THE NEWS AND OBSERVER.

VOL. XXVI. RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 15, 1888. NO. 123.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders, sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall Street, New York.

Sold by W. C. & A. B. Strenach, and J. R. Ferrall & Co.

NOV. 11, 1888.

We have just received an elegant line of

Misses' and Children's Toboggans,

from 25 to 84c.

A complete line of

SHAWLS, HOODS, CLOAKS, JERSEYS AND JACKETS.

Dress - Goods

in all qualities. Henriettas, flannels, cashmeres, worsteds, &c. &c.

Children's, Misses', Ladies' and Gentlemen's

UNDERWEAR.

WINTER

CLOTHING

FOR BOYS AND MEN.

These goods are astonishingly cheap as we bought a dealer's stock and are selling them below his cost.

We are now receiving and exhibiting our

Christmas

—AND—

HOLIDAY GOODS,

and will have the largest and best stock in the State when complete.

WOOLLCOTT & SON,

14 East Martin Street,

Raleigh, N. C.

EDWARD FASNACH,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

RALEIGH, N. C.

SOLITAIRE and CLUSTER DIAMONDS

Gold Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches Gorham's Sterling Silverware, Rogers plated silverware, any size and weight of plain 18 karat Engagement rings constantly in stock. Badges and Medals made to order.

Our Optical Department

Embraces an endless variety of lenses which together with our practical experience enables us to correct almost any error of refraction in Myopia (nearsight), Hypermetropia (far sight), Presbyopia (old sight). Asthenopia (weak sight) and giving prompt relief from that distressing headache which often accompanies imperfect vision.

OUR ARTIFICIAL

Human Eyes

Move and look like the natural organ. No pain when inserted.

Patients at a distance having a broken eye can have another made without calling personally.

WIRE RAILING AND ORNAMENTAL WIRE WORKS,

DUFUR & CO.,

No. 113, & 115, North Howard street, Baltimore manufacturers of wire railing for cemeteries, balconies, &c., sieves fenders, wires, wood and coal screens woven wire iron bedsteads mattress, &c.

OFFICE FOR RENT.

The insurance office under the Yarborough House will be for rent Oct. 1st. Apply at YARBORO' HOUSE.

NEWS OBSERVATIONS.

—The fly in Gen. Harrison's ointment is the fact that his home county went Democratic for the first time in a Presidential election since 1856.

—A mother widowed and frenzied by the mine accident at Frontenac, Kansas, set fire to her hut and perished in the flames, with four of her children.

—Large crowds attended the Exposition at Augusta, Georgia, Monday. A sham battle was fought, at which two soldiers were wounded.

—Postmaster Hammaker of Findlay, Ohio, is a record breaker. He and his entire staff have forwarded their resignations, to take effect March 4 next.

—After travelling abroad for sixteen months, Mr. Carter Harrison, ex Mayor of Chicago, has returned and will be accorded a "semi-regal" reception at his home.

—Mr. and Mrs. Longstreth, who were recently married in Philadelphia, are making their bridal trip through Pennsylvania in a comfortable two horse carriage.

—Chairman Cooley, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, announces that the subject of his address before the New York Bar Association at its next session will be "The Comparative Merits of Written and Unwritten Constitutions."

—That Grover Cleveland will go into private life with the respect of his fellow-countrymen will be conceded. He has made the distinct impression of one of the most courageous and honest men who ever filled the office.—Indianapolis News (Harrison's paper).

—A well-informed Republican correspondent, who has been taking observations in Indianapolis, says of Gen. Harrison: "He is a small man, with a big head and full beard, but with a very exaggerated idea of his own importance and capabilities. He will be his own adviser.

—The Chinese Viceroy, Li Hung Chang, has called for the dismissal of Mr. Denny, the American adviser of the King of Corea. It is stated that Viceroy Tchang has ordered rifles, ammunition, etc., to the value of £75,000 from the firm of Ludwig Lowe of Berlin.

—Col. James R. Hosmer, United States Consul General at Guatemala, tells the Chicago reporters that Central America needs plenty of American manufactures, and that the trade goes to Englishmen and Germans simply because they pack goods properly and make an effort to please the natives.

