NEWS AND OBSERVER.

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WEDNESDAY, OCT. 17, 1888.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

ELECTION, TUESDAY, November 6th.

NATIONAL TICKET:

FOR PRESIDENT:

GROVER CLEVELAND,
of New York.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

ALLEN G. THURMAN,
of Ohio.

FOR ELECTORS—STATE AT LARGE:
ALFRED M. WADDELL, of New Hanover.
FREDERICK N. THUDWICK, of Orange.

DISTRICT ELECTORS:
1ST DIST.—GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.
2D DIST.—JOHN R. WOODARD, of Wilson.
3D DIST.—CHAS. M. B. AYCOCK, of Wayne.
4TH DIST.—EDWARD W. POU, Jr. of Johnston.
5TH DIST.—J. H. DOBSON, of Surry.
6TH DIST.—SAMUEL J. PEMBERTON, of Stanly
7TH DIST.—LEROY C. CALDWELL, of Iredell.
8TH DIST.—THOMAS M. VANCE, of Caldwell.
9TH DIST.—W. T. CRAWFORD, of Haywood.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
DANIEL G. FOWLE,
of Wake.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR:
THOMAS M. HOLT,
of Alamance.

For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court—to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Thomas S. Ashe:

JOS. J. DAVIS,
of Franklin.

For Associate Justices of the Supreme Court under amendment to the Constitution:

JAMES E. SHEPHERD,
of Beaufort.
ALPHONSO C. AVERY,
of Burke.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
WM. L. SAUNDERS,
of Orange.

FOR TREASURER:
DONALD W. BAIN,
of Wake.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
SIDNEY M. FINGER,
of Catawba.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
THEODORE F. DAVIDSON,
of Buncombe.

FOR AUDITOR:
G. W. SANDERLIN,
of Wayne.

FOR CONGRESS.

FOURTH DISTRICT:
B. H. BUNN,
of Nash.

DOCKERY'S TICKET IN 1884.

At the election in Richmond county in 1884, Oliver H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Sneed, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one N. W. Harlee, a negro man, against Alexander L. McDonald, a white man competent to fill the office and universally esteemed in the county for his courteous bearing.

Unnecessary taxation is unjust taxation.—Cleveland's Letter of Acceptance.

WE feel stronger. John L.—Sullivan has joined the profesh. He is now the sporting editor of the New York Illustrated News.

The necessity of reducing taxation to prevent such an accumulation of surplus revenue, and the consequent depletion of the circulating medium, is so apparent that no party dares to deny it, but when we come to consider the modes by which the reduction may be made we find a wide antagonism between our party and the monopolistic leaders of our political opponents.—*Thurman's Letter of Acceptance.*

HAVE you registered? If not hadn't you better look after the matter? How many negroes do you suppose will be unregistered on the day of election? Any?

JUDGE FOWLE speaks at Burgaw, Pender county, tomorrow. Turn out, Democrats, and give him a rouser in the way of a reception. He deserves such a greeting. He is one of the most eloquent of North Carolinians and is doing superb work for the Democracy. Turn out and hear your next Governor!

To fill the vaults of the treasury with an idle surplus for which the government has no legitimate use, and to thereby deprive the people of currency needed for their business and daily wants, and to create a powerful and dangerous stimulus to extravagance and corruption in the expenditures of the government, seems to me to be a policy at variance with every sound principle of government and of political economy.—*Thurman's Letter of Acceptance.*

DEMOCRATS, register without delay. Your votes are going to be needed to counteract the baleful influence of the Northern trusts which are pouring money into the State to carry it for Radicalism. We will venture to say that the negroes in your several wards and precincts are not putting off their registration.

THE twenty-fifth session of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers convenes in Richmond, Va., today and will last two weeks. The measures to come up for consideration and discussion embrace the Burlington and Quincy strikes, a federation and consolidation of the engineers, firemen, brakemen and switchmen in one organization and other matters of interest.

