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Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

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CARRIAGES

Ever offered in this market. Beautiful Designs, Trimmed in Silk Goods, Satin Russe, Cretonnes and Plush Parasols in Colors with Lace Edges.

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At 7.82,	WORTH	10.00
" 8.50,	"	11.50
" 9.62,	"	12.00
" 10.10,	"	12.50
" 10.20,	"	14.00
" 13.12,	"	16.00
" 15.10,	"	18.00
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" 20.42,	"	25.00
" 21.48,	"	26.00

Call and get a bargain. Thos. H. Briggs & Sons.

OAK CITY STEAM LAUNDRY.

with fourteen months' experience, is here to stay. The defects in work by new machinery and inexperienced operatives has been overcome, and I intend to please customers, if possible, by giving first-class work, through the personal attention of the polite and efficient manager, Mr. Ed. A. Miller. Special attention given to commercial tourist work. Collars and cuffs can be sent by mail at one cent per ounce, and returned, when accompanied by postage stamps or money order to pay for work and return postage. Hotel guests will please mark "Steam Laundry" on the package to avoid mistakes and get your work in first class style. I give one of the many letters received complimenting the work, as follows: "The work sent me was all O. K., and was done up in first class style, and everyone to whom I showed it was well pleased with it. Here is a list for myself and two friends. Goods shipped by express today."

A CALL FOR HELP.

The Old Marganza Levee Gives Way.

NEW ORLEANS, April 22.—Gov. Nichols has received the following: BAYOU SARA, April 22.—We have been overwhelmed by storm and rain. Crevasses are numerous along the river front. The Old Marganza levee is broken. Send boat at once to save people, or there may be a great loss of life.

MARTIN GLYNN, President Police Jury.

Jailed for Attempting to Wreck a Train.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer. RICHMOND, Va., April 22.—J. W. Craddock was committed to jail today in Henrico county, for attempting to wreck a train on the Chesapeake & Ohio road on March 10th.

Senate Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22.—The Senate confirmed the nomination of E. C. Weeks, United States Marshal, from the Northern District of Florida.

Bond Offerings.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—Bond offerings to-day, \$157,000; all accepted at 123 for four per cents, and 103 1/2 for four and half.

Gents' negligee shirts from 50c. to \$2.50 at McKimmon, Moseley & McGee's.

TROUBLE WITH STRIKERS.

A Riot Among the Union and Non-Union Men Causes the Arrest of Many.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

CHICAGO, April 22.—A body of striking carpenters caused a riot in the southwestern part of the city this morning, and as the result about fifty of them are locked up, and the sergeant of the police received some bruises. Some non-union carpenters were put to work on Wallace near 53rd street this morning. The strikers reported the fact and a committee of union men were sent to persuade them to quit work. Idle carpenters to the number of about 100 joined the committee, and when argument failed to make them quit, they began jeering them and a riot followed. Police Sergeant Begley interfered, when he was set upon and beaten by the strikers. An alarm was sent to the nearest station and a detachment of police was sent out and succeeded in arresting about 50 of the rioters. The rest escaped, but the police are hunting for them. The non-union men in the meantime dropped their tools and fled.

REPUBLICAN DIFFERENCES.

The Senate and House Caucus Committees Coming Together on the Jones Bill.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 22.—The House Republican caucus committee in pursuance of the resolution of the caucus last night, will hold a meeting this afternoon, in furtherance of the endeavor to come to an agreement with the Senate Republican caucus committee.

The latter committee will probably meet some time in the afternoon, as they look upon the action of the House caucus last night as an invitation to resume negotiations. Some of the Senate committee are in favor of passing the Jones bill without regard to the action of the House, and if the latter passes a bill of differing provisions, to let the matter be settled by a conference committee.

INDIAN TROUBLES.

United States Troops Ready to March from Fort Robinson.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

CHICAGO, April 22.—A dispatch from Fort Robinson says: Troops at this Fort are under orders to be ready to take the field at a moment's notice to intercept the Cheyenne Indians who meditate leaving the Pine Ridge Agency without permission to consult with others about their tribe in regard to certain lands. It is feared that the old Indians cannot restrain the young bucks en route. Chief Tangled Hair and forty-four Indians came here yesterday and report that they were in a starving condition. The commanding officer has ordered rations for them and they will be sent back to the Agency.

MALIGNANT DIPHTHERIA.