—Some time ago Professors Morse and Sweet, of South Chicago, agreed to eat crow if Harrison was elected, provided Messrs. Smiley and Kendall, two prominent citizens of the place, would do the same upon the election of Cleveland. Tuesday the losers each ate a crow nicely toasted, and declared the dish was equally as good as duck. Each mouthful was washed down with a good gulp of wine.

—The Boston Globe states the case thus: "The statement that the engagement of Miss Mary Endicott to Hon. Joseph Chamberlain is gratifying to Mr. and Mrs. Endicott is by no means true. Miss Endicott is 25, her future husband 52. Moreover, he has been married twice before and has six children, the eldest, a daughter, being 24 years old. These considerations, together with the fact that Mr. Chamberlain will take his bride to England make the match by no means agreeable to the Endicott family."

—"There is a divinity that shapes our ends, rough-hew them how we will." The truth contained in this famous assertion is well illustrated by the failure of William Brown, a grocer of Collamer, O., to commit suicide on Sunday. He cut his throat and exploded three kegs of gunpowder in his store. He spoiled a razor, ruined his place of business, but failed to do himself any serious physical injury. Mr. Brown should not lose heart, however. Great improvements in explosives are being constantly recorded.

Maj. Bingham Lectures at the University.

Cor. of the News and Observer.

CHAPEL HILL, N. C., Nov. 14, '88.

The third lecture in the "Public Lecture Series," has just been delivered by Maj. R. Bingham, of the Bingham School. A large audience in the University chapel was richly entertained for an hour and a half by the spirited narration of European travel and observation, mingled with most thoughtful reflections upon men and manners. In his energetic, straightforward style, without flourishes of any kind, Maj. Bingham took us to observe the most noticeable features of life in Europe. A man who looks closely and talks well may command attention for any subject; but when a man, whose mind is full of classic and historic learning and whose eyes have long been trained to unerring vision, recounts his personal observation of what is grand or peculiar in the life of mighty nations, he confers a pleasure second only to the pleasure of going and seeing. Such was the lecture of Maj. Bingham. What he said was especially useful in stimulating the minds and aspirations of young men. It would be a great public benefit if the lecture could be widely heard in North Carolina. Old "Binghamites" will be glad to know that the fourth generation of Binghams is now in the University. Mr. Robert Bingham, Jr., is here and stands in the front rank. X

A Clue to the Whitechapel Murderer.

The London police are confident that they are on the right track in their search for the Whitechapel murderer. Two persons have been found who saw the man that accompanied the last victim to her room on the night that she was murdered. Their descriptions of the man tally in every respect.

Miss Smith (just introduced, sentimentally)—"Were you ever smitten by Cupid's dart, Mr. Snider?" Mr. Snider—"Only once." Miss Smith—"How long ago, may I ask?" Mr. Snider (consulting his watch)—"About two minutes."—Time.

A FROG

CAUSES A RAILWAY DISASTER.

A FREIGHT JUMPS THE TRACK JUST IN TIME TO CATCH A PASSENGER ENGINE—AN ENGINEER AND A FIREMAN FATALLY HURT —OTHER NEWS.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

DOWNER'S GROVE, Ill., Nov. 14.—A fast freight train running east on the south track of the Burlington road last evening struck a "frog" and jumped the track just in time to catch the engine of a crowded suburban passenger train which had just pulled out of Downer's. At the end of a minute there was not much left of the passenger engine and both engineer and fireman were so badly bruised and mangled that they will die. A number of freight cars were wrecked and three tracks were obstructed for some hours.

Important Decision by the U. S. Supreme Court.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 14.—The Supreme Court of the United States through Chief Justice Fuller has rendered an opinion of unusual interest to holders of life insurance policies. Thomas L. Hume, of the District of Columbia, died in 1881, totally insolvent but leaving $35,000 in life insurance policies. These policies were by their terms payable either to the widow or children of the deceased. The administrators and creditors of Hume's estate sought to force the application of the proceeds of the policies to the payment of the debts due his creditors on the ground that the premiums paid by Hume were a fraud—the transfer of an insolvent estate—and void as against the creditors, and that consequently the proceeds of the policies should inure to the benefit of Hume's estate and not to the beneficiaries named in the policies. The Supreme Court holds that the beneficiaries are entitled to the proceeds of all the policies without any deductions whatever on account of the premiums paid, holding that the husband and father have the full right to insure his life in the interest of his wife and children, and that where such policies are effected in the name of the beneficiaries they are no part of the estate of the deceased insolvent, and therefore cannot be regarded as a fraudulent assignment of any part of his estate when so effected.

