

THE WORKING AND BUSINESS ASSOCIATION

The work of the Working and Business Association shows the earnestness of our people here in the city and their full determination to elect the ticket.

It is understood that the country precincts are going to give a glorious account of themselves on election day, and Raleigh is going to stand back an awestruck witness, glad that the heart of Wake County is going to elect the ticket.

Mark that Raleigh is going to do better than ever before. Our people are more united, more determined, more enthusiastic than ever before.

Back Jones is bound to win as when he led the forlorn hope once before and won. Hurrah for Wake county!

THE JUDGES. It is surely not necessary to urge upon the people of North Carolina the importance of seeing that the proper men are chosen to sit upon our supreme bench—to constitute our court of last resort.

The whole election now before us is important, but the question as to who shall be our Supreme Court judges is important in a peculiar sense. Every State interest is dependent to a certain extent for its safety on the character of the men to be chosen to the high offices referred to.

It behooves every citizen to interest himself seriously to the end that the nominees of the Democratic party, all men of the highest character, of approved fitness, may be elected.

In the words of the standing warning we have been printing for some time, both parties agree on the amendment increasing the number of Supreme Court Judges, but all the same it is important for Democrats not only to vote for the amendment, but to vote for the Democratic nominees for Judges as well, lest it happen that the amendment be carried and Davis, Avery and Shepherd be beaten.

The Radicals will be sure to vote for the amendment and their nominees for Judges.

Let us look carefully after this matter of having the right sort of judges in our court of last resort. We cannot afford to take any risk anywhere, but least of all here in the matter of the Supreme Court judgeship.

A TRUE FRIEND OF LABOR. Read the letter elsewhere printed of Congressman Henry Smith, the only distinctive Labor member of Congress, giving his reasons for voting for the Mills bill. Mr. Smith evidently knows what he is talking about, and he talks most sensibly. His remarks should be read by every workingman in the country. They are incontrovertible so far as they give the reasons for support of the Democratic measure of tax reduction, and they are the words of sobriety and truth.

TO NORTHERN SPORTSMEN. This State is the very paradise of those who like to hunt. It is full of game of all sorts and has only to be tried to be appreciated by those who know what's what in the way of sport.

The partridge shooting it affords is as good as any in the world and the best headquarters for this sport is in Wake County.

THE RADICALS are working this time with a zeal, an energy, a system and a consistency greater than they have ever displayed before and they have an ample supply of funds to draw upon for their purposes, legitimate and illegitimate, particularly illegitimate.

We give the Democrats of the State fair warning. If they wish to maintain the good government Democracy affords; if they wish to maintain honesty, economy and efficiency in the administration of public affairs they have got to work to secure the consummation so devoutly to be wished. They have not an ample supply of funds to draw upon for their campaign purposes.

They must work, even if Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

THE WORKING AND BUSINESS ASSOCIATION

The work of the Working and Business Association shows the earnestness of our people here in the city and their full determination to elect the ticket.

It is understood that the country precincts are going to give a glorious account of themselves on election day, and Raleigh is going to stand back an awestruck witness, glad that the heart of Wake County is going to elect the ticket.

Mark that Raleigh is going to do better than ever before. Our people are more united, more determined, more enthusiastic than ever before.

Back Jones is bound to win as when he led the forlorn hope once before and won. Hurrah for Wake county!

THE JUDGES. It is surely not necessary to urge upon the people of North Carolina the importance of seeing that the proper men are chosen to sit upon our supreme bench—to constitute our court of last resort.

The whole election now before us is important, but the question as to who shall be our Supreme Court judges is important in a peculiar sense. Every State interest is dependent to a certain extent for its safety on the character of the men to be chosen to the high offices referred to.

It behooves every citizen to interest himself seriously to the end that the nominees of the Democratic party, all men of the highest character, of approved fitness, may be elected.

In the words of the standing warning we have been printing for some time, both parties agree on the amendment increasing the number of Supreme Court Judges, but all the same it is important for Democrats not only to vote for the amendment, but to vote for the Democratic nominees for Judges as well, lest it happen that the amendment be carried and Davis, Avery and Shepherd be beaten.

The Radicals will be sure to vote for the amendment and their nominees for Judges.

Let us look carefully after this matter of having the right sort of judges in our court of last resort. We cannot afford to take any risk anywhere, but least of all here in the matter of the Supreme Court judgeship.