Nine-tenths of a Village Affected With the Disease.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

CHICAGO, April 22.—A dispatch from St. Paul, Minn., says: Malignant diphtheria is epidemic in the village of Vining, in Ottertail county. The village has a population of 1,500 persons, nine-tenths of whom are afflicted with the disease. There has been twenty deaths since April 1, and thirty altogether. Instead of adopting measures to check contagion, the people (mostly Scandinavians) are seemingly doing everything to spread it. The funerals of all the victims have been public and largely attended. The State Board of Health have been notified.

BEAT WATTERSON AT POKER.

He Drops \$1,000 in a Social Game at a Memphis Club.

MEMPHIS, April 20.—When the Hon. Henry Watterson, of the Louisville Courier-Journal, was in Memphis a day or two ago he lost \$1,000 in a social game of draw in a fashionable club. Murray Keller, a well-known horse owner of Louisville, was also in the game. The other players were local men of good standing.

The game was started to while away the time, each player taking out \$5 worth of chips, valued at ten, twenty-five and fifty cents each. Mr. Watterson suggested that the bridge be removed, and the game was made table stakes. Henry ran in tough luck. After losing about \$300 he made a "dog" with the five next to the seven and caught a six and seven.

The editor played his hand for what he thought it was worth, and forced his opponent to call a bet of \$500. The game broke up about 2 a. m., and when the banks opened Mr. Watterson drew for expenses. Keller lost about \$800 in the game. The winnings were pretty evenly divided by the Memphians. The story was kept secret until to-day, when Keller told to a coterie of friends at the race track.

The shoe manufacturers of Massachusetts are not only stirred up by the proposed duty on hides, but also about the advance of 100 per cent in the duty on thread, which will be brought about by the new duty on flax.

DOINGS IN CONGRESS.

THE SENATE ON THE SILVER QUESTION.

The World's Fair Bill Passed the House with the Senate Amendments and Goes to the President for His Action.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

WASHINGTON, April 22.—SENATE.—Mr. Plumb's resolution heretofore offered, for an increase of the treasury purchase and coinage of silver, was presented and Mr. Busby moved, as an addition to it, a further resolution that the free coinage of silver is essential to a sound financial policy, and is demanded by all the great interests of the country; and that therefore all laws limiting the coinage of silver ought to be repealed.

Mr. Plumb consented to let the resolution lay over for the present, so as to give Mr. Mitchell an opportunity to address the Senate.

Mr. Mitchell addressed the Senate in favor of the Constitutional amendment proposed by him for the election of Senators by the popular vote. When he had concluded his resolution was referred to the committee on privileges and elections.

The conference report on the bill to regulate the sitting of the United States Courts in the District of South Carolina was presented and agreed to.

The District of Columbia appropriation bill was taken up. During the consideration of the bill Mr. Morrill, from the conference committee on the bill for the organization, improvement and maintenance of a National Zoological Park, reported that the committee had been unable to agree, and he moved that the Senate recede from its position and agree to the House amendment which requires half the expense to be paid by the District government. After some discussion the motion was agreed to and the bill now goes to the President for his signature.

The consideration of the District appropriation bill was then resumed and ended by the passage of the bill. The Senate then went into executive session.

HOUSE.—Mr. Chandler, of Massachusetts, moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to the World's fair bill. This being agreed to, the bill finally passed and was sent to the President for his action.

The House then went into committee of the whole (Mr. Payson, of Illinois, in the chair) on the legislative appropriation bill.

The debate was not confined very closely to the subject-matter of the bill, it took in, in fact most of the subjects that enter in current politics.

Mr. Allen, of Mississippi, was humorous with amusing stories. In calling attention to civil service inconsistency of the administration, he said he had some respect for the man who acknowledged himself a spoilsman, but the man who obtained office under hypocrisy guise would never get the respect of the people. He told a tale of Senator Ingalls going to the White House to secure an office. On the way he met with a friend, who told him he would not get it, as Harrison had a friend in Kansas that he was going to appoint, the Senator scratched his head a moment, and said: That is right if he is sure of it; but I am pretty well acquainted with that State, and if he has friends there, I don't know it."

Mr. Bland, of Missouri, discussed the monetary question and made an argument in favor of the free coinage of silver.