THE REPUBLICAN POSITION ON THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

We have heretofore pointed out that the Republican Senate committee in their tariff bill oppose the provisions of the Mills bill in regard to the internal revenue. Let us see further about the matter. As we have said, the Mills bill is what the Democratic party proposes to the country; and this Republican Senate bill is what the Republican party offers in place. The two measures are now before the people.

When the Mills bill, after having passed the House of Representatives, reached the Senate at Washington on 25th July, 1888, it was referred to the committee on finance of that body. The majority of this committee, that is to say, the Radical members of it, reported on Thursday, the 4th October, 1888, as follows:

"Your committee have considered numerous suggestions for the repeal of all internal revenue taxes and the abolition of the entire internal revenue system, but they deem the adoption of this course at present, both impracticable and unwise, not only because the repeal of these taxes would create a large annual deficit, but for the further reason that the taxes levied on distilled spirits as a beverage and on beer, should be retained, and the legislation to protect American dairy products from fraudulent imitations should be enforced."

Here then they say, first, that the repeal of the internal revenue is impracticable; that is, it can't be done. Second, they say it is unwise; that is, if it could be done, it ought not to be done; and thirdly, that the wiskey tax and brandy tax should be retained. That is the position of the Republican party in regard to these things. It is what they propose and recommend; it is what they propose in the way of legislation. So much for the entire repeal.

As to the provisions of the Mills bill modifying the hardships of the system in regard to the distillation of spirits, the committee oppose them outright. We quote their very words from their report below as follows:

"Sections 29 to 34 inclusive, and sections 36, 38 and 40 of the House [Mills] bill are intended to modify existing laws relating to the tax on distilled spirits. Your committee do not recommend their adoption.

"The sections, when taken altogether, cannot be construed by your committee as having any other effect than to open wide the door to fraud in the collection of taxes on distilled spirits. * * * *

"Section 36 of the House bill is the chief section, and the other sections are merely tributary or auxiliary; it amends section 3255 of the Revised Statutes, by adding a provision which authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to exempt distilleries mashing less than 25 bushels of grain per day from the operation of the provisions of the law relating to the manufacturing of spirits. * * * This amendment also provides that such distilleries may be run and operated without store-keepers, or storekeepers and gaugers. * * * *

"The effect of section 3255 thus amended, would therefore be to remove from every such distillery all the restraints and safeguards now provided by law against illicit distillation. * * * * *

"Whatever may be the strength of public opinion where these small distilleries are numerous, the government cannot afford to relax the efficient and necessary safguards thrown around the production of spirits simply for the purpose of relieving these people from proper supervision, which compels the payment of tax. * * * * * *

"Section 36 is supplemented by other provisions intended to shield, not only these small distillers, but all distillers from the vigorous provisions of existing law.

"Section 30 is a complicated section, having the effect to impede any process looking toward the arrest or prosecution of offenders under the internal revenue laws, by providing that no warrant shall issue upon information and belief, except upon the affidavit of collector, or deputy collector, or internal revenue agent, thus excluding all other revenue officers, such as store-keepers, gaugers, etc., who by reason of their official positions, may have information and belief which would justify them in making complaint, and no private person can make complaint, except the facts are within his own personal knowledge.

"It provides further, that no fees shall be paid to either marshals, clerks or commissioners, unless there be a conviction, or unless the prosecution has been approved, either before or after such arrest by the attorney of the United States for the district where the offense is alleged to have been committed, or unless the prosecution was commenced by information or indictment. Thus, in cases of violations of the internal revenue laws, it would be necessary for a complicated investigation to be gone through with before any such prosecution could be instituted.

It is impossible for internal revenue agents to hear complaints and thus be able to make affidavit on information and belief, as there are only twenty of them in all, and they are occupied chiefly in the examination of accounts, giving information to officers as to their method of conducting business, etc. Collectors and deputy collectors are engaged in the detail work of their offices, and may be at a great distance from the place where the fraud is being committed. The section would require preliminary trial by a collector or deputy collector before a prosecution could be instituted. The marshals, who, under the law, are required to execute any process presented, are informed in advance that they shall have no pay unless there is a conviction, which necessarily implies that the marshal, before he serves process, must enter into an examination of the probability of a conviction, or else discharge his duties without compensation.

