



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders, sold only in cheap tins. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 Wall Street, New York.

CHRISTMAS 1888

BISQUE DOLLS,

25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2, \$3, \$4, \$6.

Our \$1.00 Bisque Doll

Is the largest and finest ever shown here for the money.

Kid Bodied Dolls

25c, 50c and \$1.

All other kinds of Dolls, Nankeen China, Wax, Bisque and Unbreakable, at all prices from 1c up.

5,000 Children's Books

From 5 to 50c. These goods are about

HALF PRICE.

Velocipedes, Hobby Horses, Desks, Chairs, Wagon, Carriages, Beds, Cribs, Bureaus &c.

MECHANICAL TOYS

Tin Toys, Vases, Toilet Articles, Fine Vases, Jewelry, China Toys, Drums, Papeteries, Wooden Toys, Glass and Crockery Ware, in all

Styles, Shapes & Prices

We have every line complete and are making an elaborate display of them. We have the largest and most complete line of

Christmas

HOLIDAY GOODS

in the State and invite you to call.

WOOLCOTT & SON,

14 East Martin Street,

Raleigh, N. C.

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JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

RALEIGH, N. C.

SOLITAIRE and CLUSTER DIAMONDS

Gold Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Gorham's Sterling Silverware, Rogers' plated silverware, any size and weight of plain 18 karat Engagement rings constantly in stock. Badges and Medals made to order.

Optical Department

Embrace an endless variety of lenses which together with our practical experience enables us to correct almost any error of refraction in Myopia (nearsight), Hypermetropia (far sight), Presbyopia (old sight), Asthenopia (weak sight) and giving prompt relief from that distressing headache which often accompanies imperfect vision.

OUR ARTIFICIAL

Human Eyes

Love and look like the natural organ so pain when inserted. Patients at a distance having a broken eye can have another made without calling personally.

CONGRESS.

THE TARIFF BILL BEFORE THE SENATE.

SOME STRICT PARTY VOTING DONE ON AMENDMENTS OFFERED BY MR. McPHERSON - MR. SHERMAN TALKS

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—SENATE.—At 1 o'clock the Senate resumed consideration of the tariff bill, the pending question being on Mr. Harris' amendment to reduce the duty on beams, girders, joists, angles, &c., and all structural shapes of iron or steel" from one and one-tenth cents per pound to six tenths of a cent per pound. The amendment was advocated by Mr. Reagan, but as Mr. McPherson desired to offer some amendments at the beginning of the metal schedules, Mr. Harris temporarily withdrew the amendment.

Mr. McPherson thereupon moved to amend paragraph 120, as to iron pipe, &c., reducing the rate of duty from three-tenths of a cent per pound to 56 a ton. He said that the rate proposed by him was that contained in the House bill; that it was high enough, and that its adoption would allow further reductions to be made without any injury to the industry.

Mr. Allison opposed the amendment and it was rejected, yeas 20, nays 22. Mr. Plumb voted with the republicans in the negative.

Mr. McPherson moved to amend proviso in paragraph 122, (referring to iron bars, blooms, or billets in which charcoal is used as fuel) by reducing the duty from \$22 per ton to \$20 per ton. Rejected, yeas 20, nays 20.

Mr. McPherson moved to reduce the duty on cast iron pipe (paragraph 123) from nine-tenths of a cent per pound to six-tenths of a cent. He stated that the cast iron pipe industry had formed a trust or combination under which the price was foreign cost plus the duty and all the expenses. He thought that a little less protection would answer that industry. The amendment was rejected, yeas 19, nays 24.

These votes being all strictly party votes, Mr. McPherson intimated that it seemed as if all opposition to the bill might as well cease if the amendments, so reasonable, were to receive the united opposition of the republican side of the chamber. Mr. Allison nodded his head. Then, said Mr. McPherson, we are to understand, I suppose, that the manufacturers of iron-pipe may appear before the committee of the Senate and fix any rate they choose on their products without any regard to what the consumers may say about it. Here is an absolutely prohibitory duty of \$22 40 per ton. I move to reduce it to eight-tenths of a cent per pound.

The amendment was rejected—yeas 21, nays 23.