A MAD DOG

RUNNING AMUCK THROUGH A CITY.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 14.—A dog owned by Patrick Walsh went mad yesterday and attacked Miss Cora Walsh, an eighteen-year-old daughter of the owner, biting her on both arms. In attempting to rescue his daughter Walsh was badly bitten on the hand. The dog then started on a mad flight through the city with several police in pursuit. He bit fully fifty animals and finally attacked a small child, tearing out one of the little fellow's cheeks and destroying an eye. After a chase of two miles the dog was killed.

The North River Sugar Company.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The suit brought by the Attorney-General on behalf of the people of the State of New York against the North River Sugar Refining Company to dissolve that corporation on the ground that it had exceeded the privileges granted it by its charter in becoming one of the members of the great sugar trust on October 1, 1887, and other sugar companies, was brought to trial today in the Supreme Court. The action is one of the results of the Senate investigating committee of last winter, which, for the first time, brought to light the deed of trust under which the different sugar companies have formed the combination.

It was substantially agreed at the outset by the counsel that there would be no controverted question of fact for the court to pass upon, but it would merely be a question of law. The formality of drawing the jury was then gone through with. The jury were told that as the only question at issue was one of law for the court to pass upon their services would not be needed at the trial. They were only required to be present at the end of the case to go through the formality of rendering the verdict as directed by the court. The counsel agreed that the testimony to be offered would not take any very great length of time and that after today they would ask to have the case adjourned until Wednesday next in order to argue the question of law with this understanding. The jurors were dismissed until next Wednesday. Attorney General Tabor opened the case for the people and the taking of testimony was begun. The witnesses are some of those who were before the State Committee, and also before the Congressional Committee investigating the trusts, and the facts today stated have already been told.

Hanged for the Murder of his Grandchildren.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

LEBANON, Pa., Nov. 14.—At 11 o'clock today William Showers was hanged in the jail-yard for the murder of his two grand-children at Annville May 17th, 1887.

Bond Offerings and Acceptances.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 12.—The bond offerings today at the Treasury aggregated $215,000; acceptances $60,000 four-and-a-halfs at 108 and 108⅛.

The Yellow Fever at Gainesville, Florida.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

GAINESVILLE, Fla., Nov. 14.—Surgeon Martin reports two cases of yellow fever, both colored. Business is paralyzed.

"When will this country reach the apex of her glory?" demanded the orator after a lofty panegyric on America. "When we have base-ball rinks and base-ball all winter," replied a voice, an answer which brought the orator to a short stop."—Boston Courier.

Baptist State Convention.

Special to the News and Observer.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Nov. 14.—The fifty-eighth session of the Baptist State convention met at 11 o'clock this morning, 127 delegates present and others coming in on every train. Organization: President, W. H. Pace; Secretary, N. B. Broughton; Assistant Secretary, G. W. Green; Treasurer, W. S. Grandy. Transaction of routine business. Introductory sermon by Rev. B. Cade. Louisburg, N. C. Mat. 11:2-5, at 7:30 p. m.

The Young Men's Christian Association

Cor. of the News and Observer.

On Sunday morning last I had the pleasure of attending a praise, prayer and consecration meeting in the upper rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, in the building occupied by Messrs. Norris & Carter. This Sunday morning marked the beginning of the work of prayer now going on throughout the world for the young men of the world. A goodly number were present and an hour's time was occupied. Mr. E. L. Harris, the secretary of Raleigh Association, led the meeting from the Scriptures in an admirable and impressive style. Some few of the older members were present. Among the young men were those twins in faith and good works Johnny Pullen and Tommy Blake, and Mr. W. M. Curtis, of the University, a young man of great promise, preparing to preach the gospel, who had been invited to be present to tell about work in colleges by the Y. M. C. Associations.

