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PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. C. M. Payne, Pastor.—Services at Madison on the 1st and 3d Sabbaths of each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday 7 p. m.

At Leaksville, on the 2d Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m.

At Wentworth, on the 4th Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. At Reidsville on the 2d Sabbath in each month at 7 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Southern Div. Frank L. Reid, Pastor.—Services at Madison on the 2d Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday at 7, p.m.

At Bethesda, 1st Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m.

At Mt. Hermon, 3d Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m.

At Wesley Chapel Saturday before the 4th Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m.

At Leaksville, 4th Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

BAPTIST.—Rev. Henry A. Brown, Pastor.—Services at Madison, 4th Saturday and Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m.

At Red Bank, Forsythe Co., 3d Saturday and Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m.

At Bruces' X Roads, 2d Saturday and Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m.

At Beaver Island, 1st Saturday and Sabbath in each month at 11 a. m.

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OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Madison and surrounding country. Office at his residence.

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PROMPT attention given to all business entrusted to his care in the Court of Rockingham and adjoining counties.

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ANDREWS & McCARGO,

Surgeon Dentists

HAVING associated themselves in the practice of **DENTISTRY**, respectfully offer their services to the citizens of Madison and the surrounding country. One or the other of them can always be found at their office in the rear of McGehee, Carter & Andrews' store in the office formerly occupied by Dr. J. S. Moore.

All work guaranteed.

Teeth extracted without pain. 1y1

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FASHIONABLE TAILORS,

Opposite Price's Hotel, Madison, N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand the latest report of Fashions. Guarantee satisfaction, both in style and workmanship on all work left with us.

BOOT AND SHOE SHOP.

THE undersigned announces to the public that he may be found in the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. John New, opposite Dr. Foy's residence, where he is prepared to make a good fit in either Boots or Shoes.

REPAIRING done cheap, and all work warranted. S. VADEN.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

OF THE

TOBACCO TRADE,

OF

MADISON, N. C.

1st. This Association shall be known as the "MADISON TOBACCO ASSOCIATION."

2nd. Its officers shall be a President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer to be elected annually, by ballot, on the first Monday in October. There shall be elected at the same time a Standing Committee of Three on Membership; who shall be a Committee on Arbitration.

3rd. All persons of firms engaged in the Tobacco Trade, either as buyers or sellers, may become members of this Association, upon the payment of one dollars ($1.) when recommended by the Standing Committee, and approved by the President of the Board. But in case any petition is rejected, the petitioner may appeal to the Association, when a two-thirds vote of the members present will elect. Firms which are members of the Association shall have their firm name entered upon their books, and a firm shall be entitled to but one vote.

4th. Any Merchant, Mechanic, Manufacturer, or other persons may become a contributing member of this Association, upon the payment of one dollar ($1.) if recommended by the Committee, and approved by the President, may vote at all Elections of officers, and take part in the business of the Association, except as to rules and regulations of the Tobacco Trade, provided all the officers except the Secretary and Treasurer, be taken from the Tobacco Trade.

5th. The Stated Meetings of the Association shall be held on the first Monday of each month. Special meetings may be called at any time, upon the written request of five members. And for called meetings, a notice shall be given at each Warehouse at the beginning of their sales.

6th. The funds of the Association, after paying incidental expenses, may be appropriated as the Association may direct. In defraying the necessary expenses of the Association, should any deficiency occur, the members shall be assessed equally to liquidate the same. All monies paid out by the Treasurer shall be by order of the President in writing.

7th. The Rules and Regulations may be amended upon a notice of not less than ten [10] days of any called meeting of the Association being published by the President, in one of the newspapers of the town, and by a two-thirds [2-3] vote of the members present at such meeting. The Rules and Regulations may be amended at any regular meeting, by a two-thirds vote, and at the annual meeting by a majority vote.

8th. For the transaction of business two-thirds [2-3] of the members shall constitute a quorum.

PARLIAMENTARY LAWS.

1st. The PRESIDENT having taken the Chair, and a quorum being present, the minutes of the preceding meeting shall be read, to the end that any mistake may be corrected that shall be made in the entries.

2nd. No member shall speak to another, or otherwise interrupt the business of the meeting while the minutes are being read, or when any member is speaking in debate.

3rd. Every member, when he speaks, shall address the chair standing in his place, and when he has finished, he shall sit down.

