

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

WOOLCOTT & SON 14 E. MARTIN ST.

For Early Fall Trade.

Canton Flannel 7 1/2, 8 1/2, 10 and 12 1/2 Yard.

NEW PRINTS, GINGHAMS,

DRESS GOODS, SATEENS,

RUBBER SHOES.

PANT CLOTH

LADIES AND MISSES HATS

GREAT BARGAINS

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING

500 Men's and Boys' Hats 85 and 50c.

500 Boys Caps 10c each.

NORTH CAROLINA Home Insurance Co., OF RALEIGH, N. C.

THE HOME

CLASSES OF PROPERTY INSURED

W. S. PARNON, President. Seeley and Treadwell, Vice-President. Office in Briggs Building, No. 22 Fayetteville street. Telephone No. 86.

Death from Hydrophobia. By Telegraph to the News and Observer. NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 2.—Wm. H. Hoagland, aged 27 years, died of hydrophobia at his home, No. 72 State street, this morning. Three weeks ago a mongrel cur entered the grocery store where Hoagland was employed and frightened a number of ladies. In trying to drive it out Hoagland fell and the dog bit him twice on the face. Nothing was done to the wounds and he remained at work till Saturday night. At 9 o'clock yesterday morning Hoagland showed the first symptoms of rabies, and Dr. Wrightson and two other physicians who were called pronounced the case hydrophobia. The convulsions increased, and he died in less than twenty four hours.

Danville's Tobacco Sales. By Telegraph to the News and Observer. DANVILLE, Va., Sept. 2.—The last tobacco sales in this market for August were 2,817,000 pounds. The sales for the first eleven months of the tobacco year were 27,172,000 pounds. This is a decrease of 2,000,000 as compared with the same period last year.

There was a collision on the Danville & New River Railroad this afternoon west of Martinsville between a mixed and supply train. Both trains were badly wrecked. Adam Price, colored, was killed, and three other train hands were badly injured, but no passengers were seriously hurt.

Baseball Yesterday.

At Baltimore—Baltimore 10; Louisville 2.

At Washington—Washington 2; Cleveland 5.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 1; Chicago 2; (first game). Second game—Philadelphia 3; Chicago 2.

At New York—New York 9; Pittsburgh 6 (first game). Second game—New York 11; Pittsburgh 0.

At Boston—Boston 1; Indianapolis 0 (first game). Second game—Boston 8; Indianapolis 3.

At Philadelphia—Kansas City 8; Athletic 3 (first game). Second game—Athletic 4; Kansas City 7.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 7; Cincinnati 4 (first game). Second game—Brooklyn 4; Cincinnati 11.

Mills Shut Down.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer. BLACKSBURG, Sept. 2.—Three thousand looms have been stopped in this city owing to depression in trade.

What is Gayton Redash Coal?

Being asked this question so often we quote in reply what others say—selecting a few from many testimonials.

L. G. Burnham & Co., of Boston, say: "It is an excellent fuel, and one of the freest burning coals in the market."

Calvin Phillips & Co., Rockland Mass., write us: "Some of our customers say it is the best free burning coal they ever used."

Gillispie & Pierce write, saying, "we have used and endorse all you claim for Gayton Redash Burning Red Ash."

Gayton Red Ash comes in same sizes as other anthracite, viz: Broken, Egg, Stove, Nut, Pea. The mines are at Gayton, Henrico county, Va., fourteen miles from Richmond, on the Tuckahoe and James River railroad.

The breaker is copied after one in Pennsylvania, and is upon the same principle. No expense has been spared to make the preparation, sizes, shipment, and delivery of this coal equal to any in the market. We claim for it the following: It is the freest burning anthracite in the market. It possesses great endurance. It requires less draft, being very pure. It burns to a deep, heavy red ash. A small quantity holds fire longer than any other anthracite in the market. This wonderful deposit, formerly known as Natural Oke, has excited much attention in past years in the discussion of scientists. Sir Charles Lyell, the eminent geologist in his "Elements of Geology" makes reference to its interesting features. Messrs. Robertson & Smith, the well known experts of Glasgow, Scotland, F. B. S. E. F. C. S., etc in an elaborate work upon the subject, speak highly of this deposit. Albert Hill, the well known expert of New York, in an elaborate report, says: "It makes a valuable household fuel, is readily ignited, and yields an intense and steady heat, leaving only a moderate amount of very heavy red ash."

