dare every danger," "I have your head," "I would lean on your arm," "dropping it to the right; "I have everything for you," "shut; "I love you," carried in the arms; "I could beat you," held by the point; "I despise you," held like a cane; "I hate you," beating the toes.

4,000 yds. 5,000 pairs. Purchased these goods much below their value, and we are selling them as

—We are again confronted with the question as to the expediency of stripping the blades from the stalks of corn, or "fodder-pulling." This question has been discussed for more than a generation by scientific men and by practical farmers, and many direct experiments have been made to determine whether or not removing the blades at the usual time injures the yield of grain more than the resulting net value of the fodder.

—The chair sustained the point of order on the ground that the order directing the committee on appropriations to make provision for payment of the claims was repealed by implication by the subsequent adoption of a code of rules in antagonism therewith.

—Mr. Dibble appealed from the decision of the chair. The question being on sustaining the decision of the chair, tellers were ordered and the vote was announced as 65 to 50. Mr. Dibble made the point of no quorum, and the tellers resumed their places, but the vote was suspended.

OUR NEW YORK BUYER. EDWARD FASNACH, JEWELER AND OPTICIAN. Sole Agent for... Our Artificial Human Eyes.

CONGRESS. PROCEEDINGS YESTERDAY IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

MR. EVARTS ON GARIBOLDI—THE HOUSE ON THE ARMY APPROPRIATION BILL—OTHER NEWS. By Telegraph to the News and Observer. WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—SENATE.—A resolution was adopted changing the hour of the daily meeting to noon on 11 to 2 o'clock.

—The House then resumed the consideration of the conference report on the army appropriation bill. When the discussion closed the conference report was rejected—88 to 61. The House further insisted on its disagreement to the Senate amendments, and a further conference was ordered; The House then went into committee of the whole on the deficiency appropriation bill.

—Fending a point of order, the French spoliation claims section was reported by Mr. Watson, of Missouri, and argued against by Messrs. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, Dibble, of South Carolina, and Nutting, of New York.

—The chair sustained the point of order on the ground that the order directing the committee on appropriations to make provision for payment of the claims was repealed by implication by the subsequent adoption of a code of rules in antagonism therewith.

—Mr. Wilson, of Minnesota, immediately offered the following bill, which was referred to the committee on foreign affairs: "An act to empower the President more effectually to carry out the purposes of an act entitled 'an act to authorize the President to protect and defend the rights of American fishing vessels, American fishermen, American trading and other vessels in certain cases and for other purposes,' approved March 3d, 1887, and to authorize the President to protect American interests against unjust discriminations in the use of canals in the British Dominion of North America."

EXPLOSION. A BATTERY OF BOILERS GIVES WAY.

TO THE POINT OF STAM—DESTROYING A MILL—KILLING EIGHTEEN PERSONS, AND INJURING A NUMBER OF OTHERS—OTHER NEWS. By Telegraph to the News and Observer. MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 23.—A special messenger from Menasha, Wis. says: At 11:30 o'clock last night a large paper mill, owned by George Whiting and situated on an island between this city and Mahabha, was destroyed by fire. While the burning structure was surrounded by a crowd of spectators the battery of boilers exploded and the roof and walls were thrown outward, sending a shower of bricks and timbers among the spectators. Eighteen persons were killed, seven fatally injured and a number seriously hurt.

—The fire alarm brought several hundred people to the spot, who crowded as close to the building as the intense heat would permit. About 1:30 o'clock while the building was a mass of flames the explosion occurred without warning. The roof of the building was thrown upward and outward, the walls of brick crumbled and crashed into the street and in an instant scores of men were buried by the heavy debris.

—Our tobacco men have been investigating recently the condition of our tobacco in all its branches, and are very much elated over the result. The investigation shows that our manufacturers will manufacture more plug and twist this year than in any previous year; and as the goods from which the tobacco is manufactured are very superior, the quality of the work this year will be first-class.

—The House then resumed the consideration of the conference report on the army appropriation bill. When the discussion closed the conference report was rejected—88 to 61. The House further insisted on its disagreement to the Senate amendments, and a further conference was ordered; The House then went into committee of the whole on the deficiency appropriation bill.

—Fending a point of order, the French spoliation claims section was reported by Mr. Watson, of Missouri, and argued against by Messrs. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, Dibble, of South Carolina, and Nutting, of New York.

—The chair sustained the point of order on the ground that the order directing the committee on appropriations to make provision for payment of the claims was repealed by implication by the subsequent adoption of a code of rules in antagonism therewith.

EXPLOSION. A BATTERY OF BOILERS GIVES WAY.

TO THE POINT OF STAM—DESTROYING A MILL—KILLING EIGHTEEN PERSONS, AND INJURING A NUMBER OF OTHERS—OTHER NEWS. By Telegraph to the News and Observer. MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 23.—A special messenger from Menasha, Wis. says: At 11:30 o'clock last night a large paper mill, owned by George Whiting and situated on an island between this city and Mahabha, was destroyed by fire.