In the afternoon, at half past three o'clock, a large audience assembled at the Baptist Tabernacle to listen to remarks by Rev. W. M. Clark, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, and to Mr. Curtis, already referred to. In common with the Young Men's Christian Associations for all lands, the day was observed in special prayer for the young men of the world. Mr. Clark ably and forcibly spoke of its origin and its wonderful growth under God in our country, called forth, as it had been, by the great and increasing need of a special work to reach all classes of our unsaved nine millions of young men.

The associations are the allies and friends of the Church of Christ and act as an auxiliary to all the branches of the church to *reach, instruct* and *save young men.*

Mr. Curtis spoke chiefly of what he had learned the past summer at Northfield with Mr. Moody, when in conference with college men. The active Christian work in colleges and the foreign missionary spirit getting abroad in the land is remarkable.

In North Carolina there are seven Young Men's Christian Associations in colleges.

Mr. Curtis talks well. His self-possession is remarkable for a young man. His style is clear and simple, and his mind seems crowded with valuable facts. He will make his mark for good in the world.

Mr. H. W. Jackson, the president of the Association, presided over the meeting, and the Rev. G. S. Williams conducted the religious exercises.

As Mr. Clark stated in his remarks, the Young Mens' Christian Association was started in London by a dry goods clerk, and it has flourished and grown as above stated. Its right hand is the church of God. So with Sunday schools. Commenced in Worcester, England in 1880, they have "kept company with the hours," to use the figure of Mr. Webster, around the globe, and whenever the morning drumbeat of England is heard, there also is heard the bell and the hum of the Sunday school. They reached America in 1806, in the Episcopal church. The Young Mens' Christian Association came to Raleigh in 1855, having been brought hither by that good man John Armstrong from New York. I became a member of it in 1872.

Raleigh is probably the most moral place of its size in the State; yet it has recently been ascertained that of its 1,500 young white men only five hundred belong to churches. Two thirds of our young men are therefore without God and without hope in the world, and exposed to manifold temptations. This appalling fact should ring like seven fold thunder in the ears of our people, moving them to action to take steps to save these young men. Agencies for ruining men are multiplying. There are twenty-five saloons or grogshops in full blast nearly all night. There are places where dissipation and all kinds of sin abound day and night. These one thousand young men and many old and middle-aged men are thus lured to destruction by men and women whose object is money. The Young Men's Christian Association needs money to carry on its work. Let our people aid it with liberal hands. The person who gives to it will never regret it. Many of our people like Judge Reade, Mr. B. P. Williamson, Capt. C. D. Upchurch, Dr. W. J. Hawkins, W. H. Wetmore, S. D. Waitt, D. W. Bain, Julius Lewis, Mrs. T. B. Lyman and others have given liberally in books for the library, or in money. Let us gladden the heart of the excellent secretary, Mr. Harris, by giving liberally to this organization, and let the prayers of all the congregations in the city continue to ascend for the moral agency which is so holpful to the church.

W. W. HOLDEN.

Wiggins is Very Mad.

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 12.—Dr. Wiggins, the weather prophet, was indignant today. He received by mail a notification of his election as an honorary member of the Ananias Club, of Boston, Mass.

All Quiet.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 14.—All is quiet at Beaufort and there is no further fear of disturbance.

We have received "with the compliments of the author," a neat little volume entitled "A Manual of Dietetics for Physicians, Mothers, Nurses," by W. B. Pritchard, M. D., New York City, whom we think we recognize as a native of North Carolina and son of Rev. Dr. T. H. Pritchard, of Wilmington. Price of the book 50c. Publishers The Dietetic Publishing Co., 115 Fulton St., New York.

GORDON.

GEORGIA'S GOVERNOR'S INAUGURAL.