Mr. McPherson then moved to reduce the rate on anvils (paragraph 126) from 2 cents to 1 1/2 cents per pound. Rejected—yeas 21, nays 21.

Mr. McPherson then moved to reduce the rate on iron or steel anchors, etc. (paragraph 127), from one and eight tenths cents per pound to one and one-half cents.

Mr. Saulsbury moved to reduce it to one cent. Rejected—Yeas 20, nays 24.

Mr. McPherson's amendment was also rejected—yeas 18, nays 21.

Mr. McPherson alluded to the criticisms in the public press on Democratic Senators for their remissness in opposing the substitute and exposing its weak points; and he explained that the substitute had been arranged by the republican Senators of the committee of finance and that the democratic Senators of that committee knew nothing about it except from a cursory reading just before it was reported. They had had no opportunity since to examine it. Therefore it was that opposition had not been made to such an extent as to show the errors, faults and misfortunes of the substitute. In his opinion, if it were to become a law, it would bankrupt the whole country in less than five years. He therefore moved that the consideration of the bill be postponed till the tenth of January next.

At the suggestion of Mr. Harris, Mr. McPherson withdrew his motion for postponement, at which there was some quiet laughter on the republican side of the chamber.

Mr. McPherson then moved to reduce the rate on axles, &c. (paragraph 128) from two cents to one cent per pound. Rejected, yeas 22, nays 26.

Mr. Harris renewed his amendment to reduce the duty on beams, girders, joists, angles, &c., from one and one-tenth cents per pound to six-tenths cents.

Mr. Vest argued in support of the amendment and said there was no item in the bill on which the two parties could better join issue than this one. He spoke of Carnegie's profit on thirty thousand tons of steel beams manufactured in one year as over one million dollars and described the steel trust in this country as one "hoary with age." How long, he asked, was that trust to exist?

Mr. Sherman desired to state, once for all, the grounds of his several votes on the bill, because it was neither a matter of pleasure for the Senate nor a matter of public utility to waste time in repeating over and over again the same argument for different clauses of the bill. Undoubtedly the Mills bill represented the general sentiment of the democratic

party while the Senate substitute had been carried before the people of the United States and there debated, advocated and supported. One bill looked to a tariff for revenue only; the other to a tariff for protection. He would not undertake to define what a tariff for revenue only meant; but tariff for protection meant a tariff where rates were so fixed as not only to give a reasonable revenue (not prohibiting importation) but also, as every feature of it, to extend protection and encouragement hope and competition among American producers. The Senate substitute represented the latter sentiment. The paragraph proposed to the amendment included a great variety of articles, some of which could be produced in this country for \$40 or \$50 a ton, while others could not be produced for less than \$70 a ton. If it were possible to make a discrimination in the duty on these articles it should be done, but it was impossible without recurring to the ad valorem principle, and experience was not favorable to that principle in imposing duties on iron and steel. One and one-tenth cents per pound might be a little too high on some articles, but it had been fixed upon by the finance committee as a fair average rate. As to Carnegie's monopoly (Mr. Sherman) knew nothing about it, except that Carnegie had been the first in this country to apply a continuous process in the manufacture of steel beams. Carnegie, he presumed, had patents which could not be taken away from him, but they would soon expire. The time was not far distant when all the structural forms of steel and iron would be multiplied to an amazing extent and would be produced cheaper and cheaper by an offer of inducements to manufacturers to enter into business. That was one of the objects of the proposed rate of duty. He thought it better to sustain the finance committee in its classification than to change the rates blindly and at hap hazard. In regard to trusts he looked upon them as one of the most dangerous and subtle inventions of man, and was in favor of breaking them up. They were contrary to the spirit of the common law of England, but the only way, he thought, to break them down was by inviting competition. If that would not suffice he was willing to go to the extent of proposing a law to prevent or punish them. The Senator from Tennessee (Mr. Harris) had made a motion some days since to lay the Senate substitute on the table and that motion had been rejected by the Senate, the vote being an expression of opinion that the substitute was a better bill than the House bill. The principle having been thus determined he thought it better to leave the details of the bill to the committee which framed it, unless there was some palpable error which ought to be corrected. He asked his democratic friends to abide by the judgement of the people on the question; that judgment had been in favor of American industry.