Mr. Cannon, after devoting some time to the defence of the provisions of the bill, denied the charge made by Mr. Allen to the effect that many of the Federal appointees in Mississippi were men of bad character. When the gentleman was making that charge he (Cannon) could not help thinking that while there were thousands of postmasters to be appointed in each State, there was but one State Treasurer to be elected. (Laughter.) He then proceeded to read, with comments and amid laughter, a list of defaulting State Treasurers of the Southern States.

Mr. Spindler, of New York, made an attack upon the civil service law which he said was un-Jeffersonian un-American and un-American and there were not five men on the other side who honestly believed in it. It was a fraud; it had been operated as a fraud and the present administration had not paid the least respect to it whatever.

Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, said the anxiety manifested on the Democratic side in regard to the popularity and success of the administration was the best sign that the Republican side ought to be satisfied with the administration and for one he was. At the proper time the Republican side would bring in a silver bill which would be satisfactory to the people.

Speaking of the civil service system, he said he did not believe that the law and its administration was approved of by one-fifth of the members of either house. He believed that if each member of the House would vote his deliberate opinion he

would declare that the whole system was founded on a mistake and its administration on false principle. It was detrimental to the very purpose it was aimed to accomplish. (Applause.)

Mr. Clements. What civil service reform was endorsed by the Chicago Convention?

Mr. Grosvenor. To turn Democrats out and put Republicans in. (Laughter.)

Mr. Grosvenor said that not only would he vote against increasing the force of the commission, but he would vote here and everywhere to repeal the whole law. (Applause.) It was a fraud on the people of the country.

Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, defended the civil service law and resented it being characterized as a humbug and fraud.

Findly Mr. Dannel, of Minnesota, moved to strike out the appropriation of \$21,780 for clerks for Senators. Pending a vote the committee rose and the House adjourned.

THE EXCURSIONISTS.

The Pan American Excursionists Entertained at Richmond.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

RICHMOND, Va., April 22.—The members of the Pan American Conference, who declined to return to Washington last night on the special train ordered back to that city by Secretary Blaine, are still here. This morning Mayor Elyson called on them, and took them out for a drive around the city. They visited public schools and other places of interest, after which the Mayor entertained them at his residence. They will go to Old Point to-morrow morning.

COTTON SEED OIL COMPANY.

Incorporated Under New Jersey Laws.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

NEW YORK, April 22.—The trustees of the Renn Cotton Seed Oil Trust today formally retired from the control of the company and turned over its offices and its property to its successor, the American Cotton Oil Company, which is incorporated under the laws of New Jersey. Before the transfer Jules Aldridge, Nicholas Sheldon, M. Frank and T. R. Chaney, resigned as trustees of the trust and were elected directors of its successor, Jules Aldridge being made its president.

RATES TO THE SOUTHERN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., April 22.—It is understood now that the Atlanta line; East Tenn., Va. and Ga.; Louisville & Nashville; Richmond & Danville; Central Railroad of Ga., and the plank system of roads will pass members of the Southern Press Association attending the Charleston meeting. Members desiring transportation over these lines should at once telegraph to Adolph S. Ochs, secretary, Chattanooga, Tenn. On South Carolina roads a certificate of membership of the association will be all the transportation necessary.

SALE OF LOTS AGGREGATE \$150,000.

By Telegraph to the News and Observer.

CARNEGIE CITY, Va., April 12.—The Pittsburg development Company had its first sale of lots today in the new iron manufacturing town of Carnegie City. A large body of capitalists from all over Virginia and from the North were present. All the lots offered were freely taken at prices largely in excess of the listed prices. The sales aggregated \$150,000 and private sales still continue with great activity.

TURMOIL AT DURHAM.

AN EXCITING RAILROAD WAR BEING WAGED.

Oxford and Clarksville Men Arrested While Trying to Tear Up The Durham & Northern Track—One of the Men Arrested and Brought to Raleigh for Trial—Great Excitement.

It was learned here yesterday afternoon that some lively scenes were being enacted in Durham in consequence of the Richmond and Danville people attempting to tear up the Durham and Northern track along Peabody street on the strength of Judge Armfield's decision refusing to grant a restraining order. The NEWS AND OBSERVER at once telegraphed to Durham for particulars. From the Durham papers received from Durham last night, and from information gained from other sources the particulars were learned.

The Durham Sun says: Durham is today stirred from centre to circumference. There is a strong feeling here for the D. & N. road, and very naturally, too, for the town has subscribed \$100,000 to this road, and a great many of our people wish to see it on an equal footing with other roads.