4th. No member shall speak more than twice on the same subject, without leave of the meeting.

5th. When two members rise at the same time, the President shall name the person to speak; but in all cases the member who shall first rise and address the chair shall speak first.

6th. When a member shall be called to order by the President, or a member, he shall sit down; and every question out of order shall be decided by the President, subject to an appeal to the meeting; and the President may call for the sense of the meeting on any question of order.

7th. If the member be called to order by another member for words spoken, the exceptionable words shall be accurately repeated, that the President may be better enabled to judge of the matter.

8th. No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded.

9th. When a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the President, and read, before the same shall be debated.

10th. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to lie on the table, to postpone indefinitely, to commit or to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order they stand arranged, and the motion for adjournment shall always be in order and be decided without debate.

11th. When the reading of a paper is called for, and the same is objected to, by any member, it shall be determined by a vote of the meeting, without debate.

12th. When the yeas and nays shall be taken upon any question, each member shall declare openly, and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question: and no member shall be permitted, under any circumstances whatever, to vote after the decision is announced by the chair.

13th. When the meeting is equally divided upon any question, the Secretary shall take the decision of the President.

14th. In the absence of the President the Vice President shall preside, or in the absence of both, one of the Committee of Arbitration shall take the chair.

15th. In the appointment of Committees the first name on the list shall be Chairman of the Committee.

16th. When the President takes the Chair, he shall at once call the meeting to order.

17th. He shall preserve order and decorum, and each member of the Association pledges himself to sustain the President in all necessary exercise of power.

18th. The President shall rise to put a question, but may state it sitting.

19th. Questions shall be distinctly put in this form, to-wit: "As many as are of opinion that [as the question may be] say "Aye;" and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "As many as are of the contrary opinion, say "No." If the chair doubts, or a division is called for, the meeting shall divide; those in the affirmative of the question shall first rise from their seats, and afterwards those in the negative. The President saying first—"the ayes will rise," and after counting—"the ayes will be seated, and the noes will rise."

20th. The President shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

21st. When any member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the meeting, he shall rise from his seat, and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President," and shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality.

22nd. Respect for the Chair is essential to any well organized body. Hence should any one fail to obey the order of the President or Chairman, after the meeting has been called to order, he or they shall be fined at the option of said Chairman not over $10 nor under $2; the penalty of not promptly paying being expulsion from this Association.

BY-LAWS.

1st. All sales shall be for cash, unless otherwise agreed upon.

2nd. The Auctioneer shall commence promptly at the first sale, at 10 o'clock, from the first of May to the first of October—the remainder of the year at 11½ o'clock. Should any Warehouse fail to commence promptly, at the hour designated, the President, Vice President, or in their absence the Warehouse Committee, shall direct the buyers to proceed to the next Warehouse, and the sales at the other Warehouses shall be guided by the same rule. There shall be a second sale if necessary, notice to be given by some signal.

3rd. The minimum bid which shall be received by Auctioneers, shall, when under $6, be ten cents; from $6 and under $15, twenty-five cents; from $15 and under $40, fifty cents; from $40, or upwards, one dollar.

4th. The owners of each Warehouse will see that the buyers are not incommoded in any way, while the sales are in progress. Should they fail to do so, the President, Vice President, or in their absence, the Warehouse Committee is directed to stop the sales, until the evil is remedied.

5th. Not more than one minute will be allowed for the sale of any lot of tobacco.

6th. Planters or their representatives have the right to take in any Tobacco offered at public sales; provided it be done as soon as cried out, if a "SINGLE" parcel or hogshead. A planter having more than one parcel or hogshead in one Warehouse may receive the privilege of "taking in," until his last parcel or hogshead in that house is sold. The buyer having the privilege, if one parcel or hogshead of which he has bought, be taken in, of refusing or returning the other at the same time.

7th. All Tobacco offered for re-sale at public auction, which has been once sold in this market shall be sold in the name of its actual owner. A failure to represent the true owner's name shall be deemed an obvious neglect of duty on part of Warehouse, and fraud on part of seller—and further that any member of this Association who shall offer for sale in this market any Tobacco, wheresoever purchased, shall have placed upon such Tobacco his name. If he fail to do so, such failure shall be deemed "gross fraud."

8th. By-bidding and bidding by the owner, or part owner, upon Tobacco offered at public auction, unless stated by the bidder, and announced by the auctioneer, that he is the owner, or part owner of the Tobacco, is "GROSS FRAUD."