At the conclusion of Mr. Sherman's remarks and without coming to a vote on the pending amendment, the Senate at 4 p. m. adjourned.

HAYTI

AND THE CASE OF THE "HAYTIEN REPUBLIC."

ADMIRAL LUCE ORDERED TO TAKE THE VESSEL BY FORCE IF NECESSARY—THE MEN-OF-WAR TO TAKE PART IN THE EXPEDITION—OTHER NEWS.

By Cable to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—There were no new developments in regard to the case of the Haytien steamer, Secretary Whitney is still in New York, but is expected to return to Washington this afternoon. Full and specific instructions have been sent in regard to the management of the expedition to Rear Admiral Luce, commanding the North Atlantic Squadron, and their execution is all that remains to be done. As will probably be adjusted by the middle of January. The naval officers do not anticipate any resistance on the part of the Haytien authorities, and say that either one of the political parties would readily surrender the vessel but for the fear that the other would make capital out of it.

Nominations by the President.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10.—The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate: Captain Peter D. Vroom, of the 3d Cavalry, to be Inspector General with the rank of Major; Capt. Edward Hunter, 1st Cavalry, to be Judge Advocate with the rank of Major; Capt. George B. Davis, 5th Cavalry, to be Judge Advocate with the rank of Major; First Lieutenant Robert Craig, 4th Artillery, to be Assistant Quartermaster with the rank of Captain; Captain Douglass M. Scott, 1st Infantry, to be Commissary of Subsistence, with the rank of Captain; First Lieutenant Charles Hay, 23d Infantry, to be Commissary of Subsistence with the rank of Captain; Jeremiah A. Fowler to be postmaster at Milledgeville, Ga.; William Joseph Larkin, of Illinois, a Catholic priest, to be Post Chaplain; Perry Belmont, of New York, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Spain. He is to proceed to Port au Prince and request the release of the steamer Haytien Republic and if the authorities refuse to surrender her to him he is to seize the vessel by force of arms and take it to some neutral territory, where she can be restored to her owners. It is stated at the Navy Department that the Galena is ready for sea with the exception of some equipment stores from Boston, which are expected to reach here today. The Yantic will be ready tomorrow or next day and the Richmond in about ten days. The vessels will sail in the order named. The time of the departure of each will be determined by Rear Admiral Luce, who has full direction in the matter. It is expected that the Galena will sail to-night or tomorrow. Extra precautions have been taken to guard against yellow fever and none of the vessels will remain in the vicinity longer than is required to accomplish the purpose of its visit. Lieut. Reader, executive officer of the Galena, paid a flying visit to Washington yesterday and spent the day with his family. The Osage, now fitting out at Norfolk under special orders, will not be ready for sea for three weeks.

The River and Harbor Bill Completed.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 10.—The river and harbor appropriation bill has been completed by the River and Harbor Committee, and will be reported to the House early this week. It appropriates in round numbers \$12,000,000. The amounts appropriated for specific localities cannot be given at present, as members are under an injunction of secrecy not to reveal them until the entire bill is in shape for the press.

Would-Be Jail Breakers.

Special to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, N. C., Dec. 9.—Today, about 2 o'clock, a prisoner named Newton and a negro sheep thief were caught attempting to break jail. A tunnel had been made under a bed and the opening had reached to within a few inches of the outer wall, when discovered by Jimmie Hodges, the efficient deputy sheriff. Blankets had been used to muffle the noise, and Newton was armed with a British bull dog. He is a desperate character, having been just given 7 years for complicity in the murder of Cox, of Blount's Creek, by Frazier, who was lynched the following night. There were eleven of the rioters in jail at the same time.

A TRAIN DITCHED

AND A NUMBER OF PASSENGERS REPORTED KILLED.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 10.—A report reached this city early this morning that the Santa Fe Overland train which left here Friday was ditched yesterday between Peach Springs and Williams, Ariz., and a number of passengers killed. The report has not been verified.

Admiral Leroy Dead.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—Rear Admiral Leroy died this afternoon at the Victoria Hotel.