About dark yesterday afternoon, the D. & N. began to fill up their truck from the electric light house to Duke's factory with box cars and flats. This was noted by our citizens and they began to congregate in squads and discuss the matter. Previous to that time the R. & D. and O. & C., had had their tracks blocked up with cars at every point, until the side tracks and switches around the depot presented a perfect sea of box cars. Most of these were moved out and the ways cleared by yesterday, except the track on Peabody street from the R. & D., ticket office to near Duke's factory.

It was learned yesterday afternoon that the case argued at chambers before Judge Armfield, at Raleigh, and concluded yesterday, had been decided against the D. & N., and it rapidly spread through town that the defendants would tear up the track of the D. & N.

A material train came rolling in with a large squad of hands, who were stationed where they could not be readily seen, and the flying rumors seemed to be well founded.

At night citizens congregated on the streets and on the railroad track talking the matter over and looking to see what was to be done.

Mayor Christian, with a strong determination to protect the road and the interest of the town, until the final hearing of the matter now pending in court, and which will come up at Pittsboro, appointed guards who watched the D. & N., road last night to see that no injury was done to it. The night passed quietly and there was no attempt made to disturb a single spike or rail.

About seven o'clock this morning however, some of the colored hands, with crow-bars, let into the D. & N., near the market horse like a hawk upon a chicken, but two or three were arrested before they could get down to work. This drew forth anxious crowds, who desired to see the result, and the railroads were lined with an immense outpouring of all classes of our people.

The arrested people were taken to the Mayor's office. About 8 o'clock another squad of hands, headed by two of the white managers, let into the track near the electric light house, like they would tear up the entire neighborhood in that vicinity, making bolts and spikes fly. They worked vigorously for a few minutes. Policeman Faucet, was along the line, some distance off, and made a run, blew his whistle, and reached the scene before any rails had been torn up. He arrested both of the head men, catching hold of the hammer they swung in breaking off the bolts. The feeling by this time, in the majority of that vast throng of people was one of great indignation towards the roads that sought to tear up the D. & N. track. The arrested parties were taken to the court house. A hearing of the case will be had Friday.

The Mayor decided he had no right to interfere with that portion of the track which turns just at the coal shute and winds around the electric light house a distance of several hundred feet. He holds, however, that this side of the coal shute the track strikes into Peabody street, and he will protect that street. In view of this turn in the matter, the D. & N. filled up that part of the track with cars, and about eleven o'clock the R. & D. cut one of their switches to swing it out to connect with that portion of the D. & N. road which bends away from Peabody street to run around the electric light house. Two large posts were sunk in the ground, just behind the cars, and where the track runs out into Peabody street. This being done the D. & N. track was then torn up just behind the post so that a connection could not be made with the track running along that street.

A case is now pending, to be heard at Chatham court, involving the

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

Absolutely Pure.

The United States Official Investigation of baking powders, made under authority of Congress by the Chemist in Chief of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., recently completed, shows the Royal Baking Powder to be a cream of tartar powder of the highest quality, pure and wholesome, and superior to all others in strength, leavening power, and general usefulness.

Western North Carolina Railroad Company, OFFICE OF PRESIDENT.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 18, 1890.

To the holders of Western North Carolina Railroad Company first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds maturing May 1st, 1890:

This company has sold its first consolidated mortgage bonds reserved by the trustee of that mortgage to retire the \$500,000 of the above bonds. It has reserved from the purchase the right for the holders of the first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds to receive in exchange for their bonds first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds to the extent of \$500,000 in the order in which the maturing bonds are presented. Said exchange to be made at the rate of par and accrued interest for the first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds. Exchanges may be made at once upon presentation of the old bonds and coupons at the office of the Central Trust Co., No. 51 Wall Street, New York. But no exchange can be made after April 29, 1890. The Citizens National Bank of Raleigh, N. C., will receive the old bonds for exchange, forwarding the same to New York and delivering the new bonds without cost to the holders of the maturing bonds. Interest will be accrued on both classes of the bonds, as of May 1st, whether exchanges are made previous to that date or not. All of the first mortgage 7 per cent. bonds not exchanged as above will be paid as provided in the mortgage at the Citizens National Bank, New York, N. Y., on and after May 1st, 1890. The same hereby offered in exchange for the maturing bonds of the company, issue dated to \$125,000, and five hundred dollars per rate, to be paid at 100 cents maturing on May 1st, 1890, and to be payable on each gold, and guaranteed by endorsement on each bond, by the Citizens National Bank of Raleigh, N. C., at the rate of 100 cents per cent. payable January and July, 1890. First mortgage of the Western North Carolina Railroad Company of N. C. A. B. ANDREWS, President.