—The fire alarm brought several hundred people to the spot, who crowded as close to the building as the intense heat would permit. About 1:30 o'clock while the building was a mass of flames the explosion occurred without warning. The roof of the building was thrown upward and outward, the walls of brick crumbled and crashed into the street and in an instant scores of men were buried by the heavy debris.

—Our tobacco men have been investigating recently the condition of our tobacco in all its branches, and are very much elated over the result. The investigation shows that our manufacturers will manufacture more plug and twist this year than in any previous year; and as the goods from which the tobacco is manufactured are very superior, the quality of the work this year will be first-class.

—The House then resumed the consideration of the conference report on the army appropriation bill. When the discussion closed the conference report was rejected—88 to 61. The House further insisted on its disagreement to the Senate amendments, and a further conference was ordered; The House then went into committee of the whole on the deficiency appropriation bill.

—Fending a point of order, the French spoliation claims section was reported by Mr. Watson, of Missouri, and argued against by Messrs. O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, Dibble, of South Carolina, and Nutting, of New York.

—The chair sustained the point of order on the ground that the order directing the committee on appropriations to make provision for payment of the claims was repealed by implication by the subsequent adoption of a code of rules in antagonism therewith.

JAPAN'S VOLCANOS. A TERRIBLE FATE FOR MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED PEOPLE.

Cor. N. Y. Herald. YOKOHAMA, July 23.—About 8 o'clock on the morning of the 15th inst. there was a terrific volcanic eruption on Mount Bandai, in the province of Inawashiro, one of the northern and hilly provinces. Over five hundred people were buried alive and over one thousand wounded.

—On Sunday-morning, the 15th inst., about 8 o'clock, there were three successive earthquakes in the neighborhood of Mount Bandai, the first of which was slight, the second rather severe and the third was quite heavy. While the third earthquake was going on there came tremendous noises three times in rapid succession, as if hundreds of thunderbolts were striking overhead.

—According to the statements of the survivors with whom I talked and the occurring testimony of the people who live in the district for miles around the mountain, on the morning of Sunday, the 15th of this month, rumblings were heard and earth tremblings were felt in the neighborhood of the mountain.

—The number of people who lost their lives by the disaster was, according to the official statement given me at the government relief station at Inawashiro, 518; the bodies of seventy of whom had been found, while forty-one persons had been injured and were then in the hospital at Inawashiro.

—The number of people who lost their lives by the disaster was, according to the official statement given me at the government relief station at Inawashiro, 518; the bodies of seventy of whom had been found, while forty-one persons had been injured and were then in the hospital at Inawashiro.

—The number of people who lost their lives by the disaster was, according to the official statement given me at the government relief station at Inawashiro, 518; the bodies of seventy of whom had been found, while forty-one persons had been injured and were then in the hospital at Inawashiro.

FOWLE AT SHELBY WITH MESSRS. FINGER AND DAVIDSON.

THEY ALL SPEAK—THEY ARE ENTHUSIASTICALLY RECEIVED—THE OUTLOOK IN THE WEST. Special to the News and Observer. SHELBY, N. C., August 23, 1888.—The largest crowd ever assembled in Rutherfordton was present to hear Messrs. Fowle, Finger and Davidson on their triumphant march.

—From present appearances Rutherfordton will give a handsome Democratic majority; this year. In Polk county, where Judge Fowle speaks Wednesday, ninety-three Radicals have joined the Democratic ranks.

—According to the statements of the survivors with whom I talked and the occurring testimony of the people who live in the district for miles around the mountain, on the morning of Sunday, the 15th of this month, rumblings were heard and earth tremblings were felt in the neighborhood of the mountain.

—The number of people who lost their lives by the disaster was, according to the official statement given me at the government relief station at Inawashiro, 518; the bodies of seventy of whom had been found, while forty-one persons had been injured and were then in the hospital at Inawashiro.

—The number of people who lost their lives by the disaster was, according to the official statement given me at the government relief station at Inawashiro, 518; the bodies of seventy of whom had been found, while forty-one persons had been injured and were then in the hospital at Inawashiro.

—The number of people who lost their lives by the disaster was, according to the official statement given me at the government relief station at Inawashiro, 518; the bodies of seventy of whom had been found, while forty-one persons had been injured and were then in the hospital at Inawashiro.

LOG CABINS can hardly be considered handsome or elegant, but they were fit habitations for the rugged pioneers of America.

Our ancestors were rugged specimens of noble manhood, complete in health, strength and endurance. Their wholesome remedies are reproduced in this later age, in Warner's Log Cabin Remedies and Warner's "Tippecanoe."

—The expressions of Emperor William of Germany are looked upon as indicating renewed bad feeling toward Russia. A congress of German Catholics will meet at Freiburg in September.

D.R. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER. FULL WEIGHT PURE. Most Perfect Made.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and most Healthy. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cases. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. Early Fall Trade.

We are prepared for early fall trade. We have received our first invoice of the new Failles Francaises, embracing Blacks and all the shades for Autumn and Winter costumes. This silk fabric has a soft velvet finish, with small round cord, and is warranted to wear.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. DISSOLUTION. The firm of Powers & Riddick, dealers in drugs, &c., doing business at Wake Wake Forest, N. C., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.