HE PLEADS FOR THE INDEPENDENCE, FREEDOM AND EQUALITY OF ALL THE STATES—OTHER NEWS.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 14.—In his inaugural address yesterday Governor Gordon said: If there be one principle of government dearer than all others to American freemen it is the independence, equality and freedom of the States. This is the central thought of our political faith. It is the key-stone in the arch of our constitution and when that is destroyed the doom of constitutional freedom is sealed. When the independence and equality of the States are struck down the Republic falls. Strangulation of States by Federal intervention will never be tolerated by the American people. What possible excuse could be given for interference by the general government in the affairs of Georgia that would not also justify interference with any State in the United States? What evil exists here that does not exist elsewhere and which is so full of danger that to correct it the fundamental law must be ignored and statehood imperilled? With the colored race in Georgia represented on her tax books by its millions of accumulated wealth; with 150,000 colored children in our public schools against 60,000 prior to our recovery of the State government; with equal laws administered by impartial courts for the protection of all; with the ballot in colored hands and its full use secured to them, whenever and wherever they may choose to wield its power; with the race problem gradually working out, under providence, its own solution; with the relations of the races becoming more and more harmonious; with the interests of both races assimilating and improving steadily and rapidly; what justification or possible pretext, I repeat, could be found for plunging this commonwealth, with her sister Southern States again into the abysses from which our people have so recently and bravely delivered themselves? There are men in high places whose misjudgments of the bias, Southern people, or whose sectional would lead them to the very threshold of revolution and destroy legislation but in the light of public sentiment as illustrated by the cordial reunion of both armies at Gettysburg and elsewhere; with the cause of sectional strife dead, and lingering discord rapidly dying; with peace and prosperity brightening and cheering alike to both Southern and Northern homes; with the ties of sectional intercourse multiplying and strengthening; with Northern products in the hands of Southern consumers and Northern money in Southern bonds, railroads, mills and mines; with material interests and political liberty at stake, how can we doubt that condemnation by the great conservative masses of our Northern countrymen would cause even the most considerate of leaders to turn from the brink of such a precipice? Take courage, then, in the thought that our interests are theirs; our State freedom their State freedom; and that, whatever be the demands of partisan leaders, the day has long since passed when the American people can contemplate the destruction of this union by destroying the equality of the States that compose it. We owe it to ourselves and to our children; we owe it to both races, whose interests are linked by immutable decrees to a common destiny; we owe it to each and all of our sister States; we owe it to the vital principles of our free institutions to renew our vows of fidelity to and unfaltering support of a union of equal and independent States.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Digested by the News and Observer.

Gray Washington vs. R. & G. R. R.

Where there is a special contract to transport a passenger to a point beyond the contracting company's line, the companies whose services are required in the execution of the contract become an agency, severally of the first, in fulfilling its terms and giving it effect. The liability of the contracting company is commensurate with their agreement and covers the entire transportation and the connecting company and its agents become *pro hoc vice* the agents of the contracting company in consummating it. Negligence of a contracting line is negligence of the contracting company, the negligence of the employee being negligence of the employer.

Williams vs. Hodges.

A register of deeds before issuing a marriage license is to make reasonable inquiries concerning the parties and unless it appear to him from such inquiries that it is probable that there are no impediments to the marriage, he cannot lawfully issue the license. The Court will judge whether he has made the proper inquiries for the fact of no impediment to appear probable to him. In this case the register did not make sufficient inquiries and he became liable to the penalty of $200.

Miss Grace—"Peculiar costume for a man to wear, isn't it?" Uncle George—"Yes; but do you know that at one time the men of the United States wore dresses?" Miss Grace—"Why, no. When was that?" Uncle George—"When they were infants."—Harper's Bazar.

Sophy (who accepted Mr. Charles Fleetwood the night before)—"Does Mr. Fleetwood strike you as being a sensitive man?" Pauline (who doesn't know of the engagement)—"Gracious, no! A man who has been rejected by four girls within six months and gets fat on it cannot be. Why, Sophy, what's the matter?"—Life.

The Tyler Desk Co., of St. Louis, Mo., are now pushing another ingenious office device. This time it is Tyler's Royal Automatic Type writer Cabinet and Desk Combined. It is adapted to every macine now in use, and said to be the finest on earth. The Tyler System of bank counters are also attracting great attention, while the famous Tyler Desks—some 400 styles—continue to grow in public favor. Illustrated catalogues free.

DECIDED BY A DINNER PARTY.

Mr. Depew's Story About the Selection of General Harrison for President.