9th. Warehouse men shall aid with their full force, the delivery of Tobacco, and Tobacco shall not be construed as delivered until received by an authorized Agent. Warehouse men shall be required to take care of all Tobacco; prevent pillaging, trampling upon, or other injury to the same.

10th. Buyers must be the judges of the parcels as they are sold. No lot bought can be returned, on the plea that the Tobacco was not what they thought it to be.

11th. No person shall be allowed to bid on Tobacco unless he is a member of this Association.

12th. Before commencing to sell a parcel of Tobacco, the name registered on the ticket, and number of pounds, must be announced by the auctioneer.

13th. A committee of five shall be appointed each month, to be called the "Warehouse Committee," to have authority from this Board, and from Warehouseowners, to exercise a general vigilence in seeing the Laws and Regulations of the Board faithfully executed. And for any infraction of Rules not provided for in Article 25, said Committee is fully empowered to impose fines of not less than one, nor more than five dollars. Said fines to be collected by the Treasurer, and paid into the Association. The owners of Warehouses, and each member pledge themselves to inform said Committee of any infraction of these Rules and Regulations.

14th. A buyer may, for reasons satisfactory to himself, withdraw his bid before a parcel or hogshead of Tobacco is knocked out.

15th. When a bid at auction, at which Tobacco is knocked out, is claimed by two or more parties, the auctioneer shall promptly request an advance of half the amount of the regular bid from either, which being made, it shall be knocked off to the party advancing, provided there be no subsequent bid by other parties.

16th. It shall be an offence for any Warehouse to receive or cry the bid of any expelled member, for which said offence, the penalty shall be a suspension of sales at such Warehouse. Such suspension of sales to be declared by the President, the Vice President in the absence of President, or the Committee of Arbitration, in absence of Vice President and President united, a called meeting can be held to take action relative to such offence. Should any legal controversy arise from such rejection of bid the Tobacco Association shall sustain the Warehouse in defending any such action at law, by the payment of all necessary counsel, fees and costs, together with such damages as may be assessed.

17th. All Tobacco shall be correctly weighed by a competent agent in the employment of Warehouses, and any buyer finding objection to weight of any parcel or parcels of Tobacco shall have the same re-weighed before removing them from the Warehouse at which the purchase was made. Otherwise he shall be allowed no reclamation.

18th. Any member of the Association who shall attempt, by any means, to influence any Planter or other persons, who may have Tobacco in transitu to the Madison market, to carry the same to his, or their, or any particular Warehouse, in said town, during such conveyance of the same to this market, shall be deemed guilty of fraud. And the terms in transitu and conveyance to market shall be understood to embrace the whole time from the commencement to pack such Tobacco upon the wagon, or other vehicle, at home, or at the barn, until the same has been deposited in some one of the Warehouses in Madison.

19th. That each member of this Association shall pay annually, on the 1st of January, the sum of one dollar ($1.) for the general purposes of this Association.

20th. Should the charge of "obvious negligence," "fraud" or "gross fraud," in connection with the buying and selling in the Warehouses, be preferred against any member of this Board, he shall be entitled to a fair trial before a committee of five, selected by the President of this Association. If found guilty of "obvious neglect" he shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than fifty dollars. If found guilty of "*fraud*" he shall be fined not less than fifty dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars. If guilty of "*gross fraud*" he shall be expelled from the Board. From the finding of such Committee the accused may appeal to the Board, when it shall require a majority to fine, and a two-thirds vote to expel. In case the member found guilty and fined, shall refuse to pay the fine, he shall be expelled by a two-thirds vote of the members present at any regular meeting.

21st. Smoking in Sales-room shall not be allowed during the progress of the Sales. A fine of not less than one, nor more than five dollars, to be imposed by the Warehouse Committee, on any member of the Association violating this provision. Owners of Warehouses, at the discretion of the Warehouse Committee, to be subjected to the same fine for violation of this Rule, by parties not members of the Association.

22d. Derogatory representations falsely made, bearing upon the Tobacco Trade, in any unbecoming conduct, shall be followed by expulsion, or such other penalty as the Association may agree upon.

23d. The right of appeal is conceded to every member of the Association except in such cases involving fines of $3, or less.