WARRING FACTIONS.

AND A SERIOUS FIRE IN A MISSOURI TOWN.

St. Louis, Dec. 10.—Later advices from Bevier, Mo., are to the effect that when Governor Morehouse arrived at Bevier he found the contending factions—the striking miners and the new men who have supplanted them—armed to the teeth, refusing to recognize any authority save the militia. The leaders stated that they were not disposed to question the authority of the State, but declined to surrender to the county authorities. Governor Morehouse therefore called on the militia in order to give the belligerents an opportunity to surrender their arms and thus restore peace.

There was a most disastrous fire last night, destroying the greater part of the business portion of Bevier. There is no doubt that the conflagration is due to incendiary causes, but there is no evidence upon which any one can be convicted of the crime. It is understood that the militia, under the direction of Governor Morehouse, will disarm both factions and at least temporarily restore order.

Dynamite at Chicago.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—Shortly after 6 o'clock this morning an attempt was made to destroy Shufeldt & Co's distillery in the northern portion of the city by means of dynamite. Enough facts are not known to justify the conclusion as to whether it is the work of anarchists or of some one who has a personal grievance against the Shufeldts. At the hour mentioned the neighborhood was shaken by a tremendous explosion shaking buildings in the neighborhood breaking many panes of glass in the surrounding houses and causing the people to rush into the street in great alarm. A jagged hole three feet square was torn in the roof of a detached warehouse containing 15,000 barrels of fine wines. On the roof above, fifteen feet from the spot where the explosion occurred, was found a bundle of dynamite sticks—seven in number. These had not exploded on account of some defect in the fuse, which had evidently been ignited. No great damage was done and nobody was hurt. Whoever threw the dynamite evidently intended to land it on the skylight beneath, in which stood eight large vats filled with liquor. If the explosion had occurred upon the skylight a tremendous disaster would have resulted. The distillery is not in the whisky trust, and James D. Lynch, manager of the distillery, says he believes the attempt was by procurement of the whisky trust. He offers a reward of \$25,000 for such information as will lead to the detection and arrest of the parties responsible for the outrage. Members of the whisky trust ridicule the idea that the attempt to destroy the property was the work directly or indirectly of their organization.

From "Beyond the Ridge."

Cor. of the News and Observer.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 6.

We are having cold weather, just such as will give vigor to the democratic party. Our people are more or less somewhat troubled about the defeat of President Cleveland. His defeat was brought about by large amounts of money being spent by the republican leaders, in New York and Indiana. I am fully convinced if the democratic party had worked six weeks before the election as they did during the two weeks prior to the election with all the money the republicans might have spent the democratic party would have elected Mr. Cleveland. We have done tolerably well in North Carolina for Cleveland, Fowle and the State ticket. The people of the State ought to be thankful that we have elected, perhaps, the best legislature that will have assembled in Raleigh since the war. We are proud of our Buncombe delegation and will present one of our members, Hon. M. E. Carter, for the high and exalted place of Speaker of the House of Representatives. Buncombe in the past has furnished a Swain, a Merrimon and a Vance, to adorn the State on the Supreme bench and in the Governor's chair and to represent the best people in America in the United States Senate. Let the legislature elect another distinguished son of Buncombe to the Speaker's chair as a tribute to the talent and merit of a pure, upright citizen.

A Pleasant Affair.

Cor. of the News and Observer.

The musical entertainment given last Friday at Peace Institute by Miss S. M. Kirkland's pupils was a pretty testimony of the attention and manual instruction which this teacher at all times bestows upon the students of music left to her care. Each piece was executed with a precision and accuracy highly adapted to please a cultured musical ear. The programme was interspersed with tasteful recitations, one of which (the Polish boy) was rendered by Miss B. Hartwell, the teacher of elocution at "Peace." The German language was represented by the recital of Goethe's well known and charming poem, Erlkonig. C. D.