N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

Chauncey M. Depew is authority for the statement that Gen. Benjamin Harrison owes his elevation to the presidency of the United States primarily to the effects of a dinner party. Many persons have heard of the dinner given by Mr. Depew to the New York delegation after his withdrawal from the presidential contest, on the second day of the convention. But the effects of that dinner have not been made public until Mr. Depew told of it Thursday.

"After the first day's balloting," said Mr. Depew, "it was apparent that the West was so much opposed to the candidacy of a railroad president that there was no show for me; so I determined to withdraw. Then the important question was: Whom should the New York delegation support? Their preferences were numerous. Some insisted on voting for Blaine till the end, and others wanted to break for Sherman, Gresham and the other candidates. As chairman of the delegation I called a conference of the four delegates at large, who, of course, controlled in a measure the course of the delegation. We met, Senator Hiscock, Thomas C. Platt, Warner Miller and myself. I spoke first, and proposed that Benjamin Harrison should be supported, as he was the most available man on account of his record as a soldier, his record in the United States Senate, and, I confess, I urged his adoption by us on the sentimental ground that he was the grandson of old Tippecanoe. But the other delegates at large did not look at matters through my spectacles. Mr Platt favored another man, Senator Hiscock had a different choice, and Warner Miller wanted a third man. Still, we were all willing to surrender our preferences in favor of the others for the good of the party. No, I won't tell you the preferences of the other delegates. I only say that I alone favored Harrison. A long discussion ensued. I did my share of the talking, you may be sure, and the result of the discussion was that the four of us agreed on Harrison. Then I called a meeting of the whole New York delegation. All were present. I told them of the action of the delegates at large, and asked their opinions. Fifty-eight agreed with us and twenty-four differed. No amount of persuasion could convince them that Harrison was the man to win.

"Here was a snag of large size. New York wanted the honor of naming the President; still it could not be the deciding factor in the convention unless, after my withdrawal, it would go solidly for some other candidate. What did I do? Well, I thought the matter over for an hour, and then invited the delegation to dinner. I did not try to convince the recalcitrants. I simply gave them good things to eat and good drink to enlighten their understanding. And behold the result! By the time the dinner was ended every mother's son of them was shouting for Harrison. This result was largely due to speeches by Senator Hiscock, Warner Miller, ex-Senator Platt and Senator Fassett, who, after the first conference, heartily supported Harrison. The rest is ancient history. New York voted for Harrison, and he was nominated by acclamation. The dinner solidified New York's vote. What's the matter with a good dinner as a political factor?" asked Mr. Depew, laughing heartily.

THE RIO GRANDE CONFLICT.

Questions at Issue Between the United States and Mexico.

It is learned at the Department of State at Washington that the conflict over the course of the Rio Grande river at El Paso, between the inhabitants of that place, and the Mexican dwellers at Paso del Norte, on the opposite side of the river, is not a new question, but that the matter has been the subject of correspondence between the governments of Mexico and the United States for the past two years. The first complaint came from the Mexicans and was to the effect that the El Paso Land and Improvement Company had constructed works along the American shore of the river which were resulting in heavy erosion of the Mexican bank. To prevent this, the Mexicans constructed a series of wing dams on their side, which projected slightly into the river and arrested the process of erosion there, but transferred it, as it is asserted by the Americans, to the Texas side. The Texan authorities complained of this state of affairs, and meanwhile the Mexicans retaliated with a charge that the El Paso water supply pipe had been projected far enough into the river to affect navigation. The matter is still under discussion between the two governments. The treaty of 1884 forbids the construction of works on either banks that may interfere with navigation or change the course of the river, so that the questions at issue are largely those of facts, as to whether or not the operations on either side have or will actually result in interference with navigation or erosion of the banks.

Gen. Harrison's Mail.

[New York Herald]

Gen. Harrison now receives his mail in an express wagon. Yesterday's grist included fifteen hundred letters and four bags of newspapers, to say nothing of a hundred telegrams. The General requests the press to announce that he would like very much to formally, at least, acknowledge every communication sent him, but that there are now seven thousand unanswered epistles on his hands, and he must abandon the attempt. It is barely possible that if an authoritative statement were made settling once for all whether Matt Quay, Colonel Dudley or John C. New was to be Postmaster General the pressure on the next President would be relieved.