24th. For the faithful compliance on our part to the foregoing rules, both in letter and spirit, to the best of our understanding and ability, and with the determination to discountenance and condemn any violation of the same, we mutually pledge each other.

OFFICERS:

B. J. SHEPPARD, PRESIDENT. H. J. McGEHEE, VICE PRESIDENT.

W. S. LINDSAY, SECRETARY AND TREASURER.

W. P. MILLNER, JNO. M. CONRAD, W. B. TAYLOR, } STANDING COMMITTEE.

Committee on Publication.—W. P. Reynolds, Jno. M. Conrad, W. S. Lindsay.

Warehouse Committee.—O. B. Law, Col. James Martin, Robert P. Webster, J. M. Smith, Aug. Reid.

Members of the Association.—Reynolds, Wall & Co., Jno. M. Conrad, O. B. Law, W. S. Lindsay, S. B. Ziglar, McGehee, Carter & Andrews, J. M. Smith, S. S. Heggie, Wm. P. Millner, Ro. P. Webster, Sheppard & Martin, Webster & Co., Reid & Pratt, Thomas Price, J. M. Vaughn, Col. James Martin, Jo. H. Cardwell, Geo. W. Webster, R. D. Hay, W. S. Martin, Jas. T. Reynolds jr., Dr. W. R. Smith.

THINGS THAT A MARRIED MAN CANNOT HELP THINKING.

That all the girls used to be in love with him.

That all the widows are now.

That if he were a widower he could marry again whenever he chose.

That all the other fellows are fools.

That he wouldn't introduce any fellow he knows to his sister or his daughter.

That his wife is a little jealous.

That she used to be a pretty girl.

That his mother could bake good bread; that his wife cannot.

That he wouldn't trust most women.

That if he could ever speculate he would make his fortune.

That his girls will never be so silly as to marry.

That his mother-in-law may be a fine old lady, but.

That smoking never hurt a man yet.

That with a little management the servants would always do well, and never give warning.

That his shirt buttons are grossly neglected.

That he is going to make his fortune some day.

That he despises old bachelors.

THINGS THAT A MARRIED WOMAN CANNOT HELP THINKING.

That she was very pretty at sixteen.

That she had, or would have had, a great many good offers.

That her lady friends are five years older than they say they are.

That she has a very fine mind.

That if her husband had acted on her advice, he would be a rich man to-day.

The people thinks too much of the looks of that Miss——, who would not be called handsome if she did not make herself up.

That her mother-in-law is a very trying woman.

That her sister-in-law takes airs and ought to be put down.

That her girls are prettier than Mrs. A.'s girls.

That she would like to know where her husband spends his evenings when he stays out.

That her eldest son takes after him.

That he is going to throw himself away on Miss Scraggs.

That Miss Scraggs set her cap for him and did all the courting.

That her servant girls are the worst ever known.

That she has taste in dress.

That she has a good temper.

A Column of Inducements for Insuring in the "Break-neck" Insurance Company.

Everybody should get insured against accidents. No matter if you belong to one of the "best of families," accidents will happen. Get out a policy. The old proverb says, "Honesty is the best policy," but that was before accident insurance companies started. Now the best policy is a policy in the "Break-neck."

The other day a man in Chicago fell out of a fourth story window. He had no insurance, and consequently was killed. Another man on the same day *fell out* with his wife. He was insured in the "Break-neck," and is ready to fall out again.

A woman driving a spirited horse in St. Louis was run away with. Being insured against accidents, she wasn't alarmed a bit, stopped the horse and came back safe. Her policy running out, she neglected to renew it. Shortly after she was run away with again. Her husband's partner ran away with her this time, and she hasn't come back yet. Don't fail to renew your policy, particularly if it is in the "Break-neck."

At Dubuque, Iowa, a man was kicked by a horse. The horse wasn't insured, and he got kicked back.

Near Paris, Ky., a man, while engaged in running a circular saw, had his arms taken off. They consisted of a cavalry sabre and a double barrelled shot gun. The man who carried them off had an accident insurance—and he hasn't been caught yet.

In Utica, N. Y., a man accidentally got married. Being insured in the "Break-neck," he will receive $15 a week until he recovers.

Andy Johnson writes from Tennesse, "My policy has run out. Send me another by express."

Near Portland, Maine, a poor man fell from a loft and broke his neck. He received his insurance, $3,000, from the "Break-neck," with which he was able to set himself up in business, and is now doing well.