By permission of the committee Maj. Winder appeared before the committee yesterday to correct what he understood, during his absence the other day, was considered a discrepancy in the annual report and the Treasurer's statement for the year 1888. The major read from his original report, which was shown to the committee. The discrepancy was only apparent not real, as during the time that elapsed between the filing of his report with the directors and the stockholders' meeting the Inter-State Commerce Commission had required that the company show "Permanent Improvements." The cost of these permanent improvements were taken from the total expenses of the road, thus rendering the totals in the printed report less than the whole total by the amount taken into consideration under a different head as "Permanent Improvements." These sums being added together showed that the total sum of the expense reported by the General Superintendent agreed with the Treasurer's statements, and that, in fact, there was no error, but merely a change in the manner of stating accounts. The aggregate amount of the expenditures of the company being the same in both statements.

Maj. W. W. Vass, Treasurer of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company, was then examined by Col. Hinsdale as follows:

What is the stipulation in the mortgage bonds of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company in regard to taxation?

Only this: The bonds are headed "free from all taxation."

In your replies to questions asked you on the direct examination as to the amounts of receipts and disbursements and the amounts of profits made in any one year, from what sources did you derive the knowledge or information which enabled you to answer these questions?

From the reports of the company in evidence before the committee.

Do you believe these reports to be accurate and correct?

I do.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for Consumption. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption, if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., 181 Pearl Street, N. Y.

Give us a man, young or old, high or low, on whom we know we can thoroughly depend—who will stand firm when others fail—the friend faithful and true, the adviser honest and fearless, the adversary just and chivalrous.

Electric Belt Free.

To introduce it and obtain agents the undersigned firm will give away a few of their \$5 German Electric Belts invented by Prof. Van der Weyde, President of the New York Electrical Society (U. S. Pat. 257,647) a positive cure for Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Loss of Power, &c. Address: Rheumatism Agency, P. O. Box 178, Brooklyn, N. Y. Write to them today.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I have cured Epilepsy, Falling Sickness, a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. I have cured all the cases I have seen for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my "Epilepsy Cure." Give the name of your Post Office, State and County.

Root's Purgative Pills cure all Blood Diseases, Constipation and Biliousness.

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SAW MILLS, STEAM ENGINES, SHINGLE MILLS, HAY PRESSES, ETC.

If you want a first-class SAW Mill, send for catalogue to A. B. FARQUHAR & Co., Ltd., York, Pa.

WOOLCOTT & SON.

One Price Cash Store, 14 E. MARTIN STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.

Read this Carefully

And Show it to All Your Friends.

April 18th, 1890.

We have just made an arrangement with one of the largest publishing houses in America making it possible for us to present each of our customers with one of the most magnificent Fine Art Publications of the day, allowing them choice of four books, when their cash purchases amount to \$20.00.

The enclosed circular gives a full description of the size, appearance, contents and number of full-page engravings in each book. Bear in mind that each book is 9x12 inches (larger than any ordinary atlas), and that the engravings are the hand-work of Gustave Dore, the greatest of French artists, whose works stand unequalled.

These books are not of the cheap "clap-net" order, but are classed with the world's highest literature. You must see them to appreciate them. All great literary men agree that any library is not complete unless it contains all of these classical works.

Even though we propose giving one of these valuable books with every \$20.00 we receive, our prices will be as low or lower than ever before, thus giving our customers the greatest opportunity of obtaining the most valuable for their money ever known.

We therefore cordially invite your patronage so that we may have the pleasure of making you a gift of one or more of these magnificent publications.

Yours very truly, WOOLCOTT & SON.

1 7 6 8 OLD NICK. 8 9 0 RYE AND CORN

Whiskey.

Goods four (4) years old on hand. "Old Nick" has been made on the same plantation 123 years. We ship any quantity. Write for price list.

J. FORD & CO., (Successors to Jos. Williams) Yadin county, Panther Creek, N. C.