The late John J. Worth, practical miner, of large experience and well known in Richmond, in his report of the Red Ash, says: "It is an agreeable and economic substitute for anthracite coal in every department of household economy."

To those acquainted with the Lykens Valley Red Ash coal we would say it is more like it than any other coal we know. It sells in New England at same price as that viz: \$8.00 per ton. Lykens Valley would be worth here \$8.50 per ton. Gayton only \$6.00 by the ton and much less in car lots to any depot.

JONES & POWELL, State Agents.

Judge Field's Career.

San Francisco Dispatch to N. Y. Tribune.

It must always be remembered that Judge Field is regarded here in a much different light than at the East. Here he cannot be separated from his early career. Thousands now living in California recall him as he was in Maryland in 1850, when he walked the streets with a six shooter in each pocket, and cocked his weapon when Judge Turner appeared in sight.

(Field, it is stated, fought two duels).

LABOR ANNIVERSARY.

BIG DEMONSTRATIONS IN HONOR OF THE DAY.

NEW YORK, BOSTON, CHICAGO AND OTHER LARGE CITIES CELEBRATE LABOR DAY WITH GREAT POMP AND PAGEANT—LARGE OBSERVANCE OF THE DAY IN NEW YORK THAN USUAL.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer. NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Labor day here was ushered in by bright sun shine. From early morning the streets were crowded by sturdy sons of toil. It was noticed, however, that large numbers of working girls trudged along as usual with their lunch in hand. In a majority of cases it was found they worked in the cigar factories and other concerns, the owners of which had no respect for labor day. On the East side of the town it was also noticeable that many factories blew their 7 o'clock whistles. All exchanges were closed and the custom house was kept open from 9 to 10 o'clock, purely for clearance purposes.

The procession began to move from the Washington parade ground at 11:30 o'clock. There was an immense crowd present, and as the paraders and bands moved they were cheered to echo. All along the line of march the processionists were made recipients of volumes of cheers. The parade was not nearly as large as last year.

Boston, Sept. 2.—The observation of labor day is more general in Boston today than in the past two years. Business is entirely suspended. The weather is cloudy and cool, and the big procession, which was the feature of the forenoon, was viewed by thousands who crowded the sidewalks and windows along the route.

ALBANY, Sept. 2.—Labor day was celebrated here by a parade in morning in which representatives of all the trades participated to the number of 3,000. It was reviewed by Gov. Hill, Mayor Mauer, Col. McEwen and Thomas J. Dowling, President of the State Trades Assembly, at Delavan Hotel. The picnic at Pleasant Island was held this afternoon. Mr. P. J. McGuire delivered an oration on the 8 o'clock hour.

CHICAGO, Sept. 2.—Labor day was honored in this city today by two processions and numberless picnics. The largest procession was that of the Trades and Labor Assembly, in which thousands of men marched to the music of numerous bands. At the close of the parade, the participants proceeded to Kish's Park. The trades taking part in this celebration were printers, switchmen, horse-shoers, carpenters, wood carvers, iron moulders, gas fitters, machinists, constructors, harness makers, brick layers, stone cutters, cigar makers and waiters. The Knights of Labor paraded on the west side, and also proceeded to the picnic ground at Willow Springs. The parade was in four divisions, comprising thirty-seven assemblies.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, September 2.—The observance of labor day here has been obstructed by the rain which began falling in the night and kept on until after 12 o'clock. The parade for this afternoon had been arranged, followed by a picnic at one of the hill top resorts.

Expelled by the Strikers.

By Cable to the News and Observer.

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Information has been received by the police and by Secretary Matthews to the effect, that Burns today urged the strikers to proceed to the docks and expel the men working there. The dock companies express themselves as better satisfied with the aspect of affairs. They have increased the number of men at work, composed of strikers who have given up the fight and new men. The officials of the companies state that a plenty of labor would be obtained if the strikers' pickets were abolished. It is asserted that there is a split amongst the strikers and that a small committee has been appointed looking to the abandonment of the strike. The Rochester coal shippers and barge men visited a large number of vessels in the river Medway and forcibly compelled the men at work thereon to cease operations.

FORCED TO STOP WORK.