Our agent at Cleaveland, Ohio, writes: "A lumber-horse ran away with a bob-tailed wagon, and tipped in the street over a small woman and six elderly children. The horse began to cry and the wagon bled freely at the nose, but otherwise the street is doing well. No insurance."

A boiler exploded at Memphis, blowing the engineer into the air quite out of sight. He will receive $15 a day until he comes down again.

A hog-driver in Mt. Sterling, Ky., was very much hurt by a fall—fall in pork. No insurance.

A man run away from Litchfield, Ill., to avoid paying his debts. He left a family (not being able to take them with him.) No insurance.

A man accidentally fell from a steamer at New Orleans into the river. As he was sinking the third time, he suddenly recollected that his policy in the "Break-neck" had expired. He then swam ashore, sought out the agent, renewed his policy, and immediately returned to the river and sank the third time in a serene and tranquil manner.

JENKINS GOES TO A PICNIC.

Maria Ann recently determined to go to a picnic.

Maria Ann is my wife—unfortunately, she had planned it to go it alone so far as I was concerned, on that picnic excursion; but when I heard it I determined to assist. She pretended she was very glad, but I don't believe she was.

'It will do you good to get away from your work a day,' she said, 'and we shall see much on a cool grass-plot, ride on the cars, and dinner in the woods.'

On the morning of that memorable day Maria Ann got up at five o'clock. About three minutes later she disturbed my slumbers and told me to come out to breakfast I told her I wasn't hungry but it didn't make a bit of difference I had to get up. The sun was up: I had no idea the sun began business so early in the morning but here he was.

Now said Maria Ann we must fly around for the cars start at half past six. Eat all the breakfast you can for you won't get anything before noon.

I could not eat anything at that time in the morning and it was just as well that I could not, for I had all I could do. There was ice to be pounded to go round the pale of ice cream and sandwiches to be cut and I thought I never should fix the legs of the chickens so that I could get the cover on the big basket. Maria Ann flew around and piled up groceries for me to pack and gave directions to the girl about taking care of the house, and was putting on her dress all at once. There is a great deal of energy in that woman—perhaps a trifle too much.

At twenty minutes past six I stood on the front steps with a basket on one arm and Maria Ann's water proof on the other and a pail in each hand and a bottle of vinegar in my coat pocket.

There was a camp chair hung on me somewhere too but I forgot just where.

'Now,' said Maria Ann we must run or we shall not catch the cars.

'Maria,' said I, that is a reasonable idea. But how do you suppose I can run with all this freight?

'You must you brute. You always try to tease me. If you don't want a scene on the street you will start too.'

So I ran.

I had one comfort at least. Maria Ann fell down and broke her parasol. She called me a brute again because I laughed. Maria Ann drove me all the way to the Depot on a brisk trot and as we got on the cars neither of us could get a seat, and I could not find a place where I could set the things down: so I stood there and held them.

Maria I said in a winning accent how is this for a cool morning ride.

'Said she,' you are a brute Jenkins.

'Said I,' my love you have made that observation before.

I kept my courage up yet I knew there would be an hour of wrath when we got home. While we were getting out the cars the bottle in my pocket got broken and consequently I had one boot half full of vinegar all day. That kept me pretty quiet; and Maria Ann ran off with a big whiskered music teacher and lost her fan and got her feet wet and tore her dress and enjoyed herself so much after the fashion of picnic goers I thought it never would come dinner time; and Maria called me pig because I wanted to open our basket before the rest of the baskets were opened.

At last dinner time came—the nice dinner in the woods you know. Over three thousand little red ants had got into our dinner, and they were worse to pick out than fish bones. The ice cream had melted, and there was no vinegar for the cold meat except what was in my boots and of course that was of no account. The music teacher spilled a cup of hot coffee on Maria's head and pulled all the frizzles out trying to wipe off the coffee with his handkerchief. Then I sat on a raspberriy pie and spoiled my white pants and concluded I didn't want anything more. I had to stand up against a tree the rest of the afternoon. The day afforded considerable variety compared to every day life, but there were so many little drawbacks that I did not enjoy it so much as I might have done.

'Walter, these eggs are hardly done.'

'Hab some dat is more softly done, sah.'

A good book and a good woman are excellent things for those who know how justly to appreciate their value. There are men, however, who judge of both from the beauty of the covering.