"Section 34 minimizes the penalty for intentional violation of the internal revenue laws. This section is a substitute for section 3176 of the Revised Statutes.

"Section 34 of the bill amends this section of the Revised Statutes, by substituting a uniform penalty of 25 per centum, and interest at 10 per cent., from the time when such tax is due and payable; that is to say, if an illicit distiller is caught, or if a distiller makes a false and fraudulent return, instead of 100 per cent., penalty as now provided, he is only required to pay a penalty of 25 per cent.

"Section 3332 of the Revised Statutes provides that in case a registered distillery, having a producing capacity of less than 150 gallons a day, shall violate the law respecting such distillery, and having been declared forfeited by a judgment of the court for a violation of the internal revenue laws, such still, etc., shall be destroyed, so as to prevent its use for the purpose of distilling. This section of the Revised Statutes is amended by section 38 of the bill, so that in case of judgment of forfeiture the seizing officer shall remove such still, etc., to a place of safe storage, where it shall be sold, and that it shall be so removed without mutilation. * * *

"If the effect of a judgment of forfeiture shall only be to require the seizing officer to carefully preserve and store the still without mutilation, it will soon renew its work in some other convenient locality, where the vigilance of revenue officers could, for a time at least, be eluded, as stills of this capacity are portable and easily transferred from one neighborhood to another.

"Section 3244 of the Revised Statutes provides that a manufacturer of stills shall pay an annual tax of $50, and $20 for each still or worm for distilling made by him; and section 3265 of the Revised Statutes requires such manufacturer, before the same is removed from the place of manufacture, to notify the collector of the district. * * These wholesome provisions, taken together, were intended to prevent persons from manufacturing stills or procuring them from manufacturers without the knowledge of the proper revenue officers of the government.

"But section 40 of the proposed Mills bill repeals all laws which impose these special taxes.

These sections constitute such a modification of our present revenue system, as respects the collection of taxes from distilled spirits, as will make it easy for those disposed to engage in illicit distilling to do so with impunity, and your committee cannot but regard these provisions as seriously endangering the efficacy of our entire system of laws which provide for the collection of revenue from distilled spirits."

Every word of the above is taken from the Report of the United States Senate Committee on Finance, reporting back the Mills bill to that body on the 4th of October, 1888, accompanied by their substitute bill.

It will be seen from the above that the Radical Senate have taken ground distinctly against every remedial feature of the Mills bill in regard to the distillation of spirits:

1. They oppose the provision giving the judge discretion in the matter of punishment, as set forth in section 29.

2. They oppose the provision forbidding warrants to be issued unless by approval of a collector or deputy collector, &c., as set forth in section 30.

3. They oppose the provision forbidding fees to be paid to marshals, &c., unless there be a conviction, as set forth in section 30.

4. They oppose the provision requiring warrants to be tried in the county of arrest, &c., as set forth in section 31.

5. They oppose the provision giving the judges the power to appoint and remove commissioners, &c., as set forth in section 32.

6. They oppose the provision giving the Commissioner of Internal Revenue power to reduce and remit fines, &c., as set forth in section 33.

7. They oppose the provision reducing penalty from 100 per cent to 25 per cent. in case of failure to make return, &c, as set forth in section 34.

8. They oppose the provision exempting from the revenue law all distilleries mashing less than 25 bushels of grain per day, &c., as set forth in section 36.

9. They oppose the provision forbidding the destruction of stills of less than 150 gallons capacity, etc., as set forth in section 38.

10. They oppose the provision repealing all laws imposing special taxes upon manufacturers of stills, retail dealers in liquors, etc., as set forth in section 40.

For the truth of the above see Senate proceedings Congressional Record, 4th October, 1888.

Mark the words of these Republican Senators who are speaking for their party. They state the Republican position. All the hope our people have to have the iniquities of this system lessened rests with the Democratic party.

Let no man hesitate a moment longer how to vote, now that he has before him the record showing that the Radicals oppose every provision that the Democrats propose for the relief of the distillers.