The mob composed of about 800 strikers invaded the Abert docks this evening and compelled the workmen there to cease their labors. No damage was done to property. A detachment of ships owners representing eighty of the leading houses in the Metropolitan district waited upon the officials of the dock companies today and urged upon them to give the shippers power to make their own arrangements with the men for the discharge and loading of vessels. Mr. Norwood, chairman of the joint docks committee, appealed to the shippers not to press their request as to grant it would be impossible without conceding the points which the companies are fighting against. At a meeting of wharfingers a resolution was adopted advising the strikers to accept the dock companies' offer.

Cathedral Burned.

By Cable to the News and Observer.

St. Johns, N. F., Sept. 2.—The Catholic Cathedral at Harbor Grace was discovered on fire at 3 o'clock this a. m., and despite all efforts to save it, it was burned to the ground. The loss is placed at \$150,000 on which there is no insurance.

PLAIN LANGUAGE.

THE GOUTSBORO RIOTERS DENOUNCED IN HOT TERMS.

THE NEW ORLEANS TIMES DEMOCRAT CALLS FOR AN OFFICIAL INVESTIGATION OF THE TROUBLES ON THE BORDER—CHARACTERIZED AS WANTON ATROCITY.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer. NEW ORLEANS, September 2.—The Times-Democrat, commenting editorially on the Goutsboro riot, closes as follows: "The subsequent act of vandalism of burning the negro church close to the scene of the disturbance was wanton atrocity in keeping with the similar crime of incendiarism which occurred in the Gretna riot a few months ago. Whatever may be said of the indiscriminate firing near the Texas Pacific railroad, not a word can be uttered in palliation or justification of this last grave offense. It was a wanton, deliberate, detestable crime, and the men who committed it are a disgrace to the State and their race. This whole affair should be submitted to a most rigid investigation by the local and State authorities, and those who can be pointed out and found responsible for it should be punished to the very extremity of the law. We had hoped that the difficulties in the suburbs of this city on the other side of the river had been permanently settled. They have been begun afresh apparently by the same hoodlum element that undertook to clean out Gretna by the indiscriminate use of the shotgun and torch. It is time now for the State authorities to look into these troubles and to see that the public peace is preserved and that the rioters of both races are properly punished."

Col. Shepard at Large.

That Pious editor with a big P Col. Shepard has been attending the National Press Convention at Detroit where a lot of Southern journalists are of the company. Shepard had himself interviewed by the local paper the Detroit Journal, and among other things said: "IF THE PLAN HAD WORKED. Cleveland planned that he could then be elected to a third term without a single Northern State. The result would be that the South would, though Cleveland, control the nation. The negroes would be re-subjugated, the poor trash of the South would be driven out and the North would be at the mercy of the rebels. These plans would probably have been covered up by some pretended political issue of another character, but I think that had Cleveland been re-elected we would have had another war during the four years of his term. The South would no doubt have been anxious to withdraw from the Union again and the people of the North would not stand it. But the good Lord God Almighty, in his beneficent providence, saved us the calamity by defeating Grover Cleveland."

THE BLOODY, BLOODY SHIRT.

"I often dine with Gen. Sherman, and in our several talks he agrees with me that the Southern people are as traitorous as ever and that there is no patriotism among them. He does not think that they will take up arms again during this generation, but that it is only the sturdy, unflinching, patriotic spirit and superior strength that keeps the country together."

"The negroes now have no political rights and many are practically in slavery. They can't vote unless they are taxpayers, and when without means of support can be sold to prison contractors to prevent them becoming public charges. Should the South gain control, as Cleveland had planned, the Southern States would have repudiated the last three amendments, claiming that they were forced upon them while in duress, and that in law such action was not binding. They would then practically repeal the amendments so far as they were concerned, and say that slavery still existed and that the negroes have no rights as citizens."

"I insist that the people of the South will never become patriotic. Look at the way they idolize Jeff Davis whenever he appears in public. You notice that the men who are most popular in politics in Southern States are those who were most devoted to the lost cause, and who insist that the lost cause is not lost, but is yet alive. The South will not have liberal sentiment. They send home all our Northern men who go South to stimulate the productive industries of the country."

"Why, to indicate how strong the rebel sentiment is today, do you know that in Alexandria, six miles from Washington, there was no Union flag to hoist on the recent Centennial day, and they had to send to Washington for one, and it was hung up with two rebel flags."

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