A TRUE FRIEND OF LABOR. Read the letter elsewhere printed of Congressman Henry Smith, the only distinctive Labor member of Congress, giving his reasons for voting for the Mills bill. Mr. Smith evidently knows what he is talking about, and he talks most sensibly. His remarks should be read by every workingman in the country. They are incontrovertible so far as they give the reasons for support of the Democratic measure of tax reduction, and they are the words of sobriety and truth.

TO NORTHERN SPORTSMEN. This State is the very paradise of those who like to hunt. It is full of game of all sorts and has only to be tried to be appreciated by those who know what's what in the way of sport.

The partridge shooting it affords is as good as any in the world and the best headquarters for this sport is in Wake County.

THE RADICALS are working this time with a zeal, an energy, a system and a consistency greater than they have ever displayed before and they have an ample supply of funds to draw upon for their purposes, legitimate and illegitimate, particularly illegitimate.

We give the Democrats of the State fair warning. If they wish to maintain the good government Democracy affords; if they wish to maintain honesty, economy and efficiency in the administration of public affairs they have got to work to secure the consummation so devoutly to be wished. They have not an ample supply of funds to draw upon for their campaign purposes.

They must work, even if Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

For Coroner, he voted for Felix Jacobs, a negro man, against Daniel Gay, a one-legged Confederate soldier.

For Register of Deeds, he voted for one W. W. Hatcher, a negro man, against Alexander H. Dockery, the present Republican candidate for Governor, voted as follows:

To represent the public in the Legislature he voted for Harvey Quick, a negro lawyer, against John W. Snead, one of the best white farmers of Richmond county.

THE UNIVERSITY

The October Meeting of the Literary Institute—An Interesting Discussion of Historical Methods.

Oct. of the News and Observer. CHAPEL HILL, N. C. Oct. 28.

The monthly meeting of the Literary Institute was held Tuesday, and the subject for discussion was History.

The first paper, by President Battle, defined the province of history to be: First, to record the facts of the past in all the departments of human knowledge; secondly, to show the general laws and principles under which those facts are comprehended.

The application of human reason to the facts of the past makes possible the achievement of the human intellect. Soldiers and statesmen, no less than chemists, astronomers and other scientific workers must be guided by the experience of others. The ancient historians, were lacking in scientific method, and too often their facts are fables. The perfect historian must be the greatest of men. Vast learning, calm judgment, keen intellect, and lofty integrity must mark him, while his style should be clear and vigorous. His ory, like the other sciences, is now divided and subdivided into special branches of investigation, and minute and painstaking study is daily rectifying errors long established and throwing light upon what has been obscure.

North Carolina especially has suffered by the carelessness or malevolence of historians; but the historical facts published to the world, do now completely vindicate her character. History is the high court of justice, before which all nations must stand. Thus it is a never failing inspiration to noble deeds and a wholesome barrier against national crimes. Above all, history aims to establish the truth of the whole current of many lives among them is utterly changed by the unnatural conditions that have grown up under the tariff.

There are many women in this land, born to better things, who are starving themselves, stunting their womanhood, perforce, to make a living. In many instances this is so because the Tariff of Abominations makes it so.

These women are buffeting the world in the walks and ways of men, when they ought to be happy wives and mothers. They are learning to live upon and good stout hearts to lean upon and strong right arms to hang upon.

I may be old-fashioned about such things, but I am one of those who think a woman's first right is to be loved and admired and her second is to have a good stout fellow to work for her.

The Tariff of Abominations is abridging her chances, though, continually. It is making old maids and old bachelors every day.

It is making it so hard to get a good living for more than it used to be among the poor and the middle classes. Among the rich, selfishness and the vice that spring from it decrease marriages.

In the one case marriage is often deemed too costly. In the other it is often thought a burden.

Often it happens, too, that fathers and husbands and brothers after years of labor for their loved ones are out down in the day of their strength. And often their women folk are left to struggle for a living; because, after the death of their husbands, the price of the breadwinner's labor was taken to satisfy the demands of the tariff barons and the trust promoters, leaving nothing to lay up against a rainy day and the laps and misdeeds of life and death.

This is why many women, and generally women of refinement, from what some call the "uncomfortable niche," are left to walk the way of life alone, without the company of bread-winner and protector they ought to have, by right of Nature's law and to the best interests of true religion and genuine morality among us.

This tariff imposes false conditions upon us. It gives superabundance to a few. It restrict