Does not every well informed man know that the increase in price of home manufactures produced by a high tariff does not go into the pockets of laboring men, but only tends to swell the profits of others?—*Thurman's Letter of Acceptance.*

THE British Doctor Mackenzie in his book just issued not only makes statements seriously reflecting on the ability of the German physicians who attended the late Emperor Frederick with him, but levels charges of inciting the German doctors to entrap him into a doubtful declaration as to the nature of the Emperor's disease against Prince Bismarck himself. No wonder he raised a rumpus in all Europe. It is said that not only will Dr. Bergmann bring action for libel in the English courts against him but that Dr. Gerhardt will also institute proceedings. It is probable, however, that Mackenzie would not object to even more suits, as it is likely it is fame rather than anything else that he is after.

It seems to me that if the policy of the Democratic party is plainly presented all must understand that we seek to make the cost of living less and at the same time increase the share of the laboring man in the benefits of national prosperity and growth.—*Thurman's Letter of Acceptance.*

We have noticed in several of our exchanges lately statements to the effect that Dr. J. M. Worth, ex-Treasurer of the State, would vote with the Third party this time. We are authorized to say that the report is *utterly false;* that Dr. Worth is now as ever a simon-pure Democrat and proposes to vote the Democratic ticket in its entirety as usual at the approaching election. So still another Dockery "verity" is nailed this morning.

THE price of bread has been made a cent higher in New York and the advance means a great deal that is not pleasant to the poor people of the metropolis. The journeyman bakers say it is a step towards another trust. Down with trusts of all kinds! Blaine, the Republican leader, defends them, but they are anaconda-like in the way they crush the spirit and the energy and the life out of the people! Vote for tax reduction such as is provided for by the Mills bill—reduction on the necessaries rather than the luxuries, reduction that will help the wage-earner and the farmer rather than the monopolist—and so vote against trusts and capitalistic combines of every character formed to keep up the prices of what is every day and everywhere necessary to the people.

The idea that a people can be enriched by a heavy and unnecessary taxation, that a man's condition can be improved by taxing him on all he wears, on all his wife and children wear, on all his tools and implements of industry, is an obvious absurdity.—*Thurman's Letter of Acceptance.*

JUDGE THURMAN'S letter of acceptance, elsewhere published, has the right ring, as have all the Old Roman's papers. It goes straight to the root of the matter now before the people when its writer says he cannot too strongly express his "dissent from the heretical teachings of the monopolists that the welfare of a people can be promoted by a system of exorbitant taxation far in excess of the wants of the Government." There can be no question of the soundness of Thurman's Democracy.

Much is said about competition of American laborers with the pauper labor of Europe, but does not every man who looks around him see and know that an immense majority of the laborers in America are not engaged in what are called the protected industries? And as to those who are employed in such industries, is it not undeniable that the duties proposed by the Democratic measure called the Mills bill far exceed the difference between American and European wages, and that, therefore, if it were admitted that our workingmen can be protected by tariffs against cheaper labor, they would be fully protected, and more than protected, by that bill?—*Thurman's Letter of Acceptance.*

In the past six months the Government, under the resolutions of the two Houses, has bought $84,670,750 of bonds, paying, in addition to the face of the bonds, the immense sum of $17,230,951, premiums to the bondholders. And it is the policy of paying this bonus to the financial Mortons of the North that Dockery and the Republicans have been advocating. They say let the people be taxed to pay heavy bonuses to Morton and the bondholders.

Look out! We hear already of efforts on the part of strange negroes—recent arrivals from another State—to register. The occurrences we refer to happened in Raleigh. Democratic committeemen should keep their eyes wide open with reference to such attempts from now until the election.

We seek to reduce taxes upon the necessaries of life; our opponents seek to increase them. We say, give to the masses of the people cheap and good clothing, cheap blankets, cheap tools and cheap lumber. The Republicans, by their platform and their leaders in the Senate, by their proposed bill, say, increase the taxes on clothing and blankets and thereby increase their cost; maintain a high duty on the tools of the farmer and mechanic and upon the lumber which they need for the construction of their modest dwellings, shops and barns, and thereby prevent their obtaining these necessaries at reasonable prices.—*Thurman's Letter of Acceptance.*

Less than three weeks in which to get the full Democratic vote to the polls! Less than three weeks in which to foil Slanderer Dockery and Shylock Morton! Less than three weeks in which to secure a continuance of the honest, efficient, white man's government we have today. Democrats, to work!