Acknowledging the Compliment: The Drill Sergeant (after worrying Nesbitt for two hours)—"Right about face!" Nesbitt (perfectly immovable)—"Thank the Lord, I'm right about something at last."—Time.

A HOLOCAUST.

TWELVE MORE BODIES UNEARTHED AT ROCHESTER.

TWELVE IN ADDITION TO THE ELEVEN TAKEN OUT BEFORE—MAKING THIRTY-THREE IN ALL WHO WERE BURNED TO DEATH—OTHER NEWS.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 14.—Twelve more bodies were unearthed about 9 o'clock this morning in the ruins of last Friday's great fire. These are in addition to the 11 taken out yesterday. This makes 33 dead accounted for. There are probably 10 or 12 bodies yet in the ruins. The first body found this morning was about forty feet west of the south elevator well. It was badly charred and very little was left of it. Shortly after another heap of bodies was unearthed. It was a ghastly find. The bodies were wedged together as though they had all been standing together when the floor gave way and precipitated them to the basement and into the raging furnace.

Foreign News.

By Cable to the News and Observer.

BERLIN, Nov. 14.—The government has ordered another cruiser to proceed to Zanzabar.

CAIRO, Nov. 14.—Messengers who have arrived at Wady Halfa report that a mysterious white pasha in Bahrl-Glazil district has fought a great battle and killed many dervishes.

SOFIA, Nov. 14.—The report that an attempt had been made upon the life of Prince Ferdinand is baseless.

Resumed Work.

By telegraph to the News and Observer.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Nov. 14.—The railing department of the steel mill of the Bethlehem Iron Company started up today, after several weeks' idleness. The converting department resumed work yesterday. All of the mill is now in full operation.

A DEMOCRATIC POSTMATTER RESIGNS.

DISGUSTED WITH HIS PARTY'S DEFEAT AND NOT WILLING TO SERVE UNDER A REPUBLICAN ADMINISTRATION.

A very enthusiastic and sanguine democrat on the morning of the 6th of November was Dr. A. D. Markley, postmaster of Halboro, Montgomery county, Pa. Monday he went to Washington with his resignation in his pocket. He is an old-time Jackson democrat, and thinks it time for him to go when the republicans are vested with power. He told a Star reporter that he wanted to go out at the head of his party, and he believed his was the first democratic resignation to follow the defeat. He took his resignation to the Postoffice department and then called at the White House.

Election Returns.

CHEROKEE.

Official: Cleveland, 673; Harrison, 888; Fowle, 643; Dockery, 868; Johnston, 683; Ewart, 860.

MITCHELL.

Official: Cleveland, 679; Harrison, 1,586; Fowle, 698; Dockery, 1,563; Johnston, 673; Ewart, 1,532.

CLAY.

Official: Cleveland 405; Harrison 273; Fowle 393; Dockery 283; Johnston 409; Ewart 265.

DAVIE.

Official: Cleveland 1,008; Harrison 1,199; Fowle 1,008; Dockery 1,204; Henderson 1,018; Ellis 1,155.

PASQUOTANK.

Official: Cleveland 826; Harrison 1,221; Fowle 832, Dockery 1,217; Skinner 825; White 1,226. House—Morgan, dem., 842; Barco, rep., 1,188; Spence, pro., 37.

MONTGOMERY.

Official: Cleveland 992; Harrison 1,207; Fowle 979; Dockery 1,215; Henderson 1,015; Ellis 1,160. Senate—LeGrand, dem., 1,033; Long, rep., 1,139. House—Rush, dem., 1,059; Crowder, rep., 1,114.

BLADEN.

Official: Cleveland 1,541; Harrison 1,365; Fowle 1,541; Dockery 1,365; McClammy 1,539; Robinson 1,358.

CARTERET.

Official: Cleveland 1,082; Harrison 714; Fowle 1,075. Dockery 676; Skinner 1,123; White 675.

Food greatly benefits when properly given at the right periods, but to overfeed the baby is to sicken it, and induce a degree of suffering; Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is the best remedy for the discomfort arising from overfeeding the baby. Price 25 cents.