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Habitual Constipation

And kidney and liver ills, depending on a weak or inactive condition of the kidneys, liver, or bowels, are successfully and permanently cured only by the use of the gentle yet effective laxative and diuretic Syrup of Figs. Its advantages are evident; it is easily taken, pleasing to the taste, acceptable to the stomach, harmless to the most delicate system, and truly beneficial in effect. Jno. S. Peccod, Sole Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

The longest American railway tunnel is the Hoosac tunnel.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—The longest American railway tunnel is the Hoosac tunnel.

ALABAMA'S HORROR.

THE ASPECT SAID TO BE BLACK FOR THE OFFICERS.

THE BROTHERHOOD OF ENGINEERS, OF WHICH HAWES WAS A MEMBER, WILL WORK OF THE CASE—THEY BELIEVE HIM INNOCENT.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Dec. 10.—A special from Birmingham, Alabama, to the Times says: A coroner's inquest today is endeavoring to get at the bottom of the facts in Saturday night's massacre. Excitement still runs very high and the people are divided over the action of the officers. One very remarkable feature is that nearly every man killed was shot in the back showing that the crowd had turned away when the firing was begun. Postmaster Throckmorton was shot in the back through and through. A. D. Bryant was shot through the heart from the rear. Many point to this as very damaging to the officers.

Several funerals took place this afternoon. After the body of Mrs. Hawes had been brought into the city early Saturday night and afterward ordered out by Mayor Thompson, numerous reports were rife that the body of little Irene had been found in the same lake, but this was untrue. It has not been discovered. As Coroner Bobbitt says, the shooting of Saturday night has almost blotted this feature of the appalling tragedy out of mind. The lake is being drained today. An attempt was made to see Hawes' new wife, Miss Marjorie Starr, but she had returned to Columbus, Miss. Saturday morning fortunately in time to escape all these subsequent horrors. The last words she said to a relative who went home with her were: "Oh, my God, uncle, all this will kill me, I cannot stand it, I cannot stand it!" She is a lovely girl about twenty years of age. There were wild rumors about the streets last night that a special train containing five hundred armed Mississippians would reach this city about 8 o'clock this morning but they did not come. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, of which Hawes is a member, have telegraphed that they have engaged a detective to work up the case. They believe that Hawes is innocent and that a colored woman named Fannie Bryant and Albert Patterson murdered and robbed Mrs. Hawes and killed the children.

HAWES SAID TO HAVE CONFESSED.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Dec. 10.—It is reported that Hawes, who has been the cause of Saturday night's tragedy, has made a full confession of the crimes charged against him. Business is going on as usual today except that all the saloons are closed by order of Col. Jones, commanding the troops, and the only evidence of the trouble remaining is the line of troops and cannon guarding every approach to the jail. There is still much feeling, but it is subdued. No matter who was right or who was wrong in the tragedy of Saturday, that terrible volley has settled all desire of the mob to break down the jail. They will not try it again. Sheriff Smith is still in jail under arrest for murder, and Chief Police Picard was released on \$10,000 bond this morning. Smith may leave the city under military escort until a full examination of the case is made by the coroner, but that has not been fully determined as yet.

Railroad Matters.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10.—President Kimball, of the Norfolk & Western Railway, is in this city today and had a conference with President Scott, of the Richmond & Danville, in regard to an agreement between the roads represented by them. The conference is understood to have resulted in an order to discontinue suits brought by the Norfolk & Western interests to prevent the lease of the East Ten and seve property to the Richmond & Danville. President Scott would not talk about the matter and President Thomas said an amicable adjustment would be reached tomorrow.

The East Tennessee directors met today for the election of officers, but adjourned without taking any action until next Wednesday.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

The Durham Recorder says: Our people are unanimous in desiring a change in the schedule on the Durham & Oxford railroad. A petition was presented to Col. A. B. Andrews next week asking for this change. Col. Andrews, when he made this schedule, thought he was giving our people just what would best suit their convenience, but later developments show that our business men had not viewed the matter in its proper light. We believe that Col. Andrews will grant the favor and put a schedule on that will better suit the people of Durham.

Habitual Constipation

And kidney and liver ills, depending on a weak or inactive condition of the kidneys, liver, or bowels, are successfully and permanently cured only by the use of the gentle yet effective laxative and diuretic Syrup of Figs. Its advantages are evident; it is easily taken, pleasing to the taste, acceptable to the stomach, harmless to the most delicate system, and truly beneficial in effect. Jno. S. Peccod, Sole Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

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Shoppers' Notes.