THREE weeks from today the votes will have been counted and we shall know beyond question that Cleveland is to be the next President.

THE gallant McClammy, we are glad to see, is at home in his district doing yeoman's work.

Experience teaches, sometimes easily and sometimes harshly. Sufferers with dyspepsia, heartburn, liver diseases, etc., have learned by easy and gentle experience that Laxador is a sure and agreeable remedy for these complaints.

Do not stupefy your baby with opium or laudanum mixtures, but use Dr. Bull's Baby syrup, which is always safe and reliable and never disappoints. Price 25 cents.

—The new embankment, erected at a cost of $9,000,000, to confine the waters of the Yellow river, in China, was swept away by a recent flood, and the hundreds of laborers at work upon it were drowned. The destruction of life and property in the flooded region is not so great as before, for the reason that the former flood did its work pretty thoroughly, but still the losses are enormous.

WALL PAPER is cheaper just now than ever before. Will paper rooms complete (owing to size) as follows: $6, $8 and $10 each, $12.50, $15 and $20 each. Prices named are one-half former prices. Special care taken to do good work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Have on hand a large stock and can suit almost any taste. Fred. A. Watson art dealer and manufacturer of picture frames. Orders solicited and promptly executed.

—The result of the charter election in Newark, N. J., has carried consternation into the ranks of the Jersey Republicans.

Ladies

In delicate health needing a gentle yet effective laxative will find the California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, pleasing to the taste, acceptable to the stomach, and perfectly safe in all cases. It is the most easily taken and pleasantly effective remedy known to cure and prevent costiveness, to dispel headaches, colds and fever, and strengthen the kidneys, liver and bowels, and is therefore a favorite remedy with ladies. For sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. John S. Pescud, sole agent, Raleigh, N C.

"This is the most important election held for twenty years. The issue are whether we are to have a white man's government, low taxes, abolition of the internal revenue, and a union based upon the Constitution and good will of the people of all the States. The Democracy of the State have been struggling for these great principles since the surrender. They have established a white man's government and intend that it shall be perpetuated. They have reduced the taxes, and inaugurated an honest, economical administration in both State and nation. But we have not done all that we should have done. The taxes under what is known as the protective system, which are sucking the life blood from our people and building up monopolies and trusts throughout the land, at the expense of honest labor, must be brought down to a revenue standard, and all men and all industries must be equally protected and treated with justice and equity. If successful this time the backbone of the Republicans will be broken and the whole country will rejoice under Democratic rule for years to come."—Gov. Scales to Secretary Womack, of Rockingham Dem. Ex. Com.

He May Carry Them All.

Connecticut.
CaLifornia.
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West Virginia.
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Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Lee, Johnson & Co.

—The government crop report for October shows winter wheat better than was supposed; corn, an enormous crop; tobacco, up to expectation; cotton, considerably injured by frost and wet.

OUT OF SORTS!

Yes, Sick all Over!

Liver torpid, bowels costive, blood sluggish, stomach weak and full, your digestion is impaired and the organs inactive, your perceptions are dull and stupefied, your temper irritable and peevish, you are unfit for business or companionship. What you need is to

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

"I have used many remedies for Dyspepsia, Liver affection and debility, but never have found anything to benefit to the extent that Simmons Liver Regulator has. I sent from Minnesota to Georgia for the remedy and would have sent further for such a medicine. I would advise all who are similarly affected to give it a trial as it seems the only thing that never fails to relieve."—P. M. Janney, Minneapolis, Minn.

Examine to see that you get the genuine, distinguished from all frauds and imitations by our Red Z Trade-Mark on front of Wrapper, and on the side the seal and signature of J. H. Zeilin & Co.