If you are in need of a reliable remedy for torpid liver, dyspepsia, costiveness or sick headache, we would recommend Laxador, the golden specific for all such diseases. Sold everywhere for 25 cents.

—The Convention of the Knights of Labor is in session in Indianapolis, Ind. Stormy times have been threatened.

The soft glow of the tea rose is acquired by ladies who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder. Try it.

Sweet Girl—"Mercy! It's ten o'clock. Has time ever passed so quickly with you as it does now?" Devoted Lover (a traveling salesman)—"Never, except at a railroad dining station."—Philadelphia Record.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the children from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste; soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pains, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether rising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Office of
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 10, 1888.

To the Public:

On February 1st, 1889, Mr. Charles McKimmon will retire from the firm of W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co. The business will be continued and conducted by the remaining members, Messrs. Boylan, Dobbin and Poe, under the firm name of W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co., as heretofore.

In the meantime we desire to reduce our stock of goods and to collect all notes and accounts now due.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

James Boylan.
T. W. Dobbin.
Charles McKimmon.
G. W. Poe.

Syrup of Figs.

Is Nature's own true laxative. It is the most easily taken, and the most effective remedy known to Cleanse the System when Bilious or Costive; to Dispel Headaches, Colds, and Fevers; to Cure Habitual Constipation, Indigestion, Piles, etc. Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Company, San Francisco, Cal. John S. Pescud, Sole Agent for Raleigh, N. C.

—Quite an agitation for annexation to the United States is being carried on in Montreal.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of the throat, lungs or chest, such as consumption, inflammation of lungs, bronchitis, asthma, whooping cough, croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at Lee, Johnson & Co's drug store.

—The Vatican authorities express satisfaction with the election of Mr. Harrison, at whose hands the Catholic interests of America are not expected to suffer.

Bull's Baby Syrup

Facilitates Teething! Price only 25 cents. Sold at druggists. Regulates the Bowels!

Day's Horse POWDER,

Prevents Lung Fever and cures Distemper. 1 pound in each package. For sale by all dealers. Try It!

25¢ A BOTTLE SALVATION OIL KILLS PAIN

BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the cure of Coughs, Colds, Croup, Hoarseness, Asthma, Incipient Consumption, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, and for the relief of Consumptive persons. At druggists. 25 cts.

SMOKE LANGE'S CUBEB CIGARETTES for Catarrh. Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

MOTHER'S FRIEND.

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY, SHORTENS LABOR, LESSENS THE PAIN ATTENDING IT, DIMINISHES THE DANGER TO THE LIFE OF MOTHER & CHILD. Should be used a few months before confinement. Send for book "To Mothers" mailed free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Whether you want to buy, or not, call and let me show you the handsomest stock of patterns for winter clothing ever brought to this market. My over-coat patterns are unequaled.

P. J. Duffin,

Merchant Tailor, No. 109 1-2 Fayetteville St.

C/B Bull's Spirits C/B

BEST FITTING CORSET IN THE WORLD FOR SALE BY LEADING MERCHANTS. MAYER, STROUSE & CO. MFR'S.—412 BROADWAY, N. Y.

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Has been refurnished and thoroughly renovated. Special monthly rates to members of the Legislature.

R. B. RANEY, Proprietor.

A VELVET COLLAR ON YOUR LINEN DUSTER

May afford bodily protection "in your mind," but something more substantial will be necessary quite soon, as winter is rapidly approaching. In addition to heavy clothing, those who are prudent will provide a supply of BENSON'S PLASTER in anticipation of Coughs, Colds, Chest Pains, Rheumatism, Sciatica, and other ailments which are sure to prevail during the fall months. This plaster is well known as a uniformly reliable remedy in such troubles; is always ready for immediate application and its effect is prompt and permanent. As there are many spurious imitations in the market, careful buyers will always ask for BENSON'S and refuse all other porous plasters.

☞ Send two-cent stamp to Seabury & Johnson, 21 Platt Street, N. Y., for a copy of instructions from the Doctor, a valuable household book.

A. G. BAUER,

ARCHITECT

—AND—

Mechanical Draughtsman.

RALEIGH, N. C.