Everybody should call on James McKimmon & Co. and see their beautiful and elegant line of novelties for the holidays. Their toilet sets, manicure sets, shaving cases, etc., are beauties. They are of the latest styles and need only to be seen to be purchased. Also a full line of drugs, etc. See their advertisement.

Those needing underwear will find Whiting Bros' stock large and the prices attractive. These goods must be sold to satisfy creditors and an inspection of the stock and prices will save you money. They also carry a full line of rubber clothing, boots, shoes and umbrellas.

Messrs. Aufrecht & Lee have a beautiful line of pictures, frames, willow-ware, Christmas cards, etc., for the holidays. See their advertisement and give them a call.

A registered Pharmacist is wanted. See advertisement elsewhere.

Advertisement elsewhere of a manager wanted.

Attention is called to the advertisement of C. M. Hawkins, W. E. Anderson and P. M. Wilson, buyers and sellers of securities.

Everybody is invited to read the advertisement of the North State Music Company which establishment succeeds the well-known music man J. L. Stone.

Everybody knows that Berwanger Bros' is the peoples' store and the place to go to get clothing, hats, overcoats and all kinds of gent's furnishings goods, so it is almost a chestnut to mention it. If you will call at their store though you will not find any chestnuts but everything is new, stylish and attractive, and you will buy something before you leave. See their advertisement.

Children will freely take Dr. J. H. McLean's Tar Wine Lung Balm; unlike cough syrups, it contains no opium, will soothe and heal any disease of the throat or lungs quicker than any other remedy.

Some day election laws will be so fixed that the man who receives the most votes will be declared elected.

The soft glow of the tea rose is acquired by ladies who use Pozzoli's Complexion Powder. Try it.

It is "An Unequal Match" that has brimstone only on one end.

Pimples, Sores, Aches and Pains. When hundred bottles of sarsaparilla or other pretentious specific fails to eradicate in-born scrofula or contagious blood poison, remember that B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) has gained many thousand victories in as many seemingly incurable instances. Send to the Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, for "Book of Wonders," and be convinced. It is the only true blood purifier.

G. W. Messer, Howell's X Roads, Ga., writes: "I was afflicted nine years with sores. All the medicine I could take did me no good. I then tried B. B. B., and eight bottles cured me sound."

Mrs. M. M. Wilson, Round Mountain, Texas, writes: "A lady friend of mine was troubled with bumps and pimples on her face and neck. She took three bottles of B. B. B., and her skin got soft and smooth, pimples disappeared, and her health improved greatly."

Jan. L. Bowworth, Atlanta, Ga., writes: "Some years ago I contracted blood poisoning. I had no appetite, my digestion was ruined, rheumatism drew up my limbs so I could hardly walk, my throat was catarrhed five times. Hot Springs gave me no benefit, and my life was one of torture until I gave B. B. B. a trial, and, surprising as it may seem, the use of five bottles cured me."

Office of W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co., RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 10, 1888.

To the Public:

On February 1st, 1889, Mr. Charles McKimmon will retire from the firm of W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co. The business will be continued and conducted by the remaining members, Messrs. Boylan, Dobbin and Poe, under the firm name of W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co., as heretofore.

In the meantime we desire to reduce our stock of goods and to collect all notes and accounts now due.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

James Boylan.

T. W. Dobbin.

Charles McKimmon.

G. W. Poe.

Persia declines to permit Russian consular jurisdiction over its holy city of Mehed, where the famous Caliph Hamed-el-Rasbid lies buried.

It is said that \$100 bills are scarce in the great commercial centers.

BREXEL'S COLOGNE

Sweet as Rose 1/2 L. Fragrant! Lasting! The Leading Brand. Price 50 Cts. Sold at Dealers.

LAXADOR

Cures Liver Complaints, Constipation, Biliousness, Headaches, Stomach Aches, Indigestion, At Druggists, 25c.

D'IBULL'S

COUGH

SYRUP

CURES COUGHS & COLDS FOR 30c