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Cotton Sellers

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Offer to the trade,

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1,000 bundles new Arrow ties, 200 bundles spliced Arrow ties, 10,000 yards Burlaps and other cloth suitable for covering cotton, bulk meat, flour, coffee, sugar molasses, meal, corn, oats, hay and ship stuff, all of which we will sell upon

VERY BEST TERMS.

We solicit your consignments of cotton, and pledge you our twenty years experience to serve you faithfully and right. Will make cash advances upon bills of lading or cotton in hand whenever desired.

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FRESH SODA AND OYSTER CRACKERS.

CORNED BEEF AND PORK.

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Oranges and Bananas.

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N. C. Insane Asylum.

VISITORS

at the Insane Asylum will hereafter be admitted only on

WEDNESDAYS,

Between 9 a. m. and 6 p. m. This rule has been found necessary on account of the injurious effects of excessive visiting upon the inmates.

By order of the Board.
EUGENE GRISSOM,
Superintendent.

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$35,000.

Men's, boys' and children's clothing, hats, shoes, underwear, trunks, bags, canes, umbrellas, &c., to be closed out to satisfy creditors.

The entire stock of Whiting Bros. must be sold and now is the time for bargains. The stock is largely composed of

New Goods

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One of the largest indemnity companies in the world. Has paid nearly one and a half million dollars to its patrons. Issues bonds of indemnity to municipal and county officers, corporations, firms and individuals, guaranteeing them against loss on the part of employees, &c.

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W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE. FOR GENTLEMEN.

The only calf $3 SEAMLESS Shoe smooth inside. NO TACKS or WAX THREAD to hurt the feet, easy as hand-sewed and WILL NOT RIP.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4 SHOE, the original and only hand-sewed welt $4 shoe. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $6 to $9.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2.50 POLICE SHOE. Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them. Smooth inside as a Hand-Sewed Shoe. No Tacks or Wax Thread to hurt the feet.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOE is unexcelled for heavy wear. Best Calf Shoe for the price.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2.25 WORKINGMAN'S SHOE is the best in the world for rough wear; one pair ought to wear a man a year.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2 SHOE FOR BOYS is the best School Shoe in the world.

W. L. DOUGLAS $1.75 YOUTH'S School Shoe gives the small Boys a chance to wear the best shoes in the world.

All made in Congress, Button and Lace. If not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

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"ANCHOR" Stone Building Blocks.

Real Stone. Three Colors.

A CLEVER PRESENT for children of all ages. For $1.75, or $2.00 a good average box.

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QUEER PEOPLE By Palmer Cox

GIANTS & GOBLINS $1.00 — WINGS & STINGS 75c. — PAWS & CLAWS $1.00

By Mail.

(*Elopement of the Frog and the Mouse.*)

Full of the oddest pranks, charming stories and laugh-provoking illustrations by the Prince of Juvenile artists. Selling immensely. Critics say of it: "It sets my little folks wild with delight.—Hon. Clinton B. Fisk. "Don't send me another for I can't get the children to bed."—R. H. Conwell, D. D. "Incomparably neat and elegant"—Hon. S. S. Cox. "Fascinating as Æsop and Uncle Remus."—Hon. Howard Crosby.

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Has been insuring property in North Carolina for eighteen years. With agents in nearly every town in the State accessible to railroads and east of the mountains.

THE HOME,

Solicits the patronage of property owners in the State, offering them safe indemnity for losses at rates as low as those of any company working in North Carolina.

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Dwellings in town and country, mercantile risks, churches, schools, courthouses, society lodges, private barns and stables, farm produce and live stock, cotton gins.

Insure in the North Carolina Home Insurance Company.

W. S. PRIMROSE, President. CHAS. ROOT Sec'y and Treas.
W. G. UPCHURCH, Vice-President. P. COWPER Adjuster.

Office in Briggs' Building, No. 22 Fayetteville Street. Telephone No. 26.

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"ALL RIGHT" AND COTTON KING COOK STOVES

Colt's Hammerless Guns,

SASH DOOR, —AND— BLINDS

HARDWARE.

RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING.

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